



**SOLID STATE INC.**

46 FARRAND STREET  
BLOOMFIELD, NEW JERSEY 07003

www.solidstateinc.com

# 1N3899 thru 1N3903 MR1386

## FAST RECOVERY POWER RECTIFIERS

50-600 VOLTS  
20 AMPERES

### STUD MOUNTED FAST RECOVERY POWER RECTIFIERS

... designed for special applications such as dc power supplies, inverters, converters, ultrasonic systems, choppers, low RF interference, sonar power supplies and free wheeling diodes. A complete line of fast recovery rectifiers having typical recovery time of 150 nanoseconds providing high efficiency at frequencies to 250 kHz.



DO 5

#### \*MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	1N3899	1N3900	1N3901	1N3902	1N3903	MR1386	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$							Volts
Working Peak Reverse Voltage	$V_{RWM}$	50	100	200	300	400	600	Volts
DC Blocking Voltage	$V_R$							Volts
Non-Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	$V_{RSM}$	75	150	250	350	450	650	Volts
RMS Reverse Voltage	$V_{R(RMS)}$	35	70	140	210	280	420	Volts
Average Rectified Forward Current (Single phase, resistive load, $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_O$	20						Amps
Non-Repetitive Peak Surge Current (surge applied at rated load conditions)	$I_{FSM}$	250 (one cycle)						Amps
Operating Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$	-65 to +150						$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +175						$^\circ\text{C}$

#### \*THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.8	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

#### \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Instantaneous Forward Voltage ( $I_F = 63 \text{ Amp}$ , $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_F$	-	1.2	1.5	Volts
Forward Voltage ( $I_F = 20 \text{ Amp}$ , $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_F$	-	1.1	1.4	Volts
Reverse Current (rated dc voltage) $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_R$	-	10 0.5	50 6.0	$\mu\text{A}$ mA

#### \*REVERSE RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Reverse Recovery Time ( $I_F = 1.0 \text{ Amp}$ to $V_R = 30 \text{ Vdc}$ , Figure 16) ( $I_{FM} = 36 \text{ Amp}$ , $di/dt = 25 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ , Figure 17)	$t_{rr}$	-	150 200	200 400	ns
Reverse Recovery Current ( $I_F = 1.0 \text{ Amp}$ to $V_R = 30 \text{ Vdc}$ , Figure 16)	$I_{RM(REC)}$	-	-	3.0	Amp

\*Indicates JEDEC Registered Data for 1N3899 Series.

#### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Welded, hermetically sealed

FINISH: All external surfaces corrosion resistant and readily solderable

POLARITY: Cathode to Case

WEIGHT: 17 Grams (Approximately)

MOUNTING TORQUE: 25 in-lbs max.

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FIGURE 1 – FORWARD VOLTAGE

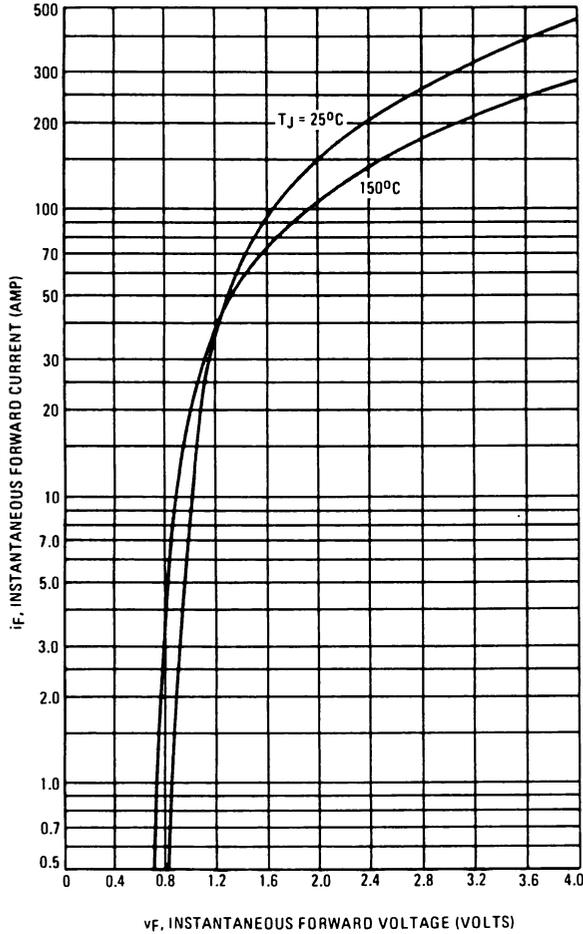
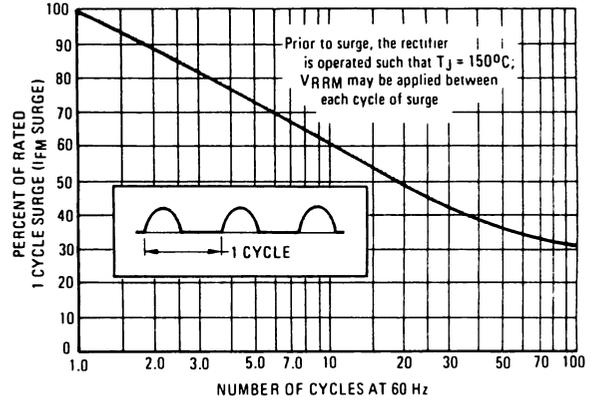


FIGURE 2 – MAXIMUM SURGE CAPABILITY



NOTE 1

DUTY CYCLE,  $D = t_p/t_1$   
 PEAK POWER,  $P_{pk}$ , is peak of an equivalent square power pulse.

To determine maximum junction temperature of the diode in a given situation, the following procedure is recommended:

The temperature of the case should be measured using a thermocouple placed on the case at the temperature reference point (see Note 3). The thermal mass connected to the case is normally large enough so that it will not significantly respond to heat surges generated in the diode as a result of pulsed operation once steady-state conditions are achieved. Using the measured value of  $T_C$ , the junction temperature may be determined by:

$$T_J = T_C + \Delta T_{JC}$$

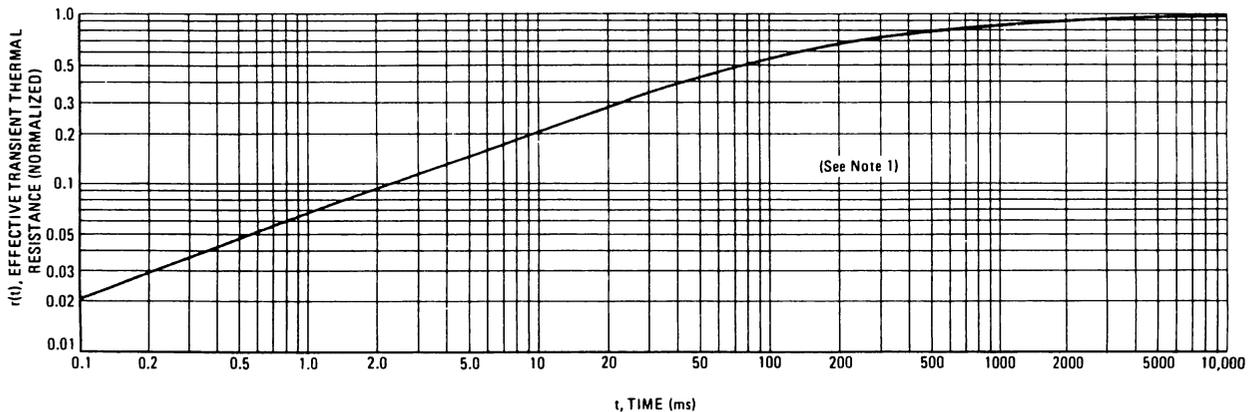
where  $\Delta T_{JC}$  is the increase in junction temperature above the case temperature. It may be determined by

$$\Delta T_{JC} = P_{pk} \cdot R_{\theta JC} [D + (1 - D) \cdot r(t_1 + t_p) + r(t_p) - r(t_1)]$$

where

- $r(t)$  = normalized value of transient thermal resistance at time,  $t$ , from Figure 3, i.e.
- $r(t_1 + t_p)$  = normalized value of transient thermal resistance at time  $t_1 + t_p$

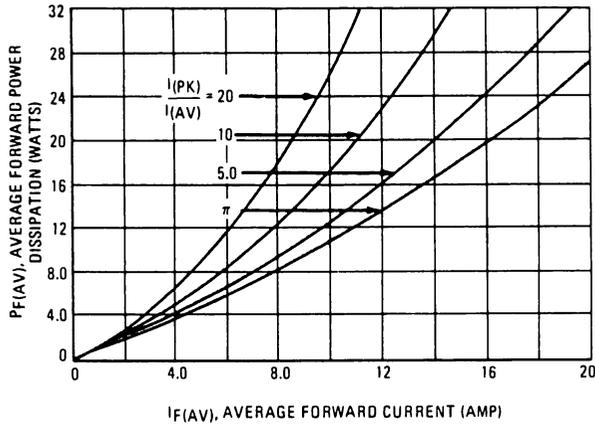
FIGURE 3 – THERMAL RESPONSE



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## SINE WAVE INPUT

FIGURE 4 – FORWARD POWER DISSIPATION



## SQUARE WAVE INPUT

FIGURE 5 – FORWARD POWER DISSIPATION

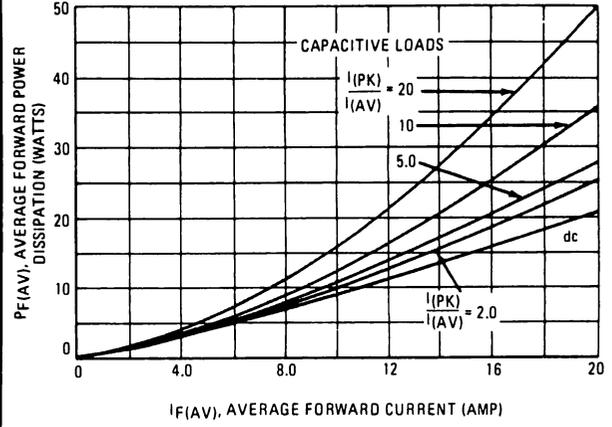


FIGURE 6 – CURRENT DERATING

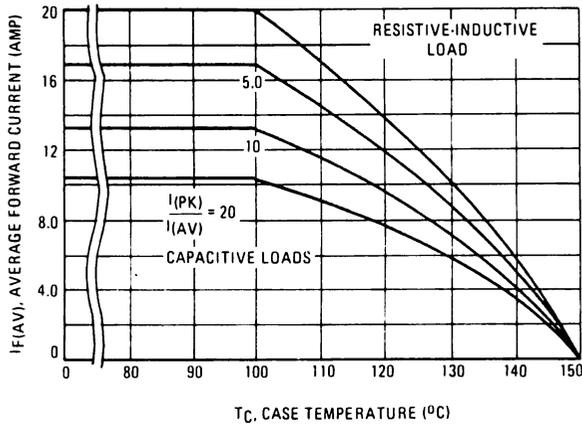


FIGURE 7 – CURRENT DERATING

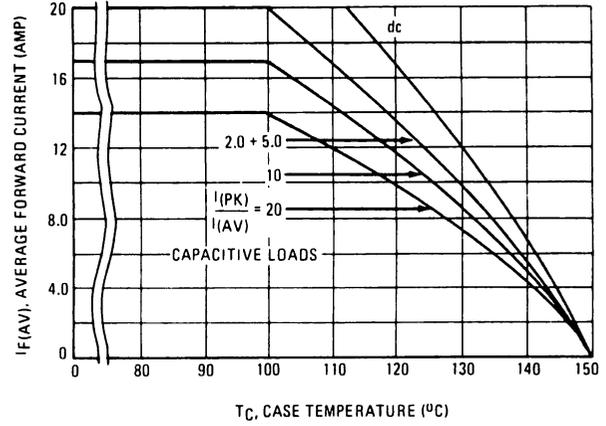


FIGURE 8 – TYPICAL REVERSE CURRENT

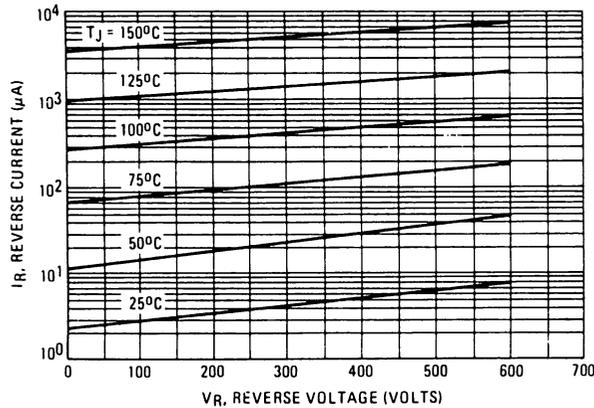
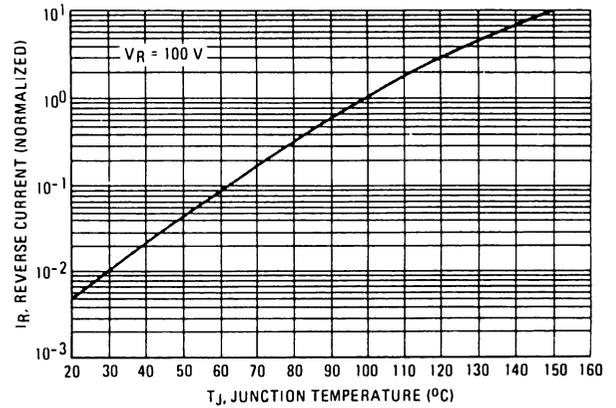


FIGURE 9 – NORMALIZED REVERSE CURRENT



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## TYPICAL DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

FIGURE 10 – FORWARD RECOVERY TIME

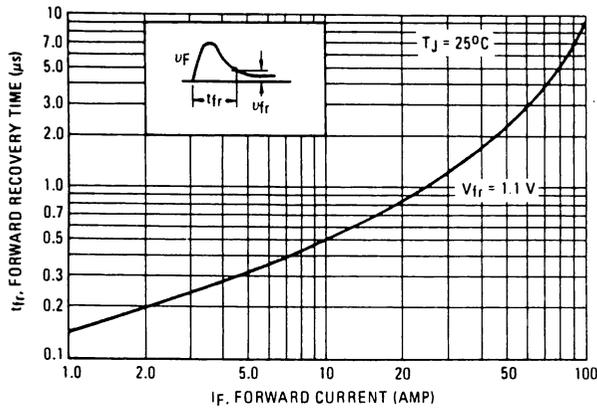
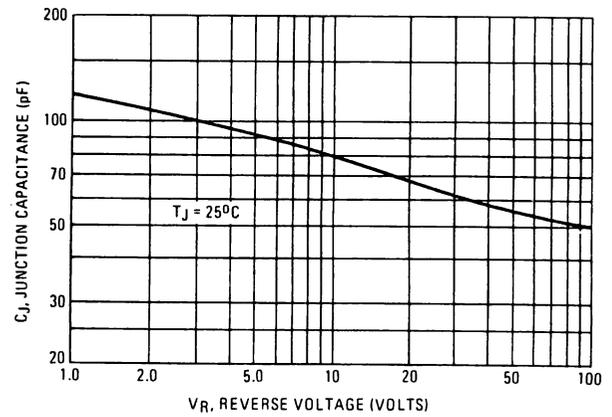


FIGURE 11 – JUNCTION CAPACITANCE



## TYPICAL RECOVERED STORED CHARGE DATA

(See Note 2)

FIGURE 12 –  $T_J = 25^\circ C$

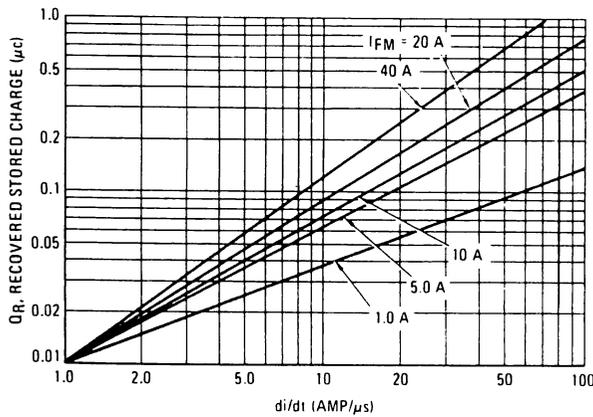
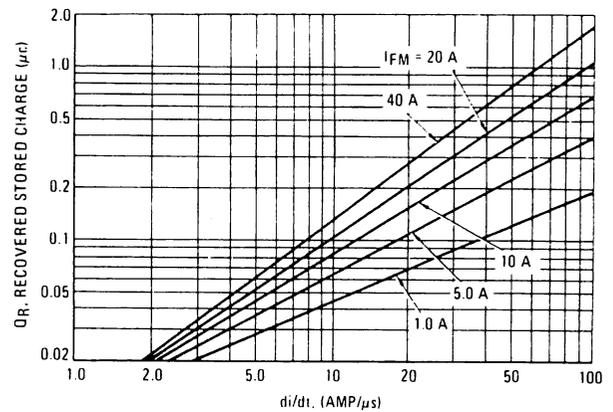


FIGURE 13 –  $T_J = 75^\circ C$



## STORED CHARGE DATA

FIGURE 14 –  $T_J = 100^\circ C$

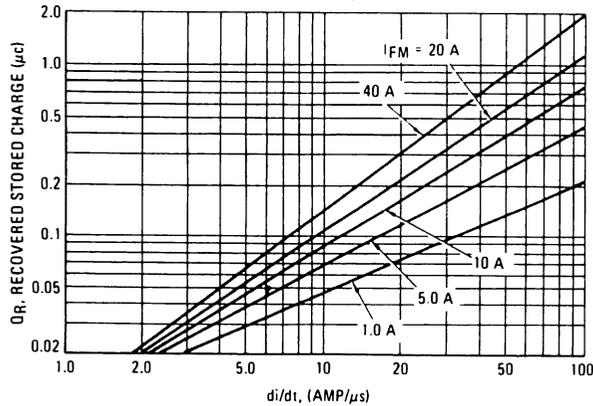
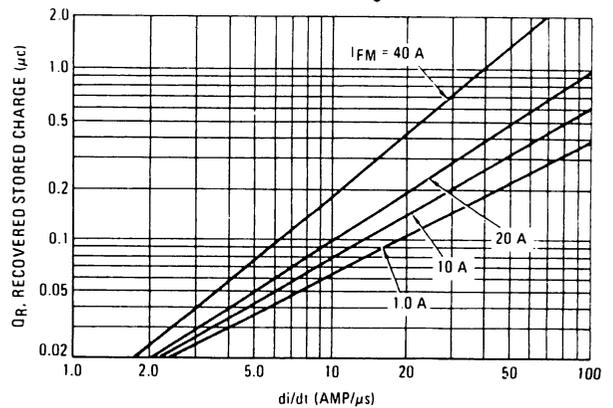


FIGURE 15 –  $T_J = 150^\circ C$







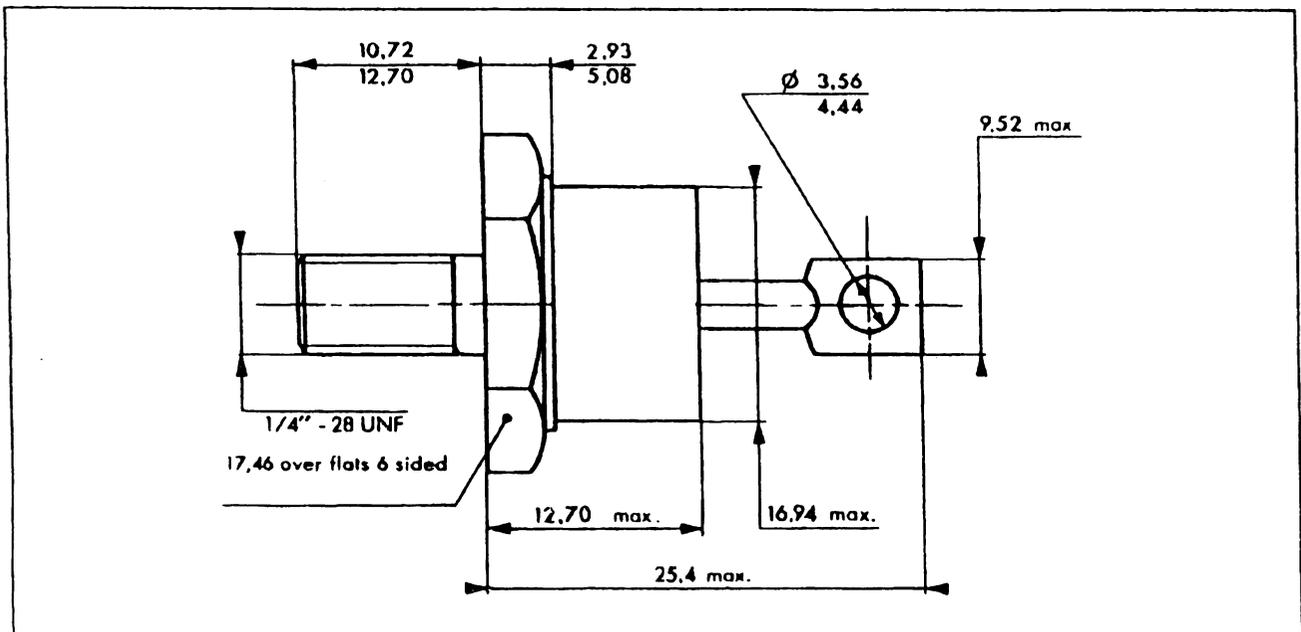
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### PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

DO 5 Metal



Marking : Cathode connected to case : type number  
Anode connected to case : type number + suffix R