



## Thyristors

2N3228	2N3529
2N3525	2N4101
2N3528	2N4102

### All-Diffused SCR's for Low-Cost Power-Control and Power-Switching Applications

RCA 2N3228\*, 2N3525\*, 2N4101\*, and 2N3528\*, 2N3529\*, and 2N4102\* are all-diffused, three-junction, silicon controlled-rectifiers (SCR's\*) intended for use in power-control and power-switching applications.

Types 2N3228, 2N3525, and 2N4101 use the JEDEC TO-66 package and have a blocking voltage capability of up to 600 volts and a forward current rating of 5 amperes (rms value) at a case temperature of 75°C.

Types 2N3528, 2N3529, and 2N4102 use the JEDEC TO-8 package and have a blocking voltage capability of up to 600 volts and a forward current rating of 2 amperes (rms value) at an ambient temperature of 25°C.

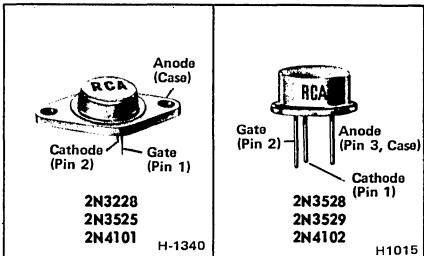
\* Formerly Dev. Types TA1222, TA1225, and TA2773, respectively.

○ Formerly Dev. Types TA2597, TA2617, and TA2774, respectively.

▲ The silicon controlled-rectifier is also known as a reverse-blocking triode thyristor.

### FEATURES

- Designed especially for high-volume systems
- Readily adaptable for printed-circuit boards and metal heat sinks
- Low switching losses
- High di/dt and dv/dt capabilities
- Shorted emitter gate-cathode construction
- Forward and reverse gate dissipation ratings
- All-diffused construction — assures exceptional uniformity and stability of characteristics
- Direct-soldered internal construction — assures exceptional resistance to fatigue
- Symmetrical gate-cathode construction — provides uniform current density, rapid electrical conduction, and efficient heat dissipation
- All-welded construction and hermetic sealing
- Low leakage currents, both forward and reverse
- Low forward voltage drop at high current levels
- Low thermal resistance

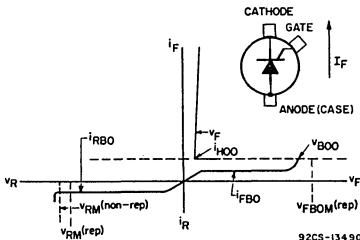


JEDEC TO-66

JEDEC TO-8

Current → Voltage ↓	Average Forward Amperes 3.2	Average Forward Amperes 1.3
For 120-Volt Line Operation	2N3228	2N3528
For 240-Volt Line Operation	2N3525	2N3529
For High- Voltage Power Supplies	2N4101	2N4102

### TYPICAL E-I CHARACTERISTIC OF SILICON CONTROLLED-RECTIFIER



92CS-13490

**Absolute-Maximum Ratings, for Operation with Sinusoidal AC Supply Voltage  
at a Frequency between 50 and 400 Hz, and with Resistive or Inductive Load**

RATINGS	CONTROLLED-RECTIFIER TYPES						UNITS
	2N3228	2N3525	2N4101	2N3528	2N3529	2N4102	
Transient Peak Reverse Voltage (Non-Repetitive), $v_{RM}(\text{non-rep})$ .....	330	660	700	330	660	700	volts
Peak Reverse Voltage (Repetitive), $v_{RM}(\text{rep})$ .....	200	400	600	200	400	600	volts
Peak Forward Blocking Voltage (Repetitive), $v_{FBOM}(\text{rep})$ .....	200	400	600	200	400	600	volts
Forward Current:							
For case temperature ( $T_C$ ) of + 75°C, and unit mounted on heat sink—							
Average DC value at a conduction angle of 180°, $I_{FAV}$ .....	3.2	3.2	3.2	—	—	—	amperes
RMS value, $I_{FRMS}$ .....	5.0	5.0	5.0	—	—	—	amperes
For other conditions, See Fig. 8							
For free-air temperature ( $T_{FA}$ ) of 25°C, and with no heat sink employed—							
Average DC value at a conduction angle of 180°, $I_{FAV}$ .....	—	—	—	1.3	1.3	1.3	amperes
RMS value, $I_{FRMS}$ .....	—	—	—	2.0	2.0	2.0	amperes
For other conditions, See Fig. 9.							
Peak Surge Current, $i_{FM}(\text{surge})$ :							
For one cycle of applied principal voltage,							
60 Hz (sinusoidal), $T_C = 75^\circ\text{C}$ .....	60				60		amperes
50 Hz (sinusoidal), $T_C = 75^\circ\text{C}$ .....	50				50		amperes
For more than one cycle of applied voltage.....				See Fig. 13			
Fusing Current (for SCR protection):							
$T_J = -40 \text{ to } 100^\circ\text{C}$ , $t = 1 \text{ to } 8.3 \text{ ns}$ , $i^2t$					15		ampere <sup>2</sup> second
Rate of Change of Forward Current, $di/dt$ .....				200			200
$V_{FB} = v_{BOO}$ (min. value)							amperes/microsecond
$I_{GT} = 200 \text{ mA}$ , $0.5 \mu\text{s}$ rise time (See waveshapes of Fig. 1.)							
Gate Power*:							
Peak, Forward or Reverse, for $10 \mu\text{s}$ duration, $P_{GM}$ . (See Figs. 5 and 6)				13			watts
Average, $P_{GAV}$ .....				0.5			watt
Temperature:							
Storage, $T_{stg}$ .....				-40 to +125			°C
Operating (Case), $T_C$ .....				-40 to +100			°C

\*Any values of peak gate current or peak gate voltage to give the maximum gate power is permissible.

**Characteristics at Maximum Ratings (unless otherwise specified), and at Indicated Case Temperature ( $T_C$ )**

CHARACTERISTICS	CONTROLLED-RECTIFIER TYPES									UNITS
	2N3228, 2N3528			2N3525, 2N3529			2N4101, 2N4102			
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Forward Breakover Voltage, $V_{BOO}$ : At $T_C = +100^\circ\text{C}$ .....	200	—	—	400	—	—	600	—	—	volts
Peak Blocking Current, at $T_C = +100^\circ\text{C}$ :	—	0.10	1.5	—	0.20	3.0	—	0.40	4.0	mA
Forward, $I_{FBOM}$ .....	—	0.05	0.75	—	0.10	1.5	—	0.20	2.0	mA
$V_{FBOP} = V_{BOO}$ (min. value)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Reverse, $I_{RBOM}$ .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
$V_{RBO}^P = V_{RM}$ (rep) value	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Forward Voltage Drop, $v_F$ : At a Forward Current of 30 amperes and a $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$	—	2.15	2.8	—	2.15	2.8	—	2.15	2.8	volts
DC Gate-Trigger Current, $I_{GT}$	—	8	15	—	8	15	—	8	15	mA(dc)
Gate-Trigger Voltage, $V_{GT}$	—	1.2	2.0	—	1.2	2.0	—	1.2	2.0	volts(dc)
At $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$ (See Fig. 5) .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Holding Current, $i_{HOO}$	—	10	20	—	10	20	—	10	20	mA
At $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$ .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Critical Rate of Applied Forward Voltage,	10	200	—	10	200	—	10	200	—	volts/microsecond
Critical $dv/dt$ .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
$V_{FB} = V_{BOO}$ (min. value), exponential rise, $T_C = +100^\circ\text{C}$ (See waveshape of Fig. 2)	0.75	1.5	—	0.75	1.5	—	0.75	1.5	—	microseconds
Turn-On Time, $t_{on}$ , (Delay Time + Rise Time) .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
$V_{FB} = V_{BOO}$ (min. value), $i_F = 4.5$ amperes, $I_{GT} = 200$ mA, $0.1 \mu\text{s}$ rise time, $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$ (See waveshapes of Fig. 3)	—	15	50	—	15	50	—	15	50	microseconds
Turn-Off Time, $t_{off}$ .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
$i_F = 2$ amperes, $50 \mu\text{s}$ pulse width, $dv_{FB}/dt = 20$ v/ $\mu\text{s}$ , $di_F/dt = 30$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$ , $I_{GT} = 200$ mA, $T_C = +75^\circ\text{C}$ (See waveshapes of Fig. 4)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	2N3228, 2N3525, 2N4101			2N3528, 2N3529, 2N4102						
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.				
Thermal Resistance:	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Junction-to-case .....	—	—	4	—	—	5	—	—	—	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Junction-to-ambient .....	—	—	40	—	—	40	—	—	—	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

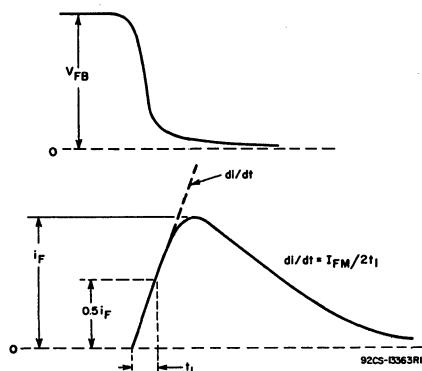
WAVESHape OF  $di/dt$  RATING TEST

Fig. 1

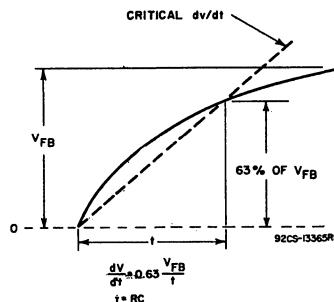
WAVESHape OF CRITICAL  $dv/dt$  RATING TEST

Fig. 2

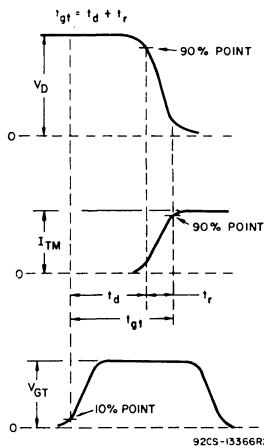
WAVESHape OF  $t_{on}$  RATING TEST

Fig. 3

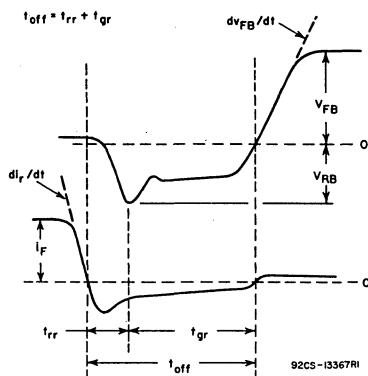
WAVESHape OF  $t_{off}$  RATING TEST

Fig. 4

## TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

FOR TYPES

2N3228, 2N3525, AND 2N4101

Pin 1 — Gate

Pin 2 — Cathode

Case, Mounting Flange — Anode

## TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

FOR TYPES

2N3528, 2N3529, AND 2N4102

Pin 1 — Cathode

Pin 2 — Gate

Case, Pin 3 — Anode

## FORWARD GATE CHARACTERISTICS

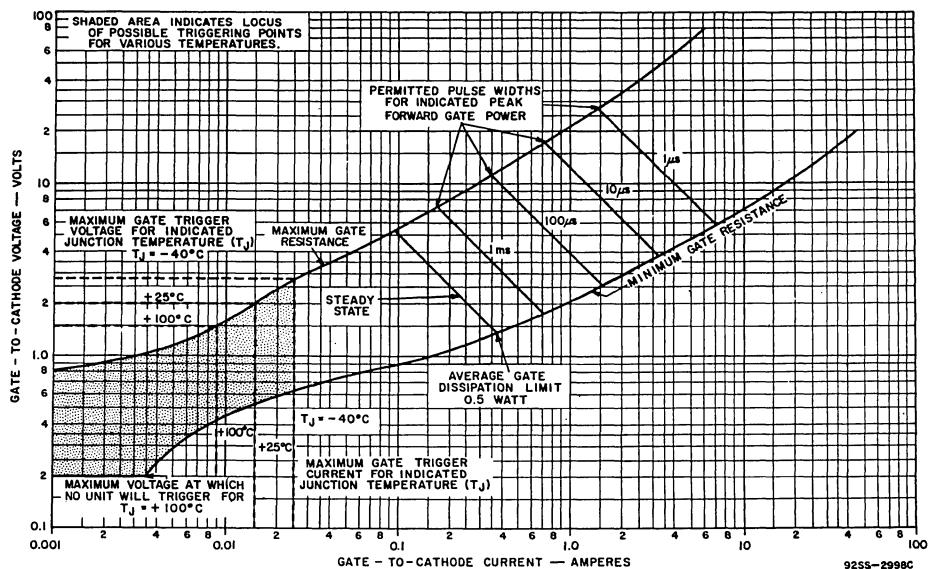


Fig. 5

## REVERSE GATE CHARACTERISTICS

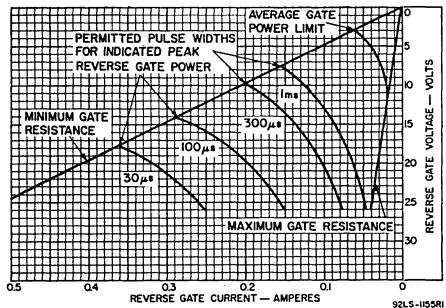


Fig. 6

## TURN-ON TIME CHARACTERISTICS

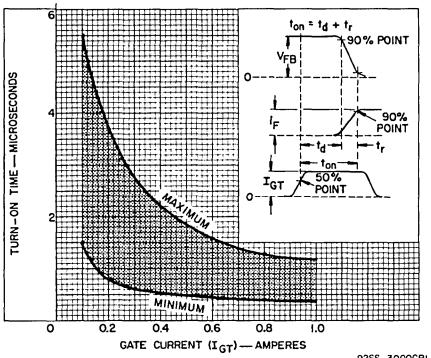


Fig. 7

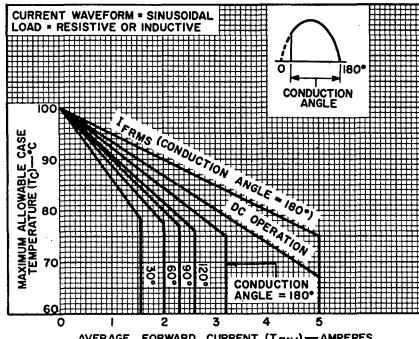
**RATING CHART (CASE TEMPERATURE) FOR TYPES  
2N3228, 2N3525, AND 2N4101**


Fig. 8

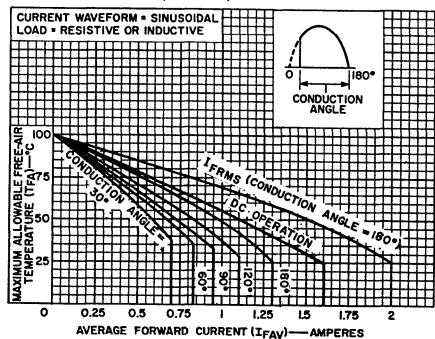
**RATING CHART (FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE) FOR TYPES  
2N3528, 2N3529, AND 2N4102**


Fig. 9

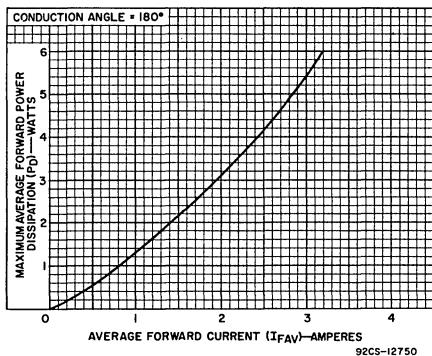
**POWER DISSIPATION CHART FOR ALL TYPES**


Fig. 10

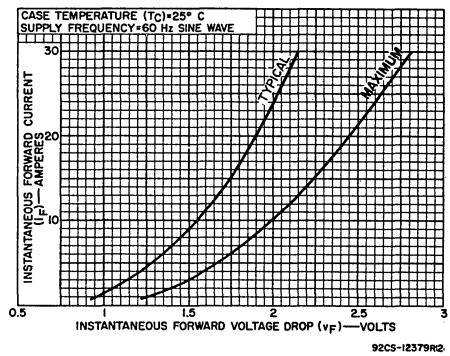
**FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL TYPES**


Fig. 11

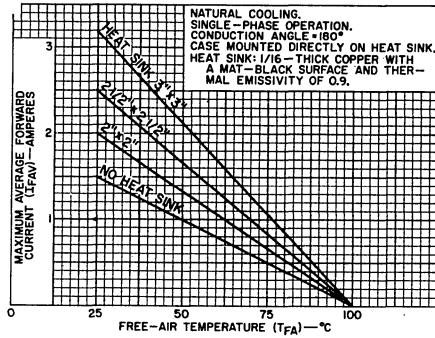
**OPERATION GUIDANCE CHART FOR TYPES  
2N3228, 2N3525, AND 2N4101**


Fig. 12

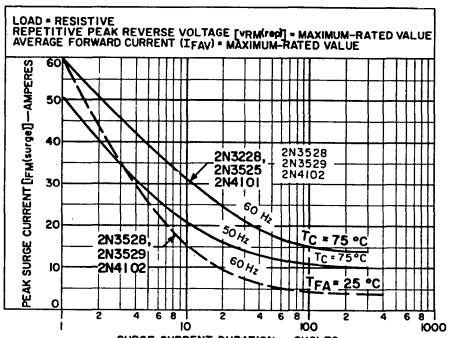
**SURGE CURRENT RATING CHART**


Fig. 13