

# 2N681-2N692, 2N5204-2N5207

#### SILICON CONTROLLED RECTIFIER

### **FEATURES**

- Available as "HR" (high reliability) screened per MIL-PRF-19500, JANTX level. Add "HR" suffix to base part number.
- Available as non-RoHS (Sn/Pb plating), standard, and as RoHS by adding "-PBF" suffix.

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	2N681-2N692	2N5204-2N5207	Unit
RMS on-state current	I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>	25	35	Α
Average on-state current	I <sub>T(AV)</sub>	16	22	Α
@ T <sub>c</sub>	T <sub>C</sub>	-65 to +65	-40 to +40	°C
Peak one cycle surge @ 50 Hz	1	145	285	Α
Peak one cycle surge @ 60 Hz	I <sub>TSM</sub>	150	300	Α
Fusing @ 50 Hz	l²t	103	410	A <sup>2</sup> s
Fusing @ 60 Hz	11	94	375	A S
Gate current to trigger	I <sub>GT</sub>	40	40	mA
Typical critical dv/dt exponential to V <sub>DRM</sub>	dv/dt	-	100	V/µs
Critical rate of rise	di/dt	75-100	100	A/μs
Typical junction temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	-65 to 125	-40 to 125	°C

#### **VOLTAGE RATINGS (Applied gate voltage zero or negative)**

Part Number	V <sub>RRM</sub> , V <sub>DRM</sub> Maximum repetitive peak reverse and off-state voltage  (V)  T <sub>J</sub> = -65 to +125°C	$V_{RSM}$ Maximum non-repetitive peak reverse voltage $t_p \le 5$ ms  (V) $T_J = -65$ to $+125^{\circ}$ C
2N681	25	35
2N682	50	75
2N683	100	150
2N685	200	300
2N687	300	400
2N688	400	500
2N689	500	600
2N690	600	720
2N691	700	840
2N692	800	960
	T <sub>J</sub> = -40 to 125°C	T <sub>J</sub> = -40 to 125°C
2N5204	600	720
2N5205	800	960
2N5206	1000	1200
2N5207	1200	1440



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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Characteristics	2N681-2N692	2N5204-2N5207	Units	Condit	ions
I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>	Maximum RMS on-state current	25	35	Α		
I <sub>T(AV)</sub>	Maximum average on-state current	16	22	А	180° half sine wave conduction	
	@ T <sub>c</sub> =	-65 to +65	-40 to +40	°C		T
I <sub>TSM</sub>		145	285		50 Hz half cycle sine wave or 6 ms rectangular pulse	Following any rated load condition and with
	Maximum peak one cycle,	150	300	A	60 Hz half cycle sine wave or 5 ms rectangular pulse	rated V <sub>RRM</sub> applied following surge
	non-repetitive surge current	170	340		50 Hz half cycle sine wave or 6 ms rectangular pulse	Same conditions as above except
		180	355		60 Hz half cycle sine wave or 5 ms rectangular pulse	with V <sub>RRM</sub> applied following surge = 0
		103	410		t = 10 ms	Rated $V_{RRM}$ applied following surge, initial $T_1 = 125$ °C
l²t	Maximum I <sup>2</sup> t capability, for fusing	94	375	A <sup>2</sup> s	t = 8.3 ms	
	12,	145	580		t = 10 ms	V <sub>RRM</sub> = 0 following surge, initial T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C
l <sup>2</sup> t	Maximum I <sup>2</sup> t capability for individual device fusing	135	530	A <sup>2</sup> s	t = 8.3 ms	
l²√t	Maximum I <sup>2</sup> Vt capability for individual device fusing <sup>(1)</sup>	1450	5800	A <sup>2</sup> √s	$t = 0.1$ to 10ms initial $T_J \le 125$ °C, $V_{RRM}$ following surge = 0	
V <sub>TM</sub>	Maximum peak on-state voltage	2	2.3	V	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>T(AV)</sub> = 16A(50A peak) – 2N681 I <sub>T(AV)</sub> = 22A (70A) peak	
I <sub>H</sub>	Maximum holding current	20 @ 25°C	200 @-40°C	mA	- 2N5204 Anode supply = 24V, initial I <sub>T</sub> = 1.0A	
BLOCKING			•	,		
dv/dt	Minimum critical rate of rise of off- state voltage	100 typical	100	V/µs	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C exponential to 100% rated V <sub>DRM</sub>	
		250 typical	250		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C exponential to 67% rated V <sub>DRM</sub>	



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Symbol	Characteristics	2N681-2N692	2N5204-2N5207	Units	Conditions
I <sub>R</sub> <sup>(-)</sup> & I <sub>D</sub> <sup>(-)</sup>	Maximum reverse and off-state current	I <sub>R(AV)</sub> & I <sub>D(AV)</sub> (average values)	I <sub>RM</sub> & I <sub>DM</sub> (peak values)	mA	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C, gate open circuited
	V <sub>RRM</sub> & V <sub>DRM</sub> =	-	-		
	25 to 150V	6.5	-		
	200 & 250V	6.0	-		
	300V	5.0	-		
	400V	4.0	-		
	500V	3.0	-		
	600V	2.5	3.3		
	700V	2.25	-		
	800V	2.0	2.5		
	1000V	-	2.0		
	1200V	-	1.7		
SWITCHING					
t <sub>d</sub>	Typical delay time	1	1	μs	$T_{C}$ = 25°C, $V_{DM}$ = rated $V_{DRM}$ , $I_{TM}$ = 10A dc resistive circuit. Gate pulse: 10 V, $40\Omega$ source, $t_{p}$ = 6 $\mu$ s, $t_{r}$ = 0.1 $\mu$ s
di/dt	Maximum non-repetitive rate of rise of turned-on current V <sub>DM</sub> = 25 to 600 V	100	-	A/μs	$T_{C}$ = 125°C, $V_{DM}$ = rated $V_{DRM}$ , $I_{TM}$ = 2 x di/dt, gate pulse: 20V, 15 $\Omega$ , $t_{p}$ = 6 $\mu$ s, $t_{r}$ = 0.1 $\mu$ s maximum
	V <sub>DM</sub> = 700 to 800 V	75	-		
		-	100		$T_C$ = 125°C, $V_{DM}$ = 600V, $I_{TM}$ = 200A @ 400Hz max. Gate pulse: 20V, 15Ω, $t_p$ = 6μs, $t_r$ = 0.1μs max.
TRIGGERING	)		1		
P <sub>GM</sub>	Maximum peak gate power	5	60	w	$t_p \le 5ms - 2N681$ $t_p \le 500\mu s - 2N5204$
P <sub>G(AV)</sub>	Maximum average gate power	0.5	0.5	W	
I <sub>GM</sub>	Maximum peak positive gate current	2	2	А	
+V <sub>GM</sub>	Maximum peak positive gate voltage	10	-	V	
-V <sub>GM</sub>	Maximum peak negative gate voltage	5	5	V	
I <sub>GT</sub>	Maximum required DC gate current to trigger	80	80	mA	T <sub>C</sub> = min rated value. Max. required gate trigger current is the lowest value which will trigger all units with 6V anode to cathode
<b>.</b>		40	40		T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C
		18.5	20		T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C
	Typical DC gate current to trigger	30	30		T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C, 6V anode to cathode



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Symbol	Characteristics	2N681-2N692	2N5204-2N5207	Units	Conditions
V <sub>GT</sub>	Maximum required DC gate voltage to trigger	3	3	V	$T_{\text{C}}$ = -65°C. Max. required gate trigger voltage is the lowest value which will trigger all units with 6V anode to cathode
		2	2		T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C
	Typical DC gate voltage to trigger	1.5	1.5		T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C 6V anode to cathode
V <sub>GD</sub>	Maximum DC gate voltage not to trigger	0.25	0.25	V	$T_{C}$ = 125°C. Max. gate voltage not to trigger is the maximum value which will not trigger any unit with rated $V_{DRM}$ anode to cathode

Note 1:  $I^2t$  for time  $t_x \approx I^2\sqrt{t} \cdot \sqrt{t_x}$ 

#### THERMAL -MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristics	2N681-2N692	2N5204-2N5207	Units	Conditions		
T,	Operating junction temperature range	-65 to 125	-40 to 125	°C			
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65 to 125	-40 to 125	°C			
R <sub>thJC</sub>	Maximum internal thermal resistance, junction to case	1.5	1.5	°C/W	DC operation		
R <sub>thCS</sub>	Thermal resistance, case to sink	0.35	0.35	°C/W	Mounting surface smooth, flat and greased		

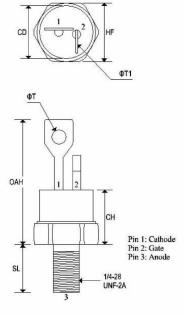


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### SILICON CONTROLLED RECTIFIER

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case	TO-48
Marking	Alpha-numeric
Pin out	See below



	TO-48					
	Inc	hes	Millin	neters		
	Min	Max	Max Min Ma			
CD	-	0.543	ï	13.793		
CH	-	0.550	,	13.970		
HF	0.544	0.563	13.817	14.301		
OAH	-	1.193	ï	30.303		
SL	0.422	0.453	10.718	11.507		
ΦТ	0.125	0.165	3.175	4.191		
ФТ1	0.060	0.075	1.524	1.905		

Note: Contour and angular orientation of terminals 1 and 2 with respect to hex portion and to each other are optional.



Vs. Average On-State Current, 2N681 Series

High-reliability discrete products and engineering services since 1977

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### 2N681 Series 200 102 INSTANTANEOUS ON STATE CURRENT (AMPERES) MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CASE TEMPERATURE (°C) 160 140 CONDUCTION PERIOD 120 SINUSCIDAL CURRENT WAVEFORM TJ = 125°C - 125°C\_ 1,0 TJ = 25°C 10-1 10 12 AVERAGE ON-STATE CURRENT OVER FULL CYCLE (AMPERES) INSTANTANEOUS ON-STATE VOLTAGE (VOLTS) Fig. 1 - Maximum Allowable Case Temperature Fig. 2 - Maximum On-State Voltage Vs. Current,

2N681 Series



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#### 2N681 Series

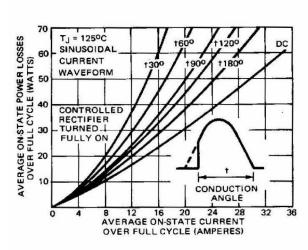


Fig. 3 — Maximum Low Level On-State Power Loss Vs. Current (Sinusoidal Current Waveform), 2N681 Series

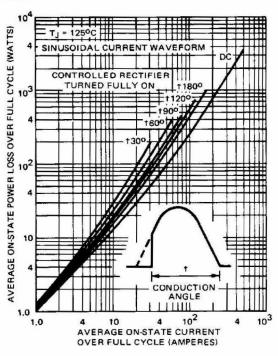


Fig. 4 — Maximum High Level On-State Power Loss Vs. Current (Sinusoidal Current Waveform), 2N681 Series

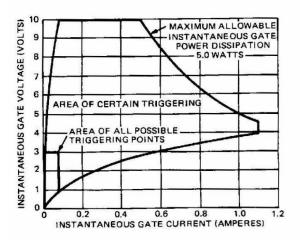


Fig. 5 - Gate Characteristics, 2N681 Series

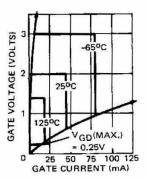


Fig. 5A — Area of All Possible Triggering Points Vs. Temperature 2N681 Series



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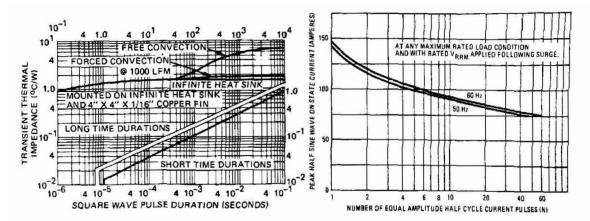


Fig. 6 — Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction to Case, Vs. Pulse Duration, 2N681 Series

Fig. 7 — Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current, Vs. Number of Current Pulses, 2N681 Series

#### 2N5204 Series

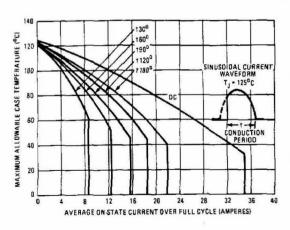


Fig. 8 — Maximum Allowable Case Temperature
Vs. Average On-State Current
(Sinusoidal Current Waveform), 2N5204 Series

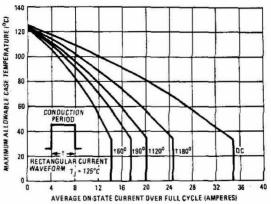


Fig. 9 — Maximum Allowable Case Temperature
Vs. Average On-State Current
(Rectangular Current Waveform), 2N5204 Series



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#### 2N5204 Series

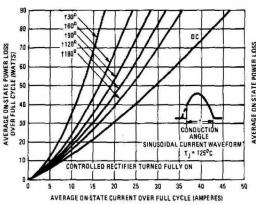


Fig. 10 — Maximum Low-Level On-State Power Loss Vs. Average On-State Current (Sinusoidal Current Waveform), 2N5204 Series

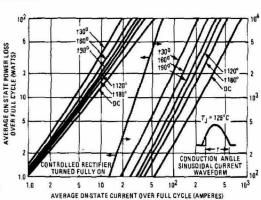


Fig. 11 — Maximum High-Level On-State Power Loss Vs. Average On-State Current (Sinusoidal Current Waveform), 2N5204 Series

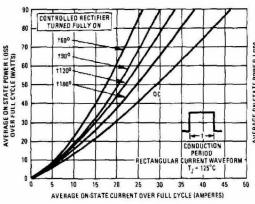


Fig. 12 — Maximum Low-Level On-State Power Loss Vs. Average On-State Current (Rectangular Current Waveform), 2N5204 Series

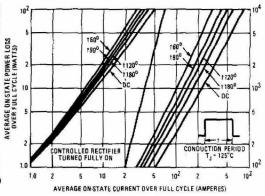


Fig. 13 — Maximum High-Level On-State Power Loss Vs. Average On-State Current (Rectangular Current Waveform), 2N5204 Series

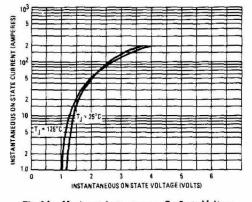


Fig. 14 — Maximum Instantaneous On-State Voltage Vs. Instantaneous On-State Current, 2N5204 Series

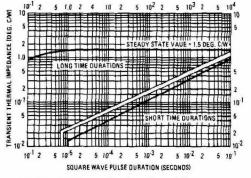


Fig. 15 — Maximum Transient Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case, Vs. Pulse Duration, 2N5204 Series