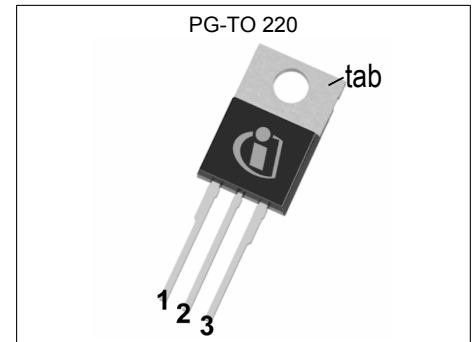


## MOSFET

### 500V CoolMOS™ CE Power Transistor

CoolMOS™ is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies. CoolMOS™ CE series combines the experience of the leading SJ MOSFET supplier with high class innovation while representing a cost appealing alternative compared to standard MOSFETs in target applications. The resulting devices provide all benefits of a fast switching SJ MOSFET while not sacrificing ease of use. Extremely low switching and conduction losses make switching applications even more efficient, more compact, lighter and cooler.

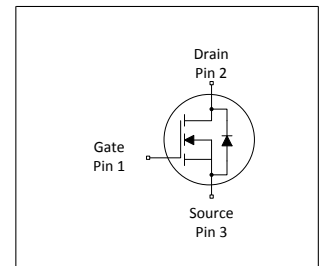


### Features

- Extremely low losses due to very low FOM  $R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_g$  and  $E_{oss}$
- Very high commutation ruggedness
- Easy to use/drive
- Pb-free plating, Halogen free mold compound
- Qualified for industrial grade applications according to JEDEC (J-STD20 and JESD22)

### Applications

PFC stages, hard switching PWM stages and resonant switching PWM stages for e.g. PC Silverbox, LCD & PDP TV and Lighting.



**Table 1 Key Performance Parameters**

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	550	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	0.38	$\Omega$
$I_D$	14.1	A
$Q_{g,typ}$	24.8	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	32.4	A
$E_{oss} @ 400V$	2.54	$\mu J$

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPP50R380CE	PG-TO 220	5R380CE	see Appendix A

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## 1 Maximum ratings

at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

**Table 2 Maximum ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current <sup>1)</sup>	$I_D$	-	-	14.1 8.9	A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current <sup>2)</sup>	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	32.4	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	$E_{AS}$	-	-	173	mJ	$I_D=4\text{A}; V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$
Avalanche energy, repetitive	$E_{AR}$	-	-	0.26	mJ	$I_D=4\text{A}; V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$
Avalanche current, repetitive	$I_{AR}$	-	-	4.0	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	50	V/ns	$V_{DS} = 0\dots 400\text{V}$
Gate source voltage	$V_{GS}$	-20 -30	-	20 30	V	static; AC ( $f > 1\text{ Hz}$ )
Power dissipation (non FullPAK) TO-220	$P_{tot}$	-	-	98	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and storage temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$	-55	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque (non FullPAK) TO-220	-	-	-	60	Ncm	M3 and M3.5 screws
Continuous diode forward current	$I_S$	-	-	10	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current <sup>2)</sup>	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	32.4	A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt <sup>3)</sup>	dv/dt	-	-	15	V/ns	$V_{DS} = 0\dots 400\text{V}, I_{SD} \leq I_S, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}, t_{cond} < 2\mu\text{s}$
Maximum diode commutation speed <sup>3)</sup>	$di_f/dt$	-	-	500	A/ $\mu\text{s}$	$V_{DS} = 0\dots 400\text{V}, I_{SD} \leq I_S, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}, t_{cond} < 2\mu\text{s}$

## 2 Thermal characteristics

**Table 3 Thermal characteristics (non FullPAK) TO-220**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$	-	-	1.27	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	-	62	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	leaded
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	$T_{sold}$	-	-	260	$^\circ\text{C}$	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

<sup>1)</sup> Limited by  $T_{j,max} < 150^\circ\text{C}$ , Maximum Duty Cycle  $D = 0.5$

<sup>2)</sup> Pulse width  $t_p$  limited by  $T_{j,max}$

<sup>3)</sup>  $V_{DClink}=400\text{V}; V_{DS,peak} < V_{(BR)DSS}$ ; identical low side and high side switch with identical  $R_G$

### 3 Electrical characteristics

**Table 4 Static characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	500	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=1mA$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	2.50	3	3.50	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=0.26mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	1	$\mu A$	$V_{DS}=500V, V_{GS}=0V, T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{DS}=500V, V_{GS}=0V, T_j=150^\circ C$
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V, V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.35	0.38	$\Omega$	$V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.2A, T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.2A, T_j=150^\circ C$
Gate resistance	$R_G$	-	3	-	$\Omega$	$f=1\text{ MHz, open drain}$

**Table 5 Dynamic characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	-	584	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=100V, f=1MHz$
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	-	40	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=100V, f=1MHz$
Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>1)</sup>	$C_{o(er)}$	-	32	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=0...400V$
Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>2)</sup>	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	133	-	pF	$I_D=constant, V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=0...400V$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	7.2	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.9A,$ $R_G=3.4\Omega$
Rise time	$t_r$	-	5.6	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.9A,$ $R_G=3.4\Omega$
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	35	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.9A,$ $R_G=3.4\Omega$
Fall time	$t_f$	-	8.6	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.9A,$ $R_G=3.4\Omega$

**Table 6 Gate charge characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	-	3.1	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.9A, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10V$
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$	-	13.1	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.9A, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10V$
Gate charge total	$Q_g$	-	24.8	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.9A, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10V$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.3	-	V	$V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.9A, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10V$

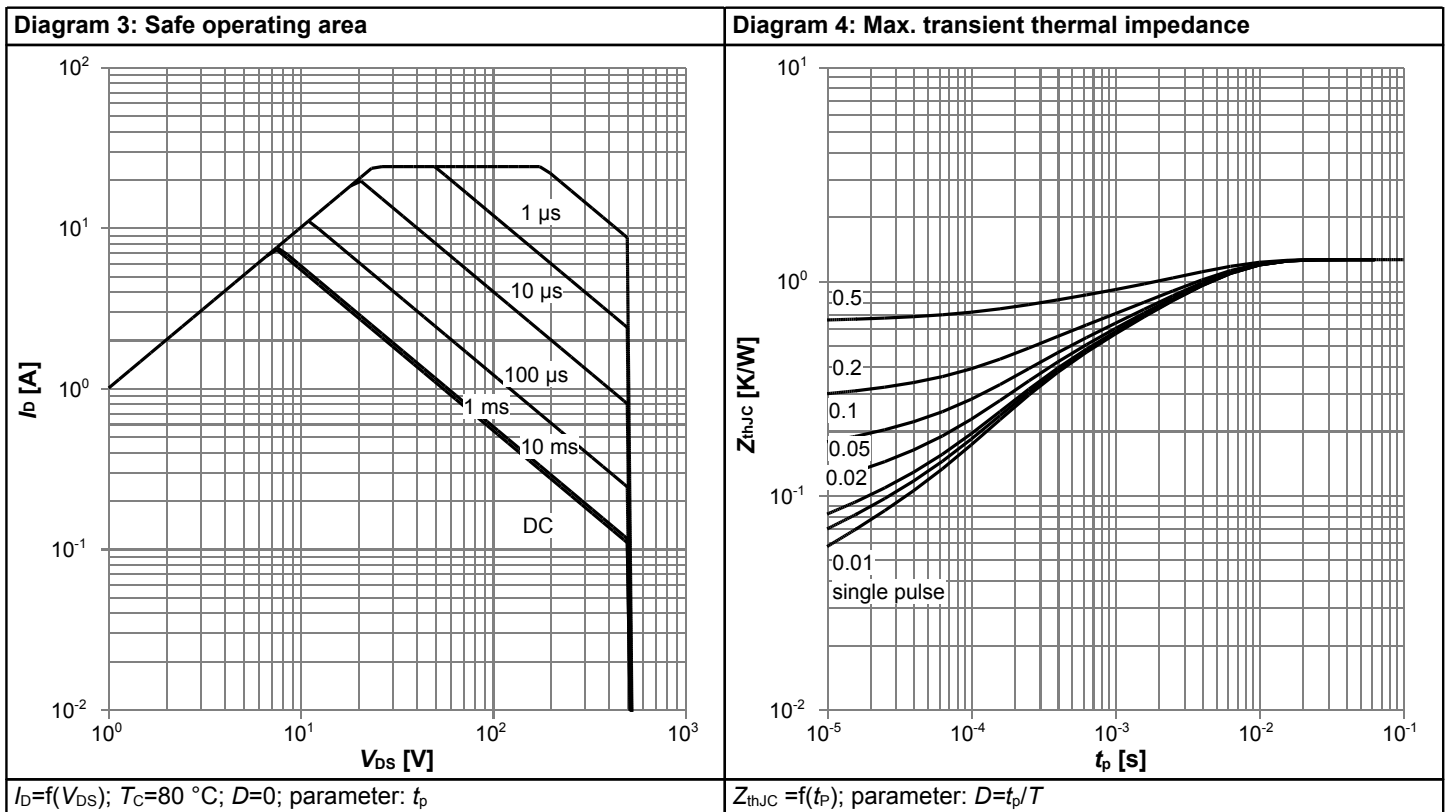
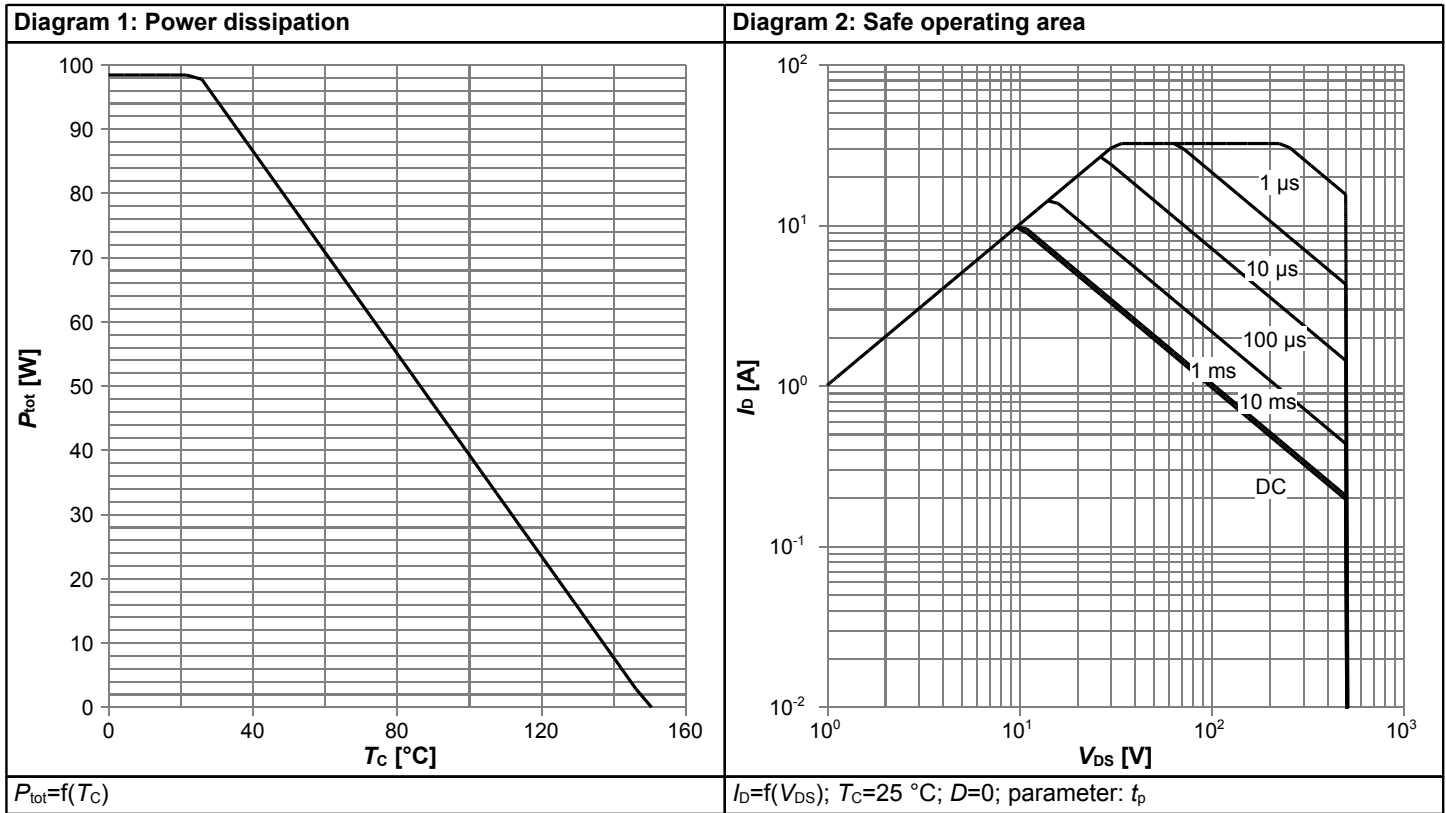
<sup>1)</sup>  $C_{o(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{(BR)DSS}$

<sup>2)</sup>  $C_{o(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{(BR)DSS}$

**Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics**

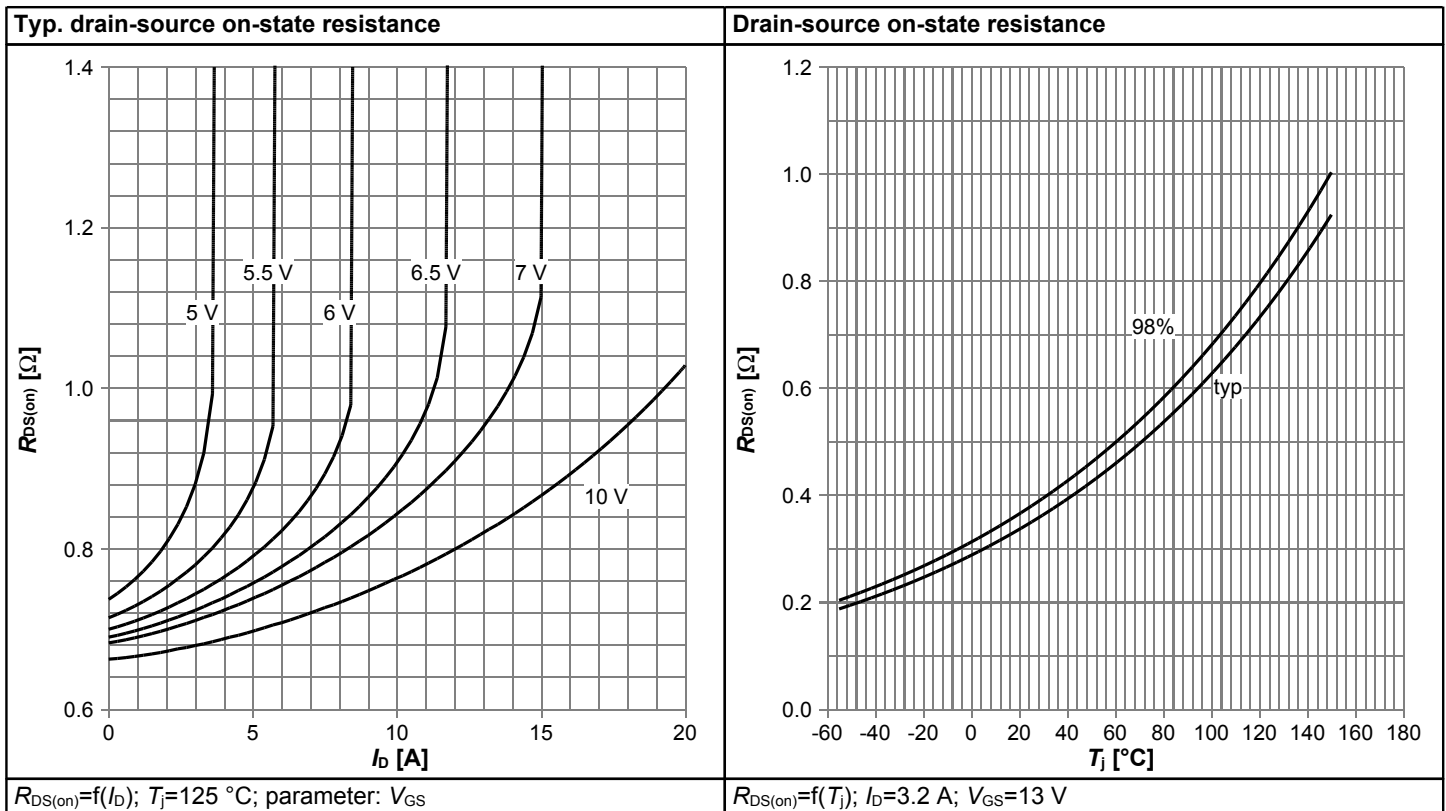
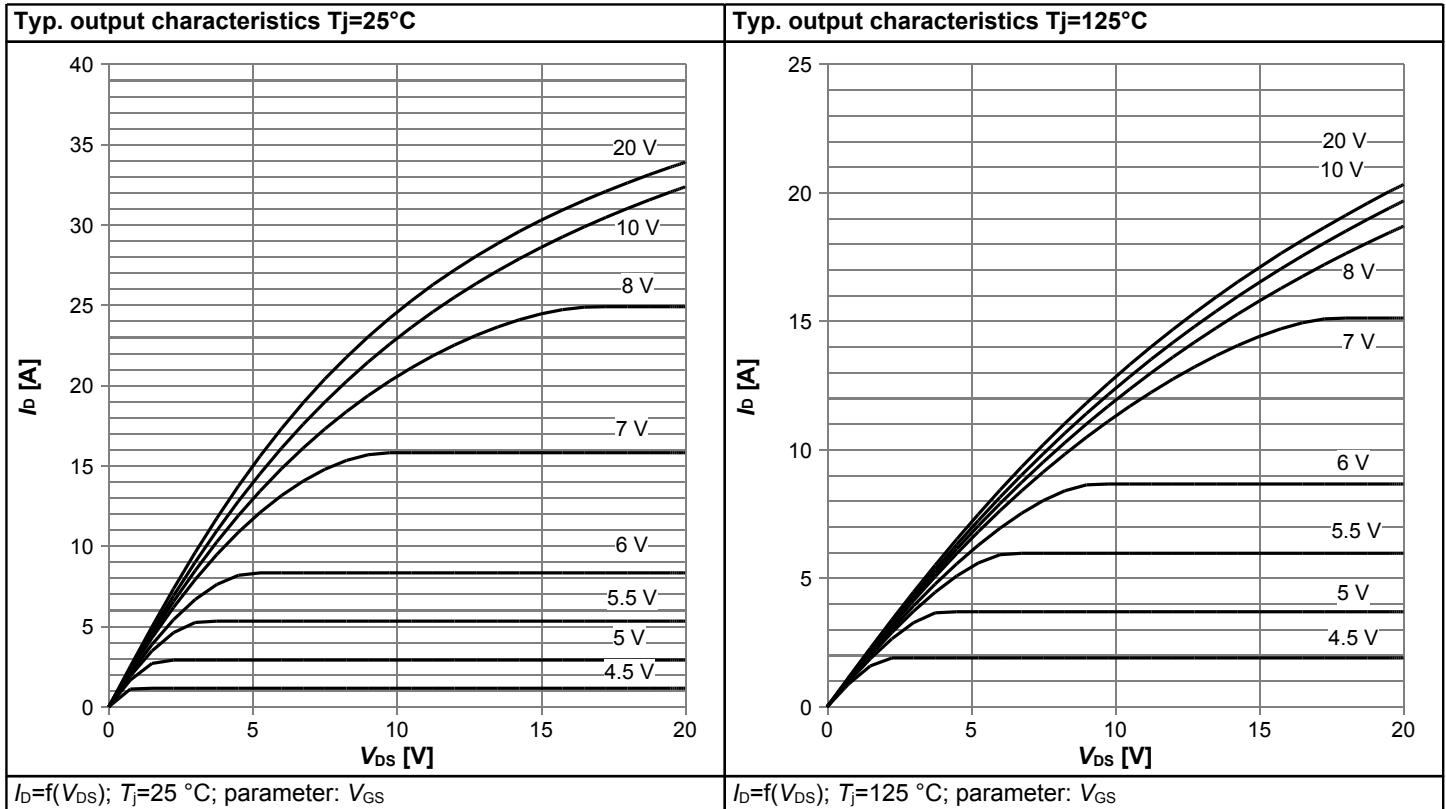
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$	-	0.85	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_F=3.9A, T_i=25^{\circ}C$
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	-	207	-	ns	$V_R=400V, I_F=3.9A, di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$	-	1.7	-	$\mu C$	$V_R=400V, I_F=3.9A, di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$	-	15.5	-	A	$V_R=400V, I_F=3.9A, di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$

## 4 Electrical characteristics diagrams

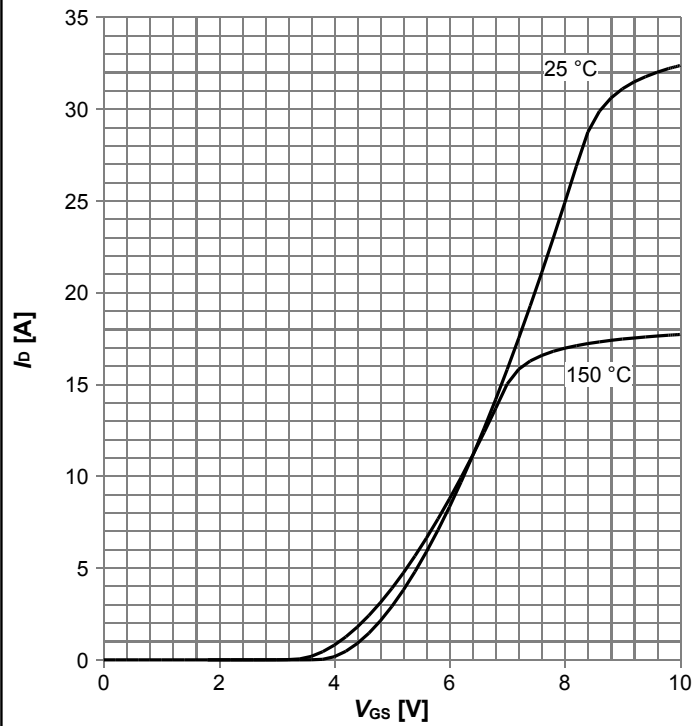


# 500V CoolMOS™ CE Power Transistor

## IPP50R380CE

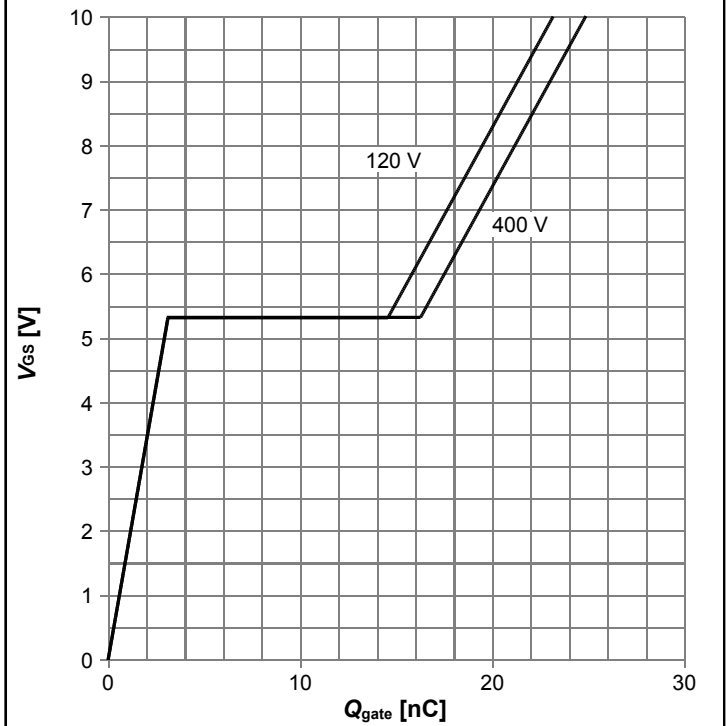


**Typ. transfer characteristics**



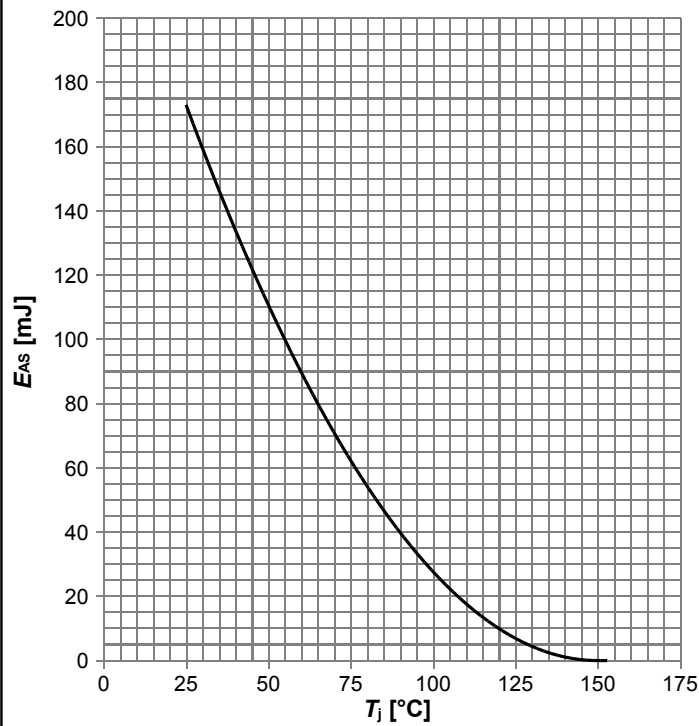
$I_D=f(V_{GS}); V_{DS}=20V; \text{parameter: } T_j$

**Typ. gate charge**



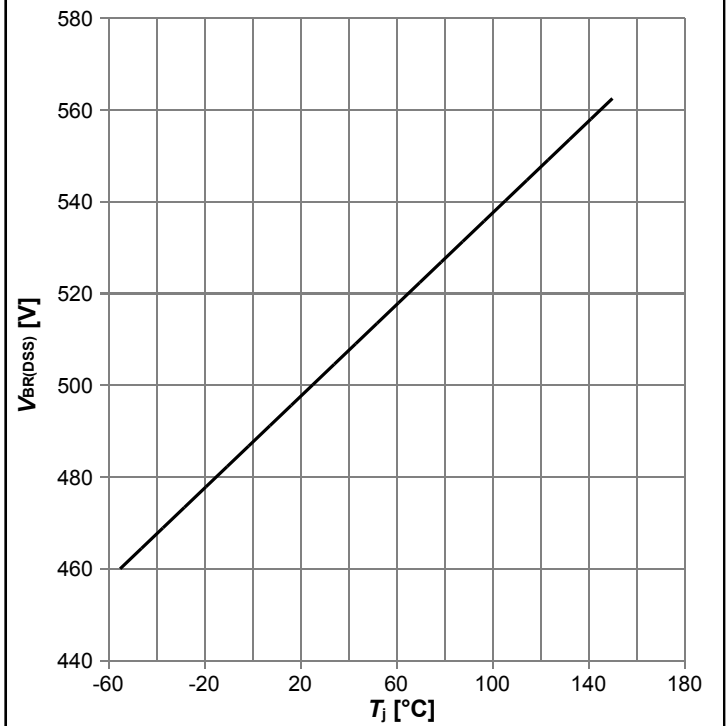
$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=3.9 \text{ A pulsed}; \text{parameter: } V_{DD}$

**Avalanche energy**



$E_{AS}=f(T_j); I_D=4 \text{ A}; V_{DD}=50 \text{ V}$

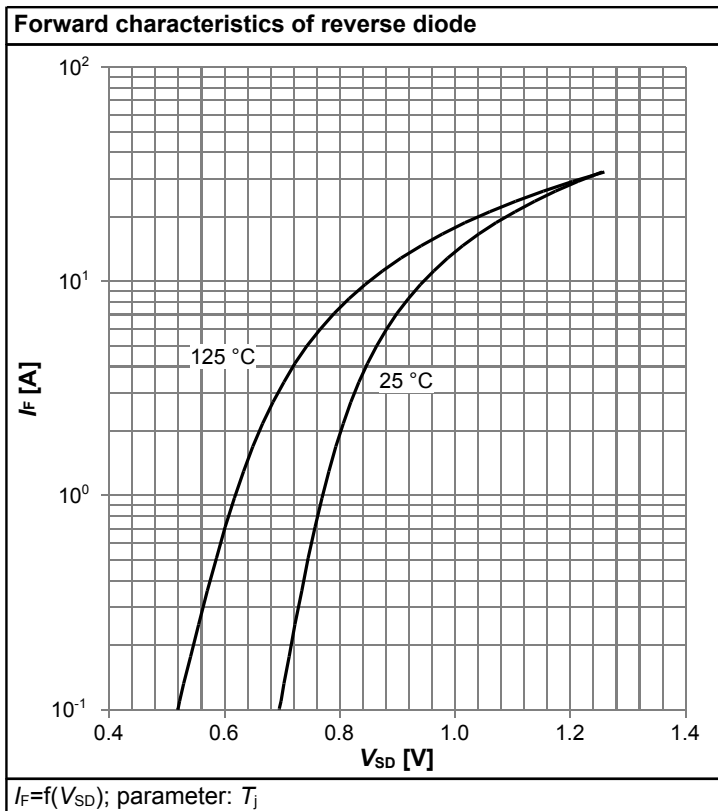
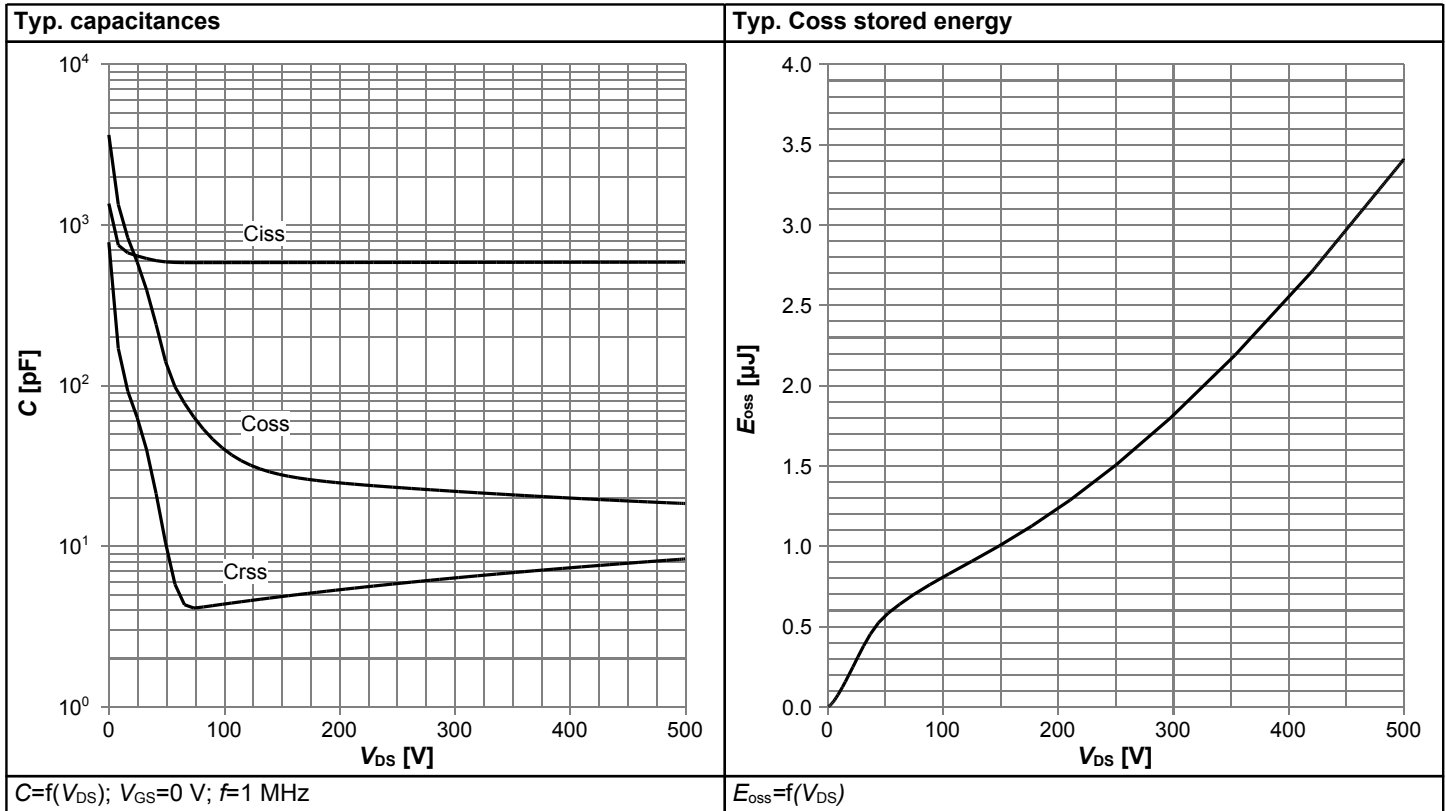
**Drain-source breakdown voltage**



$V_{BR(DSS)}=f(T_j); I_D=1 \text{ mA}$



**500V CoolMOS™ CE Power Transistor**  
**IPP50R380CE**



## 5 Test Circuits

**Table 8 Diode characteristics**

Test circuit for diode characteristics	Diode recovery waveform
<p><math>R_{g1} = R_{g2}</math></p>	<p><math>t_{rr} = t_F + t_S</math>  <math>Q_{rr} = Q_F + Q_S</math></p>

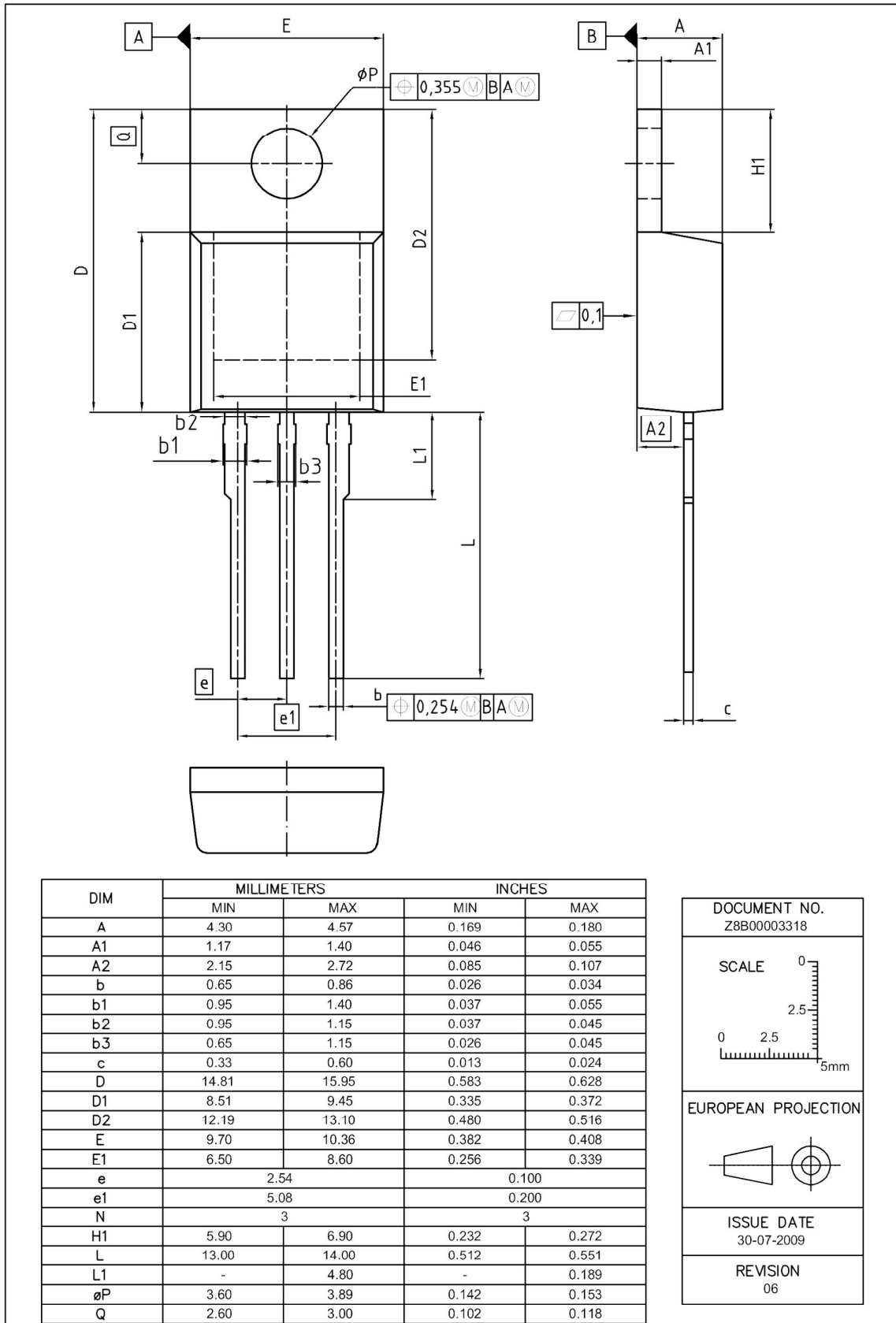
**Table 9 Switching times**

Switching times test circuit for inductive load	Switching times waveform

**Table 10 Unclamped inductive load**

Unclamped inductive load test circuit	Unclamped inductive waveform

**6 Package Outlines**



**Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 220, dimensions in mm/inches**

## **7 Appendix A**

### **Table 11 Related Links**

- **IFX CoolMOS Webpage:** [www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)
- **IFX Design tools:** [www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)

## Revision History

IPP50R380CE

**Revision: 2016-06-13, Rev. 2.2**

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2012-08-24	Release of final version
2.1	2014-06-06	Removal of TO-220FP
2.2	2016-06-13	Updated ID rating, Zth, SOA and Pd curves

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