onsemi

Axial Lead Rectifiers

1N5820, 1N5821, 1N5822

1N5820 and 1N5822 are Preferred Devices

This series employs the Schottky Barrier principle in a large area metal-to-silicon power diode. State-of-the-art geometry features chrome barrier metal, epitaxial construction with oxide passivation and metal overlap contact. Ideally suited for use as rectifiers in low-voltage, high-frequency inverters, free wheeling diodes, and polarity protection diodes.

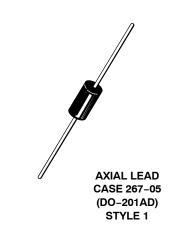
Features

- Extremely Low V_F
- Low Power Loss/High Efficiency
- Low Stored Charge, Majority Carrier Conduction
- Shipped in plastic bags, 500 per bag
- Available in Tape and Reel, 1500 per reel, by adding a "RL" suffix to the part number
- Pb-Free Packages are Available*

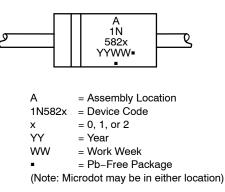
Mechanical Characteristics:

- Case: Epoxy, Molded
- Weight: 1.1 Gram (Approximately)
- Finish: All External Surfaces Corrosion Resistant and Terminal Leads are Readily Solderable
- Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: 260°C Max. for 10 Seconds
- Polarity: Cathode indicated by Polarity Band

SCHOTTKY BARRIER RECTIFIERS 3.0 AMPERES 20, 30, 40 VOLTS



MARKING DIAGRAM



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 7 of this data sheet.

Preferred devices are recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the **onsemi** Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	1N5820	1N5821	1N5822	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage	V _{RRM} V _{RWM} V _R	20	30	40	V
Non-Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RSM}	24	36	48	V
RMS Reverse Voltage	V _{R(RMS)}	14	21	28	V
$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Average Rectified Forward Current (Note 1)} \\ V_{R(equiv)} &\leq 0.2 \ V_{R(dc)}, \ T_L = 95^{\circ}C \\ (R_{\theta JA} = 28^{\circ}C/W, \ P.C. \ Board Mounting, \ see \ Note 5) \end{array} $	Ι _Ο	← 3.0 →		A	
$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Ambient Temperature} \\ \mbox{Rated V}_{R(dc)}, \mbox{P}_{F(AV)} = 0 \\ \mbox{R}_{\theta JA} = 28^{\circ} C/W \end{array} $	T _A	90	85	80	°C
Non-Repetitive Peak Surge Current (Surge applied at rated load conditions, half wave, single phase 60 Hz, $T_L = 75^{\circ}$ C)	I _{FSM}	80 (for one cycle)		A	
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range (Reverse Voltage applied)	T _J , T _{stg}	-65 to +125		°C	

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

*THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 5)

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient		28	°C/W

*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_L = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted) (Note 1)

Characteristic	Symbol	1N5820	1N5821	1N5822	Unit
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage (Note 2)	V _F				V
(i _F = 1.0 Amp)		0.370	0.380	0.390	
(i _F = 3.0 Amp)		0.475	0.500	0.525	
(i _F = 9.4 Amp)		0.850	0.900	0.950	
Maximum Instantaneous Reverse Current	i _R				mA
@ Rated dc Voltage (Note 2)					
$T_{L} = 25^{\circ}C$		2.0	2.0	2.0	
$T_{L} = 100^{\circ}C$		20	20	20	

1. Lead Temperature reference is cathode lead 1/32" from case.

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width = $300 \ \mu$ s, Duty Cycle = 2.0%. *Indicates JEDEC Registered Data for 1N5820–22.

NOTE 3 — DETERMINING MAXIMUM RATINGS

Reverse power dissipation and the possibility of thermal runaway must be considered when operating this rectifier at reverse voltages above 0.1 V_{RWM} . Proper derating may be accomplished by use of equation (1).

$$\begin{split} T_{A(max)} &= T_{J(max)} - R_{\theta JA} P_{F(AV)} - R_{\theta JA} P_{R(AV)}(1) \\ \text{where } T_{A(max)} &= \text{Maximum allowable ambient temperature} \\ T_{J(max)} &= \text{Maximum allowable junction temperature} \\ & (125^{\circ}\text{C or the temperature at which thermal} \\ & \text{runaway occurs, whichever is lowest}) \\ P_{F(AV)} &= \text{Average forward power dissipation} \\ P_{R(AV)} &= \text{Average reverse power dissipation} \\ R_{\theta JA} &= \text{Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance} \end{split}$$

Figures 1, 2, and 3 permit easier use of equation (1) by taking reverse power dissipation and thermal runaway into consideration. The figures solve for a reference temperature as determined by equation (2).

 $T_{R} = T_{J(max)} - R_{\theta JA} P_{R(AV)}$ (2)

Substituting equation (2) into equation (1) yields:

$$T_{A(max)} = T_R - R_{\theta JA} P_{F(AV)}$$
(3)

Inspection of equations (2) and (3) reveals that T_R is the ambient temperature at which thermal runaway occurs or where $T_J = 125^{\circ}$ C, when forward power is zero. The transition from one boundary condition to the other is evident on the curves of Figures 1, 2, and 3 as a difference in the rate of change of the slope in the vicinity of 115°C. The data of Figures 1, 2, and 3 is based upon dc conditions. For

Table 1. Values for Factor F	Table	1.	Values	for	Factor	F
------------------------------	-------	----	--------	-----	--------	---

use in common rectifier circuits, Table 1 indicates suggested factors for an equivalent dc voltage to use for conservative design, that is:

$$V_{R(equiv)} = V_{(FM)} \times F$$
(4)

The factor F is derived by considering the properties of the various rectifier circuits and the reverse characteristics of Schottky diodes.

EXAMPLE: Find $T_{A(max)}$ for 1N5821 operated in a 12-volt dc supply using a bridge circuit with capacitive filter such that $I_{DC} = 2.0 \text{ A} (I_{F(AV)} = 1.0 \text{ A}), I_{(FM)}/I_{(AV)} = 10$, Input Voltage = 10 V_(rms), $R_{\theta JA} = 40^{\circ}$ C/W.

Step 1. Find $V_{R(equiv)}$. Read F = 0.65 from Table 1,

 \therefore V_{R(equiv)} = (1.41) (10) (0.65) = 9.2 V.

Step 2. Find T_R from Figure 2. Read $T_R = 108^{\circ}C$

(a) $V_R = 9.2$ V and $R_{\theta JA} = 40^{\circ}$ C/W.

Step 3. Find $P_{F(AV)}$ from Figure 6. **Read $P_{F(AV)} = 0.85$ W

$$@\frac{I(FM)}{I(AV)} = 10 \text{ and } I_{F(AV)} = 1.0 \text{ A.}$$

Step 4. Find $T_{A(max)}$ from equation (3).

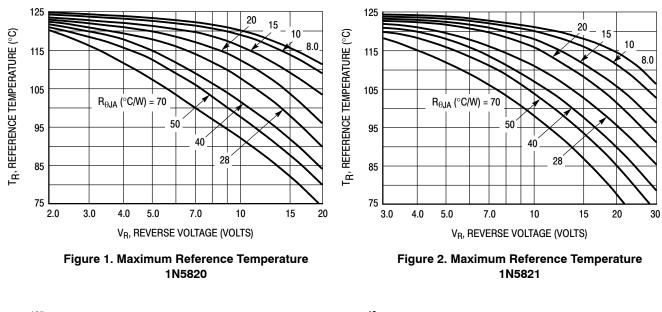
 $T_{A(max)} = 108 - (0.85) (40) = 74^{\circ}C.$

**Values given are for the 1N5821. Power is slightly lower for the 1N5820 because of its lower forward voltage, and higher for the 1N5822. Variations will be similar for the MBR-prefix devices, using $P_{F(AV)}$ from Figure 6.

Circuit	Half	Wave	Full Wave	e, Bridge	Full V Center T	,
Load	Resistive	Capacitive*	Resistive	Capacitive	Resistive	Capacitive
Sine Wave	0.5	1.3	0.5	0.65	1.0	1.3
Square Wave	0.75	1.5	0.75	0.75	1.5	1.5

*Note that $V_{R(PK)} \approx 2.0 V_{in(PK)}$.

†Use line to center tap voltage for Vin.



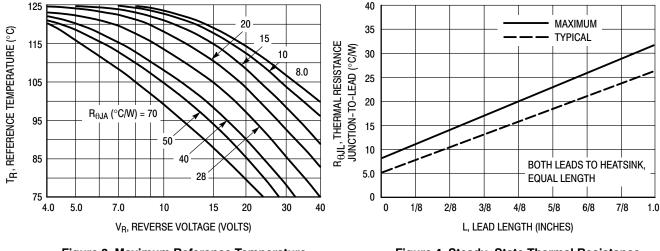
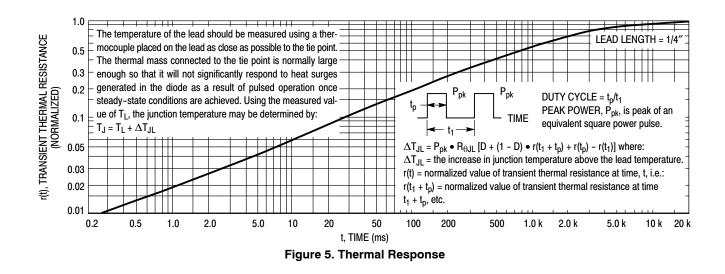


Figure 3. Maximum Reference Temperature 1N5822

Figure 4. Steady–State Thermal Resistance



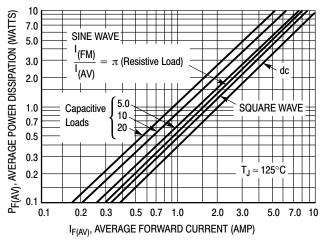
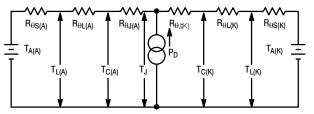


Figure 6. Forward Power Dissipation 1N5820-22

NOTE 4 – APPROXIMATE THERMAL CIRCUIT MODEL



Use of the above model permits junction to lead thermal resistance for any mounting configuration to be found. For a given total lead length, lowest values occur when one side of the rectifier is brought as close as possible to the heat sink. Terms in the model signify:

 T_A = Ambient Temperature T_C = Case Temperature T_J = Junction Temperature T_{L} = Lead Temperature $R_{\theta S}$ = Thermal Resistance, Heatsink to Ambient

 $R_{\theta L}$ = Thermal Resistance, Lead-to-Heatsink

 $R_{\theta J}$ = Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case

 P_D = Total Power Dissipation = $P_F + P_R$

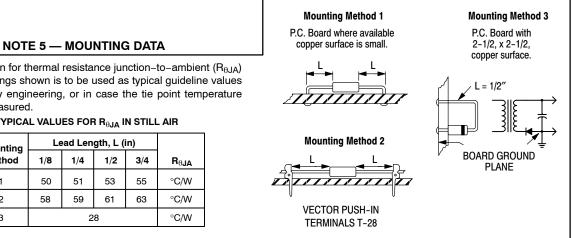
P_F = Forward Power Dissipation

 P_R = Reverse Power Dissipation

(Subscripts (A) and (K) refer to anode and cathode sides, respectively.) Values for thermal resistance components are:

 $R_{\theta L} = 42^{\circ}C/W/in$ typically and $48^{\circ}C/W/in$ maximum $R_{\theta J} = 10^{\circ}C/W$ typically and $16^{\circ}C/W$ maximum The maximum lead temperature may be found as follows: $T_L = T_{J(max)} - \Delta T_{JL}$

where $\Delta T_{JL} \approx R_{\theta JL} \cdot P_D$





Data shown for thermal resistance junction-to-ambient ($R_{\theta,IA}$) for the mountings shown is to be used as typical guideline values for preliminary engineering, or in case the tie point temperature cannot be measured.

TYPICAL VALUES FOR R_{0.14} IN STILL AIR

Mounting	Lead Length, L (in)				
Method	1/8	1/4	1/2	3/4	$\mathbf{R}_{\theta \mathbf{J} \mathbf{A}}$
1	50	51	53	55	°C/W
2	58	59	61	63	°C/W
3	28				°C/W

1N5820, 1N5821, 1N5822

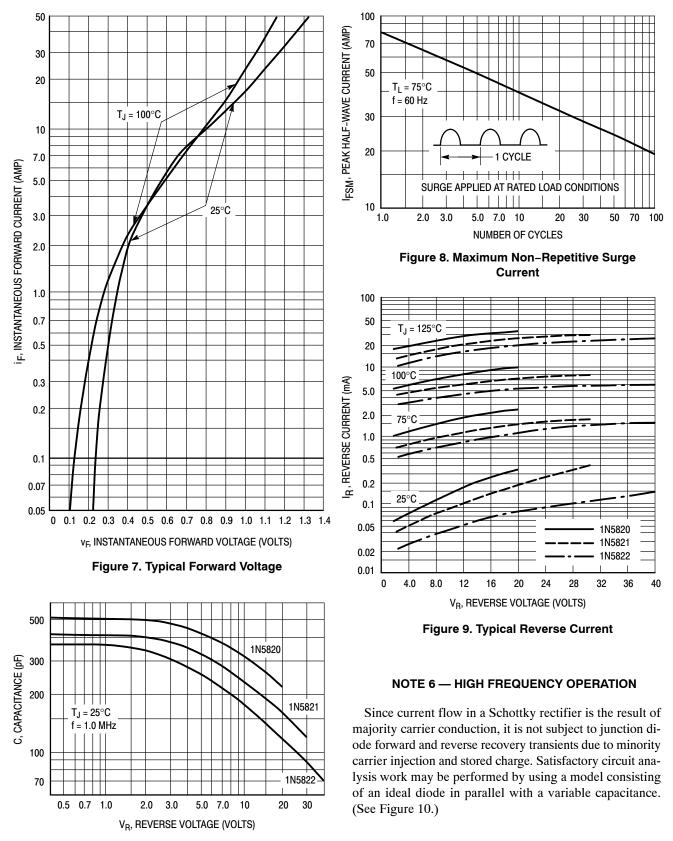


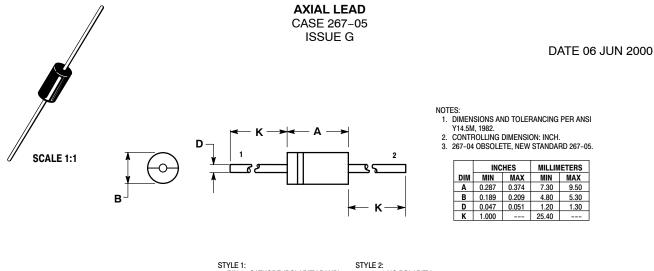
Figure 10. Typical Capacitance

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping [†]
1N5820	Axial Lead	500 Units/Bag
1N5820G	Axial Lead (Pb-Free)	500 Units/Bag
1N5820RL	Axial Lead	1500/Tape & Reel
1N5820RLG	Axial Lead (Pb-Free)	1500/Tape & Reel
1N5821	Axial Lead	500 Units/Bag
1N5821G	Axial Lead (Pb-Free)	500 Units/Bag
1N5821RL	Axial Lead	1500/Tape & Reel
1N5821RLG	Axial Lead (Pb-Free)	1500/Tape & Reel
1N5822	Axial Lead	500 Units/Bag
1N5822G	Axial Lead (Pb-Free)	500 Units/Bag
1N5822RL	Axial Lead	1500/Tape & Reel
1N5822RLG	Axial Lead (Pb-Free)	1500/Tape & Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.





STYLE 1: STYLE 2 PIN 1. CATHODE (POLARITY BAND) 2. ANODE

NO POLARITY

DOCUMENT NUMBER:	98ASB42170B	Electronic versions are uncontrolled except when accessed directly from Printed versions are uncontrolled except when stamped "CONTROLLED	
DESCRIPTION:	AXIAL LEAD		PAGE 1 OF 1

onsemi and ONSEMI are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba onsemi or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. onsemi reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. onsemi makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does onsemi assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. onsemi does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.

onsemi, ONSEMI, and other names, marks, and brands are registered and/or common law trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba "onsemi" or its affiliates and/or subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. onsemi owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of onsemi's product/patent coverage may be accessed at <u>www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent_Marking.pdf</u>. onsemi reserves the right to make changes at any time to any products or information herein, without notice. The information herein is provided "as-is" and onsemi makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the accuracy of the information, product features, availability, functionality, or suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does onsemi assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or indental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using onsemi products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by onsemi. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in onsemi data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. onsemi does not convey any license under any of its intellectual property rights nor the rights of others. onsemi products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification. Buyer shall indemnify and hold onsemi and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs,

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS:

Technical Library: www.onsemi.com/design/resources/technical-documentation onsemi Website: www.onsemi.com

ONLINE SUPPORT: <u>www.onsemi.com/support</u> For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative at <u>www.onsemi.com/support/sales</u>