

JUNE 1975

DIGITAL 8000 SERIES TTL/MEMORY

### DESCRIPTION

The 82S09 is a 576-Bit, Schottky clamped TTL, random access memory, organized as 64X9. This organization allows byte manipulation of data, including parity. Where parity is not monitored, the ninth bit can be used as a flag or status indicator for each word stored. With a typical access time of 30ns, it is ideal for scratch-pad, push-down stacks, buffer memories, and other internal memory applications in which cost and performance requirements dictate a wide data path in favor of word depth.

The 82S09 is fully TTL compatible, and features open collector outputs, chip enable input, and a very low current PNP input structure to enhance memory expansion.

During WRITE operation, the logic state of the device output follows the complement of the data input being written. This feature allows faster execution of WRITE-READ cycles, enhancing the performance of systems utilizing indirect addressing modes, and/or requiring immediate verification following a WRITE cycle.

The 82S09 is available in the commercial and military temperature ranges. For the commercial temperature range (0°C to +75°C) specify N82S09, I. For the military temperature range (-55°C to +125°C) specify S82S09, I.

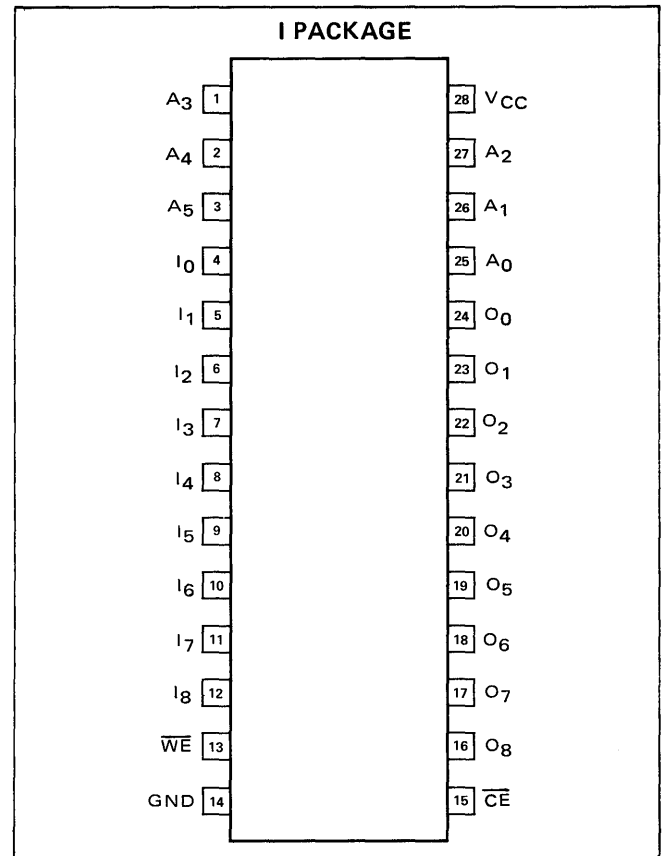
### FEATURES

- ORGANIZATION – 64 X 9
- ADDRESS ACCESS TIME:
  - S82S09 – 80ns, MAXIMUM
  - N82S09 – 45ns, MAXIMUM
- WRITE CYCLE TIME:
  - S82S09 – 70ns, MAXIMUM
  - N82S09 – 45ns, MAXIMUM
- POWER DISSIPATION – 1.3mW/BIT TYPICAL
- INPUT LOADING:
  - S82S09 – (-150µA) MAXIMUM
  - N82S09 – (-100µA) MAXIMUM
- OUTPUT FOLLOWS COMPLEMENT OF DATA INPUT DURING WRITE
- ON-CHIP ADDRESS DECODING
- OPEN COLLECTOR OUTPUTS
- CHIP ENABLE FOR WORD EXPANSION
- BYTE I/O MANIPULATION, INCLUDING PARITY

### APPLICATIONS

- BUFFER MEMORY
- CONTROL REGISTER
- FIFO MEMORY
- PUSH DOWN STACK
- SCRATCH PAD

### PIN CONFIGURATION

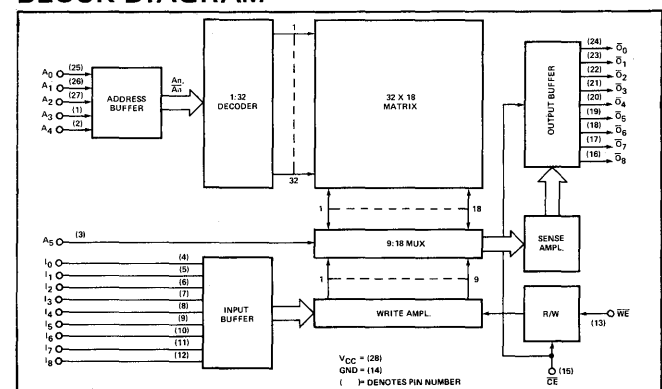


### TRUTH TABLE

MODE	CE	WE	I <sub>N</sub>	O <sub>N</sub>
READ	0	1	X	Complement of Data Stored
WRITE "0"	0	0	0	1
WRITE "1"	0	0	1	0
DISABLED	1	X	X	1

X = Don't care.

### BLOCK DIAGRAM



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER <sup>1</sup>	RATING	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub> Power Supply Voltage	+7	Vdc
V <sub>in</sub> Input Voltage	+5.5	Vdc
V <sub>OH</sub> High Level Output Voltage (82S10)	+5.5	Vdc
T <sub>A</sub> Operating Temperature Range (N82S09)	0° to +75°	°C
(S82S09)	-55° to +125°	°C
T <sub>stg</sub> Storage Temperature Range	-65° to +150°	°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>7</sup>**

S82S09 -55°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C, 4.5V ≤ V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5  
 N82S09 0°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ +75°C, 4.75V ≤ V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.25

PARAMETER <sup>1</sup>	TEST CONDITIONS	S82S09			N82S09			UNIT
		MIN	TYP <sup>2</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>2</sup>	MAX	
V <sub>IL</sub> Low Level Input Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN			.80			.85	V
V <sub>IH</sub> High Level Input Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX	2.2			2.0			V
V <sub>IC</sub> Input Clamp Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, I <sub>IN</sub> = -12mA (Note 5)		-1.0	-1.5		-1.0	-1.5	V
V <sub>OL</sub> Low Level Output Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, I <sub>OL</sub> = 6.4mA (Note 6)		0.35	0.50		0.35	0.5	V
I <sub>OLK</sub> Output Leakage Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.5V (Note 4)		1	60		1	40	μA
I <sub>IL</sub> Low Level Input Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.45V		-10	-150		-10	-100	μA
I <sub>IH</sub> High Level Input Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V		1	40		1	25	μA
I <sub>CC</sub> V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX (Note 3)		150	200		150	190	mA
C <sub>IN</sub> Input Capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.0V		5			5		pF
C <sub>OUT</sub> Output Capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.0V (Note 4)		8			8		pF

**NOTES:**

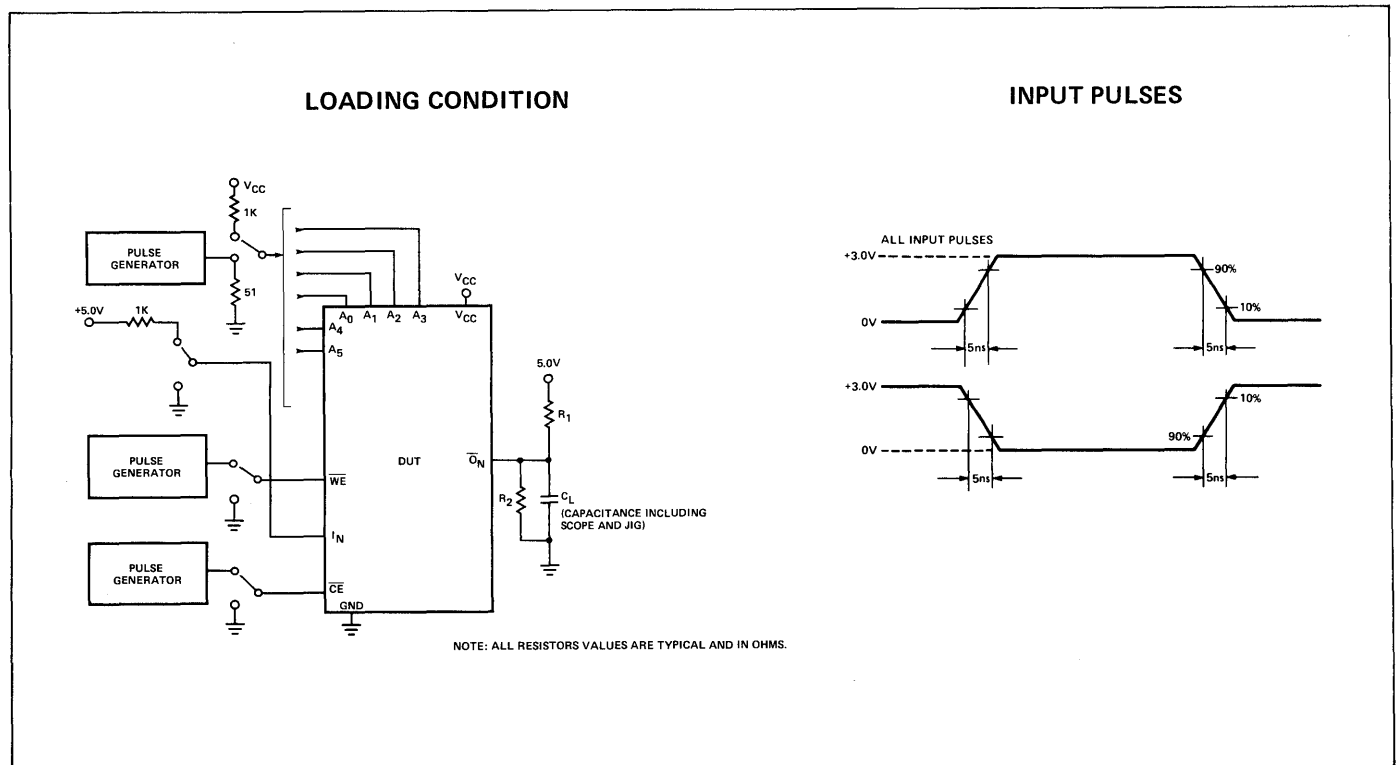
1. All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.
2. All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.
3. I<sub>CC</sub> is measured with the write enable and memory enable input grounded, all other inputs at 4.5V, and the outputs open.
4. Measured with V<sub>IH</sub> applied to CE.
5. Test each input one at the time.
6. Measured with the logic "0" stored. Output sink current is supplied through a resistor to V<sub>CC</sub>.
7. The Operating Ambient Temperature Ranges are guaranteed with transverse air flow exceeding 400 linear feet per minute and a two minute warm-up.

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS<sup>3</sup>**

S82S09  $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $4.5\text{V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5$   
 N82S09  $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +75^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $4.75\text{V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.25$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	S82S09			N82S09			UNIT
		MIN	TYP <sup>1</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>1</sup>	MAX	
<b>Propagation Delays</b>								
T <sub>AA</sub> Address Access Time	C <sub>L</sub> = 30pF R <sub>1</sub> = 600Ω R <sub>2</sub> = 900Ω		30	80		30	45	ns
T <sub>CE</sub> Chip Enable Access Time			15	50		15	30	ns
T <sub>CD</sub> Chip Enable Output Disable Time			15	50		15	30	ns
<b>Write Set-up Times</b>								
T <sub>WSA</sub> Address to Write Enable		10	0		5	0	ns	
T <sub>WSD</sub> Data In to Write Enable		50	25		35	25	ns	
T <sub>WSC</sub> $\overline{\text{CE}}$ to Write Enable		10	0		5	0	ns	
<b>Write Hold Times</b>								
T <sub>WHA</sub> Address to Write Enable		10	0		5	0	ns	
T <sub>WHD</sub> Data In to Write Enable		5	0		5	0	ns	
T <sub>WHC</sub> $\overline{\text{CE}}$ to Write Enable		10	0		5	0	ns	
T <sub>WP</sub> Write Enable Pulse Width (Note 2)		50	25		35	25	ns	

**AC TEST LOAD**

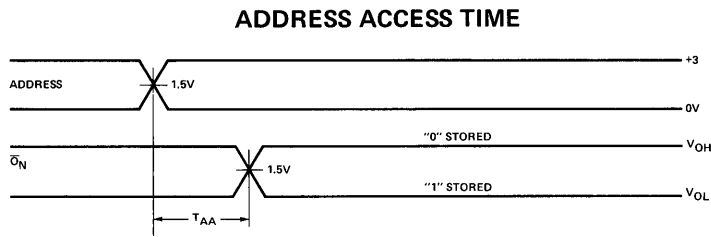


**NOTES:**

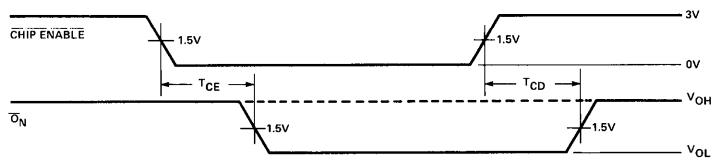
1. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = +5.0\text{V}$ , and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
2. Minimum required to guarantee a WRITE into the slowest bit.
3. The Operating Ambient Temperature Ranges are guaranteed with transverse air flow exceeding 400 linear feet per minute and a two minute warm-up.

SWITCHING PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

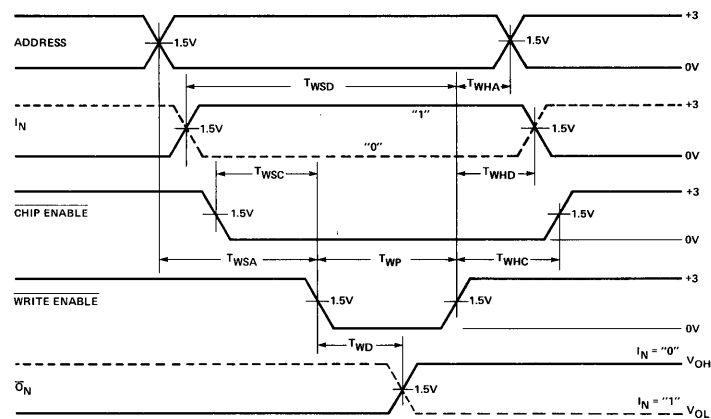
READ CYCLE



CHIP ENABLE/DISABLE TIMES



WRITE CYCLE



MEMORY TIMING DEFINITIONS

$T_{CE}$	Delay between beginning of CHIP ENABLE low (with ADDRESS valid) and when DATA OUTPUT becomes valid.	$T_{WP}$	Width of WRITE ENABLE pulse.
$T_{CD}$	Delay between when CHIP ENABLE becomes high and DATA OUTPUT is in off state.	$T_{WSA}$	Required delay between beginning of valid ADDRESS and beginning of WRITE ENABLE pulse.
$T_{AA}$	Delay between beginning of valid ADDRESS (with CHIP ENABLE low) and when DATA OUTPUT becomes valid.	$T_{WSD}$	Required delay between beginning of valid DATA INPUT and end of WRITE ENABLE pulse.
$T_{WSC}$	Required delay between beginning of valid CHIP ENABLE and beginning of WRITE ENABLE pulse.	$T_{WD}$	Delay between beginning of WRITE ENABLE pulse and when DATA OUTPUT reflects complement of DATA INPUT.
$T_{WHD}$	Required delay between end of WRITE ENABLE pulse and end of valid INPUT DATA.	$T_{WHC}$	Required delay between end of WRITE ENABLE pulse and end of CHIP ENABLE.
		$T_{WHA}$	Required delay between end of WRITE ENABLE pulse and end of valid ADDRESS.