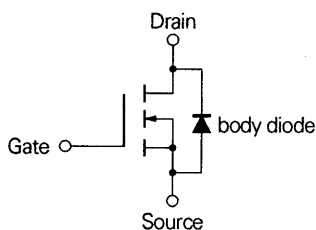
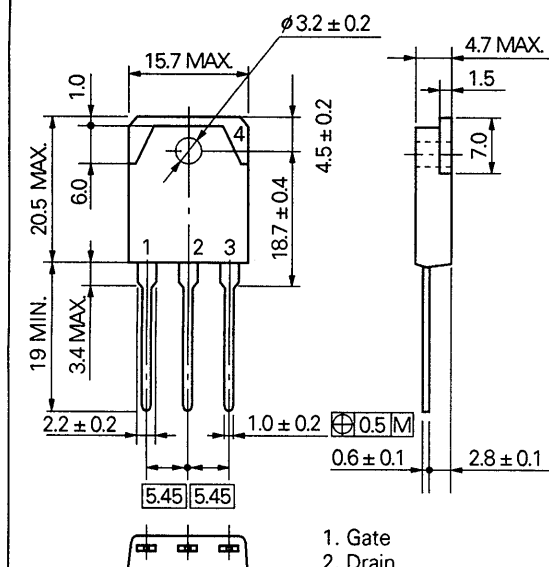


SWITCHING

N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET

INDUSTRIAL USE

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (in millimeters)



DESCRIPTION

The 2SK1271 is N-channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for high voltage switching applications.

FEATURES

- High Voltage Rating $V_{DS} = 1\,400\text{ V}$
- Low On-state Resistance
 $R_{DS(on)} = 4.0\ \Omega\text{ MAX. (}V_{GS} = 10\text{ V, }I_D = 3\text{ A)}$
- Low C_{iss} $C_{iss} = 1\,800\text{ pF TYP.}$

QUALITY GRADE

Standard

Please refer to "Quality grade on NEC Semiconductor Devices" (Document number IEI-1209) published by NEC Corporation to know the specification of quality grade on the devices and its recommended applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-55 to +150 °C
Channel Temperature	150 MAX. °C

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Power Dissipation ($T_c = 25\text{ °C}$)	240 W
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Maximum Voltages and Currents ($T_a = 25\text{ °C}$)

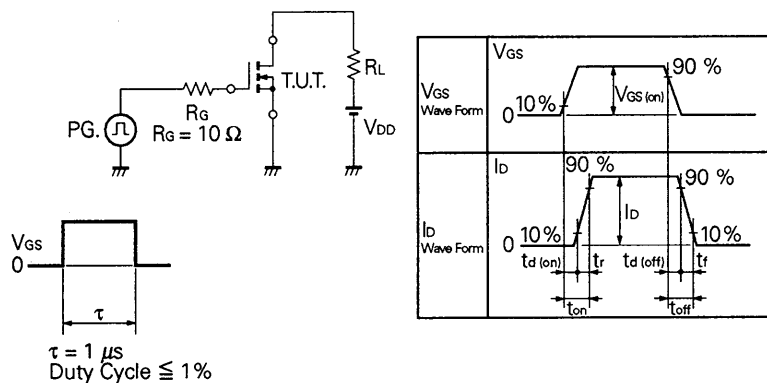
V_{DS}	Drain to Source Voltage	1 400 V
V_{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage	±20 V
$I_{D(DC)}$	Drain Current (DC)	± 5 A
$I_{D(pulse)*}$	Drain Current (pulse)	±10 A

* $PW \leq 10\ \mu s$, Duty Cycle $\leq 1\%$

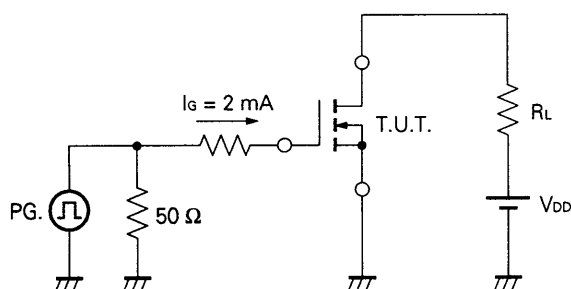
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_a = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$		3.5	4.0	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3\text{ A}$
Gate to Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	1.5		3.5	V	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$
Forward Transfer Admittance	$ y_{fs} $	1.5			S	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3\text{ A}$
Drain Leakage Current	I_{DSS}			100	μA	$V_{DS} = 1\text{ }120\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0$
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{GSS}			± 100	μA	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 0$
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}		1 800		pF	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}$
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}		500		pF	$V_{GS} = 0$
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{res}		360		pF	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$		25		ns	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ $V_{DD} = 150\text{ V}$ $I_D = 3\text{ A}$, $R_G = 10\text{ }\Omega$ $R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$
Rise Time	t_r		30		ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		220		ns	
Fall Time	t_f		40		ns	
Total Gate Charge	Q_G		125		nC	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_D = 5\text{ A}$ $V_{DD} = 450\text{ V}$
Gate to Source Charge	Q_{GS}		15		nC	
Gate to Drain Charge	Q_{GD}		70		nC	
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{F(S-D)}$		0.9		V	$I_F = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0$
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}		1 400		ns	$I_F = 5\text{ A}$ $di/dt = 50\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}		30		μC	

Test Circuit 1: Switching Time

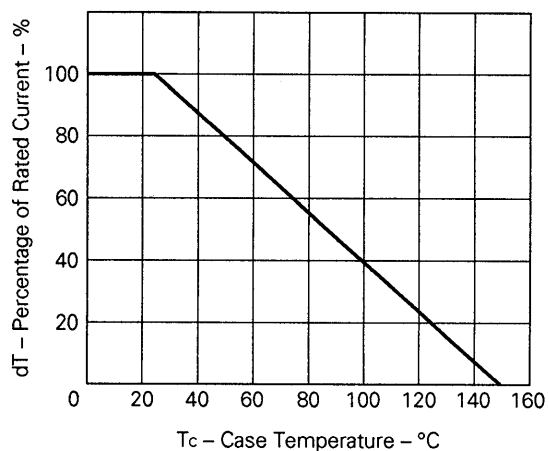


Test Circuit 2: Gate Charge

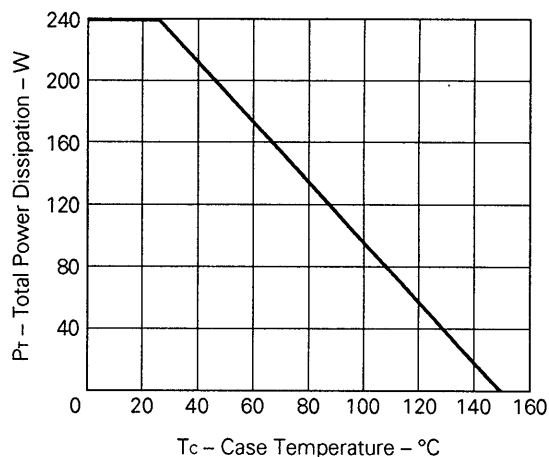


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

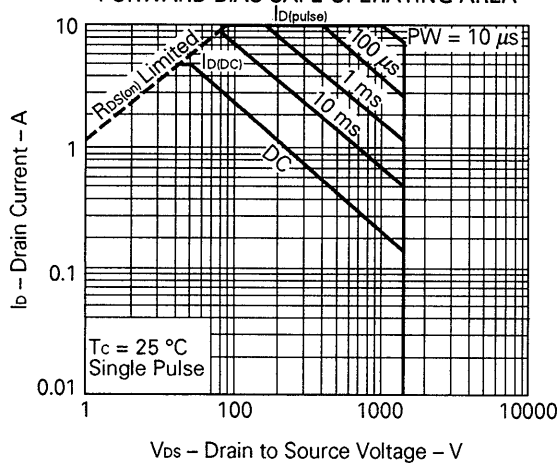
DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS
SAFE OPERATING AREA



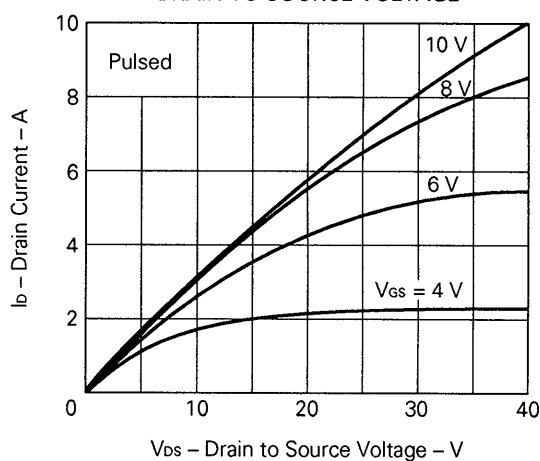
TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs.
CASE TEMPERATURE



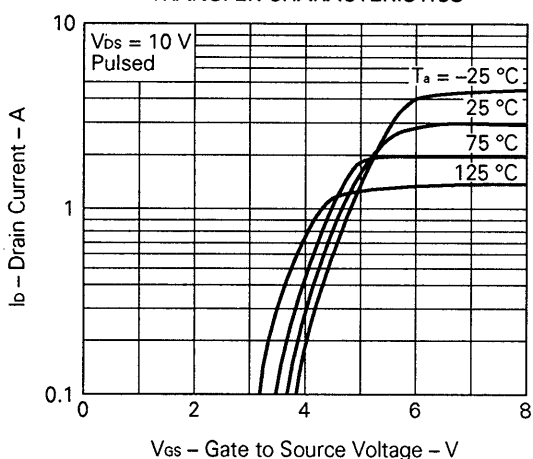
FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



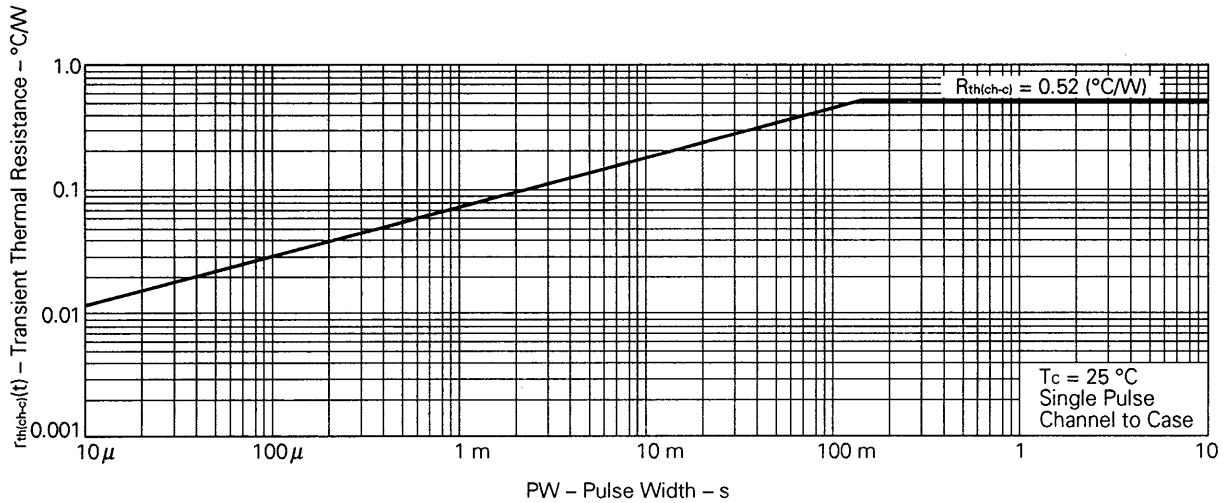
DRAIN CURRENT vs.
DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



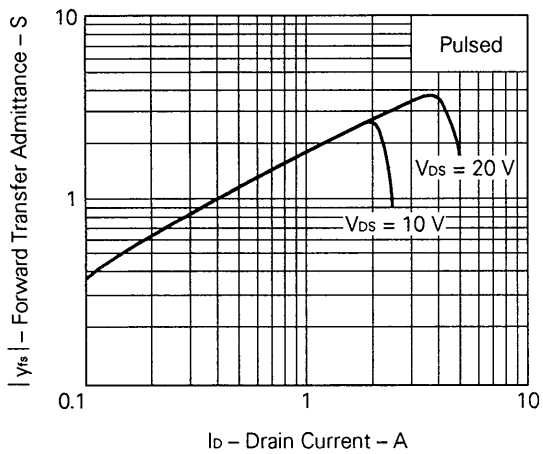
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



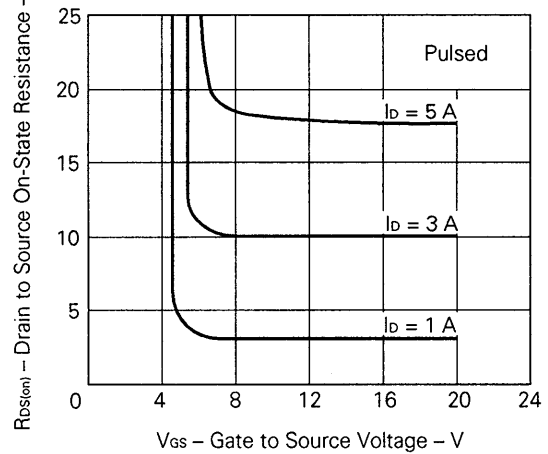
TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



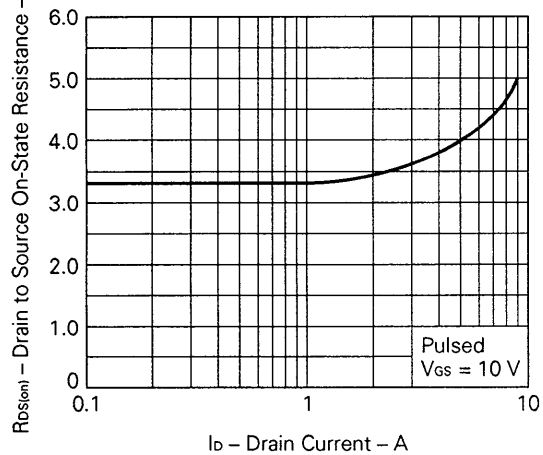
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



GATE TO SOURCE CUTOFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

