

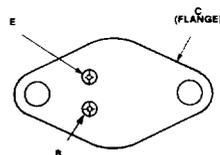
## 25-A SwitchMax Power Transistors

N-P-N Types for Power Supplies and Other High Voltage Switching Applications

**Features:**

- High-temperature parameters guaranteed
- Fast switching speed
- Low  $V_{CE(sat)}$

**TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS**



92CS-275-6

**JEDEC TO-204AA**

The 2N6686 and 2N6687 and 2N6688\* SwitchMax series of silicon n-p-n power transistors feature high-voltage capability, fast switching speeds, and low saturation voltages, together with high-safe-operating-area (SOA) ratings. They are specially designed for off-line power supplies, converter circuits, and pulse-width-modulated regulators. These high-current, high-speed transistors are 100% tested for parameters that are essential to the design of high-power switching circuits. Switching times, including inductive turn-off time, and saturation voltages are guaranteed at 125°C as well as

at 25°C, to provide information necessary for worst-case design.

The 2N6686, 2N6687 and 2N6688 transistors are supplied in steel JEDEC TO-204AA hermetic packages.

\*Formerly RCA Dev. Type Nos. TA9119A, TA9119B, TA9119C, respectively.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute-Maximum Values:**

	2N6686	2N6687	2N6688	
* $V_{CEV}$				
$V_{BE} = -1.5 V$ .....	260	280	300	V
* $V_{CEX}$ (Clamped)				
$V_{BE} = -1.5 V$ .....	210	230	250	V
* $V_{CEO}$ .....	160	180	200	V
* $V_{EBO}$ .....		8		V
* $I_C(sat)$ .....	25	25	20	A
* $I_C$ .....	25	25	20	A
* $I_{CM}$ .....		50		A
* $I_B$ .....		8		A
* $P_T$				
$T_C$ up to 25°C .....		200		W
$T_C$ above 25°C, derate linearly .....		1.14		W/°C
* $T_{stg}, T_J$ .....		-65 to 200		°C
* $T_L$				
At distance $\geq 1/16$ in. (1.58 mm) from seating plane for 10 s max. ....		235		°C

\* In accordance with JEDEC registration data (2N6686, 2N6687, 2N6688 only).

2N6686, 2N6687, 2N6688

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS  $T_C = 25^\circ C$

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS				LIMITS						UNITS
	VOLTAGE V dc		CURRENT A dc		2N6686		2N6687		2N6688		
	V <sub>CE</sub>	V <sub>BE</sub>	I <sub>C</sub>	I <sub>B</sub>	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
I <sub>CEV</sub>	260	-1.5	—	—	—	50	—	—	—	—	μA
	280	-1.5	—	—	—	—	—	50	—	—	
	300	-1.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	
I <sub>EBO</sub>	—	-8	0	—	—	100	—	100	—	100	V
V <sub>CEO(SUS)</sub> <sup>b</sup>	—	—	0.2 <sup>a</sup>	0	160	—	180	—	200	—	V
h <sub>FE</sub>	2	—	1 <sup>a</sup>	—	30	—	30	—	25	—	—
	2	—	10 <sup>a</sup>	—	25	100	25	100	20	80	
	2	—	20 <sup>a</sup>	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	
	2	—	25 <sup>a</sup>	—	15	—	15	—	—	—	
V <sub>BE(sat)</sub>	—	—	20 <sup>a</sup>	2	—	—	—	—	—	1.8	V
	—	—	25 <sup>a</sup>	2.5	—	1.8	—	1.8	—	—	
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	—	—	20 <sup>a</sup>	2	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	V
	—	—	25 <sup>a</sup>	2.5	—	1.5	—	1.5	—	—	
V <sub>CEX</sub> <sup>b</sup> (Clamped E <sub>S(b)</sub> ) L = 25 μH, R <sub>BB</sub> = 10 Ω	—	-4	25	3	210	—	230	—	250	—	V
I <sub>S(b)</sub> 2N6686, 2N6687, 2N6688	18	—	11.1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	s
h <sub>ie</sub>   f = 5 MHz	10	—	1	—	4	20	4	20	4	20	—
f <sub>T</sub>	10	—	1	—	20	100	20	100	20	100	MHz
C <sub>obo</sub> f = 0.1 MHz	10 <sup>c</sup>	—	—	—	300	650	300	650	300	650	pF
t <sub>d</sub> <sup>d</sup>	—	-4	20	2	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	μs
	—	-4	25	2.5	—	0.1	—	0.1	—	—	
t <sub>r</sub> <sup>d</sup>	—	-4	20	2	—	—	—	—	—	0.60	μs
	—	-4	25	2.5	—	0.60	—	0.60	—	—	
t <sub>s</sub> <sup>d</sup>	—	-4	20	2 <sup>e</sup>	—	—	—	—	—	1.50	μs
	—	-4	25	2.5 <sup>e</sup>	—	1.50	—	1.50	—	—	
t <sub>f</sub> <sup>d</sup>	—	-4	20	2 <sup>e</sup>	—	—	—	—	—	0.25	μs
	—	-4	25	2.5 <sup>e</sup>	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	—	
t <sub>c</sub> V <sub>CC</sub> = 80 V, L = 25 μH, R <sub>c</sub> ≤ 4 Ω, Collector clamped to V <sub>CEX</sub>	—	-4	20	3 <sup>e</sup>	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	μs
	—	-4	25	3 <sup>e</sup>	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	—	

2  
POWER TRANSISTORS

# 2N6686, 2N6687, 2N6688

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS				LIMITS						UNITS
	VOLTAGE V dc		CURRENT A dc		2N6686		2N6687		2N6688		
	$V_{CE}$	$V_{BE}$	$I_C$	$I_B$	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
$I_{CEV}$	260	-1.5	—	—	—	0.5	—	—	—	—	mA
	280	-1.5	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	—	—	
	300	-1.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	—	20 <sup>a</sup>	2	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	V
	—	—	25 <sup>a</sup>	2.5	—	1.5	—	1.5	—	—	
$t_d^d$	—	-4	20	2	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	$\mu\text{s}$
	—	-4	25	2.5	—	0.8	—	0.8	—	—	
$t_s^d$	—	-4	20	2	—	—	—	—	—	2.5	
	—	-4	25	2.5 <sup>e</sup>	—	2.5	—	2.5	—	—	
$t_r^d$	—	-4	20	2	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	
	—	-4	25	2.5 <sup>e</sup>	—	0.8	—	0.8	—	—	
$t_c$ $V_{CC} = 80\text{ V}$ , $L = 25\ \mu\text{H}$ , $R_C \leq 4\ \Omega$ , Collector Clamped to $V_{CEX}$	—	-4	20	3 <sup>e</sup>	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	
	—	-4	25	3 <sup>e</sup>	—	0.8	—	0.8	—	—	
$R\theta_{jC}$ 2N6686, 2N6687, 2N6688	10	—	5	—	—	0.875	—	0.875	—	0.875	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

\* In accordance with JEDEC registration data.

<sup>a</sup> Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty factor  $\leq 2\%$ .

<sup>b</sup> CAUTION: The sustaining voltage  $V_{CEO(sus)}$  and  $V_{CEX}$  MUST NOT be measured on a curve tracer.

<sup>c</sup>  $V_{CB}$  value.

<sup>d</sup>  $V_{CC} = 80\text{ V}$ ,  $t_p = 20\ \mu\text{s}$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $I_{B1} = -I_{B2}$ .

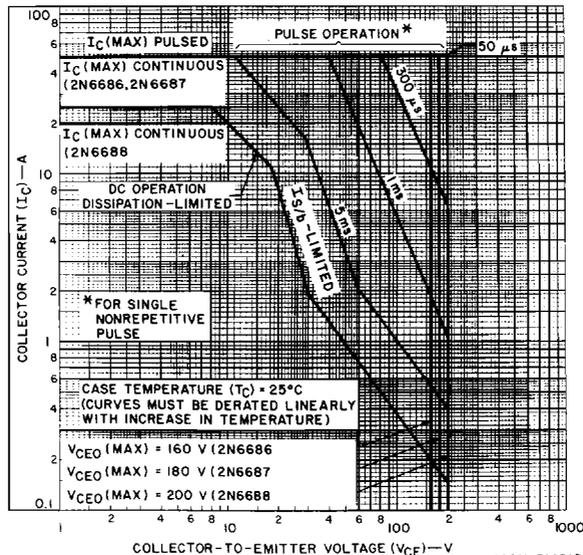


Fig. 1 - Maximum operation areas of all types. ( $T_C = 25^\circ$ ).

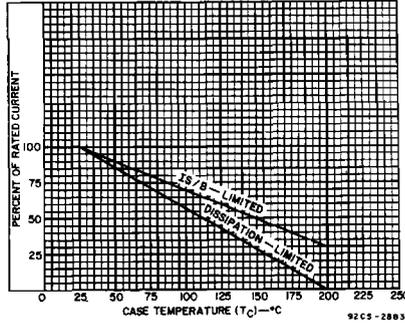


Fig. 2 - Dissipation and  $I_{Sb}$  derating curves for 2N6686 and 2N6687 and 2N6688.

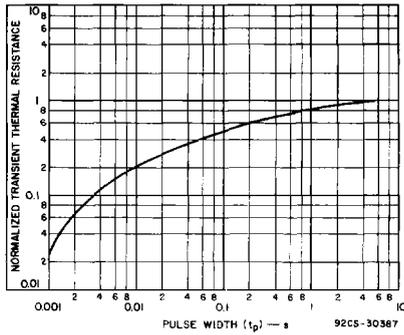


Fig. 3 - Typical thermal-response characteristic for all types.

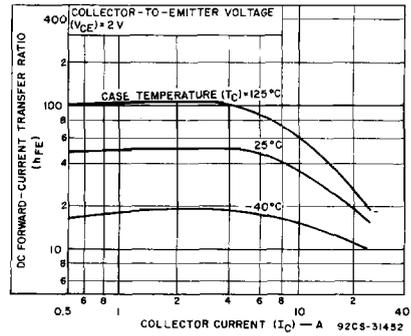


Fig. 4 - Typical dc beta characteristics for all types.

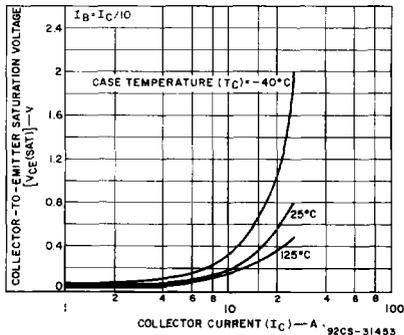


Fig. 5 - Typical collector-to-emitter saturation voltage characteristics for all types.

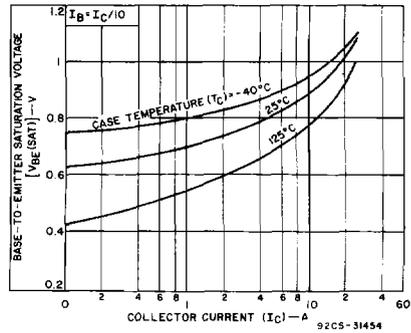


Fig. 6 - Typical base-to-emitter saturation voltage characteristics for all types.

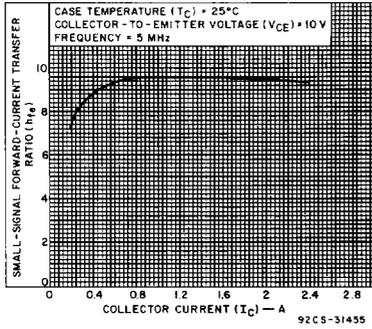


Fig. 7 - Typical small-signal forward current transfer ratio characteristic for all types (f = 5 MHz).

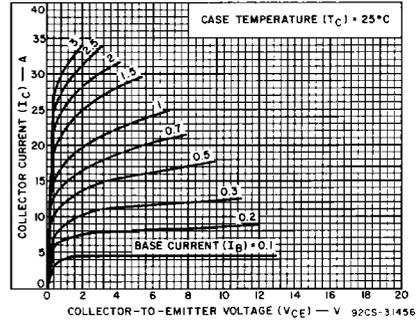


Fig. 8 - Typical output characteristics for all types.

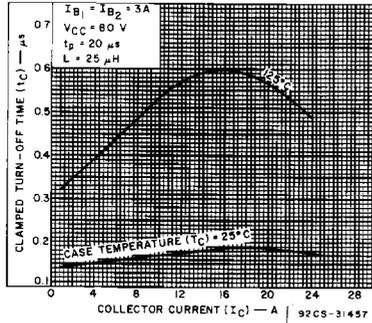


Fig. 9 - Typical clamped turn-off time characteristics for all types.

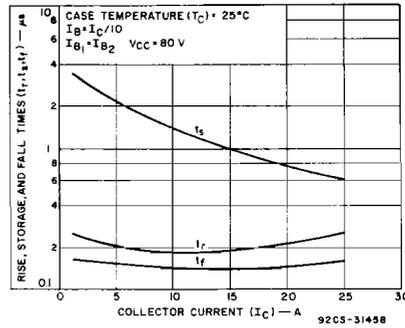


Fig. 10 - Typical saturated-switching-time characteristics as a function of collector current for all types.

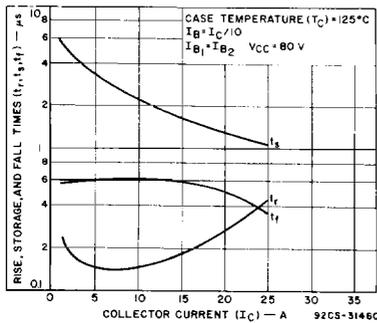


Fig. 11 - Typical saturated-switching-time characteristics at T<sub>C</sub> = 125°C as a function of collector current for all types.

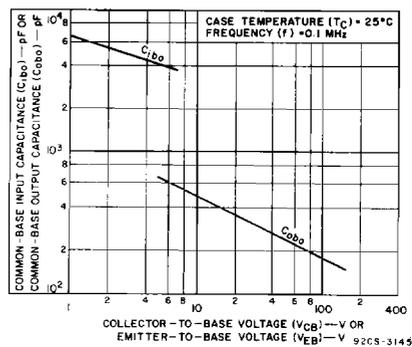


Fig. 12 - Typical common-base input (C<sub>ibo</sub>) or output (C<sub>obo</sub>) capacitance characteristics for all types.

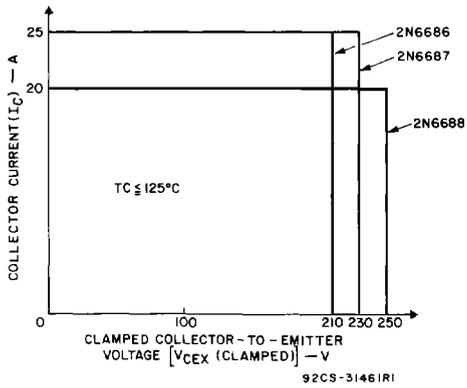


Fig. 13 - Maximum operating conditions for switching between saturation and cutoff for all types.

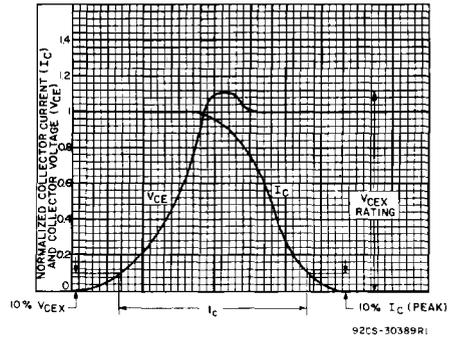


Fig. 14 - Oscilloscope display for normalized measurement of clamped inductive switching time ( $t_c$ ).