

DESCRIPTION AND RATING

The 6BY6 is a miniature dual-control heptode designed primarily for use as a combined sync separator and sync clipper in television receivers. Each of the two independent control grids exhibits a sharp-cutoff characteristic.

Except for heater ratings, the 3BY6 is identical to the 6BY6. In addition as a result of its controlled heater warm-up characteristic, the 3BY6 is especially suited for use in television receivers which employ series-connected heaters. When the 3BY6 is used in conjunction with other 600-milliampere types which exhibit essentially the same heater warm-up characteristic, heater voltage surges across the individual tubes are minimized during the warm-up period.

GENERAL

ELECTRICAL

Cathode—Coated Unipotential	3BY6	6BY6
Heater Voltage, AC or DC	3.15	6.3 Volts
Heater Current	0.6	0.3 Amperes
Heater Warm-up Time*	11	... Seconds
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances†		
Grid-Number 1 to Plate, maximum	0.08	μμf
Grid-Number 3 to Plate, maximum	0.35	μμf
Grid-Number 1 to All	5.4	μμf
Grid-Number 3 to All	6.9	μμf
Plate to All	7.6	μμf
Grid-Number 1 to Grid-Number 3, maximum	0.15	μμf

MECHANICAL

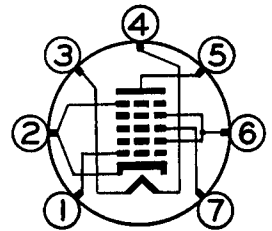
Mounting Position—Any
Envelope—T-5½, Glass
Base—E7-1, Miniature Button 7-Pin

MAXIMUM RATINGS

DESIGN-CENTER VALUES

Plate Voltage	300	Volts
Screen-Supply Voltage	300	Volts
Screen Voltage—See Screen Rating Chart		
Positive DC Grid-Number 3 Voltage	0	Volts
Negative DC Grid-Number 3 Voltage	50	Volts
Peak Positive Grid-Number 3 Voltage	25	Volts
Negative DC Grid-Number 1 Voltage	100	Volts
Plate Dissipation	2.0	Watts
Screen Dissipation	1.0	Watts
Grid-Number 3 Input	0.1	Watts
Grid-Number 1 Input	0.1	Watts
Heater-Cathode Voltage		
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode		
DC Component	100	Volts
Total DC and Peak	200	Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode		
Total DC and Peak	200	Volts
Grid-Number 3 Circuit Resistance		
With Fixed Bias	0.5	Megohms
With Cathode Bias	1.0	Megohms
Grid-Number 1 Circuit Resistance		
With Fixed Bias	0.5	Megohms
With Cathode Bias	1.0	Megohms

BASING DIAGRAM

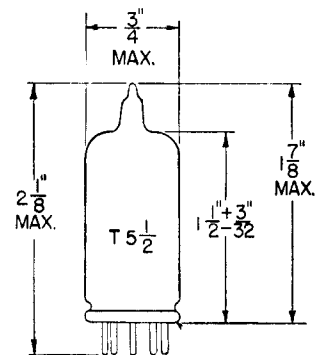


RETMA 7CH

TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

- Pin 1—Grid Number 1
- Pin 2—Cathode and Grid Number 5
- Pin 3—Heater
- Pin 4—Heater
- Pin 5—Plate
- Pin 6—Grids Number 2 and 4 (Screen)
- Pin 7—Grid Number 3

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



RETMA 5-2

6BY6

3BY6

ET-T912

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CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

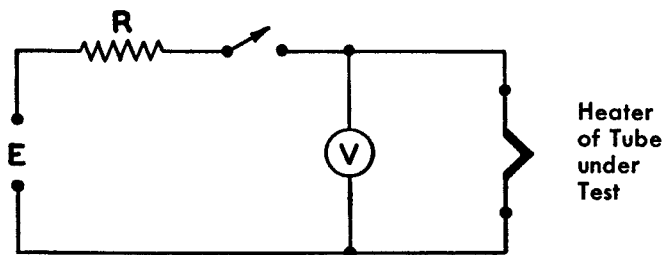
Plate Voltage	250	250	250 Volts
Screen Voltage	100	100	100 Volts
Grid-Number 3 Voltage	0	—	-2.5 Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage	—	-4.0	-2.5 Volts
Grid-Number 3 Transconductance	—	—	500 Micromhos
Grid-Number 1 Transconductance	—	—	1900 Micromhos
Plate Current	—	—	6.5 Milliamperes
Screen Current	—	—	9.0 Milliamperes
Grid-Number 3 Voltage, approximate $I_b = 35$ Microamperes	—	-15	— Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage, approximate $I_b = 35$ Microamperes	-12	—	— Volts

SYNC SEPARATOR AND SYNC CLIPPER SERVICE

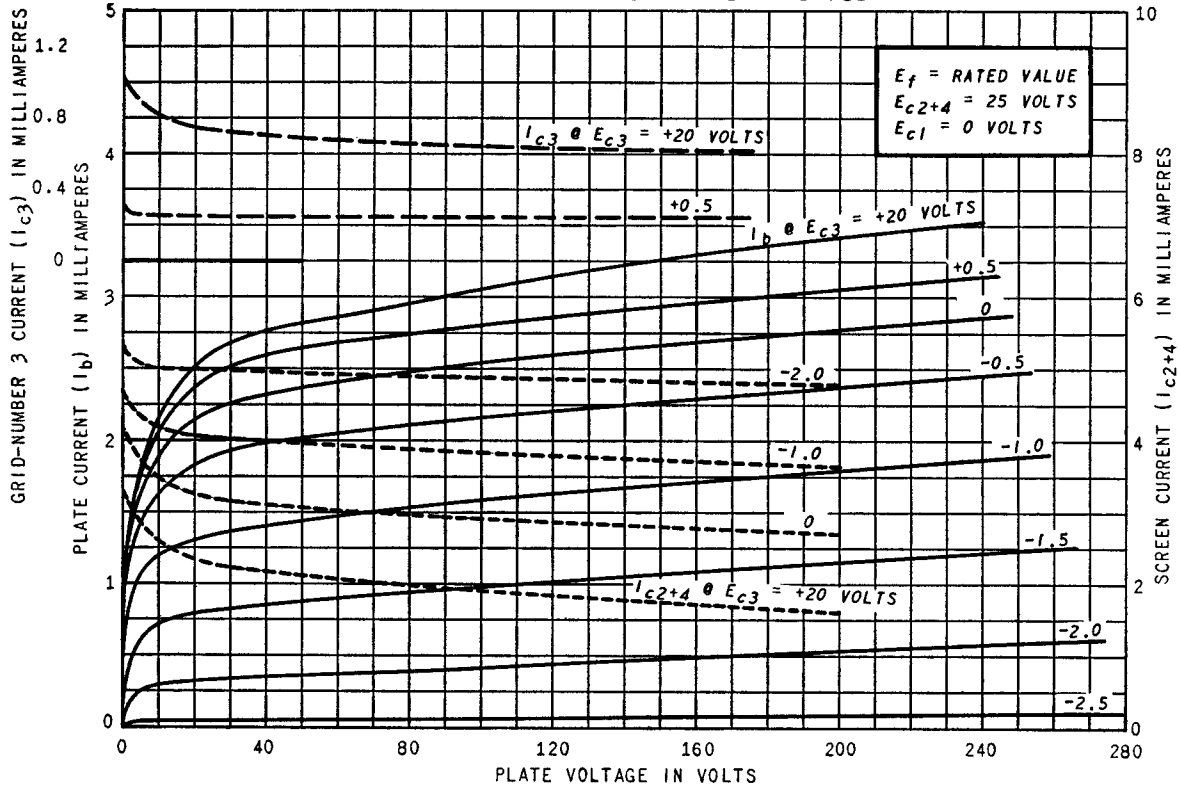
Plate Voltage	25	25	10 Volts
Screen Voltage	25	25	25 Volts
Grid-Number 3 Voltage	0	—	0 Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage	—	0	0 Volts
Plate Current	—	—	1.4 Milliamperes
Screen Current	—	—	3.5 Milliamperes
Grid-Number 3 Voltage, approximate $I_b = 50$ Microamperes	—	-2.5	— Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage, approximate $I_b = 50$ Microamperes	-2.3	—	— Volts

* Heater warm-up time is defined as the time required in the circuit shown at the right for the voltage across the heater terminals to increase from zero to the heater test voltage (V_1). For this type, $E = 12.5$ volts (RMS or DC), $V_1 = 2.5$ volts (RMS or DC), and $R = 15.8$ ohms.

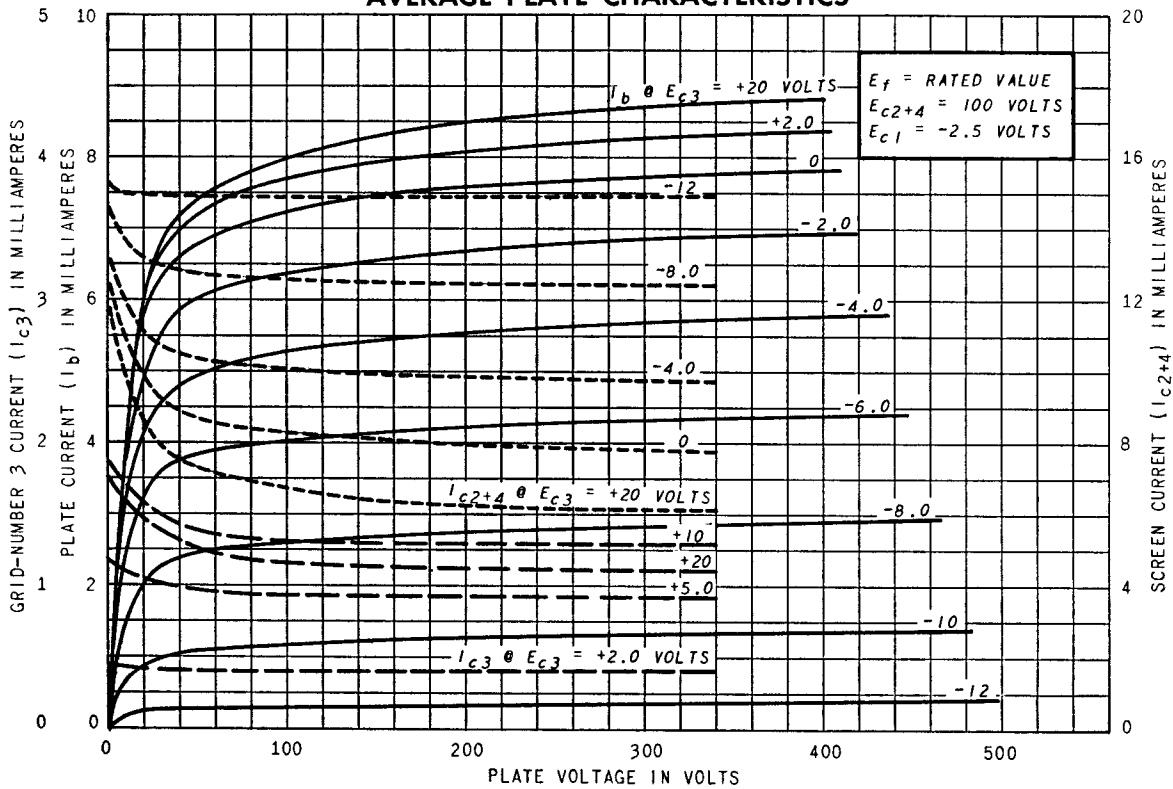
+ Without external shield.



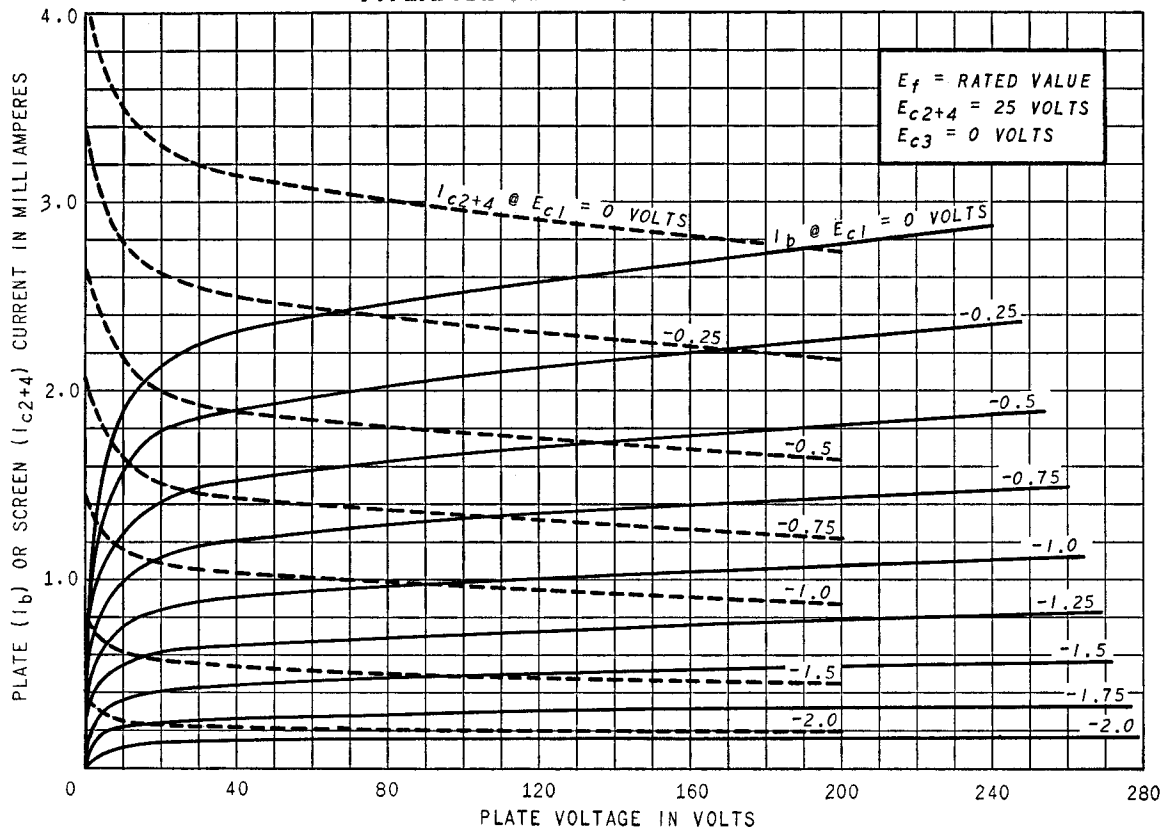
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



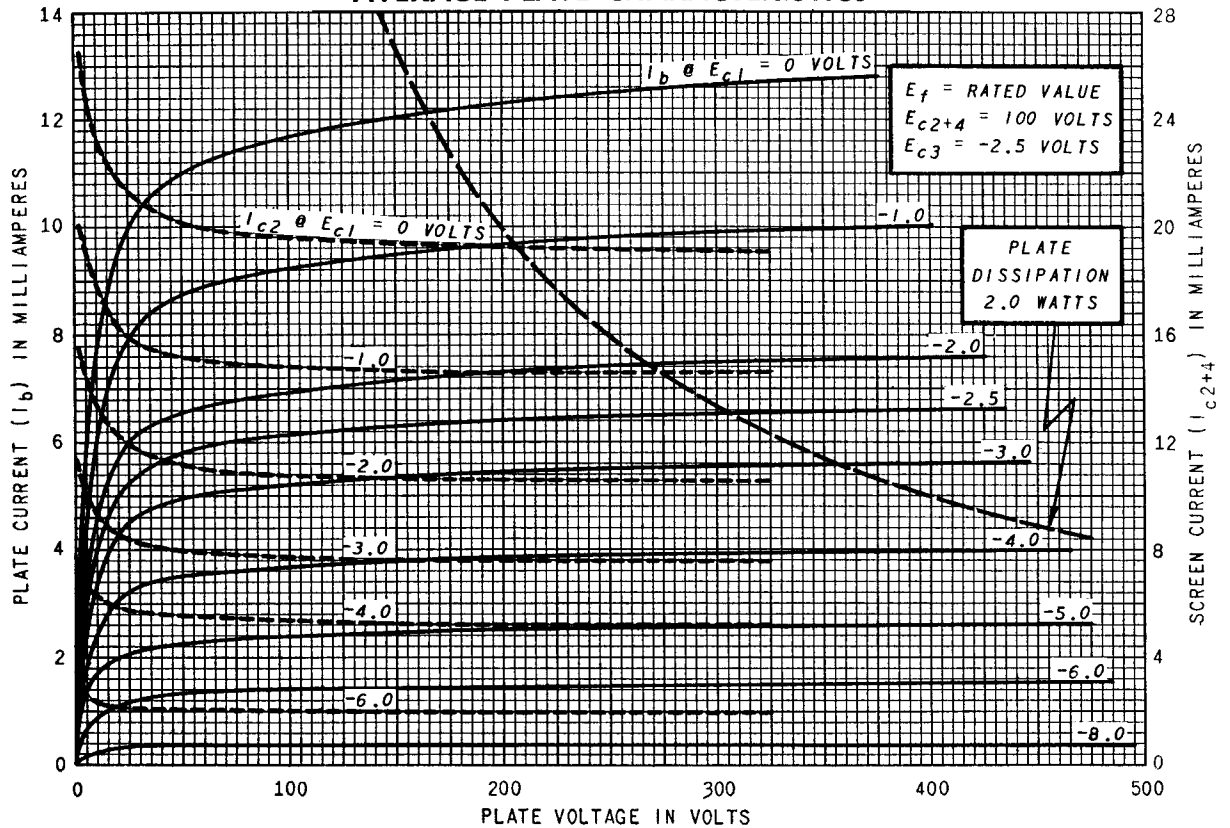
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



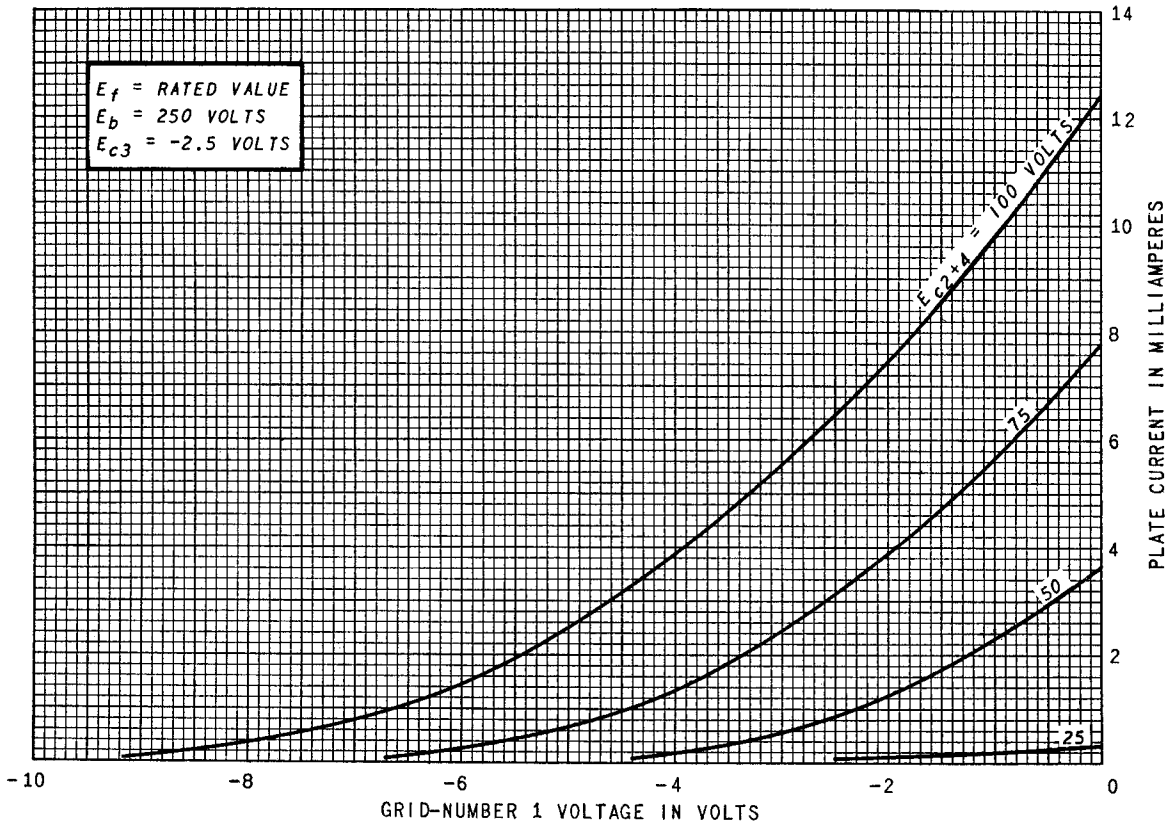
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



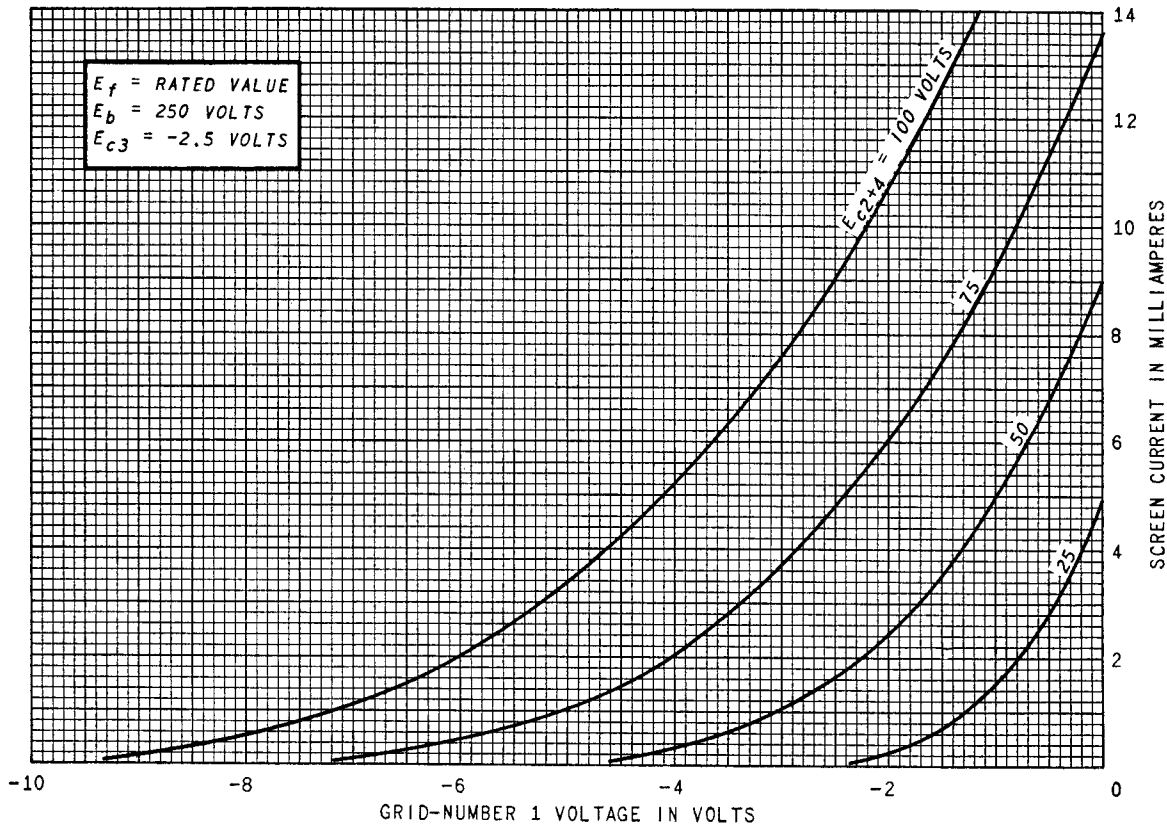
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



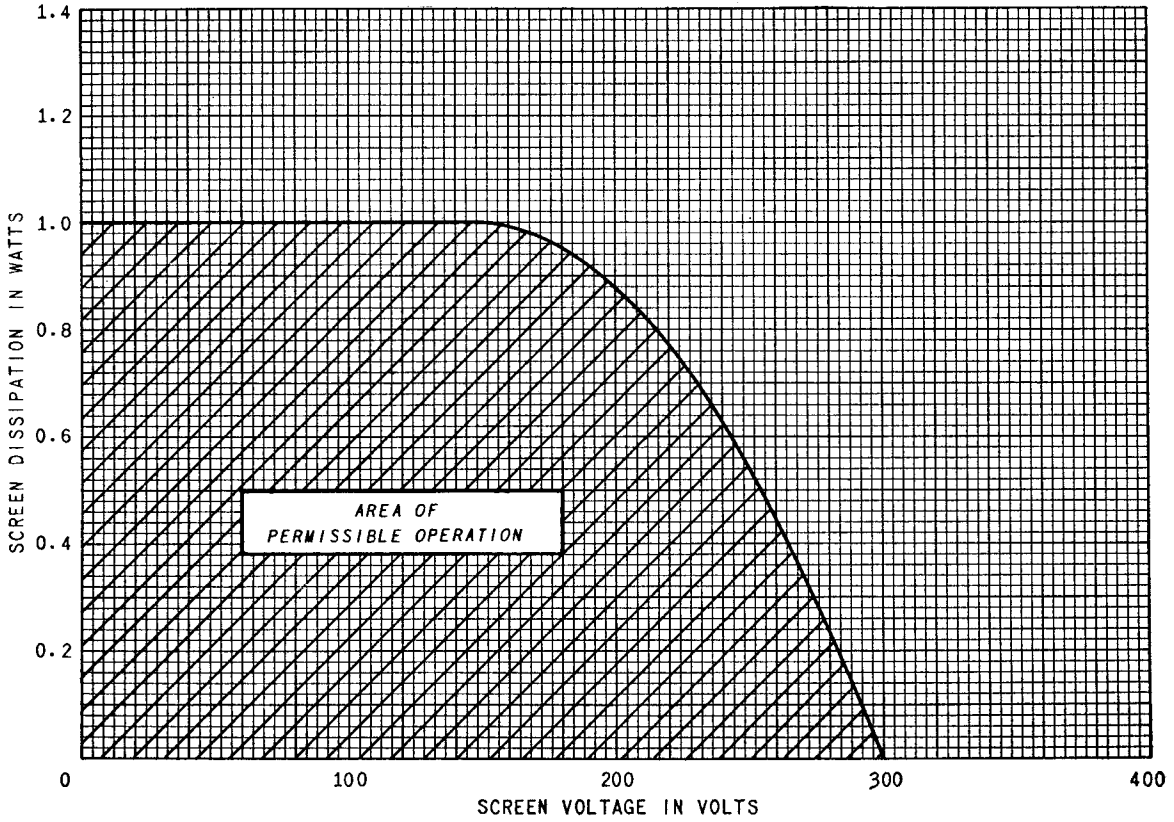
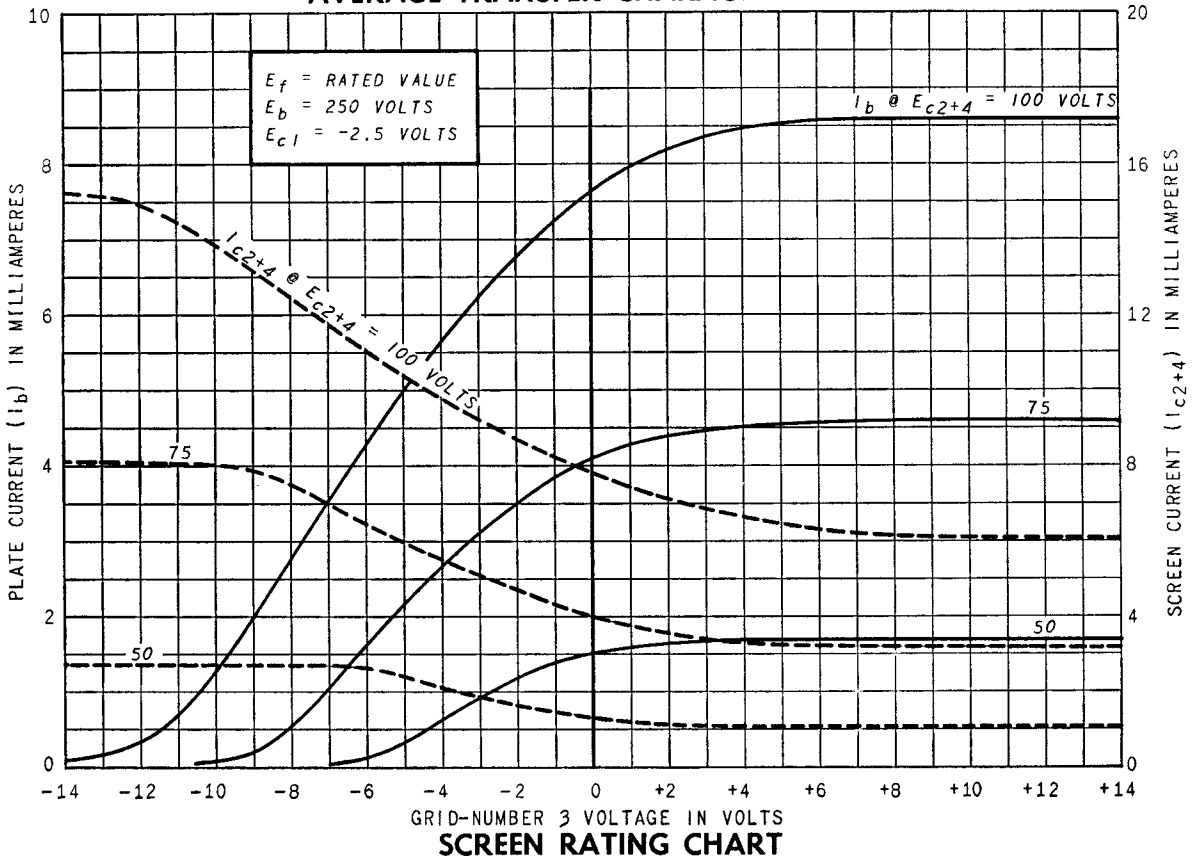
AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



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TUBE DEPARTMENT



Schenectady 5, N. Y.