

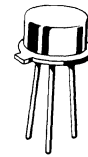
# 2N5864 (SILICON)

## PNP SILICON ANNULAR TRANSISTOR

... designed for use in general-purpose amplifier and medium-speed switching applications.

- High Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage –  $V_{CE0} = 70 \text{ Vdc (Min) @ } I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$
- DC Current Gain Specified – 10 mA to 500 mA
- High Collector Current –  $I_C = 1.5 \text{ Adc Continuous}$

## PNP SILICON GENERAL-PURPOSE TRANSISTOR



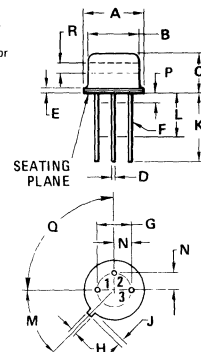
### \*MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CE0}$	70	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CB}$	90	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EB}$	5.0	Vdc
Collector Current – Continuous	$I_C$	1.5	A dc
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.25 7.15	Watts mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	8.75 50	Watts mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$

\* Indicates JEDEC Registered Data

\*\* Motorola Guarantees this data in addition to JEDEC Registered Data.

Pin 1. Emitter  
2. Base  
3. Collector



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	8.89	9.40	0.350	0.370
B	8.00	8.51	0.315	0.335
C	6.10	6.60	0.240	0.260
D	0.406	0.533	0.016	0.021
E	0.229	3.18	0.009	0.125
F	0.406	0.483	0.016	0.019
G	4.83	5.33	0.190	0.210
H	0.711	0.864	0.028	0.034
J	0.737	1.02	0.029	0.040
K	12.70	—	0.500	—
L	6.35	—	0.250	—
M	45°	NOM	45°	NOM
P	—	1.27	—	0.050
Q	90°	NOM	90°	NOM
R	2.54	—	0.100	—

All JEDEC dimensions and notes apply.

CASE 79-02  
TO-39

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>*OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$BV_{CEO}$	70	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$BV_{CBO}$	90	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$BV_{EBO}$	5.0	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 45\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	—	0.5	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{BE} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$	—	0.5	$\mu\text{A}$

**ON CHARACTERISTICS**

*DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	50 50 50 35 25	— — 500 — —	—
*Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 30\text{ mA}$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	0.9	Vdc
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 30\text{ mA}$ )	$V_{BE(sat)}$	—	1.25	Vdc
*Base-Emitter On Voltage ( $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ )	$V_{BE(on)}$	—	1.0	Vdc

**SMALL-SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS**

*Current-Gain—Bandwidth Product (1) ( $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 20\text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 20\text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$	50	—	MHz
*Collector-Base Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 100\text{ kHz}$ )	$C_{cb}$	—	25	pF
Emitter-Base Capacitance ( $V_{BE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ , $f = 100\text{ kHz}$ )	$C_{eb}$	—	150	pF
*Input Impedance ( $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{ie}$	200	1500	Ohms
*Voltage Feedback Ratio ( $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{re}$	—	5.0	$\times 10^{-4}$
*Small-Signal Current Gain ( $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{fe}$	50	500	—
*Output Admittance ( $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{oe}$	10	200	$\mu\text{mhos}$

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS** (See Figure 1)

Delay Time	(V <sub>CC</sub> = 10 Vdc, I <sub>C</sub> = 300 mA, I <sub>B1</sub> = 30 mA)	t <sub>d</sub>	—	30	ns
Rise Time		t <sub>r</sub>	—	100	ns
Storage Time	(V <sub>CC</sub> = 10 Vdc, I <sub>C</sub> = 300 mA, I <sub>B1</sub> = I <sub>B2</sub> = 30 mA)	t <sub>s</sub>	—	500	ns
Fall Time		t <sub>f</sub>	—	250	ns

\*Indicates JEDEC Registered Data.

(1)  $f_T$  is defined as the frequency at which  $|h_{fe}|$  extrapolates to unity.

**FIGURE 1 – SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT**

