74HC4051-Q100; 74HCT4051-Q100

8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer Rev. 2 — 8 October 2012

Product data sheet

General description

The 74HC4051-Q100; 74HCT4051-Q100 is a high-speed Si-gate CMOS device and is pin compatible with Low-power Schottky TTL (LSTTL). The device is specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC4051-Q100; 74HCT4051-Q100 is an 8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with three digital select inputs (S0 to S2), an active-LOW enable input (E), eight independent inputs/outputs (Y0 to Y7) and a common input/output (Z). With E LOW, one of the eight switches is selected (low impedance ON-state) by S0 to S2. With E HIGH, all switches are in the high-impedance OFF-state, independent of S0 to S2.

V_{CC} and GND are the supply voltage pins for the digital control inputs (S0 to S2, and E). The V_{CC} to GND ranges are 2.0 V to 10.0 V for 74HC4051-Q100 and 4.5 V to 5.5 V for 74HCT4051-Q100. The analog inputs/outputs (Y0 to Y7, and Z) can swing between V_{CC} as a positive limit and V_{EE} as a negative limit. $V_{\text{CC}} - V_{\text{EE}}$ may not exceed 10.0 V. For operation as a digital multiplexer/demultiplexer, VEE is connected to GND (typically ground).

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

Features and benefits 2.

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
 - ◆ Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C
- Wide analog input voltage range from -5 V to +5 V
- Low ON resistance:
 - ♦ 80 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} V_{EE} = 4.5 \text{ V}$
 - 70 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} V_{EE} = 6.0 \text{ V}$
 - 60 Ω (typical) at V_{CC} V_{EE} = 9.0 V
- Logic level translation: to enable 5 V logic to communicate with ±5 V analog signals
- Typical 'break before make' built-in
- ESD protection:
 - MIL-STD-883, method 3015 exceeds 2000 V
 - HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
 - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V (C = 200 pf, R = 0 Ω)
 - CDM AEC-Q100-011 revision B exceeds 1000 V
- Multiple package options



3. Applications

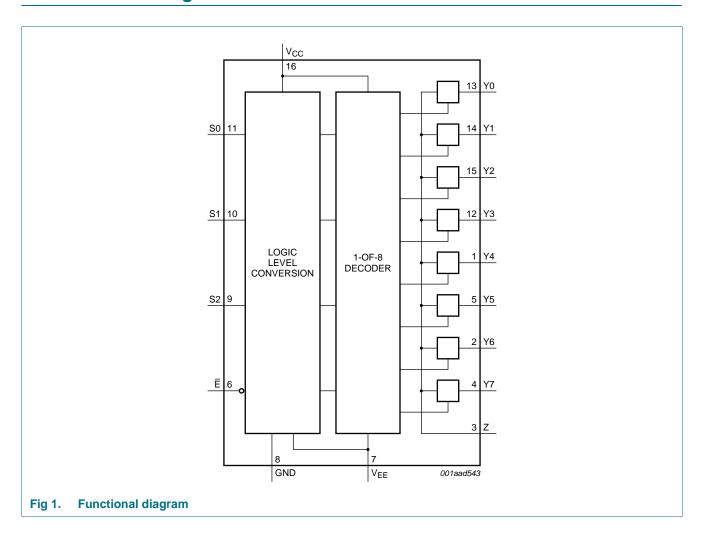
- Analog multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Digital multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Signal gating

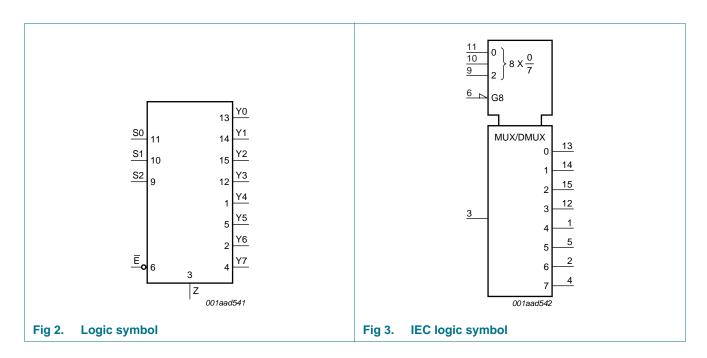
4. Ordering information

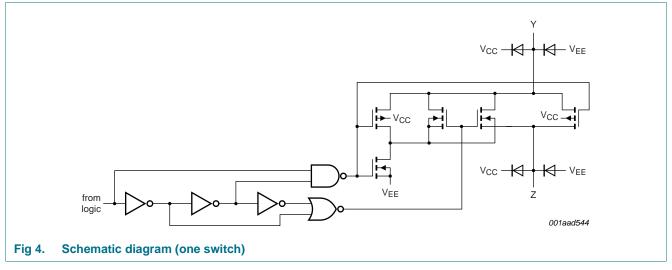
Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package							
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version				
74HC4051D-Q100	–40 °C to +125 °C	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads;	SOT109-1				
74HCT4051D-Q100			body width 3.9 mm					
74HC4051PW-Q100	−40 °C to +125 °C	10 °C to +125 °C TSSOP16 plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16		SOT403-1				
74HCT4051PW-Q100			leads; body width 4.4 mm					
74HC4051BQ-Q100	−40 °C to +125 °C	DHVQFN16	plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced	SOT763-1				
74HCT4051BQ-Q100		very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body $2.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.85$ mm						

Functional diagram

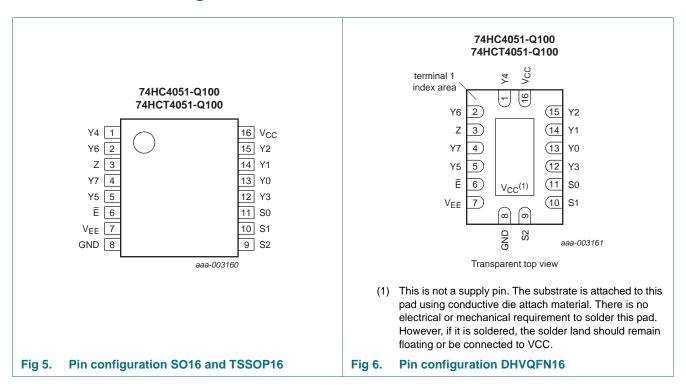






6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning



6.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
Ē	6	enable input (active LOW)
V _{EE}	7	supply voltage
GND	8	ground supply voltage
S0, S1, S2	11, 10, 9	select input
Y0, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6, Y7	13, 14, 15, 12, 1, 5, 2, 4	independent input or output
Z	3	common output or input
V _{CC}	16	supply voltage

7. Functional description

7.1 Function table

Table 3. Function table [1]

Input				Channel ON
Ē	S2	S1	S0	
L	L	L	L	Y0 to Z
L	L	L	Н	Y1 to Z
L	L	Н	L	Y2 to Z
L	L	Н	Н	Y3 to Z
L	Н	L	L	Y4 to Z
L	Н	L	Н	Y5 to Z
L	Н	Н	L	Y6 to Z
L	Н	Н	Н	Y7 to Z
Н	X	X	X	switches off

^[1] H = HIGH voltage level;

8. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to V_{SS} = 0 V (ground).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage		<u>[1]</u> –0.5	+11.0	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	$V_I < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±20	mA
I _{SK}	switch clamping current	V_{SW} < -0.5 V or V_{SW} > V_{CC} + 0.5 V	-	±20	mA
I _{SW}	switch current	$-0.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{SW}} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±25	mA
I _{EE}	supply current		-	±20	mA
I_{CC}	supply current		-	50	mA
I_{GND}	ground current		-	-50	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation		[2] -	500	mW
Р	power dissipation	per switch	-	100	mW

^[1] To avoid drawing V_{CC} current out of terminal Z, when switch current flows into terminals Yn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal Z, no V_{CC} current will flow out of terminals Yn, and in this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at Yn and Z may not exceed V_{CC} or V_{EE} .

L = LOW voltage level;

X = don't care.

^[2] For SO16 packages: above 70 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 8 mW/K. For TSSOP16 package: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K. For DHVQFN16 packages: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.5 mW/K.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	74H	IC4051-0	Q100	74H0	CT4051-	Q100	Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
V _{CC} supply voltage	supply voltage	see <u>Figure 7</u> and <u>Figure 8</u>						•	
		V _{CC} – GND	2.0	5.0	10.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
		$V_{CC} - V_{EE}$	2.0	5.0	10.0	2.0	5.0	10.0	V
V_{I}	input voltage		GND	-	V_{CC}	GND	-	V_{CC}	V
V_{SW}	switch voltage		V_{EE}	-	V_{CC}	V_{EE}	-	V_{CC}	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+25	+125	-40	+25	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	625	-	-	-	ns/V
	rate	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	1.67	139	-	1.67	139	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	83	-	-	-	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	31	-	-	-	ns/V

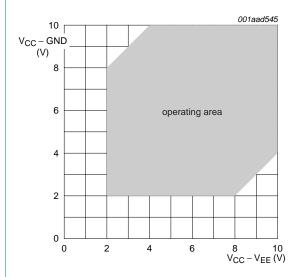


Fig 7. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HC4051-Q100

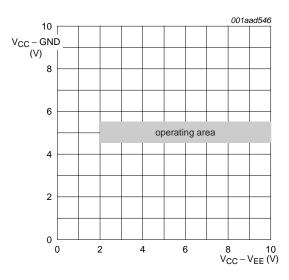


Fig 8. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HCT4051-Q100

10. Static characteristics

Table 6. R_{ON} resistance per switch for 74HC4051-Q100 and 74HCT4051-Q100

 $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; for test circuit see <u>Figure 9</u>.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or \overline{Z} terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

For 74HC4051-Q100: V_{CC} – GND or V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

For 74HCT4051-Q100: V_{CC} – GND = 4.5 V and 5.5 V, V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = 25	5 °C					
R _{ON(peak)}	ON resistance (peak)	$V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}				
		V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA	<u>[1]</u> -	-	-	Ω
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA	-	100	180	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	90	160	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	70	130	Ω
R _{ON(rail)}	ON resistance (rail)	$V_{is} = V_{EE}$				
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	<u>[1]</u> -	150	-	Ω
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA	-	80	140	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	70	120	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	60	105	Ω
		$V_{is} = V_{CC}$				
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	<u>[1]</u> -	150	-	Ω
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA	-	90	160	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	80	140	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	65	120	Ω
ΔR_{ON}	ON resistance mismatch	$V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}				
	between channels	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	<u>[1]</u> -	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	9	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	8	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	6	-	Ω
T _{amb} = -4	0 °C to +85 °C					
R _{ON(peak)}	ON resistance (peak)	$V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}				
		V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA	<u>[1]</u> -	-	-	Ω
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA	-	-	225	Ω
		V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA	-	-	200	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	165	Ω

Table 6. Ron resistance per switch for 74HC4051-Q100 and 74HCT4051-Q100 ...continued

 $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; for test circuit see <u>Figure 9</u>.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or \overline{Z} terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Vos is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

For 74HC4051-Q100: V_{CC} – GND or V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

For 74HCT4051-Q100: V_{CC} – GND = 4.5 V and 5.5 V, V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
R _{ON(rail)}	ON resistance (rail)	$V_{is} = V_{EE}$				
		V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA	<u>[1]</u> -	-	-	Ω
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA	-	-	175	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	150	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	130	Ω
		$V_{is} = V_{CC}$				
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	<u>[1]</u> _	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	200	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	175	Ω
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = -4.5 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA	-	-	150	Ω
$T_{amb} = -4$	10 °C to +125 °C					
R _{ON(peak)}	ON resistance (peak)	$V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}				
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	<u>[1]</u> _	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	270	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	240	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	195	Ω
R _{ON(rail)}	ON resistance (rail)	$V_{is} = V_{EE}$				
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	<u>[1]</u> _	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	210	Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	180	Ω
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = -4.5 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA	-	-	160	Ω
		$V_{is} = V_{CC}$				
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	<u>[1]</u> _	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	240	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	210	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	-	-	180	Ω

^[1] When supply voltages ($V_{CC} - V_{EE}$) near 2.0 V the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. When using a supply of 2 V, it is recommended to use these devices only for transmitting digital signals.

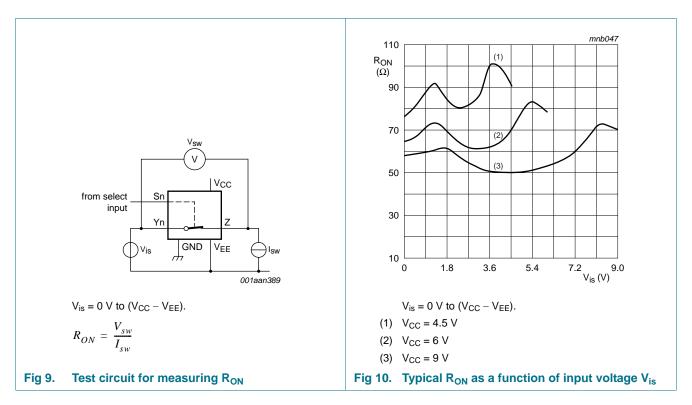


Table 7. Static characteristics for 74HC4051-Q100

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = 25	°C					
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.5	1.2	-	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	3.15	2.4	-	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	4.2	3.2	-	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	6.3	4.7	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	0.8	0.5	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	2.1	1.35	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	2.8	1.8	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	-	4.3	2.7	V
I	input leakage current	$V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	±0.2	μΑ
S(OFF)	OFF-state leakage current	V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11				
		per channel	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±0.4	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; $V_{CC} = 10.0$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V; see Figure 12	-	-	±0.4	μА

Table 7. Static characteristics for 74HC4051-Q100 ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{CC}	supply current	V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{CC} or GND; V_{is} = V_{EE} or V_{CC} ; V_{os} = V_{CC} or V_{EE}				
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	8.0	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	16.0	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	pF
C_{sw}	switch capacitance	independent pins Yn	-	5	-	pF
		common pins Z	-	25	-	pF
$T_{amb} = -4$	0 °C to +85 °C					
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.5	-	-	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	3.15	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	4.2	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	6.3	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	0.5	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-	1.35	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	1.8	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	-	-	2.7	V
I _I	input leakage current	$V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	±2.0	μΑ
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; $V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$; see Figure 12	-	-	±4.0	μА
I _{CC}	supply current	V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{CC} or GND; V_{is} = V_{EE} or V_{CC} ; V_{os} = V_{CC} or V_{EE}				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	80.0	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	160.0	μΑ
T _{amb} = -4	0 °C to +125 °C					
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	1.5	-	-	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	3.15	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$	4.2	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	6.3	-	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	0.5	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-	1.35	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	1.8	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	_	_	2.7	V

74HC_HCT4051_Q100

Table 7. Static characteristics for 74HC4051-Q100 ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _I	input leakage current	$V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	±2.0	μΑ
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; $V_{CC} = 10.0$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V; see Figure 12	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
I _{CC}	I _{CC} supply current	V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{CC} or GND; V_{is} = V_{EE} or V_{CC} ; V_{os} = V_{CC} or V_{EE}				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	160.0	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	320.0	μΑ

Table 8. Static characteristics for 74HCT4051-Q100

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

Vos is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = 25	°C					
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.0	1.6	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	1.2	0.8	V
I _I	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11				
	per channel	-	-	±0.1	μΑ	
		all channels	-	-	±0.4	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 12	-	-	±0.4	μА
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}				
		V _{CC} = 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	8.0	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	16.0	μΑ
Δl _{CC}	additional supply current	per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	50	180	μА
Cı	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	pF
C _{sw}	switch capacitance	independent pins Yn	-	5	-	pF
		common pins Z	-	25	-	pF

Table 8. Static characteristics for 74HCT4051-Q100 ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = -40	0 °C to +85 °C					
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.0	-	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.8	V
l _l	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
S(OFF)	OFF-state leakage current	V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 12	-	-	±4.0	μА
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}				
		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	80.0	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	160.0	μΑ
Δl _{CC}	additional supply current	per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	225	μΑ
T _{amb} = -40	0 °C to +125 °C					
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.0	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.8	V
l _l	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 12	-	-	±4.0	μА
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}				
		V _{CC} = 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	160.0	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	320.0	μΑ
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current	per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	245	μА

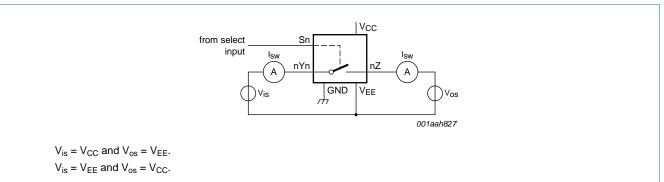
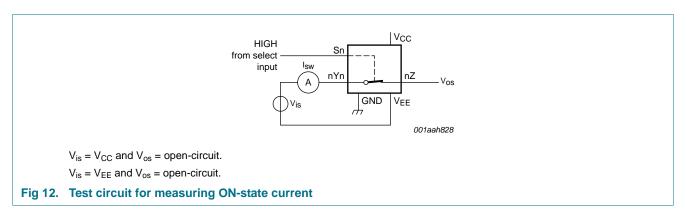


Fig 11. Test circuit for measuring OFF-state current



11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051-Q100

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see Figure 15.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$T_{amb} = 25$	°C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see <u>Figure 13</u>	<u>[1]</u>			
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	14	60	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	5	12	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	4	10	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	4	8	ns

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051-Q100 ...continued

 $GND = 0 \text{ V; } t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns; } C_L = 50 \text{ pF; for test circuit see } \underline{\text{Figure 15}}.$

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=\infty\Omega;see\underline{Figure14}$	[2]			
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	72	345	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	29	69	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	-	22	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	21	59	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	18	51	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 14	[2]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	66	345	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	28	69	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	-	20	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	19	59	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	16	51	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	[3]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	58	290	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	31	58	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	-	18	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	17	49	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	18	42	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	[3]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	61	290	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	25	58	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	-	19	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	18	49	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	18	42	ns
C _{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	per switch; $V_I = GND$ to V_{CC}	<u>[4]</u> -	25	-	pF
T _{amb} = -4	0 °C to +85 °C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see <u>Figure 13</u>	<u>[1]</u>			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	75	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	15	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	13	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	_	_	10	ns

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051-Q100 ...continued

 $GND = 0 \text{ V; } t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns; } C_L = 50 \text{ pF; for test circuit see } Figure 15.$

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=\infty\Omega;see\underline{Figure14}$	<u>[2]</u>			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	430	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	86	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	73	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	64	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 14	[2]			
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	430	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	86	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	73	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	64	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	[3]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	365	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	73	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	62	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	53	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	<u>[3]</u>			
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	365	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	73	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	62	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	53	ns
T _{amb} = -4	0 °C to +125 °C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 13	<u>[1]</u>			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	90	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	18	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	15	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	12	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=\infty\Omega;see\underline{Figure14}$	[2]			
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	520	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	104	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	88	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	77	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 14	[2]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	520	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	104	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	88	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	_	_	77	ns

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051-Q100 ...continued

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see <u>Figure 15</u>.

V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	N	Vlin	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V _{os} ; R _L = 1 k Ω ; see <u>Figure 14</u>	[3]				
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-		-	435	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-		-	87	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-		-	74	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-		-	72	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	[3]				
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-		-	435	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-		-	87	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-		-	74	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-		-	72	ns

- [1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} .
- [2] ton is the same as tPZH and tPZL.
- [3] t_{off} is the same as t_{PHZ} and t_{PLZ} .
- [4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma \{ (C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o \} \text{ where:}$

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

fo = output frequency in MHz;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma \{ (C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o \} = \text{sum of outputs};$

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

C_{sw} = switch capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V.

Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for 74HCT4051-Q100

 $GND = 0 \text{ V; } t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns; } C_L = 50 \text{ pF; for test circuit see } \underline{\text{Figure 15}}.$

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Vos is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = 25	°C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 13	<u>[1]</u>			
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	5	12	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	4	8	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=1\;k\Omega;see\;\underline{Figure\;14}$	<u>[2]</u>			
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	26	55	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	-	22	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	16	39	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	<u>[2]</u>			
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	28	55	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	-	24	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	16	39	ns

74HC_HCT4051_Q100

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Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for 74HCT4051-Q100 ...continued

 $GND = 0 \text{ V; } t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns; } C_L = 50 \text{ pF; for test circuit see } \underline{\text{Figure 15}}.$

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t_{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V _{os} ; R _L = 1 k Ω ; see <u>Figure 14</u>	<u>[3]</u>			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	19	45	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	-	16	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	16	32	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	<u>[3]</u>			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	23	45	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	-	20	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	16	32	ns
C_PD	power dissipation capacitance	per switch; $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5 V$	<u>[4]</u> -	25	-	pF
$T_{amb} = -4$	0 °C to +85 °C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 13	<u>[1]</u>			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	15	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	10	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	<u>[2]</u>			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	69	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	49	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	<u>[2]</u>			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	69	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	49	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	<u>[3]</u>			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	56	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	40	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	[3]			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	56	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	40	ns
T _{amb} = -4	0 °C to +125 °C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 13	<u>[1]</u>			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	18	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	12	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to V _{os} ; R _L = 1 k Ω ; see <u>Figure 14</u>	[2]			
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	83	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	59	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	[2]			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	83	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	59	ns

Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for 74HCT4051-Q100 ...continued

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see <u>Figure 15</u>.

V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or *Z* terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Vos is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t_{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V _{os} ; R _L = 1 k Ω ; see <u>Figure 14</u>	<u>[3]</u>			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	68	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	48	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	[3]			
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	68	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	48	ns

- [1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} .
- [2] t_{on} is the same as t_{PZH and} t_{PZL}.
- [3] t_{off} is the same as t_{PHZ} and t_{PLZ} .
- [4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma \{ (C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o \} \text{ where: }$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

 f_0 = output frequency in MHz;

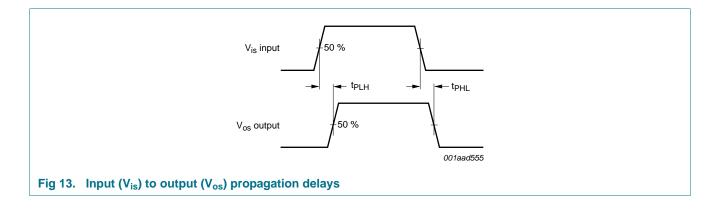
N = number of inputs switching;

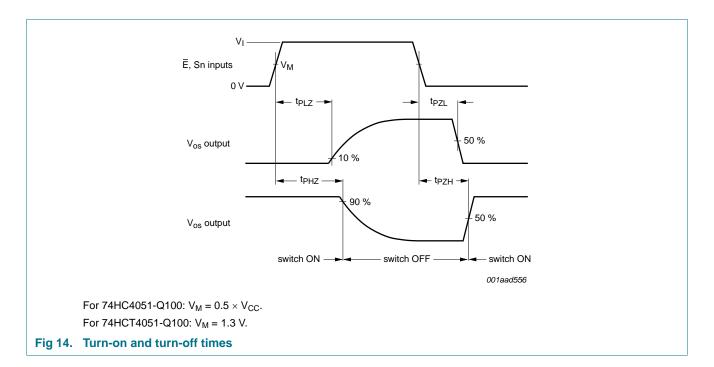
$$\Sigma\{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\} = \text{sum of outputs};$$

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

C_{sw} = switch capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V.





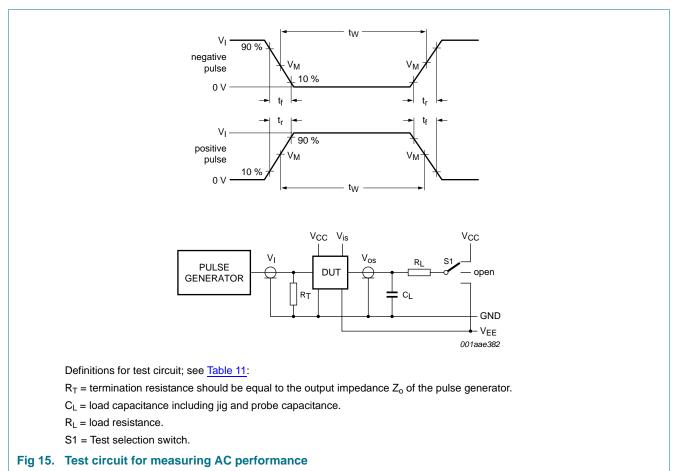


Table 11. Test data

Test	Input			Load		S1 position	
	VI	V _{is}	t _r , t _f C at f _{max} other[1]		CL	R _L	
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	[2]	pulse	< 2 ns	6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	open
t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ}	[2]	V_{CC}	< 2 ns	6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	V_{EE}
t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ}	[2]	V _{EE}	< 2 ns	6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	V_{CC}

^[1] $t_r = t_f = 6$ ns; when measuring f_{max} , there is no constraint to t_r and t_f with 50 % duty factor.

- a) For 74HC4051-Q100: $V_I = V_{CC}$
- b) For 74HCT4051-Q100: $V_1 = 3 \text{ V}$

^[2] V_I values:

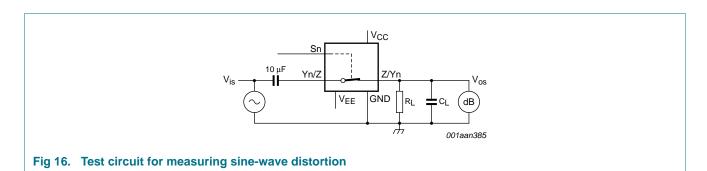
11.1 Additional dynamic characteristics

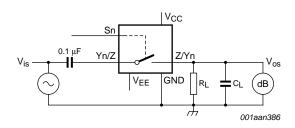
Table 12. Additional dynamic characteristics

Recommended conditions and typical values; $GND = 0 \ V$; $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$; $C_L = 50 \ pF$. V_{is} is the input voltage at pins nYn or nZ, whichever is assigned as an input. V_{os} is the output voltage at pins nYn or nZ, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
d _{sin}	sine-wave distortion	$f_i = 1 \text{ kHz}$; $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 16				
		$V_{is} = 4.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$	-	0.04	-	%
		$V_{is} = 8.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	0.02	-	%
		$f_i = 10 \text{ kHz}$; $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 16				
		V_{is} = 4.0 V (p-p); V_{CC} = 2.25 V; V_{EE} = -2.25 V	-	0.12	-	%
		$V_{is} = 8.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	0.06	-	%
α_{iso}	isolation (OFF-state)	$R_L = 600 \Omega$; $f_i = 1 MHz$; see Figure 17				
		$V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$	<u>[1]</u> -	-50	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	<u>[1]</u> -	-50	-	dB
V _{ct}	crosstalk voltage	peak-to-peak value; between control and any switch; $R_L = 600 \Omega$; $f_i = 1 \text{ MHz}$; \overline{E} or Sn square wave between V_{CC} and GND; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; see Figure 18				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	110	-	mV
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	220	-	mV
f _(-3dB)	–3 dB frequency response	$R_L = 50 \Omega$; see Figure 19				
		$V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$	[2] _	170	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	[2] _	180	-	MHz

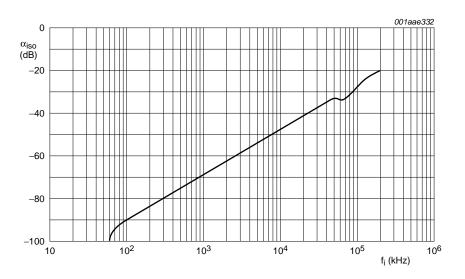
- [1] Adjust input voltage V_{is} to 0 dBm level (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600 Ω).
- [2] Adjust input voltage V_{is} to 0 dBm level at V_{os} for 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50 Ω).





 V_{CC} = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V; V_{EE} = –4.5 V; R_L = 600 $\Omega;$ R_S = 1 k $\Omega.$

a. Test circuit



b. Isolation (OFF-state) as a function of frequency

Fig 17. Test circuit for measuring isolation (OFF-state)

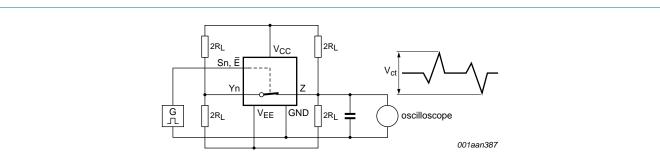
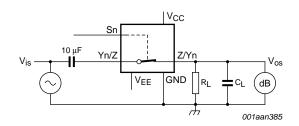
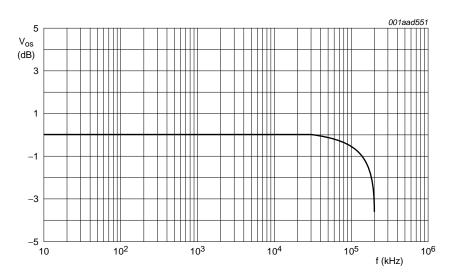


Fig 18. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between control input and any switch



 V_{CC} = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V; V_{EE} = –4.5 V; R_L = 50 $\Omega;$ R_S = 1 $k\Omega.$

a. Test circuit



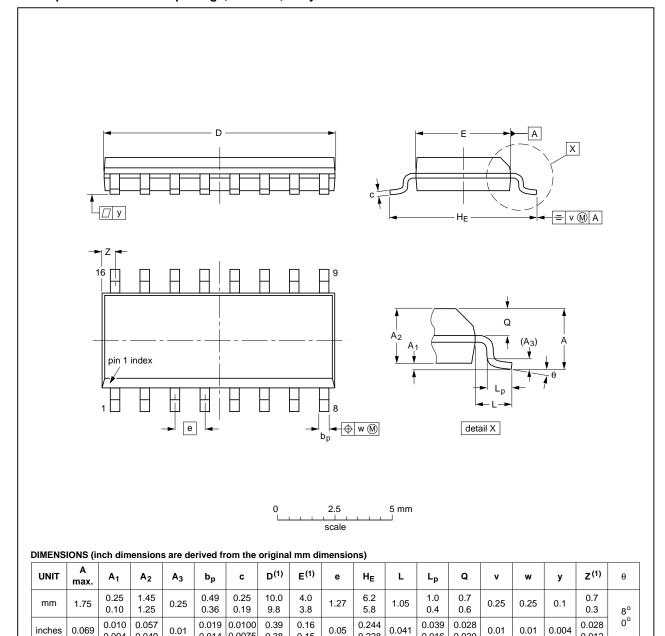
b. Typical frequency response

Fig 19. Test circuit for frequency response

12. Package outline

SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1



1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

0.014 0.0075

0.38

0.15

OUTLINE		KEFEK	ENCES	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA	PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT109-1	076E07	MS-012			99-12-27 03-02-19

0.228

Fig 20. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

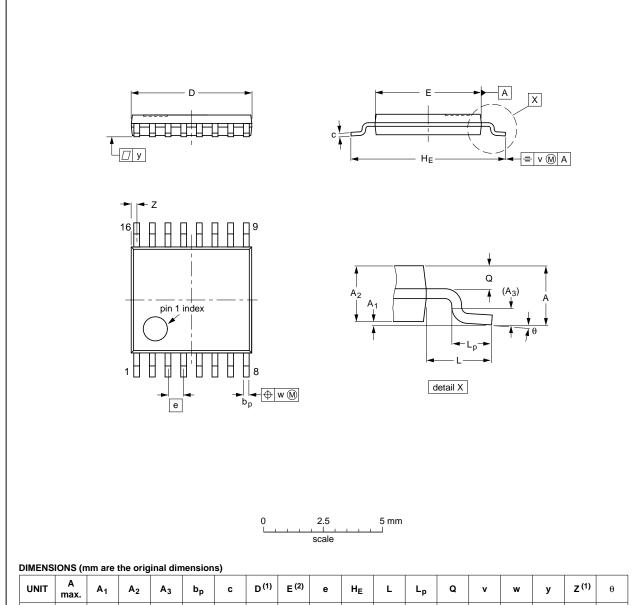
0.004

0.049

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TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1



UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	bp	С	D ⁽¹⁾	E (2)	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	1.1	0.15 0.05	0.95 0.80	0.25	0.30 0.19	0.2 0.1	5.1 4.9	4.5 4.3	0.65	6.6 6.2	1	0.75 0.50	0.4 0.3	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.40 0.06	8° 0°

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	ENCES	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA	PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT403-1		MO-153			99-12-27 03-02-18
501403-1		MO-153			岁

Fig 21. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

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DHVQFN16: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 x 3.5 x 0.85 mm SOT763-1

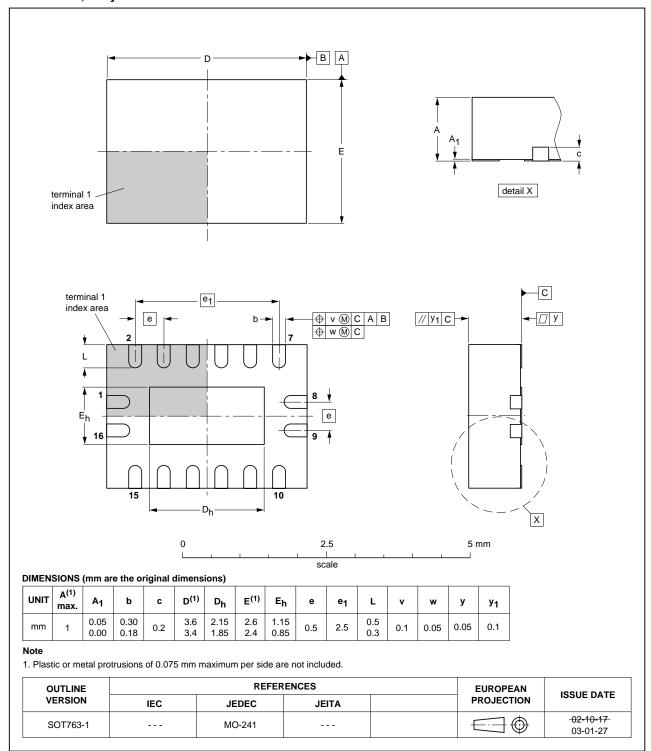


Fig 22. Package outline SOT763-1 (DHVQFN16)

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13. Abbreviations

Table 13. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic
MIL	Military

14. Revision history

Table 14. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74HC_HCT4051_Q100 v.2	20121008	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4051_Q100 v.1
Modifications:	 CDM add 	ed to features.		
74HC_HCT4051_Q100 v.1	20120709	Product data sheet	-	-

15. Legal information

15.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
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