

DATASHEET

### Description

The 9DBL0242 / 9DBL0252 devices are 3.3V members of IDT's Full-Featured PCIe family. The devices support PCIe Gen1-4 Common Clocked (CC) and PCle Gen2 Separate Reference Independent Spread (SRIS) systems. It offers a choice of integrated output terminations providing direct connection to  $85\Omega$  or  $100\Omega$  transmission lines. The 9DBL02P2 can be factory programmed with a user-defined power up default SMBus configuration.

## **Recommended Application**

PCIe Gen1-4 clock distribution for Riser Cards, Storage, Networking, JBOD, Communications, Access Points

### **Output Features**

- 2 1-200 MHz Low-Power (LP) HCSL DIF pairs
  - 9DBL0242 default Zout = 100Ω
  - 9DBL0252 default Zout = 85Ω
  - 9DBL02P2 factory programmable defaults
- Easy AC-coupling to other logic families, see IDT application note AN-891

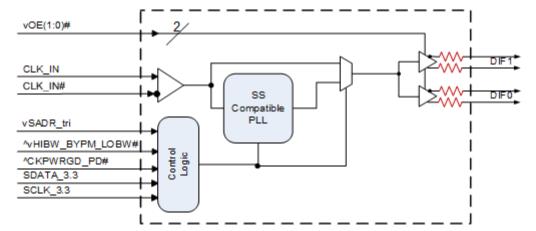
## **Key Specifications**

- PCIe Gen1-2-3-4 CC compliant in ZDB mode
- PCIe Gen2 SRIS compliant in ZDB mode
- Supports PCle Gen2-3 SRIS in fan-out mode
- DIF cycle-to-cycle jitter <50ps
- DIF output-to-output skew < 50ps
- Bypass mode additive phase jitter is 0 ps typical rms for
- Bypass mode additive phase jitter 160fs rms typ. @ 156.25M (1.5M to 10M)

#### Features/Benefits

- Direct connection to  $100\Omega$  (xx42) or  $85\Omega$  (xx52) transmission lines; saves 8 resistors compared to standard PCIe devices
- 100mW typical power consumption in PLL mode; minimal power consumption
- SMBus-selectable features allows optimization to customer requirements:
  - control input polarity
  - control input pull up/downs
  - slew rate for each output
  - differential output amplitude
  - output impedance for each output
  - 50, 100, 125MHz operating frequency
- · Customer defined SMBus power up default can be programmed into P1 device; allows exact optimization to customer requirements
- OE# pins; support DIF power management
- HCSL-compatible differential input; can be driven by common clock sources
- Spread Spectrum tolerant; allows reduction of EMI
- Pin/SMBus selectable PLL bandwidth and PLL Bypass; minimize phase jitter for each application
- Outputs blocked until PLL is locked; clean system start-up
- Device contains default configuration; SMBus interface not required for device operation
- Three selectable SMBus addresses; multiple devices can easily share an SMBus segment
- Space saving 24-pin 4x4mm VFQFPN; minimal board space

# **Block Diagram**

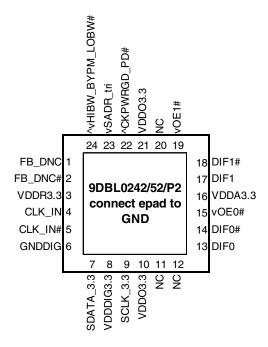


Note: Resistors default to internal on xx42/xx52 devices. P2 devices have programmable default impedances on an output-by-output basis.

1



# **Pin Configuration**



#### 24-pin VFQFPN, 4x4 mm, 0.5mm pitch

^ prefix indicates internal 120KOhm pull up resistor ^v prefix indicates internal 120KOhm pull up AND pull down resistor (biased to VDD/2) v prefix indicates internal 120KOhm pull down resistor

#### **SMBus Address Selection Table**

	SADR	Address	+ Read/Write bit
State of SADR on first application of	0	1101011	Х
CKPWRGD PD#	M	1101100	X
CKPWRGD_PD#	1	1101101	X

Note: If not using CKPWRGD (CKPWRGD tied to VDD3.3), all 3.3V VDD need to transition from 2.1V to 3.135V in <300usec.

#### **Power Management Table**

CKPWRGD PD#	CLK IN	SMBus	OEx# Pin	DIFx/D	IFx#	PLL
CKFWKGD_FD#	OLK_IN	OE bit	OLX# FIII	True O/P	Comp. O/P	FLL
0	Х	Х	Х	Low <sup>1</sup>	Low <sup>1</sup>	Off
1	Running	1	0	Running	Running	On <sup>3</sup>
1	Running	1	1	Disabled <sup>1</sup>	Disabled <sup>1</sup>	On <sup>3</sup>
1	Running	0	Х	Disabled <sup>1</sup>	Disabled <sup>1</sup>	On <sup>3</sup>

- 1. The output state is set by B11[1:0] (Low/Low default)
- 2. Input polarities defined as default values for xx41/xx51 devices.
- 3. If Bypass mode is selected, the PLL will be off, and outputs will be running.

#### **Power Connections**

Pin Numb	Pin Number					
VDD	GND	Description				
3	25	Input receiver analog				
8	6	Digital Power				
10,21	25	DIF outputs				
16	25	PLL Analog				

#### **PLL Operating Mode**

		Byte1 [7:6]	Byte1 [4:3]
HiBW_BypM_LoBW#	MODE	Readback	Control
0	PLL Lo BW	00	00
M	Bypass	01	01
1	PLL Hi BW	11	11



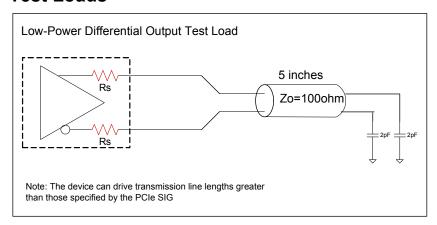
# **Pin Descriptions**

Pin#	Pin Name	Pin Type	Description
			True clock of differential feedback. The feedback output and
1	FB_DNC	DNC	feedback input are connected internally on this pin. Do not connect
			anything to this pin.
			Complement clock of differential feedback. The feedback output
2	FB_DNC#	DNC	and feedback input are connected internally on this pin. Do not
			connect anything to this pin.
3	VDDR3.3	PWR	3.3V power for differential input clock (receiver). This VDD should
3	VDDN3.3	FVVN	be treated as an Analog power rail and filtered appropriately.
4	CLK_IN	IN	True Input for differential reference clock.
5	CLK_IN#	IN	Complementary Input for differential reference clock.
6	GNDDIG	GND	Ground pin for digital circuitry
7	SDATA_3.3	I/O	Data pin for SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
8	VDDDIG3.3	PWR	3.3V digital power (dirty power)
9	SCLK_3.3	IN	Clock pin of SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
10	VDDO3.3	PWR	Power supply for outputs, nominal 3.3V.
11	NC	N/A	No Connection.
12	NC	N/A	No Connection.
13	DIF0	OUT	Differential true clock output
14	DIF0#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
			Active low input for enabling DIF pair 0. This pin has an internal pull-
15	vOE0#	IN	down.
			1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
16	VDDA3.3	PWR	3.3V power for the PLL core.
17	DIF1	OUT	Differential true clock output
18	DIF1#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
			Active low input for enabling DIF pair 1. This pin has an internal pull-
19	vOE1#	IN	down.
			1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
20	NC	N/A	No Connection.
21	VDDO3.3	PWR	Power supply for outputs,nominal 3.3V.
			Input notifies device to sample latched inputs and start up on first
22	^CKPWRGD_PD#	IN	high assertion. Low enters Power Down Mode, subsequent high
			assertions exit Power Down Mode. This pin has internal pull-up
			resistor.
23	vSADR_tri	LATCHED	
<u> </u>		IN	Selection Table.
		LATCHED	Trilevel input to select High BW, Bypass or Low BW mode. This
24	^vHIBW_BYPM_LOBW#	IN	pin is biased to VDD/2 (Bypass mode) with internal pull up/pull down
<u> </u>	resistors. See PLL Operating Mode Table for Details.		
25	epad	GND	connect epad to ground.

NOTE: DNC indicates Do Not Connect anything to this pin.



# **Test Loads**



#### **Terminations**

Device	Zo (Ω)	Rs (Ω)
9DBL0242	100	None needed
9DBL0252	100	7.5
9DBL02P2	100	Prog.
9DBL0242	85	N/A
9DBL0252	85	None needed
9DBL02P2	85	Prog.

# **Alternate Terminations**

The 9DBL family can easily drive LVPECL, LVDS, and CML logic. See <u>"AN-891 Driving LVPECL, LVDS, and CML Logic with IDT's "Universal" Low-Power HCSL Outputs"</u> for details.



# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses above the ratings listed below can cause permanent damage to the 9DBL0242 / 9DBL0252. These ratings, which are standard values for IDT commercially rated parts, are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect product reliability. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the recommended operating temperature range.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage	VDDx				4.6	V	1,2
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$		-0.5		V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5	V	1,3
Input High Voltage, SMBus	$V_{IHSMB}$	SMBus clock and data pins			3.9	V	1
Storage Temperature	Ts		-65		150	°C	1
Junction Temperature	Tj				125	°C	1
Input ESD protection	ESD prot	Human Body Model	2500			V	1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

# **Electrical Characteristics-Clock Input Parameters**

TA = T<sub>AMB</sub> Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions. See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

77 - TAMB, Cappiy Voltagee per normal operation containency, ede 1681 Edade for Edading Containence									
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES		
Input Crossover Voltage - DIF_IN	V <sub>CROSS</sub>	Cross Over Voltage	150		900	mV	1		
Input Swing - DIF_IN	V <sub>SWING</sub>	Differential value	300			mV	1		
Input Slew Rate - DIF_IN	dv/dt	Measured differentially	0.4		8	V/ns	1,2		
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ , $V_{IN} = GND$	-5		5	uA			
Input Duty Cycle	d <sub>tin</sub>	Measurement from differential wavefrom	45		55	%	1		
Input Jitter - Cycle to Cycle	$J_{DIFIn}$	Differential Measurement	0		125	ps	1		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

#### **Electrical Characteristics-SMBus Parameters**

TA = T<sub>AMB</sub>: Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

AIVID, I-I- 7							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SMBus Input Low Voltage	V <sub>ILSMB</sub>	$V_{DDSMB} = 3.3V$			0.8	V	
SMBus Input High Voltage	$V_{IHSMB}$	$V_{DDSMB} = 3.3V$	2.1		3.6	V	
SMBus Output Low Voltage	$V_{OLSMB}$	@ I <sub>PULLUP</sub>			0.4	V	
SMBus Sink Current	I <sub>PULLUP</sub>	@ V <sub>OL</sub>	4			mA	
Nominal Bus Voltage	$V_{DDSMB}$		2.7		3.6	V	
SCLK/SDATA Rise Time	t <sub>RSMB</sub>	(Max VIL - 0.15) to (Min VIH + 0.15)			1000	ns	1
SCLK/SDATA Fall Time	t <sub>FSMB</sub>	(Min VIH + 0.15) to (Max VIL - 0.15)			300	ns	1
SMBus Operating Frequency	f <sub>SMB</sub>	SMBus operating frequency			500	kHz	2,3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Operation under these conditions is neither implied nor guaranteed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Not to exceed 4.6V.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Slew rate measured through +/-75mV window centered around differential zero

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2.</sup> The device must be powered up for the SMBus to function.

<sup>3.</sup> The differential input clock must be running for the SMBus to be active



# **Electrical Characteristics-Input/Supply/Common Parameters-Normal Operating Conditions**

TA = T<sub>AMB</sub>, Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage	VDDx	Supply voltage for core and analog	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Ambient Operating Temperature	T <sub>AMB</sub>	Industrial range	-40	25	85	°C	
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	0.75 V <sub>DDx</sub>		$V_{DDx} + 0.3$	V	
Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL}$		-0.3		$0.25~V_{DDx}$	V	
Input High Voltage	$V_{IHtri}$		0.75 V <sub>DDx</sub>		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
Input Mid Voltage	$V_{IMtri}$	Single-ended tri-level inputs ('_tri' suffix)	$0.4~V_{DDx}$	$0.5 V_{DDx}$	$0.6 V_{DDx}$	V	
Input Low Voltage	$V_{ILtri}$		-0.3		0.25 V <sub>DDx</sub>	V	
	I <sub>IN</sub>	Single-ended inputs, $V_{IN} = GND$ , $V_{IN} = VDD$	-5		5	uA	
Input Current	I <sub>INP</sub>	$\label{eq:VIN} Single-ended inputs \\ V_{IN} = 0 \ V; \ Inputs \ with internal \ pull-up \ resistors \\ V_{IN} = VDD; \ Inputs \ with \ internal \ pull-down \ resistors$	-50		50	uA	
		Bypass mode	1		200	MHz	2
115	F <sub>IN</sub>	100MHz PLL mode	60	100.00	140	MHz	2
Input Frequency		50MHz PLL mode	30	50.00	65	MHz	2
		125MHz PLL mode	75	125.00	175	MHz	2
Pin Inductance	L <sub>pin</sub>				7	nH	1
	C <sub>IN</sub>	Logic Inputs, except DIF_IN	1.5		5	pF	1
Capacitance	C <sub>INDIF_IN</sub>	DIF_IN differential clock inputs	1.5		2.7	pF	1
	C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output pin capacitance			6	pF	1
Clk Stabilization	T <sub>STAB</sub>	From V <sub>DD</sub> Power-Up and after input clock stabilization or de-assertion of PD# to 1st clock			1	ms	1,2
Input SS Modulation Frequency PCIe	f <sub>MODINPCle</sub>	Allowable Frequency for PCIe Applications (Triangular Modulation)	30		33	kHz	
Input SS Modulation Frequency non-PCIe	f <sub>MODIN</sub>	Allowable Frequency for non-PCle Applications (Triangular Modulation)	0		66	kHz	
OE# Latency	t <sub>LATOE#</sub>	DIF start after OE# assertion DIF stop after OE# deassertion	1		3	clocks	1,3
Tdrive_PD#	t <sub>DRVPD</sub>	DIF output enable after PD# de-assertion			300	us	1,3
Tfall	t <sub>F</sub>	Fall time of single-ended control inputs			5	ns	2
Trise	t <sub>R</sub>	Rise time of single-ended control inputs			5	ns	2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Control input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Time from deassertion until outputs are >200 mV



## **Electrical Characteristics-DIF Low-Power HCSL Outputs**

TA = T<sub>AMB</sub>. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Slew rate	dV/dt	Scope averaging on, fast setting	2	2.8	4	V/ns	1,2,3
Siew rate	dV/dt	Scope averaging on, slow setting	1.2	1.9	3.1	V/ns	1,2,3
Slew rate matching	∆dV/dt	Slew rate matching		7	20	%	1,2,4
Voltage High	V <sub>HIGH</sub>	Statistical measurement on single-ended signal using oscilloscope math function. (Scope	660	768	850	mV	7
Voltage Low	$V_{LOW}$	averaging on)	-150	-11	150	] ''''	7
Max Voltage	Vmax	Measurement on single ended signal using		811	1150	mV	7
Min Voltage	Vmin	absolute value. (Scope averaging off)	-300	-49		IIIV	7
Crossing Voltage (abs)	Vcross_abs	Scope averaging off	250	357	550	mV	1,5
Crossing Voltage (var)	∆-Vcross	Scope averaging off		14	140	mV	1,6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

# **Electrical Characteristics-Current Consumption**

TA = T<sub>AMB.</sub> Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
	I <sub>DDA</sub>	VDDA, PLL Mode @100MHz		7	10	mA	
Operating Supply Current	I <sub>DDDIG</sub>	VDDDIG, PLL Mode @100MHz		3.4	5	mA	
	I <sub>DDO+R</sub>	VDDO+VDDR, PLL Mode, All outputs @100MHz		20	25	mA	
Powerdown Current	I <sub>DDRPD</sub>	VDDA, CKPWRGD_PD# = 0		0.6	1.0	mA	1
	I <sub>DDDIGPD</sub>	VDDDIG, CKPWRGD_PD# = 0		3.0	4.3	mA	1
	I <sub>DDAOPD</sub>	VDDO+VDDR, CKPWRGD_PD# = 0		0.9	1.3	mA	1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Input clock stopped.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Measured from differential waveform

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Slew rate is measured through the Vswing voltage range centered around differential 0V. This results in a +/-150mV window around differential 0V.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Matching applies to rising edge rate for Clock and falling edge rate for Clock#. It is measured using a +/-75mV window centered on the average cross point where Clock rising meets Clock# falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds the oscilloscope is to use for the edge rate calculations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Vcross is defined as voltage where Clock = Clock# measured on a component test board and only applies to the differential rising edge (i.e. Clock rising and Clock# falling).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The total variation of all Vcross measurements in any particular system. Note that this is a subset of Vcross\_min/max (Vcross absolute) allowed. The intent is to limit Vcross induced modulation by setting Δ-Vcross to be smaller than Vcross absolute.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> At default SMBus settings.



# Electrical Characteristics-Output Duty Cycle, Jitter, Skew and PLL Characteristics

TA = T<sub>AMB.</sub> Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

177 - Tamb, Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, ever rest Education Education								
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES	
PLL Bandwidth	BW	-3dB point in High BW Mode (100MHz)	2	3.3	4	MHz	1,5	
FLL Balldwidth	DVV	-3dB point in Low BW Mode (100MHz)	1	1.5	2	MHz	1,5	
PLL Jitter Peaking	t <sub>JPEAK</sub>	Peak Pass band Gain (100MHz)		0.8	2	dB	1	
Duty Cycle	t <sub>DC</sub>	Measured differentially, PLL Mode	45	50	55	%	1	
Duty Cycle Distortion	cle Distortion t <sub>DCD</sub> Measured differentially, Bypass Mode		-1	0.0	1	%	1,3	
Skew, Input to Output	t <sub>pdBYP</sub>	Bypass Mode, V <sub>T</sub> = 50%	2500	3406	4500	ps	1	
Skew, Input to Output	t <sub>pdPLL</sub>	PLL Mode V <sub>T</sub> = 50%	-100	8	100	ps	1,4	
Skew, Output to Output	t <sub>sk3</sub>	V <sub>T</sub> = 50%		21	55	ps	1,4	
Jitter, Cycle to cycle	+.	PLL mode		15	50	ps	1,2	
Jitter, Cycle to Cycle	T <sub>jcyc-cyc</sub>	Additive Jitter in Bypass Mode		0.1	1	ps	1,2	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

# Electrical Characteristics-Filtered Phase Jitter Parameters - PCle Common Clocked (CC) Architectures

T<sub>AMB</sub> = over the specified operating range. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	INDUSTRY LIMIT	UNITS	Notes
	t <sub>iphPCleG1-CC</sub>	PCle Gen 1		23	32	86	ps (p-p)	1,2,3,5
		PCIe Gen 2 Lo Band 10kHz < f < 1.5MHz (PLL BW of 5-16MHz or 8-5MHz, CDR = 5MHz)		0.6	0.8	3	ps (rms)	1,2,5
Phase Jitter, PLL Mode	T <sub>jphPCleG2-CC</sub>	PCIe Gen 2 High Band 1.5MHz < f < Nyquist (50MHz) (PLL BW of 5-16MHz or 8-5MHz, CDR = 5MHz)		1.7	2.1	3.1	ps (rms)	1,2,5
	t <sub>jphPCleG3-CC</sub>	PCIe Gen 3 (PLL BW of 2-4MHz or 2-5MHz, CDR = 10MHz)		0.4	0.48	1	ps (rms)	1,2,5
	t <sub>jphPCleG4-CC</sub>	PCIe Gen 4 (PLL BW of 2-4MHz or 2-5MHz, CDR = 10MHz)		0.4	0.48	0.5	ps (rms)	1,2,5
	t <sub>jphPCleG1-CC</sub>	PCIe Gen 1		0.0	0.01		ps (p-p)	1,2,5
	t <sub>jphPCleG2-CC</sub>	PCIe Gen 2 Lo Band 10kHz < f < 1.5MHz (PLL BW of 5-16MHz or 8-5MHz, CDR = 5MHz)		0.0	0.01		ps (rms)	1,2,4,5
Additive Phase Jitter, Bypass mode		PCIe Gen 2 High Band 1.5MHz < f < Nyquist (50MHz) (PLL BW of 5-16MHz or 8-5MHz, CDR = 5MHz)		0.0	0.01	n/a	ps (rms)	1,2,4,5
	t <sub>jphPCleG3-CC</sub>	PCIe Gen 3 (PLL BW of 2-4MHz or 2-5MHz, CDR = 10MHz)		0.0	0.01		ps (rms)	1,2,4,5
	t <sub>jphPCleG4-CC</sub>	PCIe Gen 4 (PLL BW of 2-4MHz or 2-5MHz, CDR = 10MHz)		0.0	0.01		ps (rms)	1,2,4,5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Applies to all outputs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Measured from differential waveform

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Duty cycle distortion is the difference in duty cycle between the output and the input clock when the device is operated in bypass mode.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> All outputs at default slew rate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The MIN/TYP/MAX values of each BW setting track each other, i.e., Low BW MAX will never occur with Hi BW MIN.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on PCle Base Specification Rev4.0 version 0.7draft. See http://www.pcisig.com for latest specifications.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sample size of at least 100K cycles. This figures extrapolates to 108ps pk-pk @ 1M cycles for a BER of 1-12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For RMS values additive jitter is calculated by solving the following equation for b [ $a^2+b^2=c^2$ ] where a is rms input jitter and c is rms total jitter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Driven by 9FGL0841 or equivalent



# Electrical Characteristics-Filtered Phase Jitter Parameters - PCle Separate Reference Independent Spread (SRIS) Architectures<sup>5</sup>

T<sub>AMB</sub> = over the specified operating range. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	INDUSTRY LIMIT	UNITS	Notes
Phase Jitter, PLL Mode	t <sub>jphPCleG2</sub> - SRIS	PCIe Gen 2 (PLL BW of 16MHz , CDR = 5MHz)		1.2	1.5	2	ps (rms)	1,2,5
	t <sub>jphPCleG3</sub> - SRIS	PCIe Gen 3 (PLL BW of 2-4MHz or 2-5MHz, CDR = 10MHz)	n/a		0.7	ps (rms)	1,2,5,6	
Additive Phase Jitter, Bypass mode	t <sub>jphPCleG2</sub> - SRIS	PCIe Gen 2 (PLL BW of 16MHz , CDR = 5MHz)		0.0	0.01	n/a	ps (rms)	1,2,4,5
	t <sub>jphPCleG3-</sub> SRIS	PCIe Gen 3 (PLL BW of 2-4MHz or 2-5MHz, CDR = 10MHz)		0.0	0.01	II/a	ps (rms)	1,2,4,5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

#### **Electrical Characteristics-Unfiltered Phase Jitter Parameters**

TA = T<sub>AMB.</sub> Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

						INDUSTRY		
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	LIMIT	UNITS	Notes
Additive Phase Jitter,	t <sub>jph156M</sub>	156.25MHz, 1.5MHz to 10MHz, -20dB/decade rollover < 1.5MHz, -40db/decade rolloff > 10MHz		159		N/A	fs (rms)	1,2,3
Fanout Mode	t <sub>jph156M12k-</sub>	156.25MHz, 12kHz to 20MHz, -20dB/decade rollover <12kHz, -40db/decade rolloff > 20MHz		363		N/A	fs (rms)	1,2,3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on PCIe Base Specification Rev3.1a. These filters are different than Common Clock filters. See http://www.pcisig.com for latest specifications.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sample size of at least 100K cycles. This figures extrapolates to 108ps pk-pk @ 1M cycles for a BER of 1-12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For RMS values, additive jitter is calculated by solving the following equation for b [a/2+b/2=c/2] where a is rms input jitter and c is rms total jitter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> As of PCle Base Specification Rev4.0 draft 0.7, SRIS is defined as "implementation dependent", with no firm specifications.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Certain customers have suggested a 0.7ps spec limit for Gen3 SRIS The device supports PCIe Gen3 SRIS in bypass mode.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> DRiven by Rohde&Schartz SMA100

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  For RMS figures, additive jitter is calculated by solving the following equation: Additive jitter = SQRT[(total jitter)^2 - (input jitter)^2]



#### **General SMBus Serial Interface Information**

#### **How to Write**

- · Controller (host) sends a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the byte count = X
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) starts sending Byte N through Byte N+X-1
- IDT clock will acknowledge each byte one at a time
- Controller (host) sends a Stop bit

	Index Bl	ock '	Write Operation
Controll	er (Host)		IDT (Slave/Receiver)
Т	starT bit		
Slave A	Address		
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Beginning	g Byte = N		
			ACK
Data Byte	Count = X		
			ACK
Beginnin	g Byte N		
			ACK
0		×	
0		X Byte	0
0		Ö	0
			0
Byte N	+ X - 1		
			ACK
Р	stoP bit		

Note: SMBus Address is Latched on SADR pin. Unless otherwise indicated, default values are for the xx42 and xx52. P2 devices are fully factory programmable.

#### How to Read

- · Controller (host) will send a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit
- · Controller (host) sends the read address
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- IDT clock will send the data byte count = X
- IDT clock sends Byte N+X-1
- IDT clock sends Byte 0 through Byte X (if X<sub>(H)</sub> was written to Byte 8)
- · Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controller (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

	Index Block F	Read O	peration
Cor	ntroller (Host)		IDT (Slave/Receiver)
Т	starT bit		
SI	ave Address		
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Begi	nning Byte = N		
			ACK
RT	Repeat starT		
SI	ave Address		
RD	ReaD		
			ACK
			Data Byte Count=X
	ACK		
			Beginning Byte N
	ACK		
		ē	0
	0	X Byte	0
	0	×	0
	0		
			Byte N + X - 1
N	Not acknowledge		
Р	stoP bit		



SMBus Table: Output Enable Register <sup>1</sup>

Byte 0	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default		
Bit 7		Reserved				0		
Bit 6		Reserved				0		
Bit 5	Reserved							
Bit 4	DIF OE1	Output Enable	RW	Coo D11[1:0]	Soc P11[1:0] F	See B11[1:0]	Pin Control	1
Bit 3	DIF OE0	Output Enable	RW	366 011[1.0]	Pin Control	1		
Bit 2		Reserved				0		
Bit 1	Reserved							
Bit 0		Reserved				0		

<sup>1.</sup> A low on these bits will overide the OE# pin and force the differential output to the state indicated by B11[1:0] (Low/Low default)

SMBus Table: PLL Operating Mode and Output Amplitude Control Register

Byte 1	Name	Control Function	Type	0 1		Default
Bit 7	PLLMODERB1	PLL Mode Readback Bit 1	R	See PLL Operat	ting Mode Table	Latch
Bit 6	PLLMODERB0	PLL Mode Readback Bit 0	R	See FLL Operar	ing wode rable	Latch
Bit 5	PLLMODE SWCNTRL	Enable SW control of PLL Mode	RW	Values in B1[7:6]	Values in B1[4:3]	0
Dit 3	I LEWODE_SWONTKE	Lilable SVV control of LE Mode	1 ( ) (	set PLL Mode	set PLL Mode	
Bit 4	PLLMODE1	PLL Mode Control Bit 1	RW <sup>1</sup>	See PLL Operat	ting Mode Table	0
Bit 3	PLLMODE0	PLL Mode Control Bit 0	RW <sup>1</sup>	See FLL Operar	ing wode rable	0
Bit 2		Reserved				1
Bit 1	AMPLITUDE 1	Controls Output Amplitude	RW	00 = 0.60V	01= 0.68V	1
Bit 0	AMPLITUDE 0	RW		10 = 0.75V	11 = 0.85V	0

<sup>1.</sup> B1[5] must be set to a 1 for these bits to have any effect on the part.

SMBus Table: Slew Rate Control Register

Byte 2	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default		
Bit 7		Reserved				1		
Bit 6		Reserved						
Bit 5		Reserved						
Bit 4	SLEWRATESEL DIF1	Slew rate selection	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1		
Bit 3	SLEWRATESEL DIF0	Slew rate selection	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1		
Bit 2		Reserved				1		
Bit 1	Reserved							
Bit 0		Reserved				1		

Note: See "Low-Power HCSL Outputs" table for slew rates.

#### SMBus Table: Slew Rate Control Register

Byte 3	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7		Reserved				1
Bit 6		Reserved				1
Bit 5	FREQ_SEL_EN	Enable SW selection of frequency	RW	SW frequency change disabled	SW frequency change enabled	0
Bit 4	FSEL1	Freq. Select Bit 1	RW <sup>1</sup>	00 = 100M,	10 = 125M	0
Bit 3	FSEL0	Freq. Select Bit 0	RW <sup>1</sup>	01 = 50M, 1	1= Reserved	0
Bit 2		Reserved				1
Bit 1	Reserved					
Bit 0	SLEWRATESEL FB	Adjust Slew Rate of FB	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1

<sup>1.</sup> B3[5] must be set to a 1 for these bits to have any effect on the part.

#### Byte 4 is Reserved



SMBus Table: Revision and Vendor ID Register

Byte 5	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	RID3		R		0	
Bit 6	RID2	Revision ID	R	B rev	0	
Bit 5	RID1	Revision id	R	D IEV -	0	
Bit 4	RID0		R		1	
Bit 3	VID3		R			0
Bit 2	VID2	VENDOR ID	R	0001	0001 = IDT	
Bit 1	VID1	VENDORID	R	0001 = 101		0
Bit 0	VID0		R			1

SMBus Table: Device Type/Device ID

Byte 6	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	Device Type1	Device Type	RW	00 = FGx, $01 = DBx ZDB/FOB$ ,		0	
Bit 6	Device Type0	Device Type	RW	10 = DMx, 1	1		
Bit 5	Device ID5		RW		0		
Bit 4	Device ID4		RW		0		
Bit 3	Device ID3	Device ID	RW	000010hina	ay or 02 hey	0	
Bit 2	Device ID2	Device ib	RW	0000 Tobinai	000010binary or 02 hex		
Bit 1	Device ID1		RW			1	
Bit 0	Device ID0		RW			0	

SMBus Table: Byte Count Register

	bioi byto count nogioto			T	T		
Byte 7	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	Reserved						
Bit 6		Reserved				0	
Bit 5	Reserved						
Bit 4	BC4		RW			0	
Bit 3	BC3		RW	Writing to this regist	er will configure how	1	
Bit 2	BC2	Byte Count Programming	RW	many bytes will be	read back, default is	0	
Bit 1	BC1		RW	= 8 b	ytes.	0	
Bit 0	BC0		RW			0	

#### Bytes 8 and 9 are Reserved

SMBus Table: PD Restore

Byte 10	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default	
Bit 7		Reserved					
Bit 6	Power-Down (PD) Restore	Restore Default Config. In PD	RW	Clear Config in PD	Keep Config in PD	1	
Bit 5	Reserved						
Bit 4	Reserved						
Bit 3		Reserved				0	
Bit 2	Reserved						
Bit 1	Reserved						
Bit 0		Reserved				0	



#### **SMBus Table: Stop State and Impedance Control**

Byte 11	Name	Control Function		0	1	Default
Bit 7	FB_imp[1]	FB Zout	RW	00=33Ω DIF Zout	10=100Ω DIF Zout	see Note
Bit 6	FB_imp[0]	FB Zout	RW	01=85Ω DIF Zout	11 = Reserved	See Note
Bit 5	Reserved					
Bit 4	Reserved					
Bit 3		Reserved				0
Bit 2		Reserved				0
Bit 1	STP[1]	True/Complement DIF Output RW 00 = Low/Low 10 = High/Low				
Bit 0	STP[0]	Disable State	RW	01 = HiZ/HiZ	11 = Low/High	0

Note: xx42 = 10, xx52 = 01, P2 = factory programmable.

#### SMBus Table: Impedance Control

Byte 12	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	DIF0_imp[1]	DIF0 Zout	RW	00=33Ω DIF Zout	10=100Ω DIF Zout	see Note	
Bit 6	DIF0_imp[0]	Dii 0 200t	RW	01=85Ω DIF Zout	11 = Reserved	See Note	
Bit 5	Reserved						
Bit 4	Reserved						
Bit 3	Reserved						
Bit 2	Reserved						
Bit 1	Reserved						
Bit 0	Reserved						

Note: xx42 = 10, xx52 = 01, P2 = factory programmable.

#### **SMBus Table: Impedance Control**

Byte 13	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	Reserved						
Bit 6	Reserved						
Bit 5	Reserved						
Bit 4	Reserved						
Bit 3		Reserved				Χ	
Bit 2		Reserved				Х	
Bit 1	DIF1_imp[1] DIF1 Zout RW 00=33Ω DIF Zout 10=100Ω DIF Zout					see Note	
Bit 0	DIF1_imp[0]	_ '''					

Note: xx42 = 10, xx52 = 01, P2 = factory programmable.

#### SMBus Table: Pull-up Pull-down Control

	orer an apran aemire.					
Byte 14	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	OE0_pu/pd[1]	] OE0 Pull-up(PuP)/		00=None	10=Pup	0
Bit 6	OE0_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down(Pdwn) control	RW	01=Pdwn	11 = Pup+Pdwn	1
Bit 5	Reserved					
Bit 4	Reserved					
Bit 3		Reserved				Х
Bit 2	Reserved					
Bit 1	Reserved					
Bit 0		Reserved				X

Note: xx42 = 10, xx52 = 01, P2 = factory programmable.



#### SMBus Table: Pull-up Pull-down Control

Byte 15	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	Reserved						
Bit 6	Reserved						
Bit 5	Reserved						
Bit 4	Reserved						
Bit 3		Reserved				Χ	
Bit 2		Reserved				Χ	
Bit 1	OE1_pu/pd[1] OE1 Pull-up(PuP)/ RW 00=None 10=Pup						
Bit 0	OE1_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down(Pdwn) control	RW	01=Pdwn	11 = Pup+Pdwn	1	

Note: These values are for xx42, and xx52. P2 is factory programmable.

#### SMBus Table: Pull-up Pull-down Control

Byte 16	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	Reserved						
Bit 6	Reserved						
Bit 5	Reserved						
Bit 4	Reserved						
Bit 3		Reserved				Х	
Bit 2		Reserved				Х	
Bit 1	CKPWRGD_PD_pu/pd[1] CKPWRGD_PD Pull-up(PuP)/ RW 00=None 10=Pup						
Bit 0	CKPWRGD_PD_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down(Pdwn) control	RW	01=Pdwn	11 = Pup+Pdwn	0	

Note: xx42 = 10, xx52 = 01, P2 = factory programmable.

#### Bytes 17 is Reserved

#### **SMBus Table: Polarity Control**

Byte 18	Name Control Function		Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7		Reserved				Χ
Bit 6		Reserved				Χ
Bit 5	Reserved					
Bit 4	OE1_polarity Sets OE1 polarity RW Enabled when Low Enabled when Hi					0
Bit 3	OE0_polarity	Sets OE0 polarity	RW	Enabled when Low	Enabled when High	0
Bit 2	Reserved					
Bit 1	Reserved					
Bit 0		Reserved				Х

#### **SMBus Table: Polarity Control**

Byte 19	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	Reserved						
Bit 6		Reserved				0	
Bit 5	Reserved						
Bit 4	Reserved						
Bit 3	Reserved						
Bit 2		Reserved				0	
Bit 1	Reserved						
Bit 0	CKPWRGD_PD				Power Down when High	0	



# **Marking Diagrams**







#### Notes:

- 1. "LOT" is the lot sequence number.
- 2. "YYWW" is the last two digits of the year and week that the part was assembled.
- 3. Line 2: truncated part number
- 4. "I" denotes industrial temperature range device.

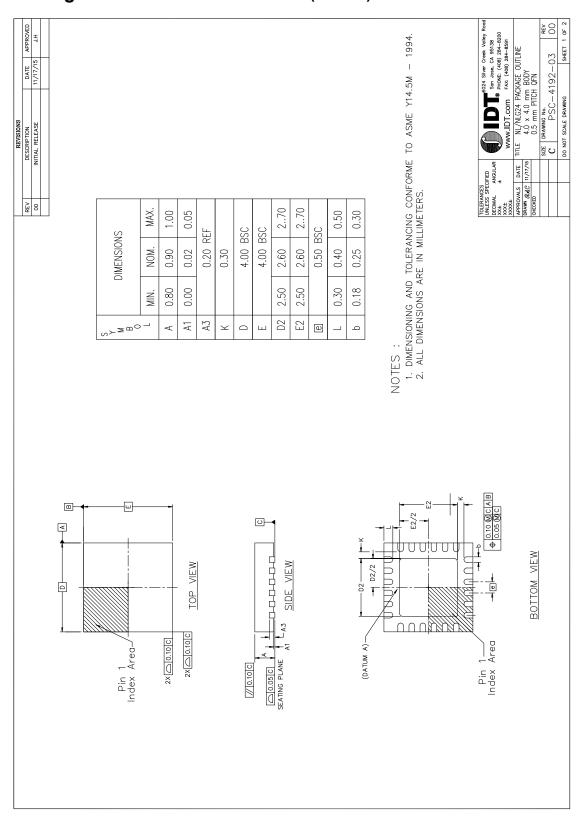
## **Thermal Characteristics**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	PKG	TYP VALUE	UNITS	NOTES
	$\Theta_{JC}$	Junction to Case		62	°C/W	1
	$\Theta_{Jb}$	Junction to Base	5	5.4	°C/W	1
Thermal Resistance	$\Theta_{JA0}$	Junction to Air, still air	NLG20	50	°C/W	1
Theimai nesistance	$\Theta_{JA1}$	Junction to Air, 1 m/s air flow	NLG24	43	°C/W	1
	$\Theta_{JA3}$	Junction to Air, 3 m/s air flow	_	39	°C/W	1
	$\Theta_{JA5}$	Junction to Air, 5 m/s air flow		38	°C/W	1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>ePad soldered to board

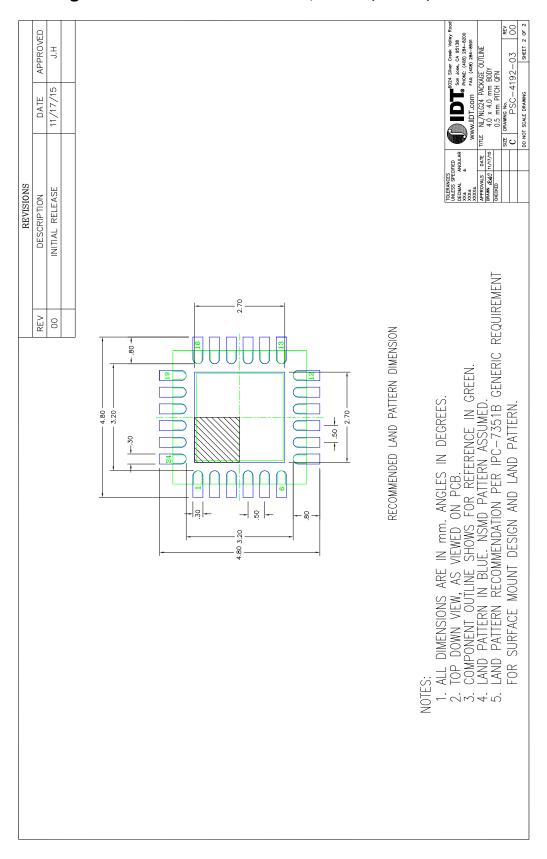


# **Package Outline and Dimensions (NLG24)**





# Package Outline and Dimensions, cont. (NLG24)





# **Ordering Information**

		Shipping Packaging	Package	Temperature
9DBL0242BKILF	100Ω	Tubes	24-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C
9DBL0242BKILFT	10022	Tape and Reel	24-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C
9DBL0252BKILF	85Ω	Tubes	24-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C
9DBL0252BKILFT	0312	Tape and Reel	24-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C
9DBL02P2BxxxKILF	Factory configurable.	Tubes	24-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C
9DBL02P2BxxxKlLFT	Contact IDT for addtional information.	Tape and Reel	24-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C

<sup>&</sup>quot;LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

# **Revision History**

Rev.	Initiator	Issue Date	Description	Page #
A	RDW	5/26/20106	<ol> <li>Updated all electrical tables with char data, changed additive phase jitter frequency from 125M to 156.25MHz and move to final.</li> <li>Updated front page text</li> <li>Updated default value of Byte 0 from 38 hex to 18 hex</li> <li>Updated default value of Byte 5 from 01 hex to 11 hex</li> <li>Indicated that Byte 6 is Read/Write</li> <li>Update DS title</li> </ol>	Various
В	RDW	5/27/2016	<ol> <li>Changed '1' value in Byte 0 to indicate "Pin Control"</li> <li>Stylistic update to block diagram</li> <li>Minor updates to SMBus registers 0 and 1 for Readability</li> <li>Corrected Byte 11 description for the '10' and '11' cases.</li> <li>Front page text update for family consistency.</li> <li>Updated ordering information.</li> </ol>	Various
С	RDW	5/31/2016	1. Minor corrections to Byte 1 [1:0] and Byte 11 [1:0]	
D	RDW	6/8/2016	Electrical Table and SMBus Updates/Corrections     Release to final.	Various
Е	RDW	10/6/2016	Slight updates to PCle SRIS Spec table to reflect PCl SIG Updates	9
F	RDW	2/8/2017	Renamed datasheet to 9DBL0242/9DBL0252	Various

<sup>&</sup>quot;B" is the device revision designator (will not correlate with the datasheet revision).

<sup>&</sup>quot;xxx" is a unique factory assigned number to identify a particular default configuration.



Corporate Headquarters 6024 Silver Creek Valley Road San Jose, CA 95138 USA www.IDT.com Sales

1-800-345-7015 or 408-284-8200

Fax: 408-284-2775 www.IDT.com/go/sales Tech Support

www.idt.com/go/support

DISCLAIMER Integrated Device Technology, Inc. (IDT) and its subsidiaries reserve the right to modify the products and/or specifications described herein at any time and at IDT's sole discretion. All information in this document, including descriptions of product features and performance, is subject to change without notice. Performance specifications and the operating parameters of the described products are determined in the independent state and are not guaranteed to perform the same way when installed in customer products. The information contained herein is provided without representation or warranty of any kind, whether express or implied, including, but not limited to, the suitability of IDT's products for any particular purpose, an implied warranty of merchantability, or non-infringement of the intellectual property rights of others. This document is presented only as a guide and does not convey any license under intellectual property rights of IDT or any third parties.

IDT's products are not intended for use in applications involving extreme environmental conditions or in life support systems or similar devices where the failure or malfunction of an IDT product can be reasonably expected to significantly affect the health or safety of users. Anyone using an IDT product in such a manner does so at their own risk, absent an express, written agreement by IDT.

Integrated Device Technology, IDT and the IDT logo are registered trademarks of IDT. Product specification subject to change without notice. Other trademarks and service marks used herein, including protected names, logos and designs, are the property of IDT or their respective third party owners.

Copyright ©2017 Integrated Device Technology, Inc.. All rights reserved.