

Description

The 9FGL0841 / 9FGL0851 devices are 8-output clock generators in IDT's 3.3V Full-Featured PCle family. Each output has a dedicated OE# pin for clock management. Two different spread spectrum levels in addition to spread off are supported. The 9FGL0841 / 9FGL0851 supports PCle Gen1–4 Common Clocked architectures (CC) and PCle Separate Reference no-Spread (SRnS) and Separate Reference Independent Spread (SRIS) clocking architectures.

Typical Applications

- Servers/High-Performance Computing/Accelerators
- Storage
- Embedded systems/Industrial control

Output Features

- 8 100MHz Low-Power HCSL (LP-HCSL) DIF pairs:
 - 9FGL0841 default Zo = 100Ω
 - 9FGL0851 default Zo = 85Ω
- 1 3.3V LVCMOS REF output; Wake-On-LAN (WOL) support
- See <u>AN-891</u> for easy AC-coupling to other logic families

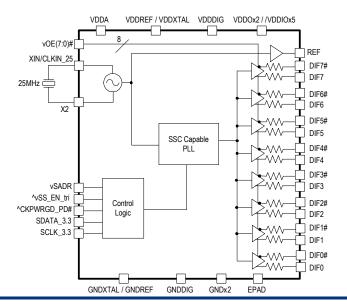
Key Specifications

- PCIe Gen1–4 CC compliant; Gen2–3 SRIS compliant
- DIF cycle-to-cycle jitter < 50ps
- DIF output-to-output skew < 50ps
- DIF 12kHz–20MHz phase jitter is < 2ps rms when SSC is off
- REF phase jitter < 300fs rms; SSC off and < 1.9ps rms; SSC on
- ±100ppm frequency accuracy on all clocks

Features

- Direct connection to loads saves 32 resistors compared to standard PCIe devices
- 206mW typical power consumption (at 3.3V); eliminates thermal concerns
- V_{DDIO} rail allows 35% power savings at optional 1.05V; maximum power savings
- SMBus-selectable features allows optimization to customer requirements:
 - · Control input polarity
 - · Control input pull-ups/pull-downs
 - · Slew rate for each output
 - · Differential output amplitude
 - 33 Ω , 85 Ω or 100 Ω output impedance for each output
- Devices contain default configuration; SMBus not required
- Contact factory for customized versions
- 25MHz input frequency
- OE# pins; support DIF power management
- Pin-selectable SRnS, CC 0% and CC/SRIS -0.5% spread
- SMBus-selectable CC/SRIS -0.25% spread
- Clean switching between the CC/SRIS spread settings
- DIF outputs blocked until PLL is locked; clean system start-up
- 2 selectable SMBus addresses
- Space saving 6 × 6 mm 48-VFQFPN package

Block Diagram





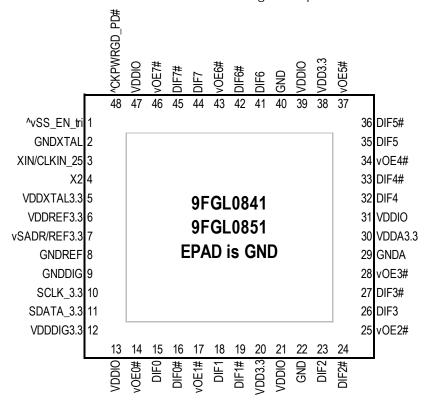
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Pin Assignment

Figure 1. Pin Assignments for 6 × 6 mm 48-VFQFPN Package – Top View



48-VFQFPN, 6 x 6 mm, 0.4mm pitch

v prefix indicates internal pull-down resistor

Pin Descriptions

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Number	Name	Туре	Description
1	^vSS_EN_tri	Latched In	Latched select input to select spread spectrum amount at initial power up. See Spread Selection table.
2	GNDXTAL	GND	GND for XTAL.
3	XIN/CLKIN_25	Input	Crystal input or reference clock input. Nominally 25MHz.
4	X2	Output	Crystal output.
5	VDDXTAL3.3	Power	Power supply for XTAL. Nominally 3.3V.
6	VDDREF3.3	Power	Power supply for REF output. Nominally 3.3V.
7	vSADR/REF3.3	Latched I/O	Latch to select SMBus address/3.3V LVCMOS copy of X1/REFIN pin.
8	GNDREF	GND	Ground pin for the REF outputs.
9	GNDDIG	GND	Ground pin for digital circuitry.

[^] prefix indicates internal pull-up resistor

[^]v prefix indicates internal pull-up and pull-down resistors



Table 1. Pin Descriptions (Cont.)

Number	Name	Туре	Description
10	SCLK_3.3	Input	Clock pin of SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
11	SDATA_3.3	I/O	Data pin for SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
12	VDDDIG3.3	Power	3.3V digital power (dirty power).
13	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
14	vOE0#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 0. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.
15	DIF0	Output	Differential true clock output.
16	DIF0#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
17	vOE1#	Power	Active low input for enabling output 1. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.
18	DIF1	Input	Differential true clock output.
19	DIF1#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
20	VDD3.3	Power	Power supply, nominally 3.3V.
21	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
22	GND	GND	Ground pin.
23	DIF2	Output	Differential true clock output.
24	DIF2#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
52	vOE2#	Power	Active low input for enabling output 2. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.
26	DIF3	Input	Differential true clock output.
27	DIF3#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
28	vOE3#	Power	Active low input for enabling output 3. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.
29	GNDA	Input	Ground pin for the PLL core.
30	VDDA3.3	Power	3.3V power for the PLL core.
31	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
32	DIF4	Output	Differential true clock output.
33	DIF4#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
34	vOE4#	Power	Active low input for enabling output 4. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.
35	DIF5	Input	Differential true clock output.
36	DIF5#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
37	vOE5#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 5. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.
38	VDD3.3	Power	Power supply. Nominally 3.3V.
39	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
40	GND	GND	Ground pin.



Table 1. Pin Descriptions (Cont.)

Number	Name	Туре	Description
41	DIF6	Output	Differential true clock output.
42	DIF6#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
43	vOE6#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 6. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.
44	DIF7	Output	Differential true clock output.
45	DIF7#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
46	vOE7#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 7. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.
47	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
48	^CKPWRGD_PD#	Input	Input notifies device to sample latched inputs and start up on first high assertion. Low enters Power-down mode, subsequent high assertions exit Power-down mode. This pin has internal pull-up resistor.
49	EPAD	GND	Connect to ground.

Table 2. Spread Selection

^vSS_EN_tri Pin	B1[4:3]	Spread%	Note
0	00	0	PCIe SRNS mode.
-	01	-0.25	PCIe Common Clock or SRIS mode.
M (VDD/2)	10	0	PCIe Common Clock or SRIS mode.
1	11	-0.50	PCIe Common Clock or SRIS mode.

If SRnS mode is desired, power up with ^vSS_EN_tri = '0'. Do not attempt to switch to the other modes via SMBus control in Byte 1 or a system reset will be required. If Common Clock (CC) or SRIS mode is desired, power up with ^vSS_EN_tri at either 'M' or '1'. The desired spread spectrum amount can then be selected via Byte 1 without a requiring a system reset. Once 'M' or '1' is latched at power up, do not attempt to enter SRnS mode or a system reset will be required.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only. Stresses greater than those listed below can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the 9FGL0841 / 9FGL0851 at absolute maximum ratings is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage	V_{DDx}		-0.5	4.6	V	1,2
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		-0.5	V _{DD} + 0.5	V	1,3
Input High Voltage, SMBus	V _{IHSMB}	SMBus clock and data pins.		3.9	V	1
Storage Temperature	Ts		-65	150	°C	1
Junction Temperature	Tj			125	°C	1
Input ESD Protection	ESD prot	Human Body Model.	2500		V	1

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

Thermal Characteristics

Table 4. Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Package	Typical Values	Units	Notes
θ_{JC}	Junction to case.		33	°C/W	1
θ_{Jb}	Junction to base.		2.1	°C/W	1
θ_{JA0}	Junction to air, still air.	NDG48	37	°C/W	1
θ_{JA1}	Junction to air, 1 m/s air flow.	NDG40	30	°C/W	1
θ_{JA3}	Junction to air, 3 m/s air flow.			°C/W	1
θ_{JA5}	Junction to air, 5 m/s air flow.		26	°C/W	1

¹ EPAD soldered to board.

² Operation under these conditions is neither implied nor guaranteed.

³ Not to exceed 4.6V.



Electrical Characteristics

 $T_A = T_{AMB}$. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see Test Loads for loading conditions.

Table 5. SMBus Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
SMBus Input Low Voltage	V _{ILSMB}	V _{DDSMB} = 3.3V.			0.8	V	
SMBus Input High Voltage	V _{IHSMB}	V _{DDSMB} = 3.3V.	2.1		3.6	V	
SMBus Output Low Voltage	V _{OLSMB}	At I _{PULLUP} .			0.4	V	
SMBus Sink Current	I _{PULLUP}	At V _{OL.}	4			mA	
Nominal Bus Voltage	$V_{\rm DDSMB}$		2.7		3.6	V	
SCLK/SDATA Rise Time	t _{RSMB}	(Max. V_{IL} - 0.15V) to (Min. V_{IH} + 0.15V).			1000	ns	1
SCLK/SDATA Fall Time	t _{FSMB}	(Min. V _{IH} + 0.15V) to (Max. V _{IL} - 0.15V).			300	ns	1
SMBus Operating Frequency	f _{SMB}	SMBus operating frequency.			500	kHz	2

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

Table 6. Input/Supply/Common Parameters - Normal Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage	V_{DDxxx}	Supply voltage for core, analog and single-ended LVCMOS outputs.	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
IO Supply Voltage	V _{DDIO}	Supply voltage for differential low power outputs.	0.9975	1.05–3.3	3.465	V	
Ambient Operating Temperature	T _{AMB}	Industrial range.	-40	25	85	°C	
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus.	0.75 x V _{DDx}		V _{DDx} + 0.3	V	
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	Single-ended inputs, except Simbus.	-0.3		0.25 x V _{DDx}	V	
Input High Voltage	V _{IHtri}		0.8 x V _{DDx}		V _{DDx} + 0.3	V	
Input Mid Voltage	V _{IMtri}	Single-ended tri-level inputs (' tri' suffix).	0.4 x V _{DDx}	0.5 x V _{DDx}	0.6 x V _{DDx}	V	
Input Low Voltage	V _{ILtri}	,	-0.3		0.20 x V _{DDx}	V	6
	I _{IN}	Single-ended inputs, V_{IN} = GND, V_{IN} = V_{DD} .	-5		5	μA	
Input Current	I _{INP}	Single-ended inputs. V _{IN} = 0V; inputs with internal pull-up resistors. V _{IN} = V _{DD} ; inputs with internal pull-down resistors.	-50		50	μА	
Input Frequency	F _{IN}	XTAL or X1 input.		25		MHz	4
Pin Inductance	L _{pin}				7	nΗ	1
Capacitance	C _{IN}	Logic inputs, except DIF_IN.	1.5		5	pF	1
Сараспапсе	C _{OUT}	Output pin capacitance.			6	pF	1

² The device must be powered up for the SMBus to function.



Table 6. Input/Supply/Common Parameters - Normal Operating Conditions (Cont.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
CLK Stabilization	t _{STAB}	From V _{DD} power-up and after input clock stabilization or deassertion of PD# to 1st clock.		0.3	1.8	ms	1,2
SS Modulation Frequency	f _{MOD}	Triangular modulation.	30	31.6	33	kHz	1
OE# Latency	t _{LATOE} #	DIF start after OE# assertion. DIF stop after OE# deassertion.	1	2	3	clocks	1,3
Tdrive_PD#	t _{DRVPD}	DIF output enable after PD# de-assertion.			300	μs	1,3
Fall Time	t _F	Fall time of single-ended control inputs.			5	ns	1,2
Rise Time	t _R	Rise time of single-ended control inputs.			5	ns	1,2

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

Table 7. DIF Low-Power HCSL Outputs

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Clay Bata	Trf	Scope averaging on, fast setting.	2	2.7	4	V/ns	2,3
Slew Rate	111	Scope averaging, slow setting.	1	1.9	3	V/ns	2,3
Crossing Voltage (abs)	Vcross_abs	Scope averaging off.	250	409	550	mV	1,4,5
Crossing Voltage (var)	Δ-Vcross	Scope averaging off.		14	140	mV	1,4,9
Avg. Clock Period Accuracy	T _{PERIOD_AVG}		-100	0	+2600	ppm	2,10,12,13
Absolute Period	T _{PERIOD_ABS}	Includes jitter and spread spectrum modulation.	9.94906	10	10.1011	ns	2,6
Jitter, Cycle to Cycle	t _{jcyc-cyc}			16	50	ps	2
Voltage High	V _{HIGH}	Statistical measurement on	660	761	850	mV	1
Voltage Low	V _{LOW}	single-ended signal using oscilloscope math function (scope averaging on).	-150	-7	150	mV	1
Absolute Maximum Voltage	V _{MIN}	Measurement on single-ended signal		819	1150	mV	1,7,15
Absolute Minimum Voltage	V _{MAX}	using absolute value (scope averaging off).	-300	-46			1,8,15
Duty Cycle	t _{DC}		45	49	55	%	2
Slew Rate Matching	ΔTrf	Single-ended measurement.		6	20	%	1,14
Skew, Output to Output	t _{sk3}	Averaging on, V _T = 50%.		12	50	ps	2

¹ Measured from single-ended waveform.

² Control input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

³ Time from deassertion until outputs are > 200mV.

⁴ Contact the factory for other frequencies.

² Measured from differential waveform.

³ Measured from -150 mV to +150 mV on the differential waveform (derived from REFCLK+ minus REFCLK-). The signal must be monotonic through the measurement region for rise and fall time. The 300mV measurement window is centered on the differential zero crossing.

⁴ Measured at crossing point where the instantaneous voltage value of the rising edge of REFCLK+ equals the falling edge of REFCLK-.



- ⁵ Refers to the total variation from the lowest crossing point to the highest, regardless of which edge is crossing. Refers to all crossing points for this measurement.
- ⁶ Defines as the absolute minimum or maximum instantaneous period. This includes cycle to cycle jitter, relative ppm tolerance, and spread spectrum modulation.
- ⁷ Defined as the maximum instantaneous voltage including overshoot.
- ⁸ Defined as the minimum instantaneous voltage including undershoot.
- ⁹ Defined as the total variation of all crossing voltages of Rising REFCLK+ and Falling REFCLK-. This is the maximum allowed variance in V_{CROSS} for any particular system.
- ¹⁰ Refer to Section 8.6.2 of the PCI Express Base Specification, Revision 4.0 for information regarding PPM considerations.
- ¹¹ System board compliance measurements must use the test load. REFCLK+ and REFCLK- are to be measured at the load capacitors C_L. Single-ended probes must be used for measurements requiring single ended measurements. Either single-ended probes with math or differential probe can be used for differential measurements. Test load C₁ = 2pF.
- ¹² PCIe Gen1 through Gen4 specify ±300ppm frequency tolerances. The 9FGL0xxx devices already meet the tighter ±100ppm frequency tolerances proposed for PCIe Gen5 and required by most servers.
- ¹³ "ppm" refers to parts per million and is a DC absolute period accuracy specification. 1ppm is 1/1,000,000th of 100.000000MHz exactly or 100Hz. For 100ppm, then we have an error budget of 100Hz/ppm × 100ppm = 10kHz. The period is to be measured with a frequency counter with measurement window set to 100ms or greater. The ±100ppm applies to systems that do not employ Spread Spectrum clocking, or that use common clock source. For systems employing Spread Spectrum clocking, there is an additional 2,500ppm nominal shift in maximum period resulting from the 0.5% down spread resulting in a maximum average period specification of +2,600ppm for Common Clock architectures. Separate Reference Clock architectures may have a lower allowed spread percentage.
- ¹⁴ Matching applies to rising edge rate for REFCLK+ and falling edge rate for REFCLK-. It is measured using a ±75 mV window centered on the median cross point where REFCLK+ rising meets REFCLK- falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds the oscilloscope is to use for the edge rate calculations. The Rise Edge Rate of REFCLK+ should be compared to the Fall Edge Rate of REFCLK-; the maximum allowed difference should not exceed 20% of the slowest edge rate.

Table 8. DIF LP-HCSL Output Unfiltered Phase Jitter Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Phase Jitter, 12kHz–20MHz	t _{jph12k20M}	100MHz outputs with REF output enabled, SSC off.		1.9	2	ps (rms)

Table 9. Current Consumption

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
	I _{DDAOP}	V _{DDA} , all outputs active at 100MHz.		14	19	mA	
Operating Supply Current	I _{DDOP}	All other $V_{DD}, \text{except} V_{DDA} \text{and} V_{DDIO}, \text{all outputs}$ active at100MHz.		18	24	mA	
	I _{DDIOOP}	V _{DDIO} , all outputs active at100MHz.		30	37	mA	
	I _{DDAPD}	V _{DDA} , DIF outputs off, REF output running.		0.9	1.5	mA	1
Wake-on-LAN Current (Power down state and Byte 3, bit 5 = '1')	I _{DDPD}	All other V_{DD} , except V_{DDA} and V_{DDIO} , DIF outputs off, REF output running.		5.2	8	mA	1
Byte 3, bit 3 – 1)	I _{DDIOOP}	V _{DDIO} , DIF outputs off, REF output running.		0.04	0.1	mA	1
Power Down Current	I _{DDAPD}	V _{DDA} , all outputs off.		0.9	1.5	mA	
(Power down state and	I _{DDPD}	All other V_{DD} , except V_{DDA} and V_{DDIO} , all outputs off.		1.7	2.3	mA	
Byte 3, bit 5 = '0')	I _{DDIOOP}	V _{DDIO} , all outputs off.		0.04	0.1	mA	

¹ This is the current required to have the REF output running in Wake-on-LAN mode (Byte 3, bit 5 = 1).

September 17, 2018

¹⁵ At default SMBus amplitude settings.



Table 10. Filtered Phase Jitter Parameters - PCIe Common Clocked (CC) Architectures

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Industry Limits	Units	Notes
	t _{jphPCleG1-CC}	PCIe Gen1.		17	29	86	ps (p-p)	1,2,3
		PCIe Gen2 Low Band 10kHz < f < 1.5MHz (PLL BW of 5–16MHz or 8–16MHz, CDR = 5MHz).		0.4	0.58	3	ps (rms)	1,2
Phase Jitter Spread off or -0.25% or -0.5%	^t jphPCleG2-CC	PCIe Gen2 High Band 1.5MHz < f < Nyquist (50MHz) (PLL BW of 5–16MHz or 8–16MHz, CDR = 5MHz).		1.1	1.6	3.1	ns	1,2
	t _{jphPCleG3-CC}	PCIe Gen3 (PLL BW of 2–4MHz or 2–5MHz, CDR = 10MHz).		0.26	0.36	1	ps (rms)	1,2
	t _{jphPCleG4-CC}	PCIe Gen4 (PLL BW of 2–4MHz or 2–5MHz, CDR = 10MHz).		0.26	0.36	0.5	ps (rms)	1,2

Table 11. Filtered Phase Jitter Parameters - PCIe Separate Reference Independent Spread (SRIS) Architectures

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Industry Limits	Units	Notes
Phase Jitter, -0.25%	^t jphPCleG2-SRIS	PCIe Gen2 (PLL BW of 16MHz, CDR = 5MHz).		0.7	0.73	2	ps (rms)	1,4,5
Spread	^t jphPCleG3-SRIS	PCIe Gen3 (PLL BW of 2–4MHz or 2–5MHz, CDR = 10MHz).		0.4	0.42	0.7	ps (rms)	1,4,5
Phase Jitter,	^t jphPCleG2-SRIS	PCIe Gen2 (PLL BW of 16MHz, CDR = 5MHz).		0.7	0.73	2	ps (rms)	1,4,5
-0.5% Spread	^t jphPCleG3-SRIS	PCIe Gen3 (PLL BW of 2–4MHz or 2–5MHz, CDR = 10MHz).		0.6	0.63	0.7	ps (rms)	1,4,5

Notes on PCIe Filtered Phase Jitter tables:

¹ Applies to all outputs, guaranteed by design and characterization.

² Based on PCle Base Specification Rev 4.0 version 1.0. See http://www.pcisig.com for latest specifications.

³ Sample size of at least 100K cycles. This figure extrapolates to 108ps pk-pk at 1M cycles for a BER of 1⁻¹².

⁴ IR is the new name for Separate Reference Independent Spread (SRIS) and Separate Reference no Spread (SRnS) PCIe clock architectures

⁵ According to the PCIe Base Specification Rev4.0 version 1.0, the jitter transfer functions and corresponding jitter limits are not defined for the IR clock architecture. Widely accepted industry limits using widely accepted industry filters are used to populate this table. The PCIe Base Specification Rev5.0 is expected to resolve this.



Table 12. REF Output

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Long Accuracy	ppm	See Tperiod min-max values.		0		ppm	1,2
Clock Period	T _{period}	REF output.		40		ns	2
High Output Voltage	V _{HIGH}	I _{OH} = -2mA.	0.8 x V _{DDREF}			V	
Low Output Voltage	V _{LOW}	I _{OL} = 2mA.			0.2 x V _{DDREF}	V	
	t _{rf1}	Byte 3 = 1F, V_{OH} = 0.8 × V_{DD} , V_{OL} = 0.2 × V_{DD} .	0.5	0.9	1.5	V/ns	1
Rise/Fall Slew Rate	t _{rf1}	Byte 3 = 5F, V_{OH} = 0.8 × V_{DD} , V_{OL} = 0.2 × V_{DD} .	1.0	1.5	2.5	V/ns	1,3
Nise/Faii Siew Nate	t _{rf1}	Byte 3 = 9F, $V_{OH} = 0.8 \times V_{DD}$, $V_{OL} = 0.2 \times V_{DD}$.	1.5	2.1	3.1	V/ns	1
	t _{rf1}	Byte 3 = DF, V_{OH} = 0.8 × V_{DD} , V_{OL} = 0.2 × V_{DD} .	2.0	2.7	3.8	V/ns	1
Duty Cycle	d _{t1X}	$V_T = V_{DD}/2 V$.	45	49.7	55	%	1,4
Duty Cycle Distortion	d _{tcd}	$V_T = V_{DD}/2 V$.	-1	0	0	%	1,5
Jitter, Cycle to Cycle	t _{jcyc-cyc}	$V_T = V_{DD}/2 V$.		35	125	ps	1,4
Noise Floor	t _{jdBc1k}	1kHz offset.		-145	-135	dBc	1,4
Noise Floor	t _{jdBc10k}	10kHz offset to Nyquist.		-150	-140	dBc	1,4
litter Dhees	t	12kHz to 5MHz, DIF SSC off.		0.13	0.3	ps (rms)	1,4
Jitter, Phase	t _{jphREF}	12kHz to 5MHz, DIF SSC on.		1.4	1.5	ps (rms)	1,4

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² All Long Term Accuracy and Clock Period specifications are guaranteed assuming that REF is trimmed to 25.00MHz.

³ Default SMBus value.

⁴ When driven by a crystal.

⁵ When driven by an external oscillator via the X1 pin, X2 should be floating.



Power Management

Table 13. Power Management ³

			DIF		
CKPWRGD_PD#	SMBus OE bit	OEx# Pin	True O/P	Comp. O/P	REF
0	Х	Х	Low ¹	Low ¹	Hi-Z ²
1	1	0	Running	Running	Running
1	1	1	Disabled ¹	Disabled ¹	Running
1	0	Х	Disabled ¹	Disabled ¹	Disabled ⁴

¹ The output state is set by B11[1:0] (Low/Low default).

Table 14. SMBus Address Selection

	SADR	Address	+ Read/Write Bit
State of SADR on first application of CKPWRGD_PD#	0	1101000	X
	1	1101010	Х

Table 15. Power Connections

Pin Number			
V _{DD}	V _{DDIO}	GND	Description
5		2	XTAL OSC.
6		8	REF power.
12		9	Digital (dirty) power.
20,38	13, 21, 31, 39, 47	22, 29, 40, 49	DIF outputs.
30		29	PLL analog.

² REF is Hi-Z until the 1st assertion of CKPWRGD_PD# high. After this, when CKPWRG_PD# is low, REF is disabled unless Byte3[5] = 1, in which case REF is running.

³ Input polarities defined at default values for 9FGL0841 / 9FGL0851.

⁴ See SMBus description for Byte 3, bit 4.



Test Loads

Figure 2. Single-ended Output Test Load

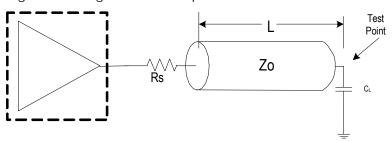


Figure 3. Low-Power HCSL Output Test Load (standard PCIe source-terminated test load)

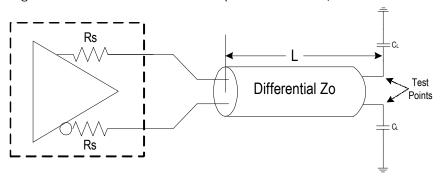


Figure 4. Test Setup for PCIe Jitter Measurements

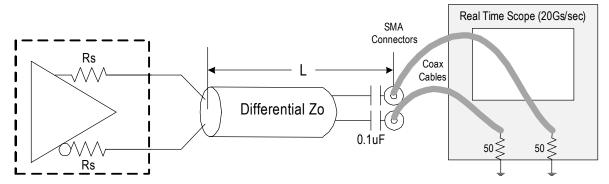


Table 16. Terminations

Device	L (inches)	Ζο (Ω)	Rs (Ω)	REF C _L (pF)	DIF C _L (pF)
9FGL0841	5	100	None needed		
9FGL0851	5	100	7.5	4.7	2
9FGL0841	5	85	N/A	4.7	2
9FGL0851	5	85	None needed		

Alternate Terminations

The 9FGL family can easily drive LVPECL, LVDS, and CML logic. See <u>"AN-891 Driving LVPECL, LVDS, and CML Logic with IDT's "Universal" Low-Power HCSL Outputs"</u> for details.



Crystal Characteristics

Table 17. Recommended Crystal Characteristics

Parameter	Value	Units
Frequency	25	MHz
Resonance Mode	Fundamental	_
Frequency Tolerance @ 25°C	±20	ppm maximum
Frequency Stability, reference at 25°C over operating temperature range	±20	ppm maximum
Temperature Range (industrial)	-40 to +85	°C
Temperature Range (commercial)	0 to +70	°C
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)	50	Ω maximum
Shunt Capacitance (C _O)	7	pF maximum
Load Capacitance (C _L)	8	pF maximum
Drive Level	0.1	mW maximum
Aging per year	±5	ppm maximum



General SMBus Serial Interface Information

How to Write

- Controller (host) sends a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the byte count = X
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) starts sending Byte N through Byte N+X-1
- IDT clock will acknowledge each byte one at a time
- Controller (host) sends a stop bit

	Index Block Write Operation						
Contro	oller (Host)		IDT (Slave/Receiver)				
Т	starT bit						
Slave	e Address						
WR	WRite						
			ACK				
Beginn	ing Byte = N						
			ACK				
Data By	rte Count = X						
			ACK				
Beginn	ning Byte N						
			ACK				
0		$\Big]_{\times}$					
0		X Byte	0				
0		<u> 6</u>	0				
			0				
Byte	N + X - 1						
			ACK				
Р	stoP bit						

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, default values are for the 0841, and 0851. Address is latched on SADR pin.

How to Read

- Controller (host) will send a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit
- Controller (host) sends the read address
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- IDT clock will send the data byte count = X
- IDT clock sends Byte N+X-1
- IDT clock sends Byte 0 through Byte X (if X_(H) was written to Byte 8)
- Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controller (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

Index Block Read Operation					
Co	ntroller (Host)		IDT (Slave/Receiver)		
Т	starT bit				
_	lave Address				
WR	WRite				
			ACK		
Beg	inning Byte = N				
			ACK		
RT	Repeat starT				
	lave Address				
RD	ReaD				
			ACK		
			Data Byte Count=X		
	ACK				
			Beginning Byte N		
	ACK				
		Φ	0		
	0	X Byte	0		
	0	×	0		
	0				
			Byte N + X - 1		
N	Not acknowledge				
Р	stoP bit				



SMBus Table: Output Enable Register ¹

Byte 0	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	DIF OE7	Output Enable	RW		Pin Control	1
Bit 6	DIF OE6	Output Enable	RW		Pin Control	1
Bit 5	DIF OE5	Output Enable	RW		Pin Control	1
Bit 4	DIF OE4	Output Enable	RW	Soo P11[1:0]	Pin Control	1
Bit 3	DIF OE3	Output Enable	RW	See B11[1:0]	Pin Control	1
Bit 2	DIF OE2	Output Enable	RW		Pin Control	1
Bit 1	DIF OE1	Output Enable	RW		Pin Control	1
Bit 0	DIF OE0	Output Enable	RW		Pin Control	1

¹ A low on these bits will override the OE# pin and force the differential output to the state indicated by B11[1:0] (Low/Low default).

SMBus Table: Spread Spectrum and $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize HIGH}}$ Control Register

Byte 1	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	SSENRB1	SS Enable Readback Bit1	R	San Spread	See Spread Selection table.	
Bit 6	SSENRB1	SS Enable Readback Bit0	R	See Spread	Selection table.	Latch
Bit 5	SSEN_SWCNTRL	Enable SW control of SS	RW	SS controlled by Values in B1[4:3] latch (B1[7:6]). control SS amount.		0
Bit 4	SSENSW1	SS Enable Software Ctl Bit1	RW ¹	Coo Carood	Selection table.	0
Bit 3	SSENSW0	SS Enable Software Ctl Bit0	RW ¹	See Spread	Selection table.	0
Bit 2		Reserv	ed			Х
Bit 1	AMPLITUDE 1	Controls Output Amplitude	RW	00 = 0.6V		1
Bit 0	AMPLITUDE 0	Controls Output Amplitude	RW			0

¹ See notes on Spread Selection table. B1[5] must be set to a 1 in order to use B1[4:3].

SMBus Table: DIF Slew Rate Control Register

Byte 2	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	SLEWRATESEL DIF7	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF7	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 6	SLEWRATESEL DIF6	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF6	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 5	SLEWRATESEL DIF5	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF5	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 4	SLEWRATESEL DIF4	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF4	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 3	SLEWRATESEL DIF3	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF3	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 2	SLEWRATESEL DIF2	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF2	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 1	SLEWRATESEL DIF1	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF1	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 0	SLEWRATESEL DIF0	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF0	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1

Note: See DIF Low-Power HCSL Outputs table for slew rates.



SMBus Table: Nominal $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize HIGH}}$ Amplitude Control / REF Control Register

Byte 3	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	REF	Slew Rate Control	RW	00 = Slowest	01 = Slow	0
Bit 6	Siew Rate Control	RW	10 = Fast	11 = Fastest	1	
Bit 5	REF Power Down Function	Wake-on-Lan Enable for REF	RW	REF disabled in Power Down	REF runs in Power Down	0
Bit 4	REF OE	REF Output Enable	RW	Disabled ¹	Enabled	1
Bit 3		F	Reserved	I		Х
Bit 2		F	Reserved	I		Х
Bit 1	Reserved					
Bit 0		- -	Reserved			Х

 $^{^{1}}$ The disabled state depends on Byte11[1:0]. 1 00' = Low, 1 01' = Hi-Z, 1 10' = Low, 1 11' = High.

Byte 4 is Reserved.

SMBus Table: Revision and Vendor ID Register

Byte 5	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	RID3		R	C rev = 0010		0
Bit 6	RID2	Revision ID	R			0
Bit 5	RID1		R			1
Bit 4	RID0		R		0	
Bit 3	VID3		R			0
Bit 2	VID2	VENDOD ID	R	0001	0004 - IDT	
Bit 1	VID1	VENDOR ID	R	- 0001 = IDT		0
Bit 0	VID0		R			

SMBus Table: Device Type/Device ID

Byte 6	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Device Type1	Davisa Type	R 00 = FGx, 01 = DBx,		01 = DBx,	0
Bit 6	Device Type0	Device Type	R	10 = DMx, 11 = DBx w/oPLL		0
Bit 5	Device ID5		R			0
Bit 4	Device ID4		R			0
Bit 3	Device ID3	Device ID	R	0004000 him am an 00 have	1	
Bit 2	Device ID2	Device iD	R	0001000 binary or 08 hex		0
Bit 1	Device ID1		R			0
Bit 0	Device ID0		R			0



SMBus Table: Byte Count Register

Byte 7	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default		
Bit 7		Reserved				Х		
Bit 6		Reserved						
Bit 5		Reserved				Х		
Bit 4	BC4	RW			0			
Bit 3	BC3		RW	RW Writing to this register will configure how many bytes will be read back, default is = 8 bytes.		1		
Bit 2	BC2	Byte count programming	RW			0		
Bit 1	BC1		RW			0		
Bit 0	BC0		RW			0		

Bytes 8 and 9 are Reserved.

SMBus Table: PLL MN Enable, PD_Restore

Byte 10	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	PLL M/N En ¹	M/N Programming Enable	RW	M/N Prog. Disabled	M/N Prog. Enabled	0
Bit 6	Power-Down (PD) Restore	Restore Default Config in PD	RW	Clear Config in PD	Keep Config in PD	1
Bit 5	Reserved					
Bit 4	Reserved					Х
Bit 3		Reserved				Х
Bit 2	Reserved					Х
Bit 1	Reserved					Х
Bit 0		Reserved				Х

¹ This bit is a '1' on 9FGL0xP1 devices.

SMBus Table: Stop State Control

Byte 11	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	Reserved						
Bit 6		Reserved					
Bit 5		Reserved				Х	
Bit 4	Reserved						
Bit 3		Reserved				Х	
Bit 2		Reserved				Х	
Bit 1	STP[1]	True/Complement DIF Output	RW	00 = Low/Low	10 = High/Low	0	
Bit 0	STP[0]	Disable State	RW	01 = HiZ/HiZ	11 = Low/High	0	



SMBus Table: Impedance Control ¹

Byte 12	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default			
Bit 7	DIF3_imp[1]	DIF3 Zout	RW	00 = 33Ω DIF Zout 01 = 85Ω DIF Zout		•			
Bit 6	DIF3_imp[0]	DIF3 Zout	RW			See			
Bit 5	DIF2_imp[1]	DIF2 Zout	RW						
Bit 4	DIF2_imp[0]	DIF2 Zout	RW						
Bit 3	DIF1_imp[1]	DIF1 Zout	RW		Ω DIF Zout	Note			
Bit 2	DIF1_imp[0]	DIF1 Zout	RW	11 = Reserved					
Bit 1	DIF0_imp[1]	DIF0 Zout	RW						
Bit 0	DIF0_imp[0]	DIF0 Zout	RW						

¹ Each output defaults to '10' for 9FGLxx41 and '01' for 9FGLxx51. Defaults for 9FGLxxP1 parts are programmable.

SMBus Table: Impedance Control ¹

Byte 13	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	DIF7_imp[1]	DIF7 Zout	RW			
Bit 6	DIF7_imp[0]	DIF7 Zout	RW			
Bit 5	DIF6_imp[1]	DIF6 Zout	RW	00 = 330	Ω DIF Zout	See Note
Bit 4	DIF6_imp[0]	DIF6 Zout	RW	01 = 850	Ω DIF Zout	
Bit 3	DIF5_imp[1]	DIF5 Zout	RW	10 = 100	Ω DIF Zout	
Bit 2	DIF5_imp[0]	DIF5 Zout	RW	11 = R	Reserved	
Bit 1	DIF4_imp[1]	DIF4 Zout	RW			
Bit 0	DIF4_imp[0]	DIF4 Zout	RW			

¹ Each output defaults to '10' for 9FGLxx41, and '01' for 9FGLxx51. Defaults for 9FGLxxP1 parts are programmable.

SMBus Table: Pull-up Pull-down Control

Byte 14	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	OE3_pu/pd[1]	OE3 Pull-up (PuP)/	RW	00 = None	10 = Pup	0
Bit 6	OE3_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down (Pdwn) control	RW	01=Pdwn	11 = Pup + Pdwn	1
Bit 5	OE2_pu/pd[1]	OE2 Pull-up (PuP)/	RW	00 = None	10 = Pup	0
Bit 4	OE2_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down (Pdwn) control	RW	01=Pdwn	11 = Pup + Pdwn	1
Bit 3	OE1_pu/pd[1]	OE1 Pull-up (PuP)/	RW	00 = None	10 = Pup	0
Bit 2	OE1_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down (Pdwn) control	RW	01=Pdwn	11 = Pup + Pdwn	1
Bit 1	OE0_pu/pd[1]	OE0 Pull-up (PuP)/	RW	00 = None	10 = Pup	0
Bit 0	OE0_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down (Pdwn) control	RW	01 = Pdwn	11 = Pup + Pdwn	1



SMBus Table: Pull-up Pull-down Control

Byte 15	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	OE7_pu/pd[1]	OE7 Pull-up (PuP)/	RW	00 = None	10 = Pup	0
Bit 6	OE7_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down (Pdwn) control	RW	01=Pdwn	11 = Pup + Pdwn	1
Bit 5	OE6_pu/pd[1]	OE6 Pull-up (PuP)/	RW	00 = None	10 = Pup	0
Bit 4	OE6_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down (Pdwn) control	RW	01=Pdwn	11 = Pup + Pdwn	1
Bit 3	OE5_pu/pd[1]	OE5 Pull-up (PuP)/	RW	00 = None	10 = Pup	0
Bit 2	OE5_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down (Pdwn) control	RW	01=Pdwn	11 = Pup + Pdwn	1
Bit 1	OE4_pu/pd[1]	OE4 Pull-up (PuP)/	RW	00 = None	10 = Pup	0
Bit 0	OE4_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down (Pdwn) control	RW	01 = Pdwn	11 = Pup + Pdwn	1

SMBus Table: Pull-up Pull-down Control

Byte 16	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved					Х
Bit 6	Reserved				Х	
Bit 5	Reserved			Х		
Bit 4	Reserved				Х	
Bit 3	Reserved				Х	
Bit 2	Reserved			Х		
Bit 1	CKPWRGD_PD_pu/pd[1]	CKPWRGD_PD Pull-up (PuP)/	RW	00 = None	10 = Pup	1
Bit 0	CKPWRGD_PD_pu/pd[0]	Pull-down (Pdwn) control	RW	01 = Pdwn	11 = Pup + Pdwn	0

Byte 17 is Reserved.

SMBus Table: Polarity Control

Byte 18	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	OE7_polarity	Sets OE7 polarity	RW	Enabled when Low	Enabled when High	0
Bit 6	OE6_polarity	Sets OE6 polarity	RW	Enabled when Low	Enabled when High	0
Bit 5	OE5_polarity	Sets OE5 polarity	RW	Enabled when Low	Enabled when High	0
Bit 4	OE4_polarity	Sets OE4 polarity	RW	Enabled when Low	Enabled when High	0
Bit 3	OE3_polarity	Sets OE3 polarity	RW	Enabled when Low	Enabled when High	0
Bit 2	OE2_polarity	Sets OE2 polarity	RW	Enabled when Low	Enabled when High	0
Bit 1	OE1_polarity	Sets OE1 polarity	RW	Enabled when Low	Enabled when High	0
Bit 0	OE0_polarity	Sets OE0 polarity	RW	Enabled when Low	Enabled when High	0



SMBus Table: Polarity Control

Byte 19	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved				Х	
Bit 6	Reserved				Х	
Bit 5	Reserved			Х		
Bit 4	Reserved				Х	
Bit 3	Reserved				Х	
Bit 2	Reserved			Х		
Bit 1	Reserved			Х		
Bit 0	CKPWRGD_PD	Determines CKPWRGD_PD polarity	RW	Power-down when Low	Power-down when High	0

Package Outline Drawings

The package outline drawings are appended at the end of this document and are accessible from the link below. The package information is the most current data available.

www.idt.com/document/psc/48-vfqfpn-package-outline-drawing-60-x-60-x-090-mm-body-epad-42-x-42-mm-040mm-pitch-ndg48p2

Marking Diagrams

ICS
FGL0841CI
YYWW
COO
LOT



- 1. Lines 1 and 2: truncated part number
- 2. "I" denotes industrial temperature range.
- 3. "YYWW" is the last two digits of the year and the week the part was assembled.
- 4. "COO" denotes country of origin.
- 5. "LOT" denotes the lot number.

Ordering Information

Table 18. Ordering Information

Orderable Part Number	Package	Carrier Type	Temperature	Output Impedance	
9FGL0841CKILF	6 × 6 mm, 0.4mm pitch 48-VFQFPN	Trays	-40° to +85°C	100Ω	
9FGL0841CKILFT	6 × 6 mm, 0.4mm pitch 48-VFQFPN	Reel	-40° to +85°C	10022	
9FGL0851CKILF	6 × 6 mm, 0.4mm pitch 48-VFQFPN	Trays	-40° to +85°C	85Ω	
9FGL0851CKILFT	6 × 6 mm, 0.4mm pitch 48-VFQFPN	Reel	-40° to +85°C	0017	

[&]quot;LF" denotes Pb-free configuration, RoHS compliant.

[&]quot;C" is the device revision designator (will not correlate with the datasheet revision)



Revision History

Revision Date Description of Change		
September 17, 2018 Updated typical and maximum values for Phase Jitter, -0.5% spread.		
August 31, 2018 Initial release.		



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