

Description

The 9INT31H400 is a 4-output very high-performance HCSL fanout buffer for high-performance interconnect applications. It can be used at speeds up to 350MHz and is compliant to the DB400H specification. There are four OE pins on the device, each controlling one output.

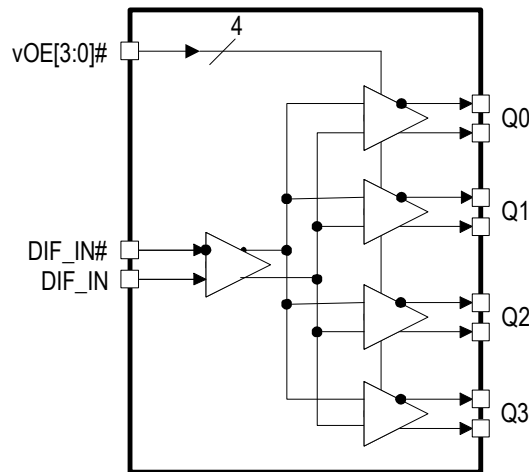
Typical Applications

- DB400H

Key Specifications

- Qx output-to-output skew within a pair: 19ps (typical)
- Qx output-to-output skew across all outputs: 26ps (typical)
- RMS additive phase jitter: 61fs typical (12kHz to 20MHz at 156.25MHz)

Block Diagram



Features

- Extremely low additive phase jitter; supports DB400H requirements
- 3.3V operation; standard industry power supply
- 4 OE pins (1 for each output); easy control of clocks to CPU sockets
- HCSL-compatible input; supports popular devices
- 1MHz to 350MHz operating frequency; covers all popular Ethernet frequencies
- Space saving 4 × 4 mm 24-VFQFPN; minimal board space

Output Features

- 4 HCSL differential pairs

Power Management

DIF_IN	OEx# Pin	Qx	nQx
Running	1	Low ¹	Low ¹
Running	0	Running	Running
Not Running	X	X	X

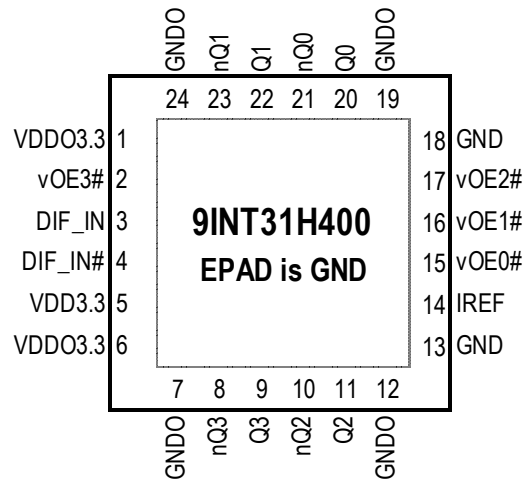
¹ The outputs are tri-stated, and the termination networks pulls them low.

Power Connections

Pin Number		Description
V _{DD}	GND	
5	25	Input receiver analog
5	13,18	Internal circuitry
1,6	7,12,19,24	DIF outputs

Pin Assignments

Figure 1. Pin Assignments for 4 × 4 mm 24-VFQFPN Package – Top View



4 x 4 mm 24-VFQFPN, 0.5mm pitch

^ prefix indicates internal 120kOhm pull-up resistor
 v prefix indicates internal 120kOhm pull down-resistor

Pin Descriptions

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Number	Name	Type	Description
1	VDDO3.3	Power	Power supply for outputs, nominal 3.3V.
2	vOE3#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 3. This pin has an internal 120kΩ pull-down resistor. 1 = disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs.
3	DIF_IN	Input	HCSL True input.
4	DIF_IN#	Input	HCSL Complementary input.
5	VDD3.3	Power	Power supply, nominal 3.3V.
6	VDDO3.3	Power	Power supply for outputs, nominal 3.3V.
7	GND0	GND	Ground pin for outputs.
8	nQ3	Output	Inverting output of differential pair 3.
9	Q3	Output	Non-inverting output of differential pair 3.
10	nQ2	Output	Inverting output of differential pair 2.
11	Q2	Output	Non-inverting output of differential pair 2.
12	GND0	GND	Ground pin for outputs.
13	GND	GND	Ground pin.
14	IREF	Output	This pin establishes the reference for the differential current-mode output pairs. It requires a fixed precision resistor to ground. 475Ω is the standard value for 100Ω differential impedance. Other impedances require different values.
15	vOE0#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 0. This pin has an internal 120kΩ pull-down resistor. 1 = disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs.
16	vOE1#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 1. This pin has an internal 120kΩ pull-down resistor. 1 = disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs.
17	vOE2#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 2. This pin has an internal 120kΩ pull-down resistor. 1 = disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs.
18	GND	GND	Ground pin.
19	GND0	GND	Ground pin for outputs.
20	Q0	Output	Non-inverting output of differential pair 0.
21	nQ0	Output	Inverting output of differential pair 0.
22	Q1	Output	Non-inverting output of differential pair 1.
23	nQ1	Output	Inverting output of differential pair 1.
24	GND0	GND	Ground pin for outputs.
25	EPAD	GND	Connect to Ground.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only. Stresses greater than those listed below can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the 9INT31H400 at absolute maximum ratings is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage	V_{DDx}				4.6	V	1,2
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}		GND-0.5			V	1
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	Except for SMBus interface.			$V_{DD} + 0.5$	V	1,3
Input High Voltage	V_{IHSMB}	SMBus clock and data pins.			5.5	V	1
Storage Temperature	T_s		-65		150	°C	1
Junction Temperature	T_j				125	°C	1
Input ESD Protection	ESD prot	Human Body Model.	2500			V	1

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Operation under these conditions is neither implied nor guaranteed.

³ Not to exceed 4.6V.

Electrical Characteristics

$T_{AMB} = T_{COM}$ or T_{IND} unless otherwise indicated. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see Test Loads for loading conditions.

Table 3. DIF_IN Clock Input Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Input Crossover Voltage–DIF_IN	V_{CROSS}	Crossover voltage.	200		900	mV	1
Input Swing–DIF_IN	V_{SWING}	Differential value.	300			mV	1
Input Slew Rate–DIF_IN	dv/dt	Measured differentially.	0.4		8	V/ns	1,2
Input Leakage Current	I_{IN}	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$, $V_{IN} = GND$.	-5		5	μA	
Input Duty Cycle	d_{tin}	Measurement from differential waveform.	45		55	%	1

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Slew rate measured through ±75mV window centered around differential zero.

Table 4. Input/Supply/Common Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage	V_{DDx}	Supply voltage.	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Ambient Operating Temperature	T_{AMB}	Industrial range (T_{IND}).	-40		85	°C	
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	Single-ended inputs.	2		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	Single-ended inputs.	GND - 0.3		0.8	V	
Input Current	I_{IN}	Single-ended inputs, $V_{IN} = GND$, $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$.	-5		5	μA	
	I_{INP}	Single-ended inputs. $V_{IN} = 0V$; inputs with internal pull-up resistors. $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$; inputs with internal pull-down resistors.	-50		50	μA	
Input Frequency	F_{IN}	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$.	1		350	MHz	
Pin Inductance	L_{pin}				7	nH	1
Capacitance	C_{IN}	Logic inputs, except DIF_IN.	1.5		5	pF	1
	C_{INDIF_IN}	DIF_IN differential clock inputs.	1.5		2.7	pF	1,4
	C_{OUT}	Output pin capacitance.			6	pF	1
Clk Stabilization	t_{STAB}	From V_{DD} power-up and after input clock stabilization or deassertion of PD# to 1st clock.			0.08	ms	1,2
OE# Latency	$t_{LATOE\#}$	DIF start after OE# deassertion. DIF stop after OE# deassertion.	6		8	clocks	1,2,3
Tdrive_PD#	t_{DRVPD}	DIF output enable after PD# deassertion.			75	μs	1,3
Tfall	t_F	Fall time of control inputs.			5	ns	2
Trise	t_R	Rise time of control inputs.			5	ns	2

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Control input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

³ Time from deassertion until outputs are > 400mV.

⁴ DIF_IN input.

Table 5. Qx HCSSL/LP-HCSSL Outputs

 T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Industry Limits	Units	Notes
Slew Rate	dV/dt	Scope averaging on.	1.4	1.9	2.5	0.6–4	V/ns	1,2,3
Slew Rate Matching	Δ dV/dt	Single-ended measurement.		7	19	20	%	1,4
Maximum Voltage	V_{MAX}	Measurement on single-ended signal using absolute value (scope averaging off).		742	850	1150	mV	
Minimum Voltage	V_{MIN}		-100	-29		-300	mV	
Crossing Voltage (abs)	V_{CROSS_ABS}	Scope averaging off.	300	348	400	250–550	mV	1,5
Crossing Voltage (var)	Δ - V_{CROSS}	Scope averaging off.		9	60	140	mV	1,6

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Measured from differential waveform.

³ Slew rate is measured through the V_{SWING} voltage range centered around differential 0 V. This results in a ± 150 mV window around differential 0V.

⁴ Matching applies to rising edge rate for Clock and falling edge rate for Clock#. It is measured using a ± 75 mV window centered on the average cross point where Clock rising meets Clock# falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds the oscilloscope is to use for the edge rate calculations.

⁵ V_{CROSS} is defined as voltage where Clock = Clock# measured on a component test board and only applies to the differential rising edge (i.e. Clock rising and Clock# falling).

⁶ The total variation of all V_{CROSS} measurements in any particular system. Note that this is a subset of $V_{CROSS_MIN/MAX}$ (V_{CROSS} absolute) allowed. The intent is to limit V_{CROSS} induced modulation by setting Δ - V_{CROSS} to be smaller than V_{CROSS} absolute.

Table 6. Current Consumption

 $T_A = T_{IND}$; supply voltage $V_{DDX} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$; see Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Operating Supply Current	$I_{DD3.3OP}$	All outputs running at 350MHz, $C_L = 2pF$; $Z_o = 85\Omega$.		95	117	mA
	$I_{DD3.3IDLE}$	All outputs stopped, input clock running at 350MHz or stopped.		35	43	mA

Table 7. Qx Output Duty Cycle, Jitter, and Skew Characteristics

 $T_A = T_{IND}$; supply voltage $V_{DDX} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$; see Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Duty Cycle Distortion	t_{DCD}	Measured differentially.	-1	0	1	%	1,2
Skew, Input to Output	t_{PD}	$V_T = 50\%$.	2.3	2.6	3.1	ps	1
Skew, Output to Output	t_{SK3}	Across all outputs, $V_T = 50\%$.		13	40	ps	1
Jitter, Cycle to Cycle, Additive	$t_{j_{cyc-cycadd}}$	Additive.		1.4	5	ps	1,3

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Duty cycle distortion is the difference in duty cycle between the output and the input clock.

³ Measured from differential waveform.

Table 8. Additive Phase Jitter

 $T_A = T_{IND}$; supply voltage $V_{DDX} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$; see Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Additive Phase Jitter	t_{jph}	All outputs running at 156.25MHz, 12kHz to 20MHz.		62	75	fs (rms)	1,2,3

¹ Applies to all outputs.

² Signal source is Wenzel.

³ For RMS figures, additive jitter is calculated by solving the following equation: Additive jitter = $\text{SQRT}[(\text{total jitter})^2 - (\text{input jitter})^2]$.

Test Loads

HCSL Differential Output Test Load - Source Terminated

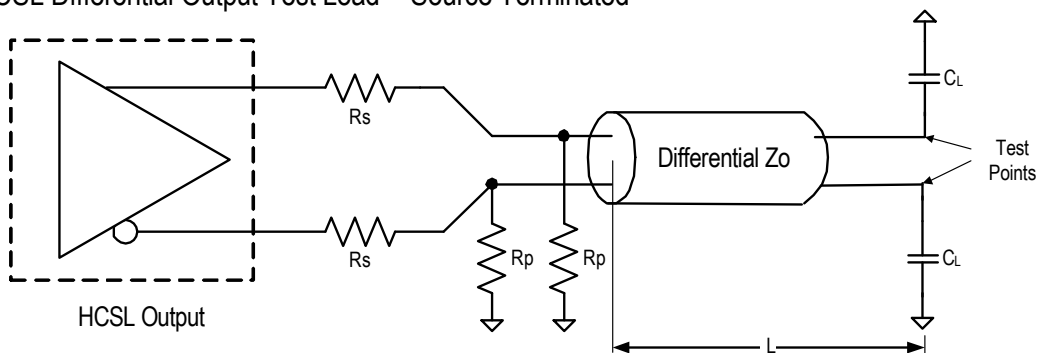


Table 9. Differential Output Termination

DIF Z_o (Ω)	L (in)	C_L (pF)	I_{ref} (Ω)	R_s (Ω)	R_p (Ω)
100	5	2	475	33	50
85	5	2	412	27	42.2 or 43.2

Thermal Characteristics

 Table 10. Thermal Characteristics ¹

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Typical Value	Units
Thermal Resistance	θ_{JC}	Junction to case.	61.7	°C/W
	θ_{Jb}	Junction to base.	5.4	°C/W
	θ_{JA0}	Junction to Air, still air.	50.1	°C/W
	θ_{JA1}	Junction to Air, 1 m/s air flow.	43.1	°C/W
	θ_{JA3}	Junction to Air, 3 m/s air flow.	40.7	°C/W
	θ_{JA5}	Junction to Air, 5 m/s air flow.	39.4	°C/W

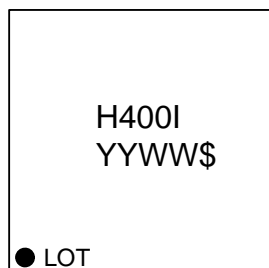
¹ EPAD soldered to board.

Package Drawings

The package outline drawings are appended at the end of this document and are accessible from the link below. The package information is the most current data available.

www.idt.com/document/psc/nlnlg24p1-package-outline-40-x-40-mm-body-05-mm-pitch-qfn-epad-size-245-x-245-mm

Marking Diagram



1. Line 1 is the truncated part number.
2. "YYWW" is the last digits of the year and week that the part was assembled.
3. "\$" denotes the mark code.
4. "I" denotes industrial temperature.

Ordering Information

Orderable Part Number	Package	Carrier Type	Temperature
9INT31H400NLGI	4 × 4 mm, 0.5mm pitch 24-VFQFPN	Tray	-40° to +85°C
9INT31H400NLGI8	4 × 4 mm, 0.5mm pitch 24-VFQFPN	Tape and Reel	-40° to +85°C

Revision History

Revision Date	Description of Change
August 9, 2018	Initial release.



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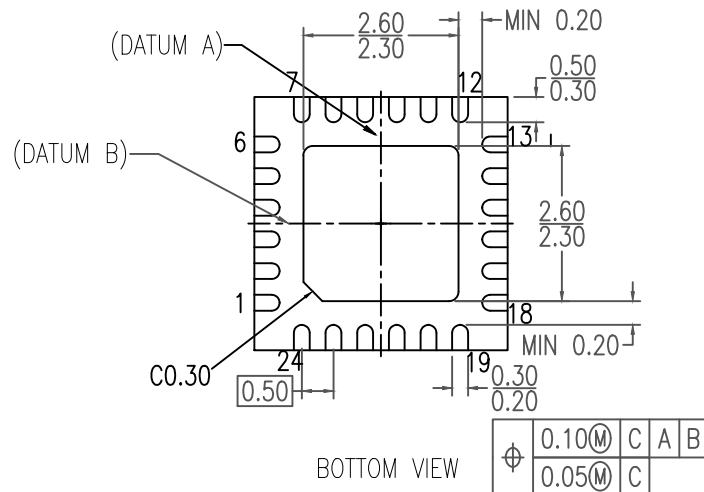
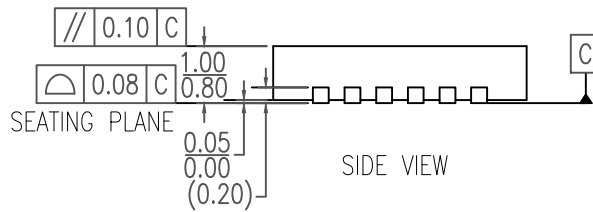
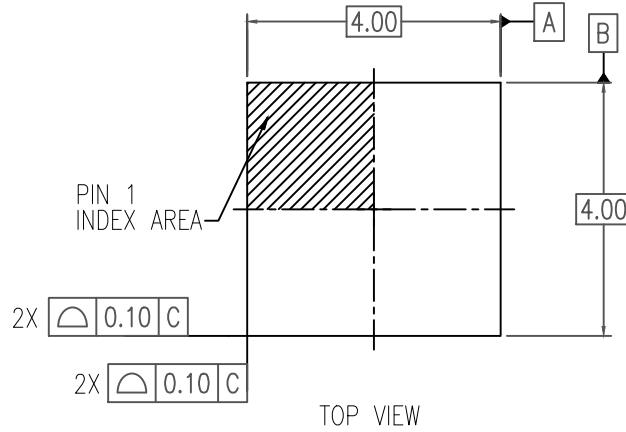
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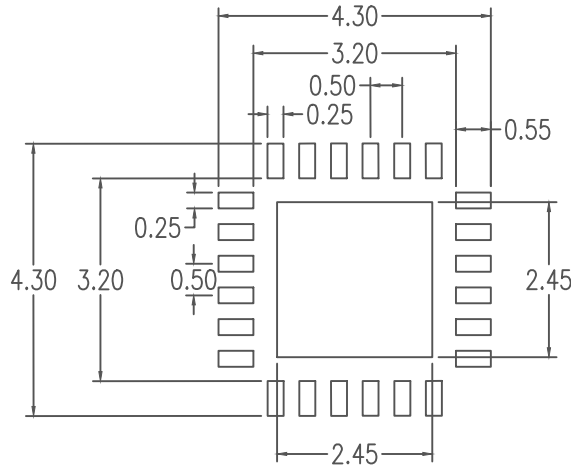
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NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING CONFORME TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN DIMENSION

NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM. ANGLES IN DEGREES.
2. TOP DOWN VIEW, AS VIEWED ON PCB.
3. LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION PER IPC-7351B GENERIC REQUIREMENT FOR SURFACE MOUNT DESIGN AND LAND PATTERN.

Package Revision History		
Date Created	Rev No.	Description
Sept 9, 2016	Rev 01	Add Chamfer on Epad
Sept 13, 2018	Rev 02	New Format, Recalculate Land Pattern Change QFN to VFQFPN