



Silicon N-Channel Power MOSFET

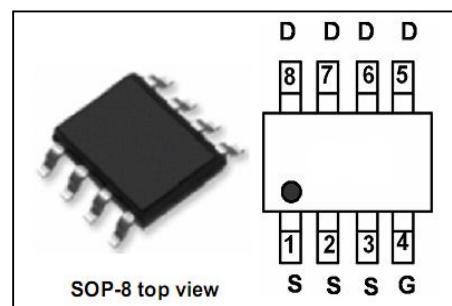


8PA60N06 AA-G

General Description:

8PA60N06 AA-G, the silicon N-channel Enhanced VDMOSFETs, is obtained by the high density Trench technology which reduce the conduction loss, improve switching performance and enhance the avalanche energy. The transistor can be used in various power switching circuit for system miniaturization and higher efficiency. The package form is SOP8, which accords with the RoHS standard.

V_{DSS}	60	V
I_D (Silicon limited current)	55	A
$P_D(T_C=25^\circ\text{C})$	2.5	W
$R_{DS(ON)}$ Typ@ $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$	7	$\text{m}\Omega$
$R_{DS(ON)}$ Typ@ $V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$	8.5	$\text{m}\Omega$

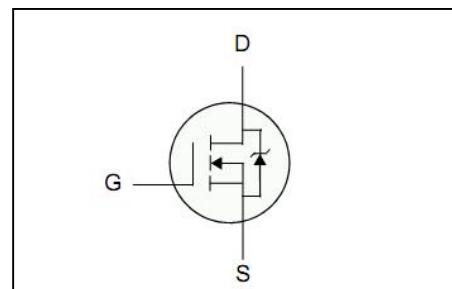


Features:

- | Fast Switching
- | Low ON Resistance
- | Low Gate Charge
- | Low Reverse transfer capacitances
- | 100% Single Pulse avalanche energy Test
- | Halogen Free

Applications:

Power switch circuit of adaptor and charger.



Absolute (T_c = 25°C unless otherwise specified):

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	60	V
I_D	Continuous Drain Current	16	A
	Continuous Drain Current $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	8	A
I_{DM}^{a1}	Pulsed Drain Current	64	A
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS}^{a2}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	320	mJ
dv/dt^{a3}	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt	3.0	V/ns
P_D	Power Dissipation	1.78	W
T_J, T_{stg}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	150, -55 to 150	°C
T_L	Maximum Temperature for Soldering	300	°C

**Electrical Characteristics** ($T_c = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified):

OFF Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{DSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$	60	--	--	V
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Bvdss Temperature Coefficient	$I_D=250\mu A, Reference 25^\circ C$	--	0.71	--	$^\circ C$
I_{DSS}	Drain to Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS} = 60V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_a = 25^\circ C$	--	--	1	μA
		$V_{DS} = 48V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_a = 125^\circ C$	--	--	100	
$I_{GSS(F)}$	Gate to Source Forward Leakage	$V_{GS} = +20V$	--	--	100	nA
$I_{GSS(R)}$	Gate to Source Reverse Leakage	$V_{GS} = -20V$	--	--	-100	nA

ON Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 8A$	--	7	10	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 8A$		8.5		$m\Omega$
$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$	1.0		3.0	V
Pulse width $t_p \leq 300\mu s, \delta \leq 2\%$						

Dynamic Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
g_{fs}	Forward Trans conductance	$V_{DS} = 15V, I_D = 8A$	--	65	--	S
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V, f = 1.0MHz$	--	4398	--	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		--	296	--	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		--	220	--	

Resistive Switching Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$t_{d(ON)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	$I_D = 8A, V_{DD} = 30V, V_{GS} = 10V, R_G = 9.1\Omega$	--	25.3	--	ns
t_r	Rise Time		--	95.7	--	
$t_{d(OFF)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		--	154	--	
t_f	Fall Time		--	77.9	--	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$I_D = 8A, V_{DD} = 30V, V_{GS} = 10V$	--	88.8		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Charge		--	17.3	--	
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain ("Miller") Charge		--	17.4	--	

**Source-Drain Diode Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)		--	--	16	A
I _{SM}	Maximum Pulsed Current (Body Diode)		--	--	64	A
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	I _S =8A,V _{GS} =0V	--	--	1.5	V
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	I _S =8A,T _j =25°C dI _F /dt=100A/us, V _{GS} =0V	--	56	73	ns
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		--	56	73	nC
Pulse width t _p ≤300μs, δ≤2%						

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Units
R _{θ JA}	Junction-to-Ambient	70	°C/W

Notes:

^{a1}: Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature

^{a2}: L=10.0mH, I_D=8A, Start T_j=25°C

^{a3}: I_{SD}=8A,di/dt ≤100A/us,V_{DD}≤BV_{DS}, Start T_j=25°C

Characteristics Curve:

Duty Factor Figure 1. Maximum Effective Thermal impedance , Junction-to-Ambient

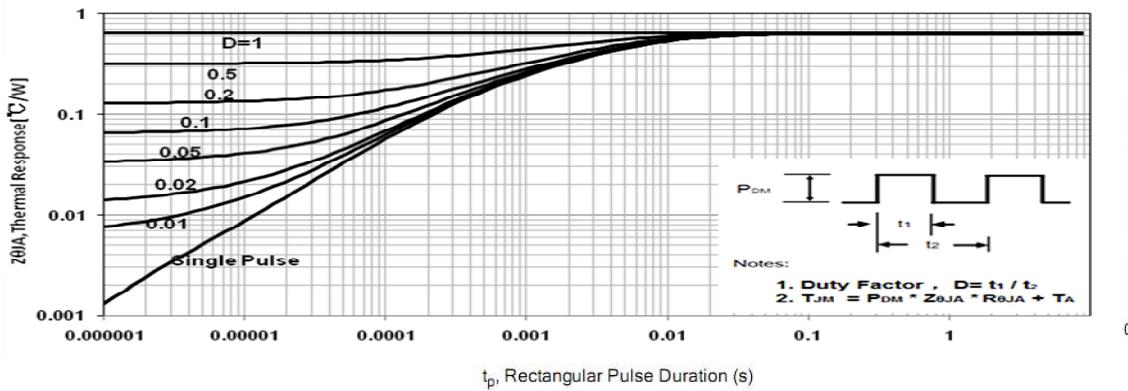


Figure 2. Maximum Power Dissipation vs Case Temperature

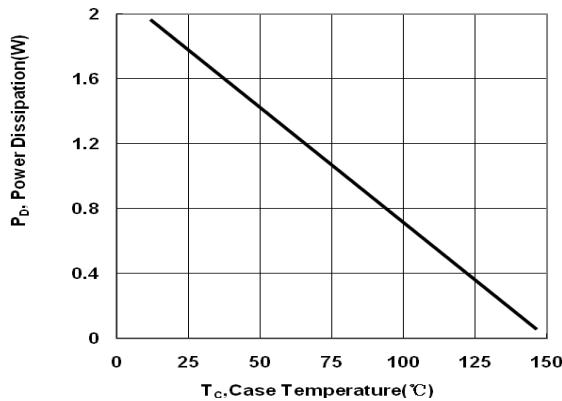


Figure 4. Typical Output Characteristics

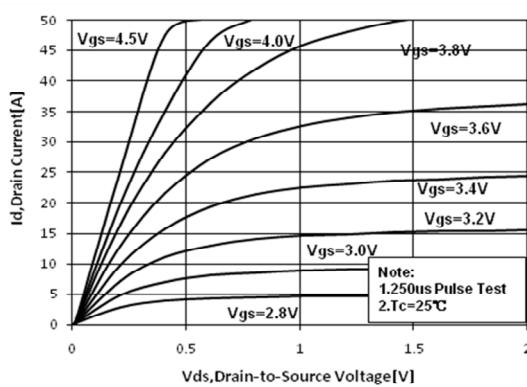


Figure3. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

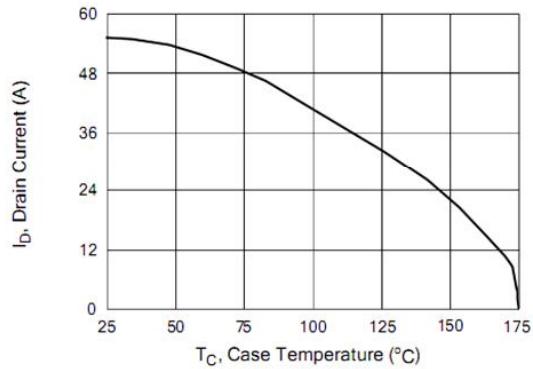


Figure5. Typical Drain-to-Source ON Resistance vs Gate Voltage and Drain Current

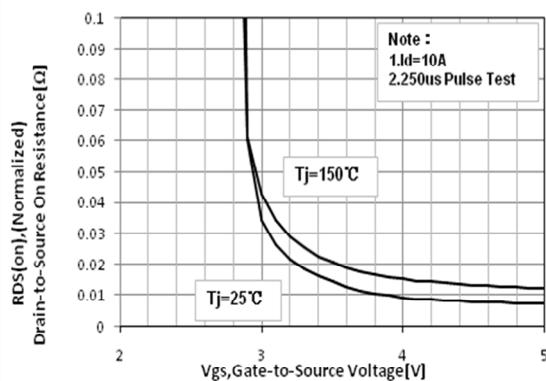




Figure 6. Maximum Peak Current Capability

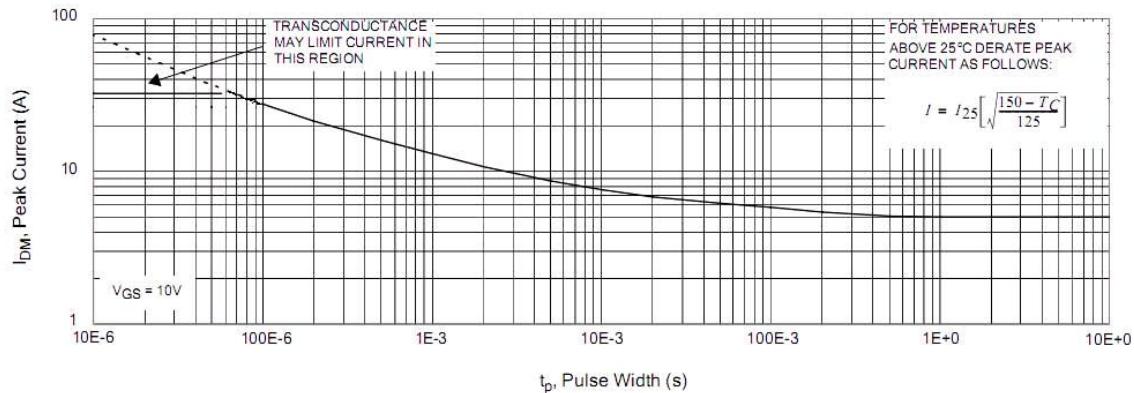


Figure 7. Typical Transfer Characteristics

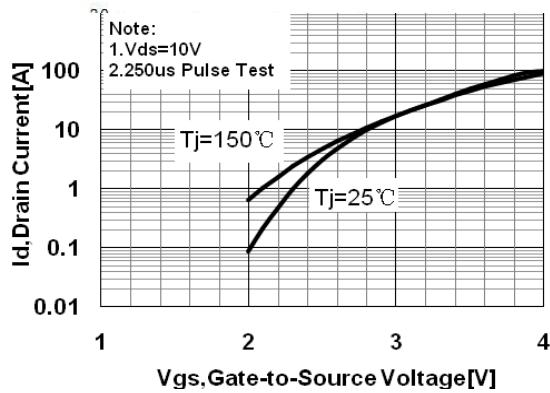


Figure 9. Typical Drain-to-Source ON Resistance vs Drain Current

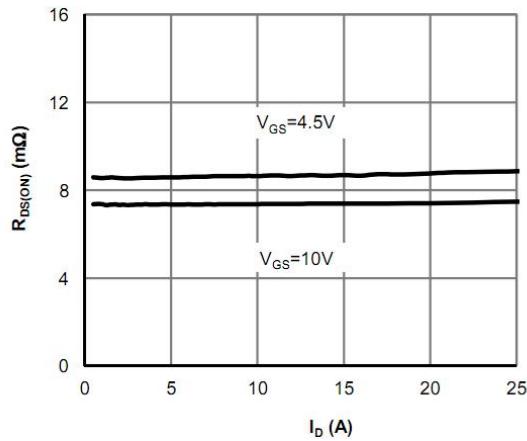


Figure 8. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

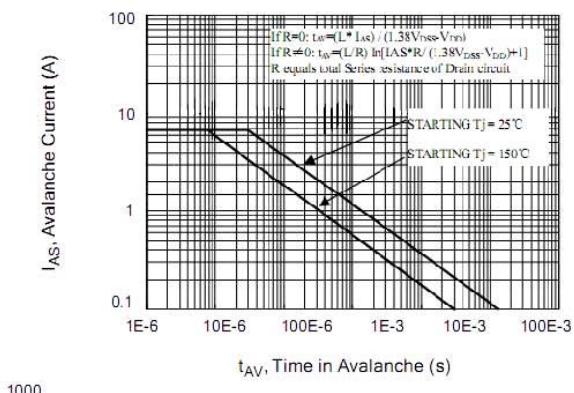


Figure 10. Typical Drain-to-Source ON Resistance vs Junction Temperature

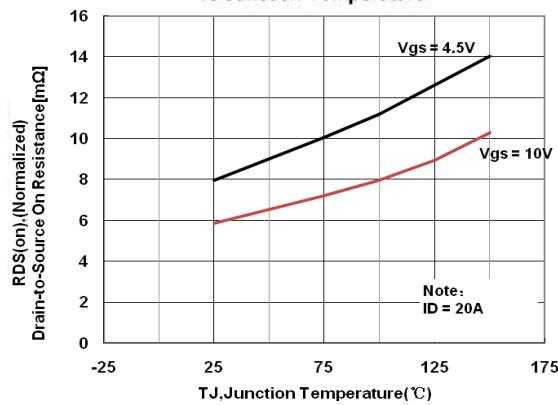


Figure 11. Typical Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature

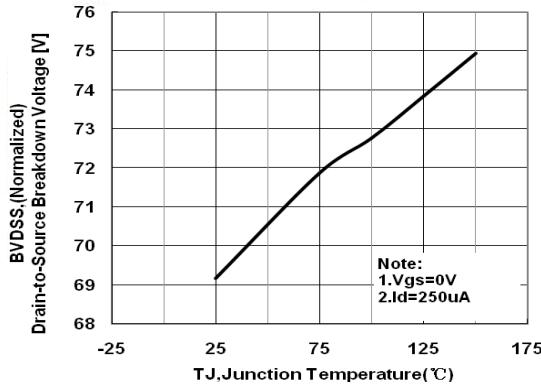


Figure 12. Typical Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature

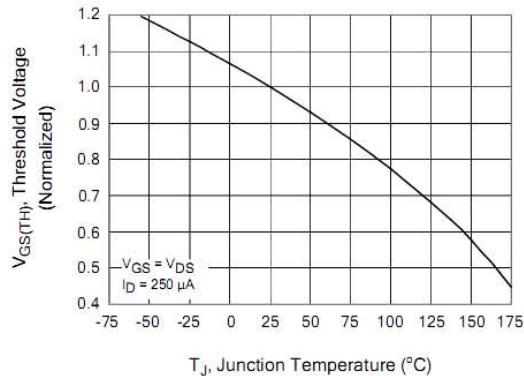


Figure 13. Maximum Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

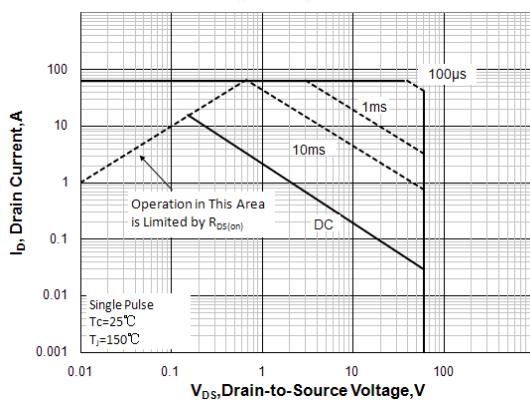


Figure 14. Typical Capacitance vs Drain-to-Source Voltage

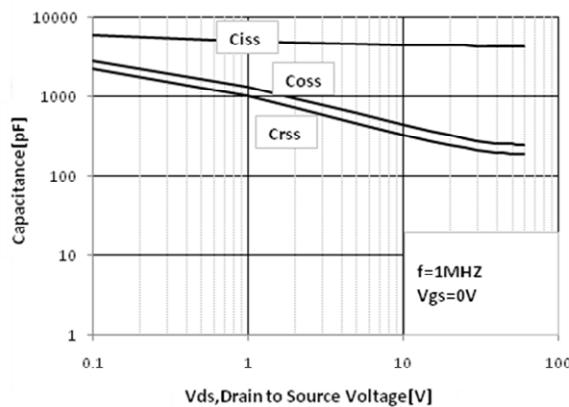


Figure 15. Typical Gate Charge vs Gate-to-Source Voltage

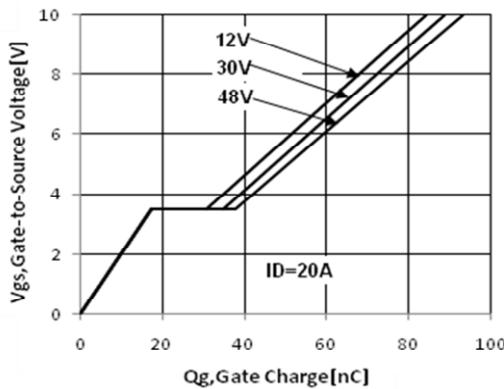
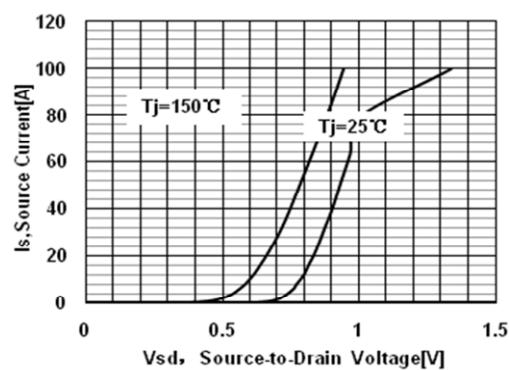


Figure 16. Typical Body Diode Transfer Characteristics



Test Circuit and Waveform:

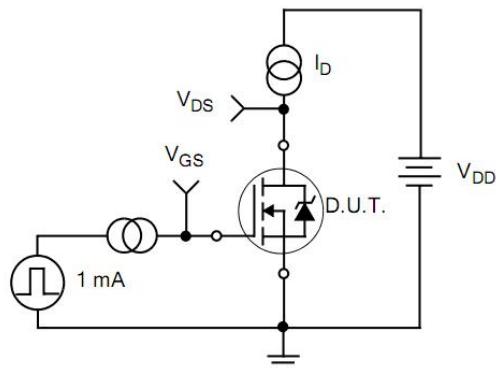


Figure 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit

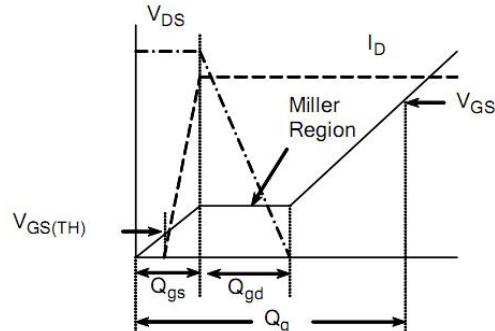


Figure 18. Gate Charge Waveform

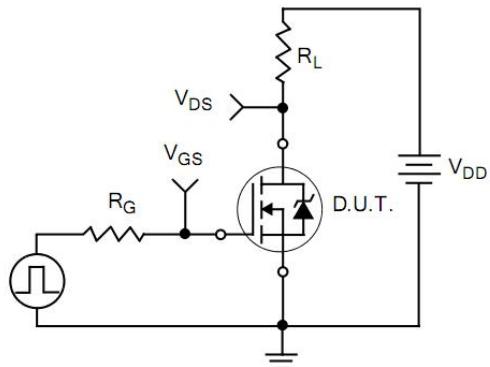


Figure 19. Resistive Switching Test Circuit

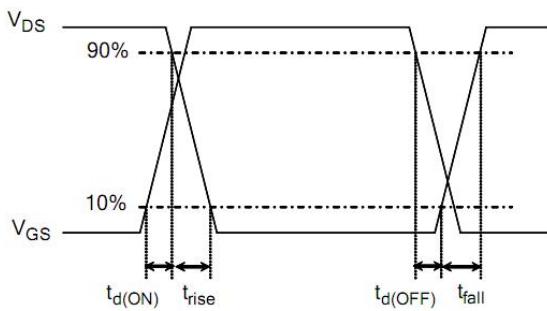


Figure 20. Resistive Switching Waveforms

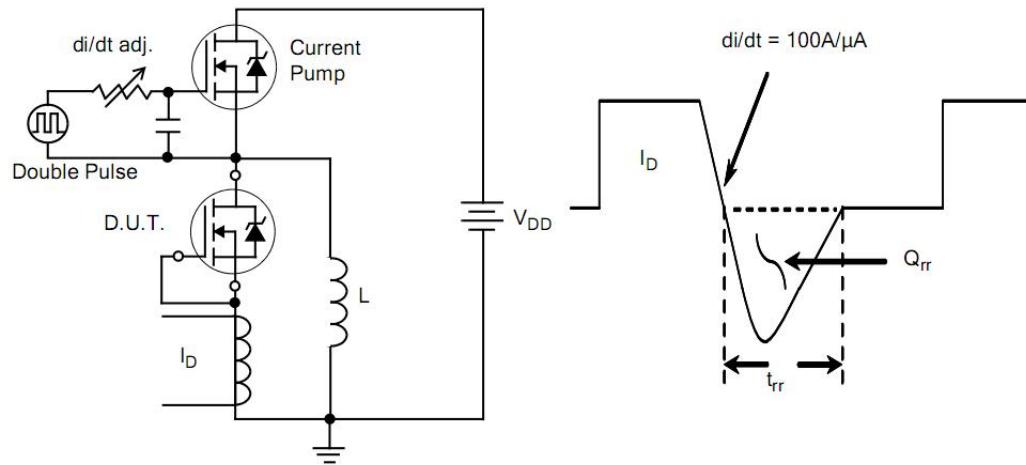


Figure 21. Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit

Figure 22. Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform

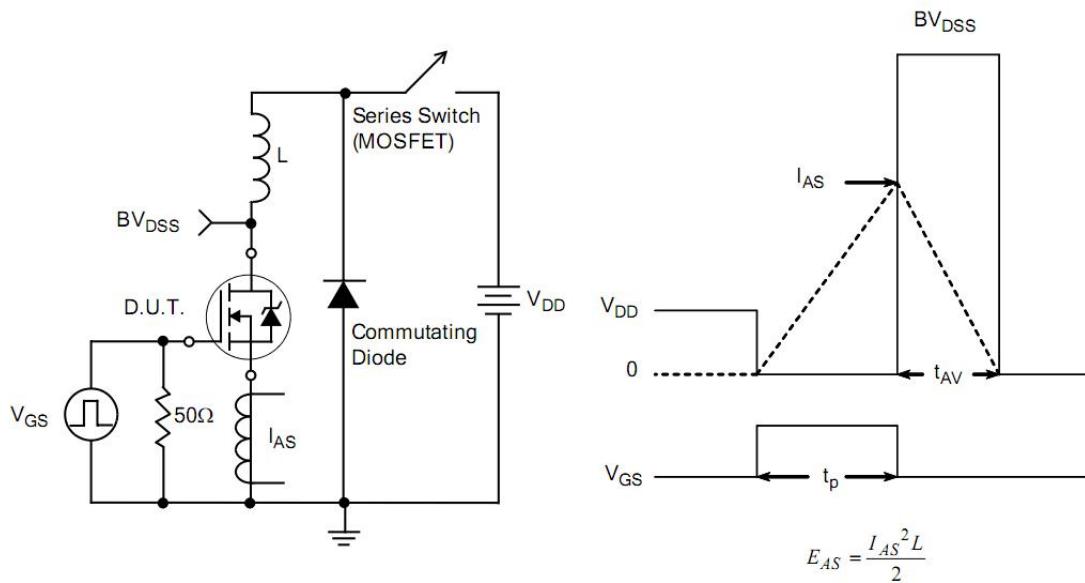
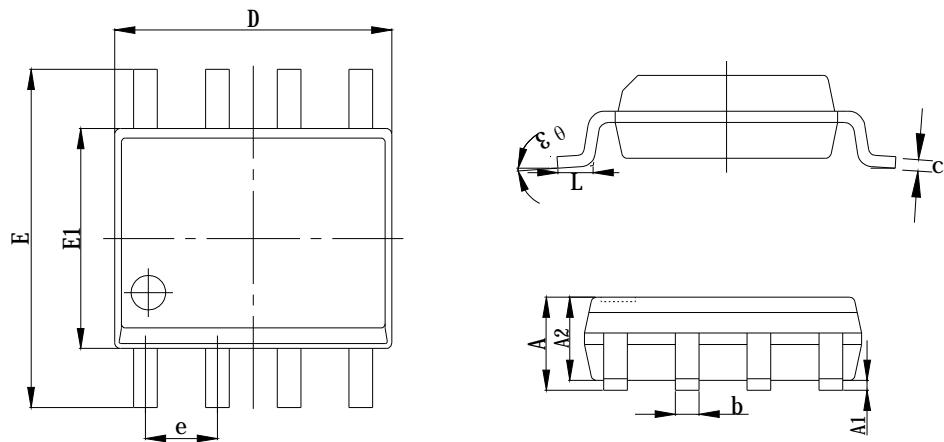


Figure 23. Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit

Figure 24. Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveforms

Package Information:



Items	Values(mm)	
	MIN	MAX
A	1.30	1.80
A1	0.10	0.25
A2	1.30	1.50
E	5.80	6.20
E1	3.80	4.00
D	4.80	5.00
L	0.40	0.90
e	1.27 TYP	
b	0.37	0.47
c	0.20 TYP	
θ3	0°	8°

SOP8 Package



The name and content of poisonous and harmful material in products

Warnings

1. Exceeding the maximum ratings of the device in performance may cause damage to the device, even the permanent failure, which may affect the dependability of the machine. It is suggested to be used under 80 percent of the maximum ratings of the device.
 2. When installing the heat sink, please pay attention to the torsional moment and the smoothness of the heat sink.
 3. VDMOSFETs is the device which is sensitive to the static electricity, it is necessary to protect the device from being damaged by the static electricity when using it.
 4. This publication is made by Huajing Microelectronics and subject to regular change without notice.

WUXI CHINA RESOURCES HUAJING MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Add: No.14 Liangxi RD. Wuxi, Jiangsu, China Mail:214061 <http://www.crhj.com.cn>
Tel: +86 0510-85807228 Fax: +86-0510-85800864

Application and Service: Post: 214061 Tel / Fax: +86-0510-81805243/81805110