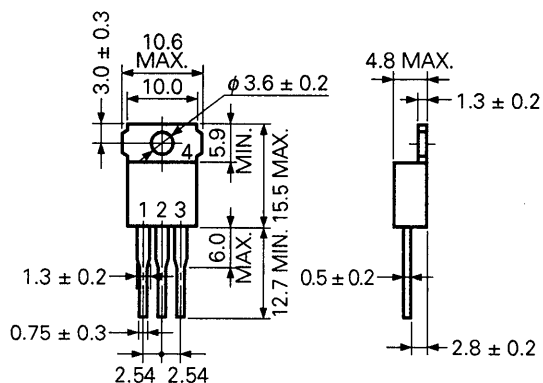


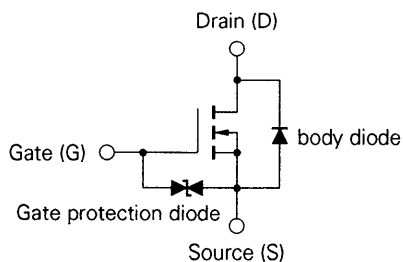
**Phase-out/Discontinued**

**SWITCHING  
N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET  
INDUSTRIAL USE**

**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**  
(in millimeters)



- 1. Gate
- 2. Drain
- 3. Source
- 4. Fin (Drain)



**DESCRIPTION**

The 2SK1287 is N-channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for solenoid, motor and lamp driver.

**FEATURES**

- Low On-state Resistance  
 $R_{DS(on)} \leq 70 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX. (} V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V, } I_D = 10 \text{ A)}$   
 $R_{DS(on)} \leq 95 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX. (} V_{GS} = 4 \text{ V, } I_D = 10 \text{ A)}$
- Low  $C_{iss}$   $C_{iss} = 1\,400 \text{ pF TYP.}$
- Built-in G-S Gate Protection Diodes

**QUALITY GRADE**

Standard

Please refer to "Quality grade on NEC Semiconductor Devices" (Document number IEI-1209) published by NEC Corporation to know the specification of quality grade on the devices and its recommended applications.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-55 to +150	°C
Channel Temperature	150	°C MAX.

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Power Dissipation ( $T_a = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )	1.5	W
Total Power Dissipation ( $T_c = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )	60	W

Maximum Voltages and Currents ( $T_a = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

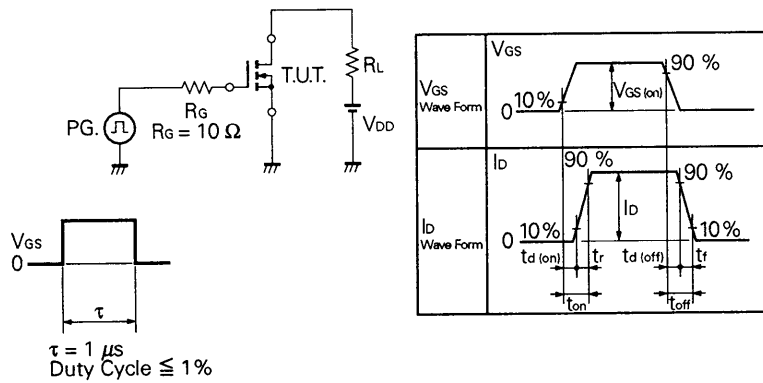
$V_{DSS}$	Drain to Source Voltage	60	V
$V_{GSS(AC)}$	Gate to Source Voltage	±20	V
$I_{D(DC)}$	Drain Current (DC)	±15	A
$I_{D(pulse)*}$	Drain Current (pulse)	±80	A

\*  $PW \leq 10 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 1 \%$

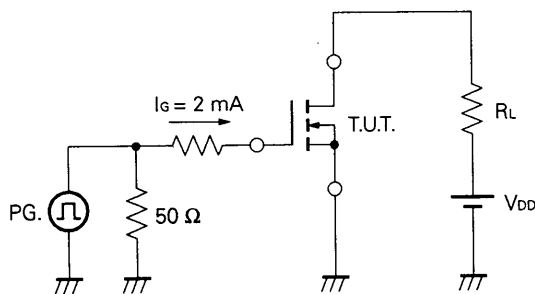
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C)**

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>		55	70	mΩ	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>		80	95	mΩ	V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.0 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A
Gate to Source Cutoff Voltage	V <sub>GS(off)</sub>	1.0		2.5	V	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA
Forward Transfer Admittance	y <sub>fs</sub>	7.0	14		S	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A
Drain Leakage Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>			10	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> = 60 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I <sub>GSS</sub>			±10	μA	V <sub>GS</sub> = ±20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>		1 400		pF	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 f = 1 MHz
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>		500		pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>		130		pF	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>		25		ns	V <sub>GS(on)</sub> = 10 V V <sub>DD</sub> = 30 V I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A, R <sub>G</sub> = 10 Ω R <sub>L</sub> = 3.0 Ω
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>		160		ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>		130		ns	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>		80		ns	
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>		30		nC	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V I <sub>D</sub> = 20 A V <sub>DD</sub> = 48 V
Gate to Source Charge	Q <sub>GS</sub>		5		nC	
Gate to Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>		10		nC	
Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>		1.0		V	I <sub>SD</sub> = 20 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0
Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>		150		ns	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>		250		nC	di/dt = 50 A/μs

**Test Circuit 1: Switching Time**

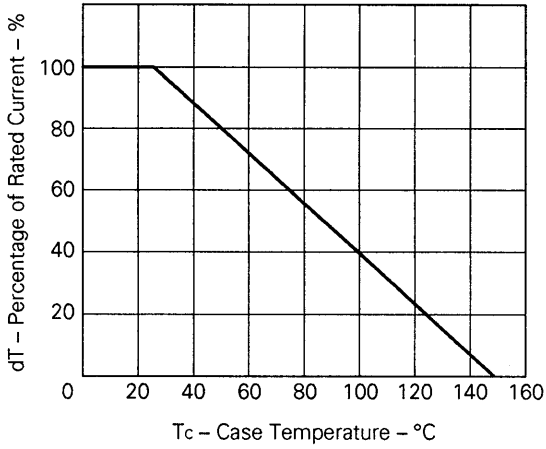


**Test Circuit 2: Gate Charge**

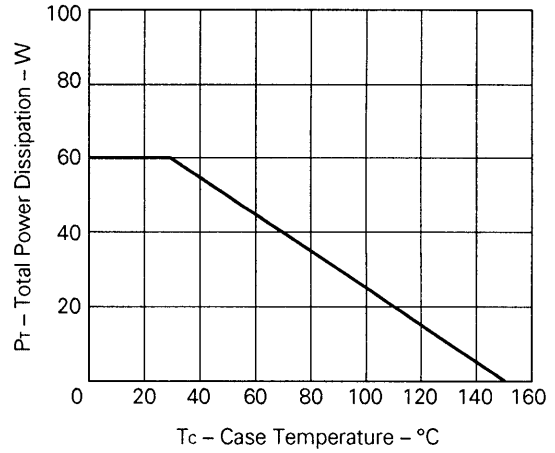


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

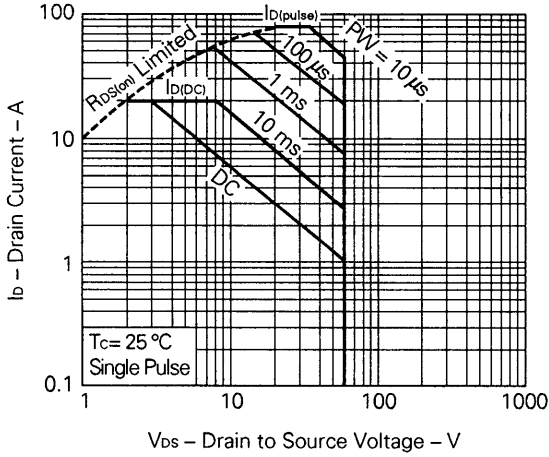
DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



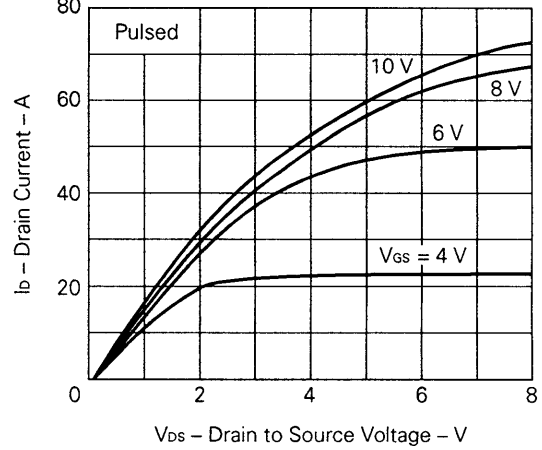
TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE



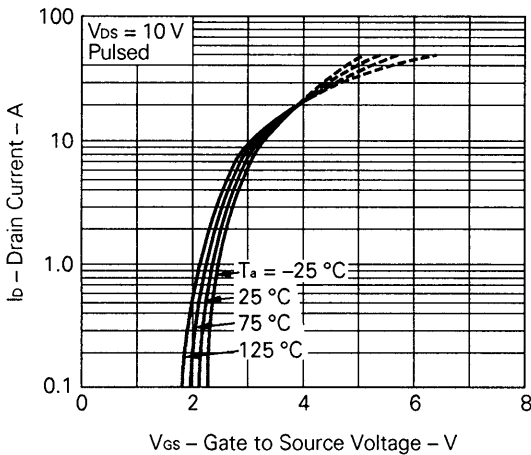
FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



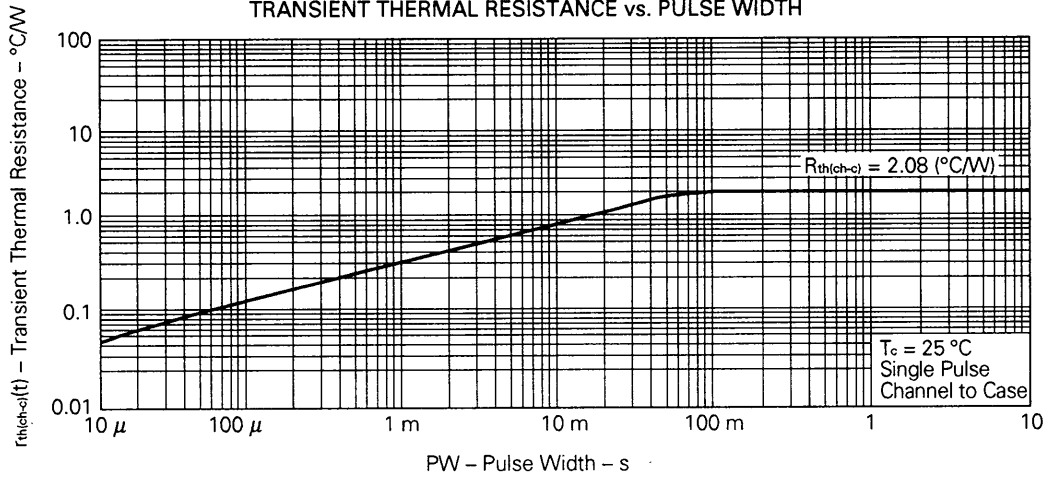
DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



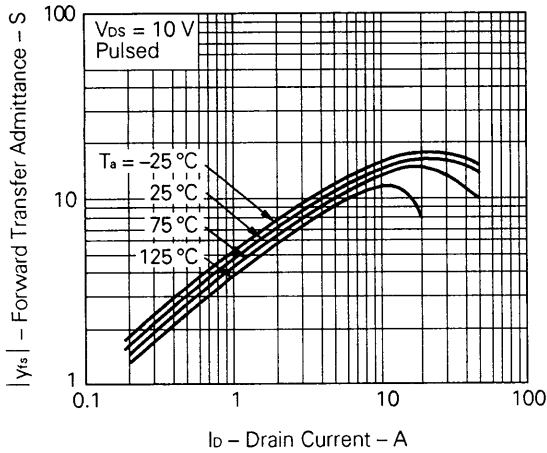
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



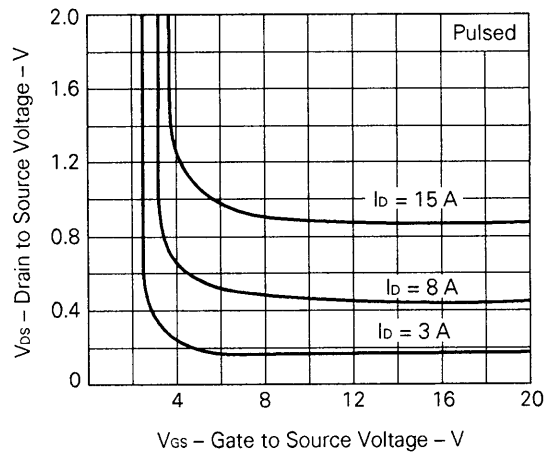
TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



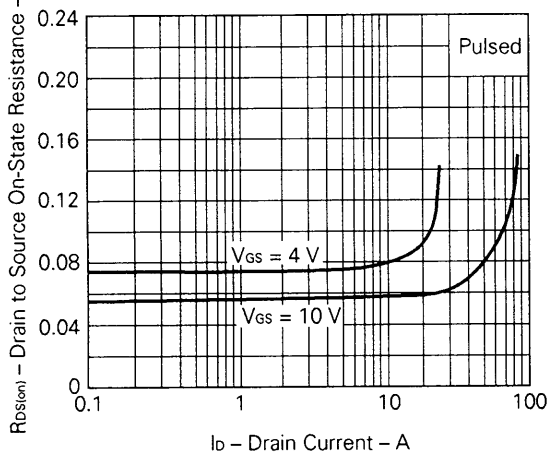
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



GATE TO SOURCE CUTOFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

