

2N1189 2N1190 (GERMANIUM)

CASE 31(1)
(TO-5)



All leads isolated

PNP germanium transistors for high-gain audio amplifier and switching applications.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CB}	45	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CER}	30	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EB}	15	Vdc
Collector Current (Continuous)	I_C	500*	mAdc
Junction, Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to +100	°C
Collector Dissipation, Ambient (Derate 2.67 mW/°C above 25°C)	P_D	200	mW
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	θ_{JA}	0.375	°C/mW
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	θ_{JC}	0.250	°C/mW

*Limited by power dissipation.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

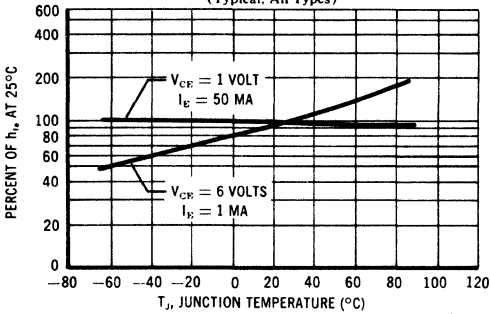
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Collector-Base Cutoff Current ($V_{CB} = 30$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$) ($V_{CB} = 45$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$) ($V_{CB} = 10$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$, $T_A = +71^\circ\text{C}$)	I_{CBO}	—	3.0	10	μAdc
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current ($V_{EB} = 15$ Vdc, $I_C = 0$)	I_{EBO}	—	3.0	10	μAdc
Collector-Emitter Leakage Current ($V_{CE} = 30$ Vdc, $R_{BE} = 10\text{K}$)	I_{CER}	—	—	600	μAdc
Collector-Emitter Punch-Thru Voltage ($V_{EB} = 1$ Vdc, VTVM Impedance ≥ 1 M ohm)	V_{pt}	45	—	—	Vdc
Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 6$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$, $f = 1$ MHz)	C_{ob}	—	12.0	25	pF
Noise Figure ($V_{CE} = 4.5$ Vdc, $I_E = 0.5$ mAdc $R_g = 1$ K, $f = 1$ kHz $\Delta f = 1$ Hz)	NF	—	5.0	15	dB
Small-Signal Current-Gain Cutoff Frequency ($V_{CB} = 6$ Vdc, $I_E = 1$ mAdc)	$f_{\alpha b}$				MHz
	2N1189	1.75	3.5	—	
	2N1190	2.25	4.5	—	

2N1189, 2N1190 (continued)

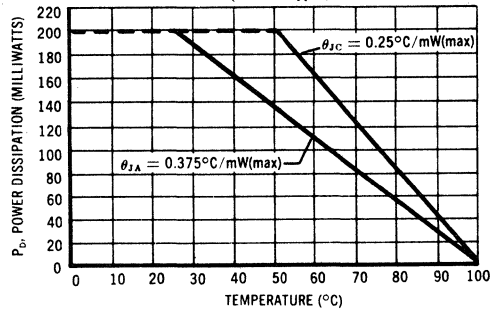
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Impedance ($V_{CB} = 6 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 1 \text{ mAdc}$, $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$)	h_{ib}	27	31	37	Ohms
Output Admittance ($V_{CB} = 6 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 1 \text{ mAdc}$, $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$)	h_{ob}	0.1	—	0.9	$\mu\text{ mho}$
Small Signal Current Gain ($V_{CE} = 6 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 1 \text{ mAdc}$, $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$)	h_{fe}				—
	2N1189	75	120	175	
	2N1190	125	190	300	
DC Current Transfer Ratio ($V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 10 \text{ mAdc}$)	h_{FE}				—
	2N1189	60	115	—	
	2N1190	100	170	—	
Base-Emitter Drive Voltage ($V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 10 \text{ mAdc}$)	V_{BE}				Vdc
	2N1189	—	0.24	0.26	
	2N1190	—	0.22	0.25	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 50 \text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 1.5 \text{ mA}$) ($I_C = 50 \text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$) ($I_C = 100 \text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$) ($I_C = 100 \text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 2.0 \text{ mA}$)	V_{CE} (sat)				Vdc
	2N1189	—	0.14	0.22	
	2N1190	—	0.15	0.22	
	2N1189	—	0.17	0.3	
	2N1190	—	0.19	0.3	

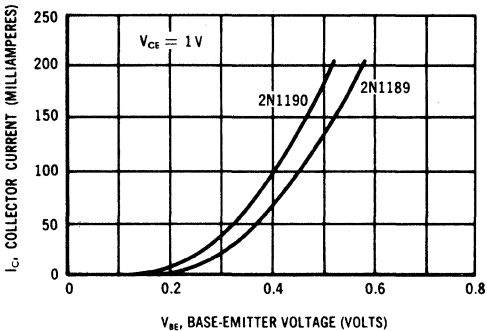
SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN (h_{fe}) versus TEMPERATURE
(Typical, All Types)



POWER-TEMPERATURE DERATING CURVE
(For All Types)



OUTPUT CURRENT versus BASE DRIVE VOLTAGE



DC CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO versus COLLECTOR CURRENT

