

2N5846 (SILICON)

2N5847

The RF Line

NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTORS

... designed primarily for use in large-signal amplifier driver and pre-driver stages, these devices are intended for use in industrial communications equipment operating at frequencies to 80 MHz.

- Optimized for Operation from a 12.5 Volt Supply
- Power Output @ 12.5 Vdc, 50 MHz
 $P_{out} = 3.5 \text{ W} - 2N5846$
 $8.0 \text{ W} - 2N5847$
- Large-Signal Impedance Data Permit Convenient Matching Network Design

***MAXIMUM RATINGS**

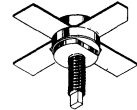
Rating	Symbol	2N5846	2N5847	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	18		Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CB}	36		Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EB}	4.0		Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	I_C	1.0	2.0	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	10	20	Watts
		57.2	114	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$

*Indicates JEDEC Registered Data.

**3.5 W, 7.0 W - 50 MHz
RF POWER
TRANSISTORS
NPN SILICON**

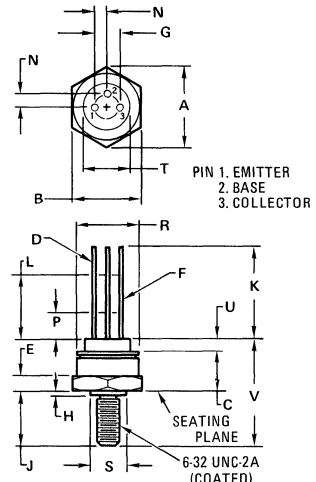


TO-102
CASE 24



CASE 145A-01

2N5846



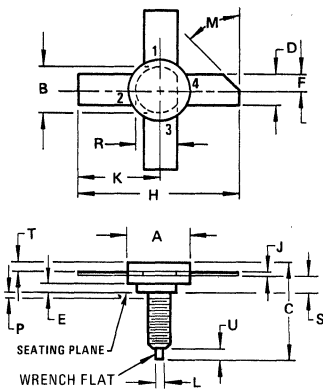
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	10.49	11.00	0.413	0.433
B	9.19	9.53	0.362	0.375
C	5.33	5.72	0.210	0.225
D	0.406	0.533	0.016	0.021
E	1.65	1.78	0.065	0.070
F	0.406	0.483	0.016	0.019
G	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
H	0.508	0.889	0.020	0.035
J	6.73	7.42	0.265	0.292
K	12.70	-	0.500	-
L	6.35	-	0.250	-
N	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
P	-	1.27	-	0.050
R	8.89	9.14	0.350	0.360
S	4.45	4.83	0.175	0.190
T	4.11	4.29	0.162	0.169
U	1.14	1.52	0.045	0.060

CASE 24
TO-102

All JEDEC dimensions and notes apply

2N5847

CASE 145A-01



STYLE 1:
PIN 1. EMITTER
2. BASE
3. EMITTER
4. COLLECTOR

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	9.40	9.78	0.370	0.385
B	8.13	8.38	0.320	0.330
C	18.03	19.05	0.710	0.750
D	5.59	5.84	0.220	0.230
E	1.78	2.03	0.070	0.080
F	2.79	2.92	0.110	0.115
H	26.42	28.70	1.040	1.130
J	0.10	0.15	0.004	0.006
K	13.21	14.35	0.520	0.565
L	1.40	1.65	0.055	0.065
M	45° NOM		45° NOM	
P	-	1.27	-	0.050
R	7.59	7.80	0.299	0.307
S	4.01	4.52	0.158	0.178
T	2.16	2.41	0.085	0.095
U	2.54	3.30	0.100	0.130

NOTE
CASE 145A-01 USE 8-32NC2A STUD

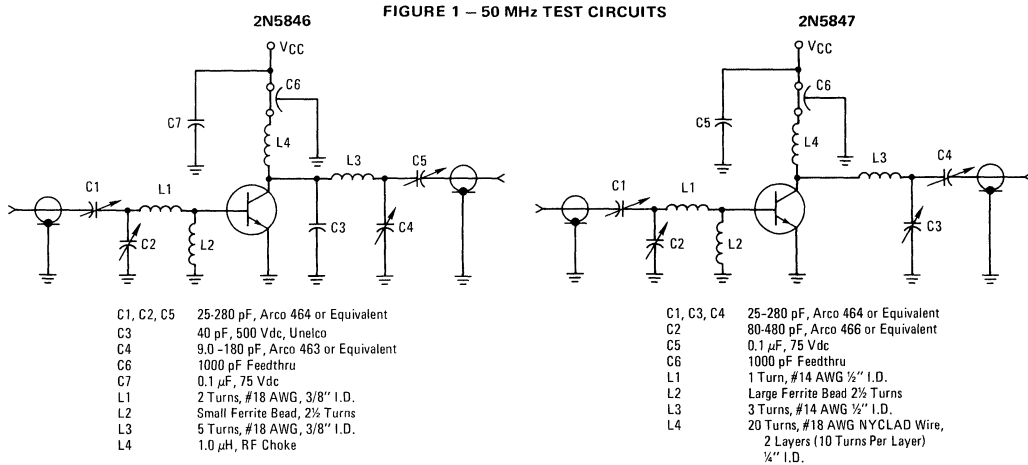
2N5846, 2N5847 (continued)

*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS				
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (1) ($I_C = 200 \text{ mA dc}, I_B = 0$)	BV_{CEO}	18	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (1) ($I_C = 50 \text{ mA dc}, V_{BE} = 0$)	BV_{CES}	36	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 0.25 \text{ mA dc}, I_C = 0$)	BV_{EBO}	2N5846 4.0	—	Vdc
($I_E = 5.0 \text{ mA dc}, I_C = 0$)		2N5847 4.0	—	
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 15 \text{ Vdc}, V_{BE} = 0, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$)	I_{CES}	2N5846 —	5.0	mA dc
		2N5847 —	10	
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CB} = 15 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0$)	I_{CBO}	2N5846 —	0.5	mA dc
		2N5847 —	1.0	
ON CHARACTERISTICS				
DC Current Gain ($I_C = 250 \text{ mA dc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$)	h_{FE}	2N5846 5.0	—	—
($I_C = 500 \text{ mA dc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$)		2N5847 5.0	—	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS				
Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 15 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 0.1 \text{ to } 1.0 \text{ MHz}$)	C_{ob}	—	25 90	pF
FUNCTIONAL TEST				
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain ($V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 3.5 \text{ W}, f = 50 \text{ MHz}$)	G_{PE}	2N5846 10	—	dB
($V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 8.0 \text{ W}, f = 50 \text{ MHz}$)		2N5847 10	—	
Power Output ($V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{in} = 350 \text{ mW}, f = 50 \text{ MHz}$)	P_{out}	2N5846 3.5	—	Watts
($V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{in} = 800 \text{ mW}, f = 50 \text{ MHz}$)		2N5847 8.0	—	
Collector Efficiency ($V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 3.5 \text{ W}, f = 50 \text{ MHz}$)	η	2N5846 50	—	%
($V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 8.0 \text{ W}, f = 50 \text{ MHz}$)		2N5847 50	—	

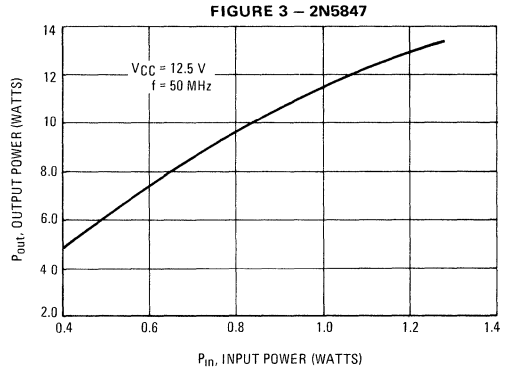
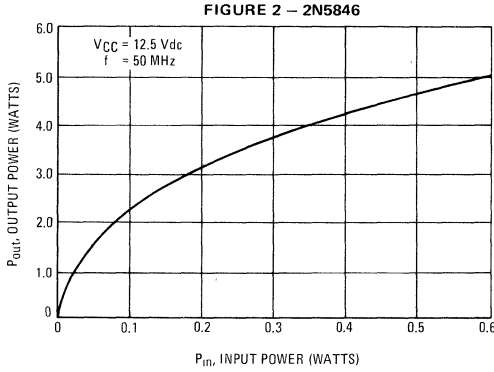
*Indicates JEDEC Registered Data.

(1) Pulsed thru a 25 mH inductor.

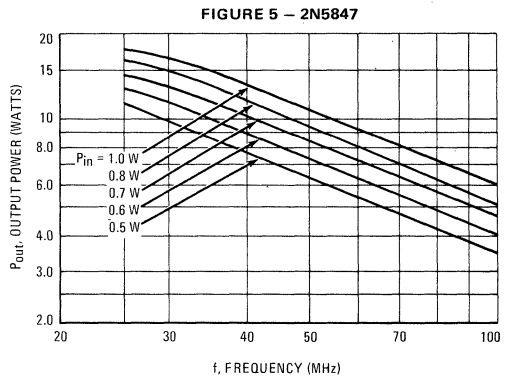
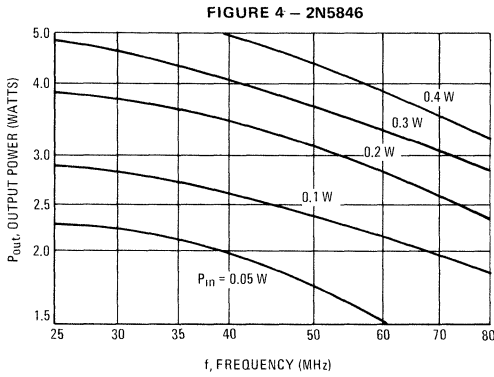


2N5846, 2N5847 (continued)

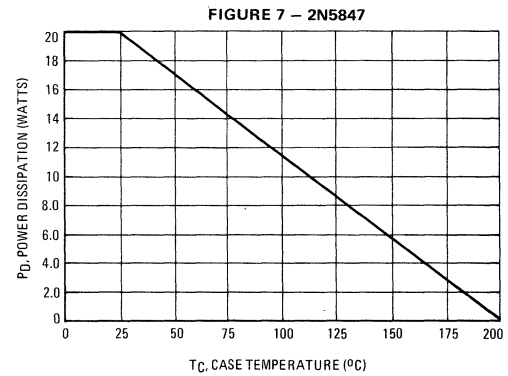
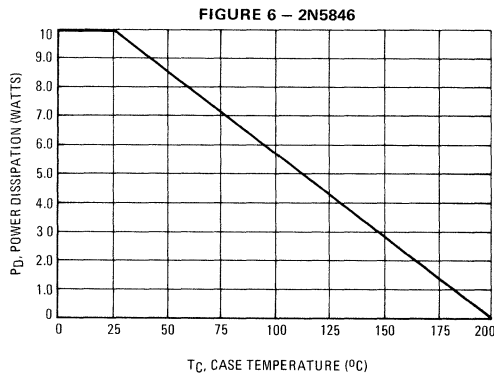
POWER OUTPUT versus POWER INPUT



POWER OUTPUT versus FREQUENCY



POWER DISSIPATION DERATING CURVES



PARALLEL EQUIVALENT INPUT RESISTANCE versus FREQUENCY

FIGURE 8 – 2N5846

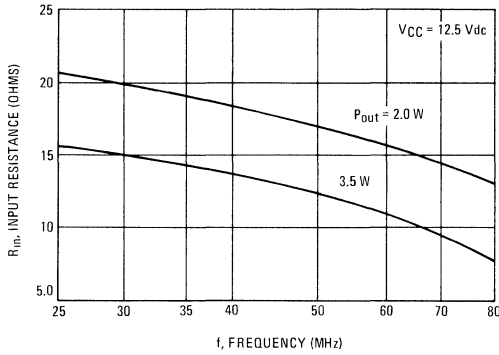
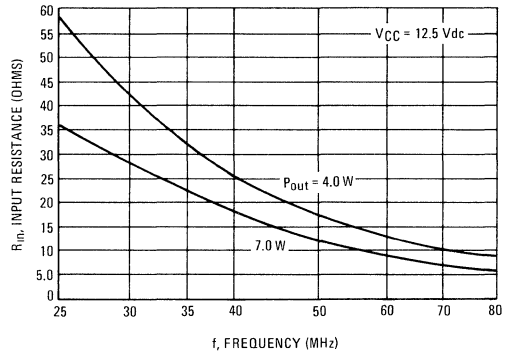


FIGURE 9 – 2N5847



PARALLEL EQUIVALENT INPUT CAPACITANCE versus FREQUENCY

FIGURE 10 – 2N5846

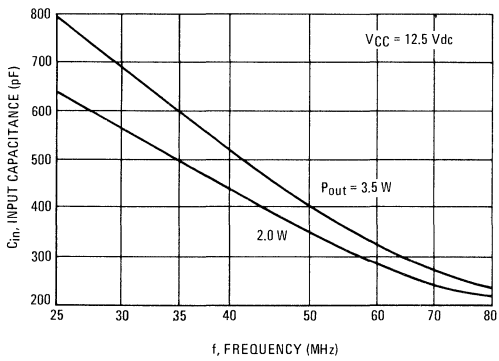
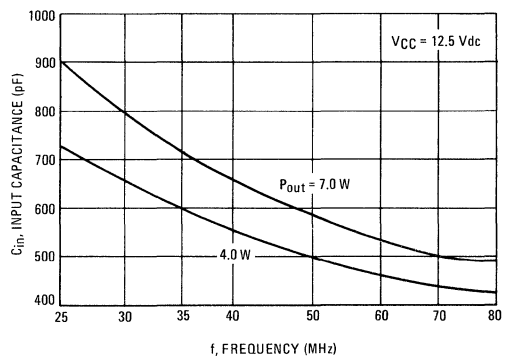


FIGURE 11 – 2N5847



PARALLEL EQUIVALENT OUTPUT CAPACITANCE versus FREQUENCY

FIGURE 12 – 2N5846

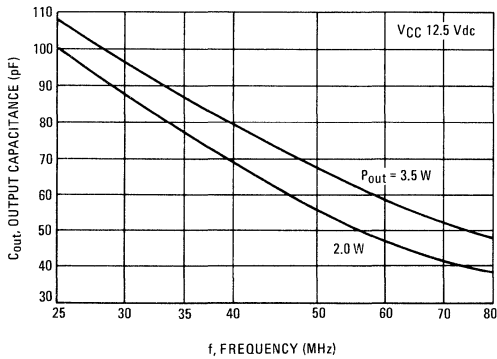


FIGURE 13 – 2N5847

