"BIG IDEAS IN BIG POWER"

PowerTech

90 AMPERES

JAN TX2N5926

PT - 7507

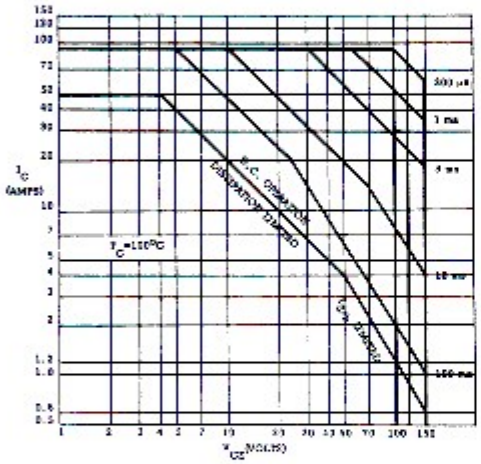
PT - 7508

SILICON NPN TRANSISTOR

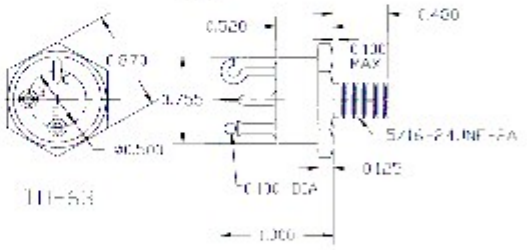
FEATURES:

$V_{CE(sat)}$	0.6 V @ 50 A	h_{FE}	5 min @ 90 A	$I_{S/b}$	1.2 A @ 100 V
V_{BE}	1.2 V @ 50 A	t_f	2 μ sec	$E_{S/b}$	6 Joules

SAFE OPERATING AREA



JEDEC TO-63 PKG.



PowerTech's transistors offer high current capability, high breakdown voltage and the lowest available saturation voltage. They have exceptional resistance to both forward and reverse second breakdown. This unique combination of device characteristics makes them particularly suited for a wide variety of high current applications, which include series and switching regulators, motor controls, servoamplifiers and power control circuits. The transistors will provide outstanding performance when used as replacements for paralleled lower current devices, resulting in considerable reductions in weight, space and circuit complexity. Their reliability is assured through 100% power testing at 50V, 4A @ 100°C case temperature. These transistors exceed the requirements of MIL-S-19500 and are well suited for the most severe military-aerospace applications.

MAXIMUM RATINGS	SYMBOL	PT-7507	2N5926	PT-7508
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	120V	150V	175V
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO\ (sus)}$	100V	120V	150V
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EBO}		10V	
Peak Collector Current	I_C		90A	
D.C. Collector Current	I_C		50A	
Power Dissipation @ 25°C	P_D		350W	
Power Dissipation @ 100°C	P_D		200W	
Thermal Resistance	θ_{J-C}		0.5° C/W	
Operating Temperature Range			-65 to 200°C	
Storage Temperature Range			-65 to 200°C	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25°C

TEST	SYMBOL	LIMITS						UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		PT7507		2N5926		PT7508			
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX	MIN.	MAX.		
D.C. Current Gain*	h_{FE}	10	40	10	40	10	40	–	I_C = 50A, V_{CE} = 2V
D.C. Current Gain*	h_{FE}	5	–	5	–	5	–	–	I_C = 90A, V_{CE} = 4V
Collector Saturation Voltg.*	$V_{CE\ (sat)}$	–	0.60	–	0.60	–	0.60	V	I_C = 50A, I_B =
Collector Saturation Voltg.*	$V_{CE\ (sat)}$	–	1.5	–	1.5	–	1.5	V	I_C = 90A, I_B =
Base Emitter Voltage*	V_{BE}	–	1.2	–	1.2	–	1.2	V	I_C = 50A, V_{CE} = 2V
Base Emitter Voltage*	V_{BE}	–	2.5	–	2.5	–	2.5	V	I_C = 90A, V_{CE} = 4V
Collector-Emitter Voltage*	$V_{CEO\ (sus)}$	100	–	120	–	150	–	V	I_C = 200mA, I_B = 0
Collector Cutoff Current	I_{CBO}	–	2	–	–	–	–	mA	V_{CB} = 120V, I_{EB} = 0
Collector Cutoff Current	I_{CBO}	–	–	–	2	–	–	mA	V_{CB} = 150V, I_{EB} = 0
Collector Cutoff Current	I_{CBO}	–	–	–	–	–	2	mA	V_{CB} = 175V, I_{EB} = 0
Collector Cutoff Current @ 150°C	I_{CBO}	–	10	–	10	–	10	mA	V_{CE} = 100V, I_{EB} = 0
Emitter Cutoff Current	I_{EBO}		1		1		1	mA	V_{EB} = 10V, I_{CB} = 0
Gain Bandwidth Product (Typ.)	f_t	1	–	1	–	1	–	MHz	I_C = 5A, V_{CE} = 10V f= 100KHz
Collector Capacitance	C_{obo}	–	1800	–	1800	–	1800	pf.	V_{CB} = 10V

Switching Speed (Typ.) (PowerTech Test Circuit)	t_r	–	2.5	–	2.5	–	2.5	μ sec	I_C = 50A,
	t_s	–	3	–	3	–	3	μ sec	
	t_f	–	2.5	–	2.5	–	2.5	μ sec	I_{B1} – 5A I_{B2} – 10A

* ≤ 300 μ sec Pulse 2% Duty Cycle