

The RF Line

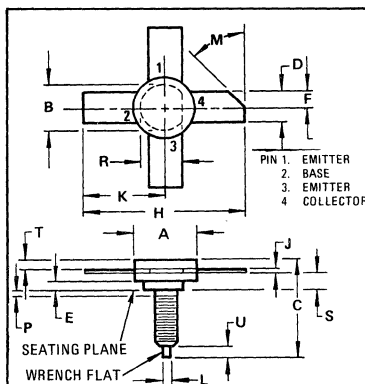
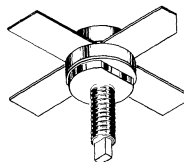
NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR

... designed for VHF power amplifier applications in military and industrial equipment. Particularly suited for use in Class AB, B, or C amplifier applications to 175 MHz.

- High Output Power Capability –
90 Watts Peak Output for 15 Watts (Typ) Input @ $f = 150$ MHz
- Balanced Emitter Construction to Provide the Designer with the device Technology that Assures Ruggedness and Resists Transistor Damage Caused by Load Mismatch.
- Stripline Packaging for Lower Lead Inductance and Better Broad-band Capability

90 WATTS PEAK - 150 MHz

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*MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	35	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CB}	65	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EB}	4.0	Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	I_C	8.0	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 50^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 50°C	P_D	80 533	Watts $\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	12.57	12.90	0.459	0.508
B	10.54	10.80	0.415	0.425
C	21.21	21.46	0.835	0.845
D	5.59	5.84	0.220	0.230
E	1.83	1.98	0.072	0.078
F	2.79	2.92	0.110	0.115
H	26.42	28.70	1.040	1.130
J	0.10	0.15	0.004	0.006
K	13.21	14.35	0.520	0.565
L	1.65	1.90	0.065	0.075
M	45° NOM		45° NOM	
P	-	1.27	-	0.050
R	9.78	10.01	0.385	0.394
S	3.89	4.45	0.153	0.175
T	2.03	2.29	0.080	0.090
U	2.54	3.30	0.100	0.130

NOTE: 145A-02 USES 10-32NF2A STUD.
CASE 145A-02

*Indicates JEDEC Registered Data

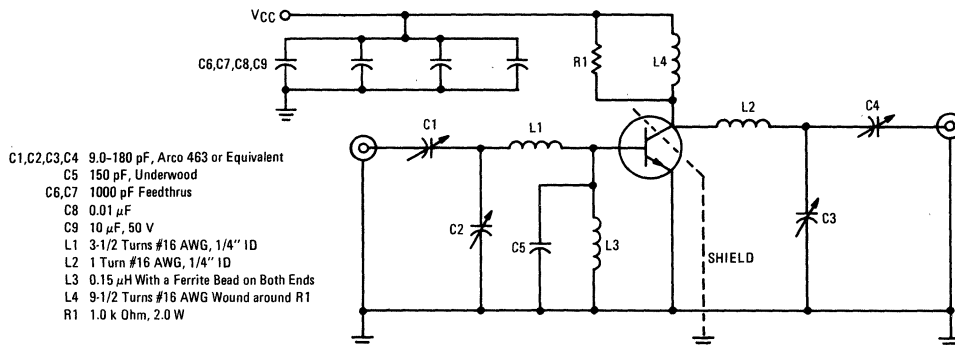
* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ① ($I_C = 200 \text{ mA dc}, I_B = 0$)	BV_{CEO}	35	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 200 \text{ mA dc}, V_{BE} = 0$)	BV_{CES}	65	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 10 \text{ mA dc}, I_C = 0$)	BV_{EBO}	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 30 \text{ Vdc}, V_{BE} = 0, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$)	I_{CES}	—	—	10	mA dc
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CB} = 30 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0$)	I_{CBO}	—	—	2.0	mA dc
ON CHARACTERISTICS					
DC Current Gain ($I_C = 3.0 \text{ A dc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$)	h_{FE}	5.0	—	—	—
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 30 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 0.1 \text{ to } 1.0 \text{ MHz}$)	C_{ob}	—	90	130	pF
FUNCTIONAL TEST (Circuit Tuned at 90 Watts Peak, $V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}$ and not retuned for 13.5 Vdc Carrier Power Test)					
Power Input ($P_{out} = 90 \text{ W Peak}, V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}, f = 150 \text{ MHz},$ 33.3% Duty Cycle Square Wave, Power Source Modulated)	$P_{in(peak)}$	—	15	—	Watts
Power Gain CW (Carrier Power) ($P_{out} = 24 \text{ W}, V_{CC} = 13.5 \text{ Vdc}, f = 150 \text{ MHz},$ Circuit Tuned at 90 W Peak, $V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}$)	G_{PE}	5.0	—	—	dB
Power Gain ($V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}, f = 150 \text{ MHz}, P_{out} = 75 \text{ W}, I_C = 4.1 \text{ A dc},$ Circuit Tuned at 90 W Peak, $V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}$)	G_{PE}	7.0	—	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ($P_{out} = 75 \text{ W}, V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}, f = 150 \text{ MHz}, I_C = 4.1 \text{ A dc}$)	η	60	—	—	%
Load Mismatch ($P_{out} = 75 \text{ W}, \text{CW}, V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}, f = 150 \text{ MHz},$ 10% Duty Cycle, 10 ms Pulse, VSWR 10:1, all angles)	Less Than 5% Change in Power Readings Before and After Mismatch Tests.				

① Pulsed through 25 mH Inductor.

* Indicates JEDEC Registered Data

FIGURE 1 – 150 MHz TEST CIRCUIT



OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY

FIGURE 2 – $V_{CC} = 13.5 \text{ Vdc}$

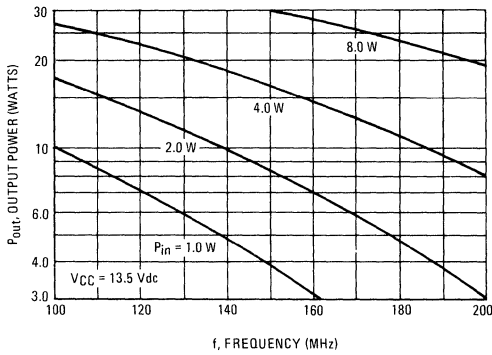


FIGURE 3 – $V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}$

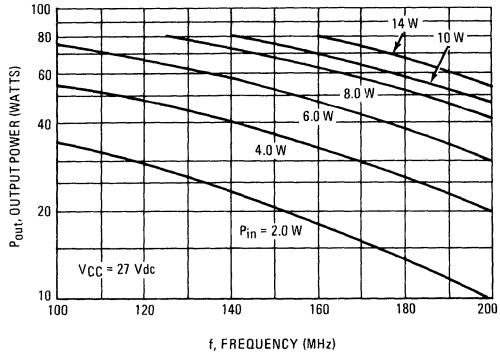


FIGURE 4 – OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER

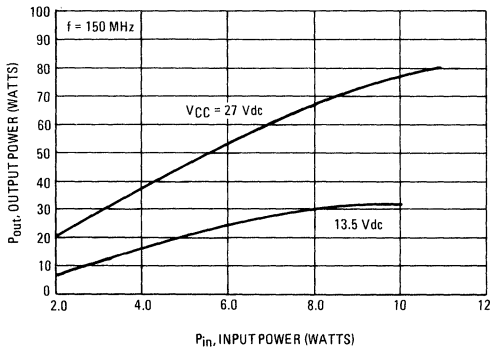
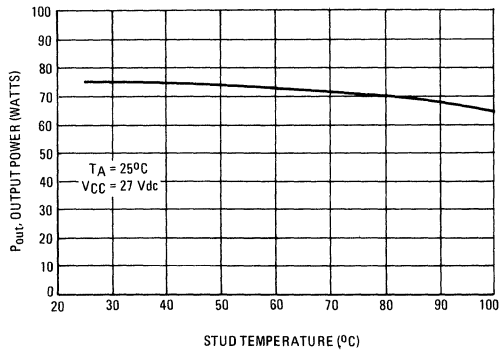


FIGURE 5 – OUTPUT POWER versus STUD TEMPERATURE



PARALLEL INPUT RESISTANCE versus FREQUENCY

FIGURE 6 – $V_{CC} = 13.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 25 \text{ W}$

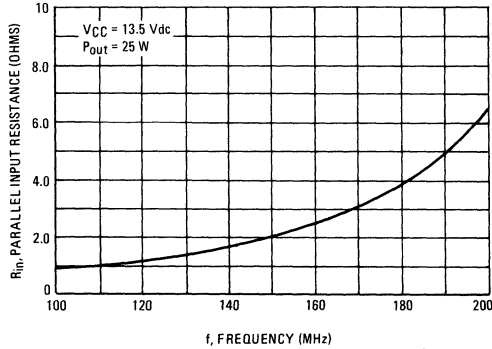
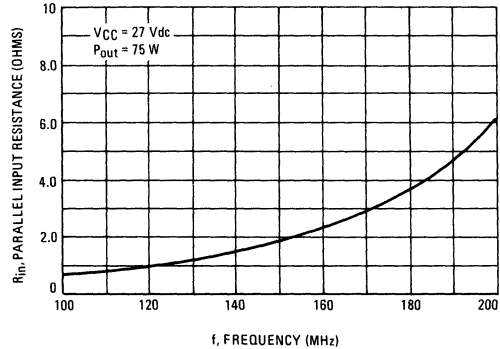


FIGURE 7 – $V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 75 \text{ W}$



PARALLEL INPUT CAPACITANCE versus FREQUENCY

FIGURE 8 – $V_{CC} = 13.5 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 25 \text{ W}$

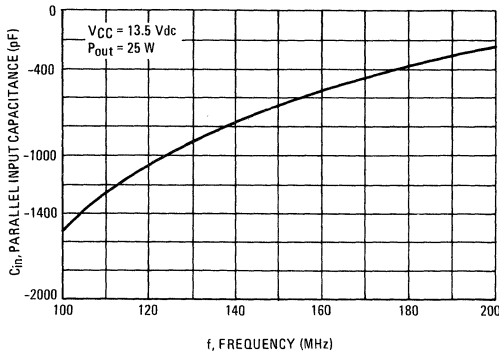
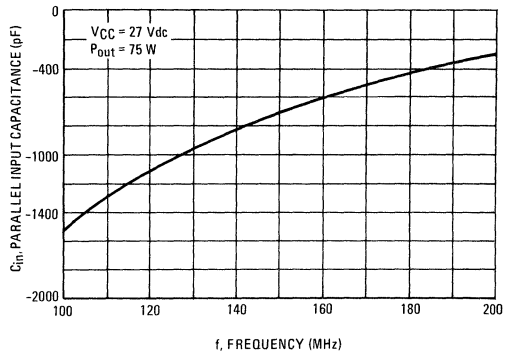


FIGURE 9 – $V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 75 \text{ W}$



PARALLEL OUTPUT CAPACITANCE versus FREQUENCY

FIGURE 10 – $V_{CC} = 13.5 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 25 \text{ W}$

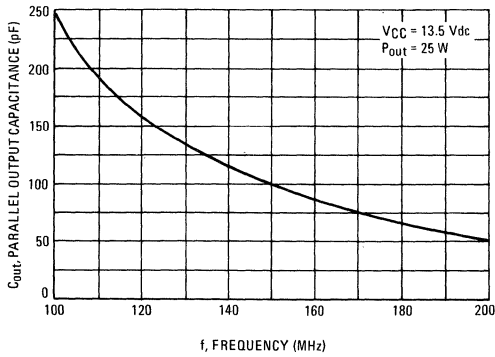


FIGURE 11 – $V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 75 \text{ W}$

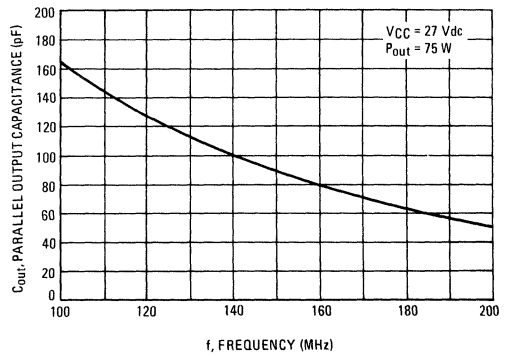


FIGURE 12 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE

