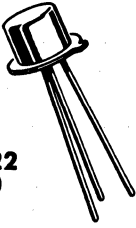


# 2N744 (SILICON)



**CASE 22**  
(TO-18)

NPN silicon annular transistor for high-speed switching applications.

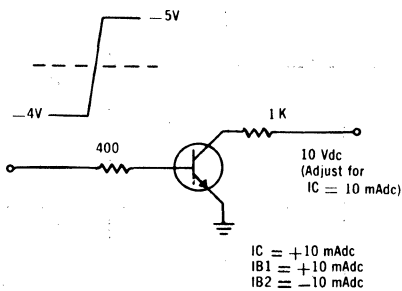
Collector connected to case

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

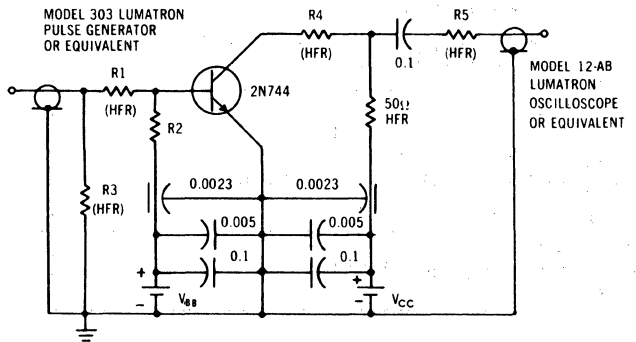
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CB}$	20	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Voltage*	$V_{CEO}$	12*	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EB}$	5.0	Vdc
Collector DC Current	$I_C$	200	mAdc
Total Device Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Derate 6.67 mW/°C above 25°C)	$P_D$	1.0	Watt
Total Device Dissipation at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Derate above 25°C)	$P_D$	0.3 2.0	Watt mW/°C
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	°C

\*Refers to the voltage at which the magnitude of  $h_{FE}$  approaches one when the emitter-base diode is open-circuited.

### SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT



### CHARGE STORAGE TEST CIRCUIT



**2N744** (continued)

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ ) ( $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ , $T_A = 170^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_{CES}$	—	.005	1.0	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{BE} = 0.35 \text{ Vdc}$ , $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_{CEX}$	—	—	30	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$	—	—	10	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ )*	$BV_{CEO}$	12	30	—	Vdc
Forward Current Transfer Ratio ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 0.25 \text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 0.35 \text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 0.35 \text{ Vdc}$ , $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ ) ( $I_C = 100 \text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )*	$h_{FE}$	20 40 20 20	— — — —	— 120 — —	—
Small Signal Forward Current Transfer Ratio ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	$h_{fe}$	2.8	4.5	—	—
Base-Emitter Voltage ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 1 \text{ mAdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 1 \text{ mAdc}$ , $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ ) ( $I_C = 100 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ )* ( $I_C = 100 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{BE}$	0.7 — — —	— — — —	0.85 1.1 1.5 1.6	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 1 \text{ mAdc}$ , $T_A = 170^\circ\text{C}$ ) ( $I_C = 100 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $T_A = 170^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{CE(sat)}$	— —	— —	0.35 1.0	Vdc
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	3.0	5.0	pF
Turn-on Time (Condition 1) (Condition 2) (Condition 3) (Condition 4)	$t_{on}$	— — — —	26 10 7.0 6.0	— 16 — 12	ns
Turn-off Time (Condition 1) (Condition 2) (Condition 3) (Condition 4)	$t_{off}$	— — — —	30 17 18 23	— 24 — 45	ns
Charge Storage Time Constant ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ )	$\tau_s$	—	—	18	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> Pulse Test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$

CONDITION	$I_C$ mA	$I_{B1}$ mA	$I_{B2}$ mA	$V_{BE(off)}$ Vdc	$V_{CC}$ Vdc	$R_1 = R_2$ $\Omega$	$R_3$ $\Omega$	$R_4$ $\Omega$	$R_5$ $\Omega$	$t_{on}$		$t_{off}$	
										$V_{BB}$ V	$V_{IN}$ V	$V_{BB}$ V	$V_{IN}$ V
1	3	1	-0.5	-0.9	3.4	6.8 K	50	1 K	0	-1.8	10.2	8.4	-10.2
2	10	3	-1.5	-1.5	3.0	3.3 K	50	220	0	-3.0	15.0	12.0	-15.0
3	50	15	-7.5	-1.8	4.0	680	50	18	1 K	-3.5	15.3	*11.7	-15.3
4	100	40	-20.0	-2.4	6.0	330	56	0	1 K	-4.5	20.0	*15.3	-20.0

\* $V_{BB}$  is pulsed for 1.5 s @ less than 10% duty cycle

**2N753** (SILICON)

For Specifications, See 2N706 Data.