

FIG. 1
Unijunction Transistor Symbol with Nomenclature used for voltage and currents.

FIG. 2
Static Emitter Characteristic curves showing important parameters and measurement points (exaggerated to show details).

FIG. 3
Static Emitter Characteristics at Peak Point.

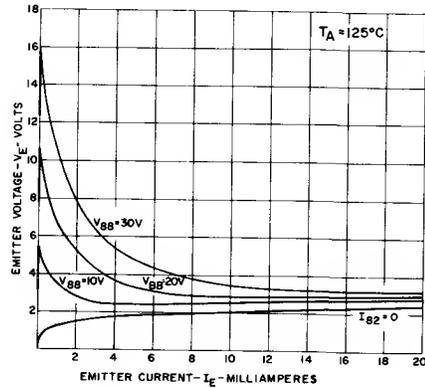
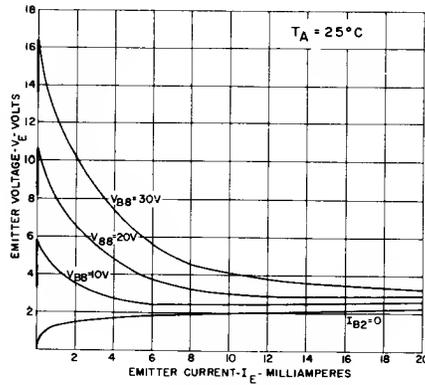
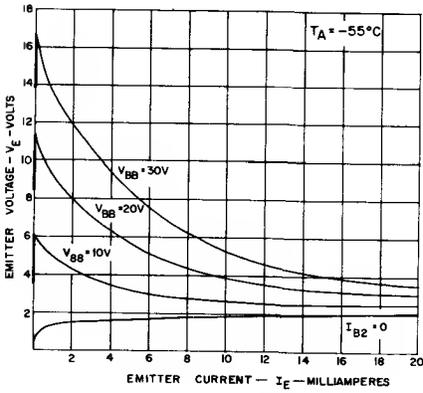


FIG. 4

Static emitter characteristics for a typical 2N1671 unijunction transistor at three different ambient temperatures.

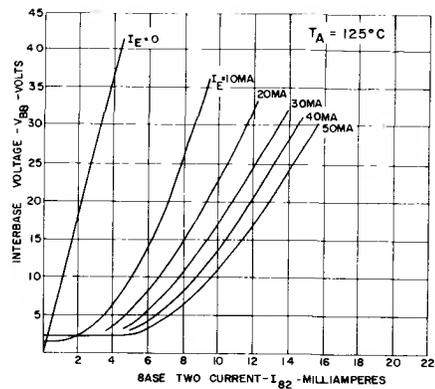
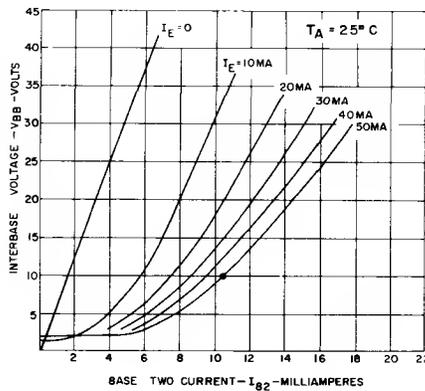
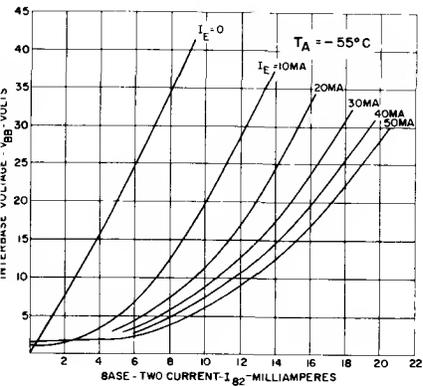


FIG. 5

Static interbase characteristics for a typical 2N1671 unijunction transistor at three different ambient temperatures.

2N1671, 1A, B, C

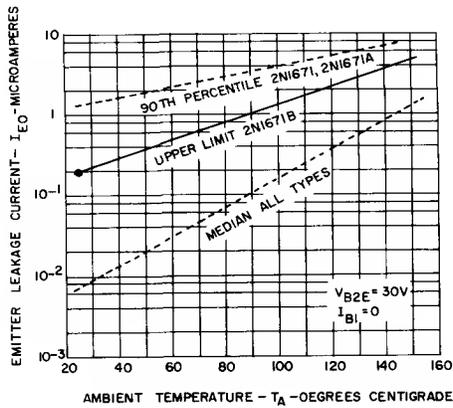


FIG. 6
Emitter reverse current vs. temperature.

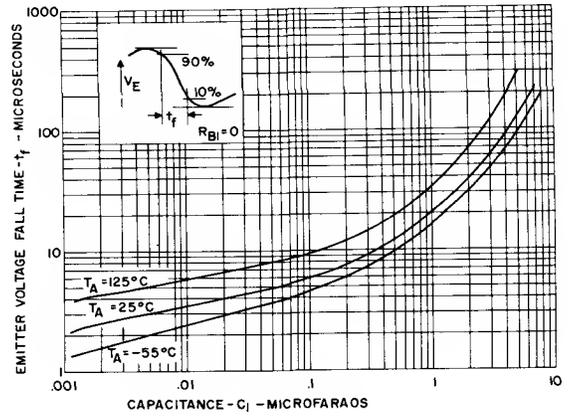


FIG. 7
Emitter voltage fall time vs. capacitance and ambient temperature for a typical unit in relaxation oscillator circuit.

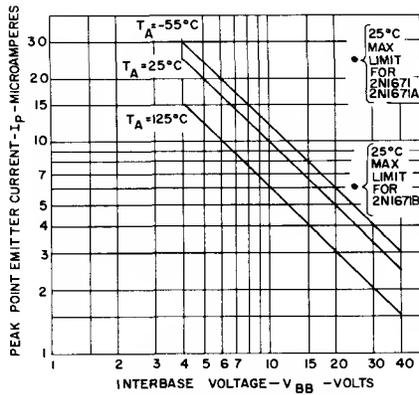


FIG. 8
Peak Point Emitter Current vs. interbase voltage and ambient temperature for a typical unit.

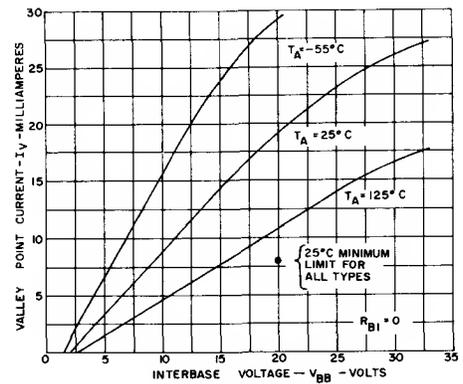


FIG. 9
Valley Point Current vs. interbase voltage and ambient temperature for a typical unit.

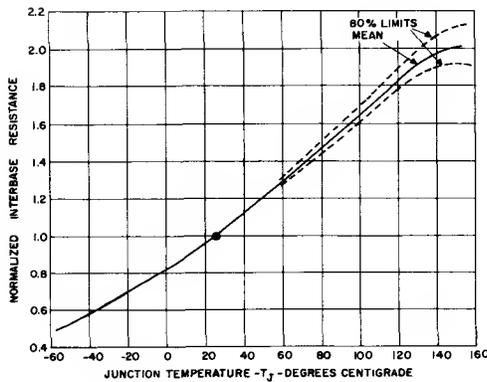


FIG. 10
Normalized interbase resistance vs. junction temperature.

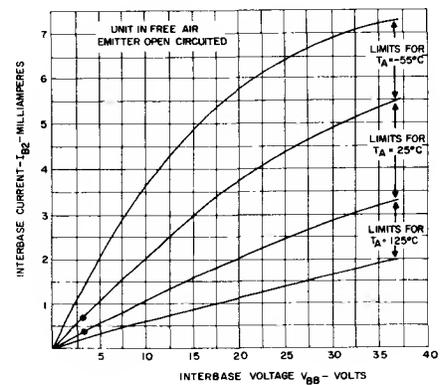


FIG. 11
Limit values of static interbase characteristics with zero emitter current.

2N1671A - 2N1671B

2N1671, 1A, B, C

GENERAL PURPOSE PULSE CIRCUITS AND FIRING CIRCUITS FOR SILICON CONTROLLED RECTIFIERS

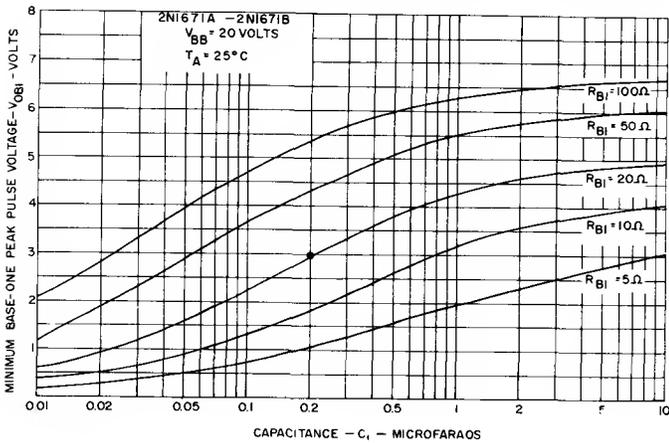


FIG. 12
 Minimum base-one peak pulse voltage vs. capacitance and base-one resistance in relaxation oscillator circuit.

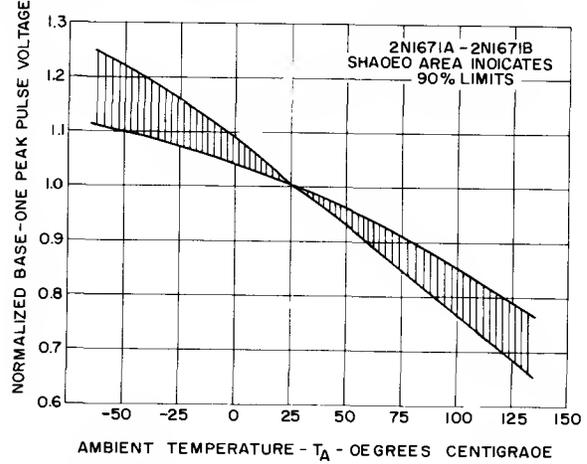


FIG. 13
 Normalized base-one peak pulse voltage vs. temperature in relaxation oscillator circuit.

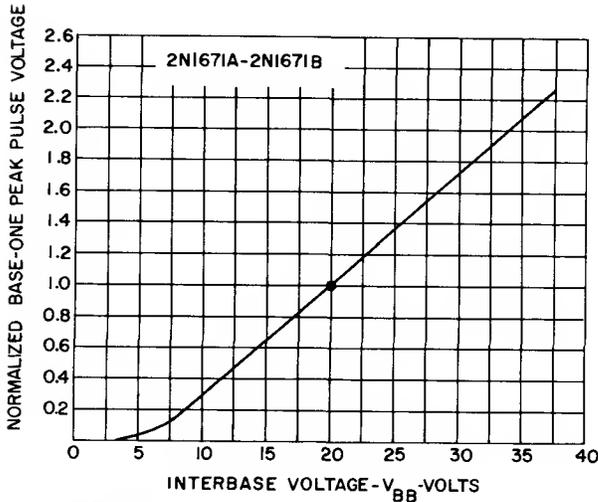


FIG. 14
 Normalized base-one peak pulse voltage vs. interbase voltage in relaxation oscillator circuit.

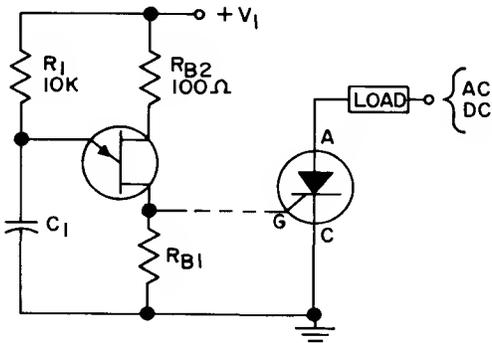


FIG. 16
 Basic unijunction transistor firing circuit for silicon controlled rectifiers.

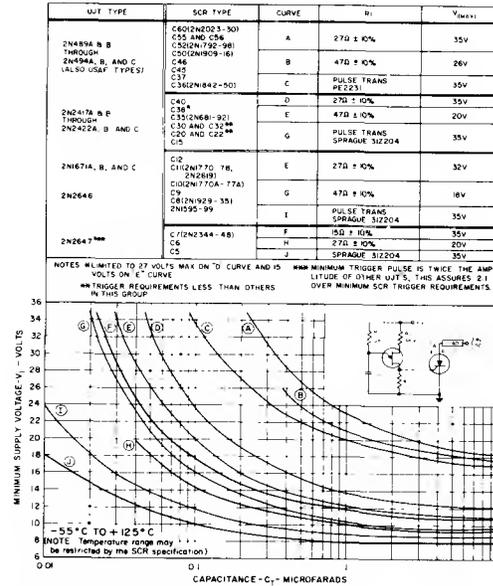


FIG. 15
 Minimum supply voltage required to fire standard types of silicon controlled rectifiers vs. capacitance in circuit below.

Period of Relaxation Oscillator
 $\tau = 0.80 R_1 C_1 (\pm 0.21 R_1 C_1)$
 Maximum Value of R_1 for oscillation (-55°C to $+140^\circ\text{C}$)
 $R_1 (\text{max}) = 430 V_1^2$ (2N1671-2N1671A)
 $R_1 (\text{max}) = 1800 V_1^2$ (2N1671B)
 τ = Period in Seconds
 C_1 = Capacitance in Farads
 R_1 = Resistance in ohms
 V_1 = Supply voltage in volts

- REFERENCES:**
- "Notes on the Application of the Silicon Unijunction Transistor," 90.10.
 - "General Electric Controlled Rectifier Manual," Fifth Edition.