

Full-Duplex, Low Power, Slew Rate Limited, EIA RS-485 Transceivers

Data Sheet

ADM488A/ADM489A

FEATURES

Complies with ANSI TIA/EIA-485-A-1998 and ISO 8482: 1987(E) 250 kbps data rate ±4 kV HBM ESD protection on all pins Single 5 V ± 10% supply -7 V to +12 V bus common-mode range Connect up to 32 nodes on the bus Reduced slew rate for low EM interference **Short-circuit protection** 30 µA supply current

APPLICATIONS

Low power RS-485 and RS-422 systems **DTE-DCE** interface Packet switching Local area networks **Data concentration Data multiplexers** Integrated services digital network (ISDN)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADM488A and ADM489A are low power, differential line transceivers suitable for communication on multipoint bus transmission lines. They are intended for balanced data transmission and comply with both RS-485 and RS-422 standards of the Electronics Industries Association (EIA). Both products contain a single differential line driver and a single differential line receiver, making them suitable for full-duplex data transfer. The ADM489A contains an additional receiver and driver enable control.

The input impedance is $12 \text{ k}\Omega$, allowing 32 transceivers to be connected on the bus. The ADM488A/ADM489A operate from a single 5 V \pm 10% power supply.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

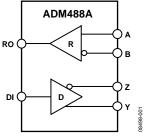


Figure 1. ADM488A

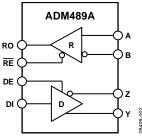


Figure 2. ADM489A

Excessive power dissipation that is caused by bus contention or output shorting is prevented by a thermal shutdown circuit. This feature forces the driver output into a high impedance state if, during fault conditions, a significant temperature increase is detected in the internal driver circuitry.

The receiver contains a fail-safe feature that results in a logic high output state if the inputs are unconnected (floating).

The ADM488A/ADM489A are fabricated on BiCMOS, an advanced mixed technology process combining low power CMOS with fast switching bipolar technology.

The ADM488A/ADM489A are fully specified over the industrial temperature range and are available in SOIC and MSOP packages.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

10/09—Revision 0: Initial Version

Features
Applications1
General Description1
Functional Block Diagrams1
Revision History
Specifications
Timing Specifications4
Absolute Maximum Ratings
ESD Caution5
Pin Configurations and Function Descriptions6
REVISION HISTORY
6/14—Rev. A to Rev. B
Changes to Features Section
11/10—Rev. 0 to Rev. A
Changes to Table 2
Changes to Figure 21

Typical Performance Characteristics	8
Test Circuits	9
Switching Characteristics	10
Theory of Operation	11
Applications Information	13
Differential Data Transmission	13
Cable and Data Rate	13
Outline Dimensions	14
Ordering Guide	15

SPECIFICATIONS

 V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 10%; all specifications T_{MIN} to $T_{\text{MAX}},$ unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
DRIVER						
Differential Output Voltage	V _{OD}			5.0	V	R = ∞, see Figure 11
		2.0		5.0	V	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V, R} = 50 \Omega \text{ (RS-422), see Figure 11}$
		1.5		5.0	V	$R = 27 \Omega$ (RS-485), see Figure 11
		1.5		5.0	V	$V_{TST} = -7 \text{ V to } +12 \text{ V, see Figure } 12, V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$
$\Delta V_{OD} $ for Complementary Output States				0.2	٧	$R = 27 \Omega$ or 50 Ω, see Figure 11
Common-Mode Output Voltage	Voc			3.0	V	$R = 27 \Omega$ or 50 Ω, see Figure 11
Δ V _{oc} for Complementary Output States				0.2	V	$R = 27 \Omega \text{ or } 50 \Omega$
Output Short-Circuit Current						
V _{OUT}				250	mA	$-7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_0 \le +12 \text{ V}$
CMOS Input Logic Threshold Low	V_{INL}		1.4	0.8	V	
CMOS Input Logic Threshold High	V _{INH}	2.0	1.4		٧	
Logic Input Current (DE, DI)				±1.0	μΑ	
RECEIVER						
Differential Input Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	-0.2		+0.2	٧	$-7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{CM}} \leq +12 \text{ V}$
Input Voltage Hysteresis	ΔV_{TH}		70		mV	$V_{CM} = 0 V$
Input Resistance		12			kΩ	$-7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{CM}} \leq +12 \text{ V}$
Input Current (A, B)				1	mA	$V_{IN} = 12 V$
				-0.8	mA	$V_{IN} = -7 V$
Logic Enable Input Current (RE)				±1	μΑ	
CMOS Output Voltage Low	V _{OL}			0.4	٧	$I_{OUT} = +4.0 \text{ mA}$
CMOS Output Voltage High	V _{OH}	4.0			٧	$I_{OUT} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$
Short-Circuit Output Current		7		85	mA	$V_{OUT} = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}$
Three-State Output Leakage Current				±1.0	μΑ	$0.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{OUT}} \leq 2.4 \text{ V}$
POWER SUPPLY CURRENT	I _{CC}					Outputs unloaded, receivers enabled
			30	60	μΑ	DE = 0 V (disabled)
			37	74	μΑ	DE = 5 V (enabled)

TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

 V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 10%. All specifications T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
DRIVER						
Propagation Delay Input to Output	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	250		2000	ns	R_L differential = 54 Ω , C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF, see Figure 15, Figure 16
Driver Output Skew	tskew		100	800	ns	R_L differential = 54 Ω , C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF, see Figure 15
Driver Rise/Fall Time	rer Rise/Fall Time t_{DR} , t_{DF} 250 2000 ns R_L differential = 54 Ω , Ω		R_L differential = 54 Ω , C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF, see Figure 15, Figure 16			
Driver Enable to Output Valid	t _{ZL} , t _{ZH}	250		2000	ns	$R_L = 500 \Omega$, $C_L = 100 pF$, see Figure 12, Figure 18
Driver Disable Timing	t _{LZ} , t _{HZ}	300		3000	ns	$R_L = 500 \Omega$, $C_L = 15 pF$, see Figure 12, Figure 18
Maximum Data Rate		250			kbps	
RECEIVER						
Propagation Delay Input to Output	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	250		2000	ns	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF, see Figure 15, Figure 17}$
Skew	t _{PLH} — t _{PHL}		100		ns	
Receiver Enable	t _{EN1}		10	50	ns	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 14, Figure 19
Receiver Disable	t _{EN2}		10	50	ns	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 14, Figure 19
Maximum Data Rate		250			kbps	

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

 $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.

Table 3.

Parameter	Rating
Vcc	7 V
Inputs	
Driver Input (DI)	$-0.3 \text{ V to V}_{CC} + 0.3 \text{ V}$
Control Inputs (DE, RE)	$-0.3 \text{ V to V}_{CC} + 0.3 \text{ V}$
Receiver Inputs (A, B)	-14 V to +14 V
Outputs	
Driver Outputs	-14 V to +12.5 V
Receiver Output	$-0.5 \text{ V to V}_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$
Power Dissipation 8-Lead SOIC	520 mW
θ_{JA} , Thermal Impedance	110°C/W
Power Dissipation 14-Lead SOIC	800 mW
θ_{JA} , Thermal Impedance	120°C/W
Operating Temperature Range	
Industrial (A Version)	−40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	−65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C
Vapor Phase (60 sec)	215°C
Infrared (15 sec)	220°C
ESD Protection on All Pins	
Human Body Model (HBM)	±4 kV

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS



Figure 3. ADM488A SOIC_N and MSOP Pin Configuration

Table 4. ADM488A Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Description
1	Vcc	Power Supply, 5 V \pm 10%.
2	RO	Receiver Output. When $A > B$ by 200 mV, $RO = high$. If $A < B$ by 200 mV, $RO = low$.
3	DI	Driver Input. A logic low on DI forces Y low and Z high, whereas a logic high on DI forces Y high and Z low.
4	GND	Ground Connection, 0 V.
5	Υ	Noninverting Driver, Differential Output Y.
6	Z	Inverting Driver, Differential Output Z.
7	В	Inverting Receiver, Input B.
8	Α	Noninverting Receiver, Input A.

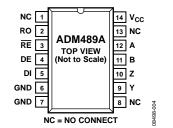




Figure 4. ADM489A SOIC_N Pin Configuration

Figure 5. ADM489A MSOP Pin Configuration

Table 5. ADM489A Pin Function Descriptions

Р	Pin No.		
SOIC_N MSOP Mnemonic		Mnemonic	Description
1, 8, 13	N/A ¹	NC	No Connect. No connections are required to this pin.
2	1	RO	Receiver Output. When enabled, if A > B by 200 mV, RO = high. If A < B by 200 mV, RO = low.
3	2	RE	Receiver Output Enable. A low level enables the receiver output, RO. A high level places the ADM489A in a high impedance state.
4	3	DE	Driver Output Enable. A high level enables the driver differential outputs (Y and Z). A low level places the ADM489A in a high impedance state.
5	4	DI	Driver Input. When the driver is enabled, a logic low on DI forces Y low and Z high, whereas a logic high on DI forces Y high and Z low.
6, 7	5	GND	Ground Connection, 0 V.
9	6	Υ	Noninverting Driver, Differential Output Y.
10	7	Z	Inverting Driver, Differential Output Z.
11	8	В	Inverting Receiver, Input B.
12	9	Α	Noninverting Receiver, Input A.
14	10	Vcc	Power Supply, 5 V ± 10%.

¹ N/A means not applicable.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

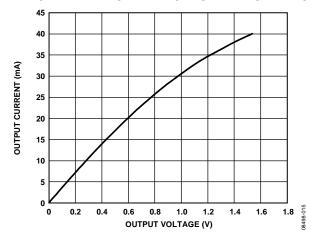


Figure 6. Output Current vs. Receiver Output Low Voltage

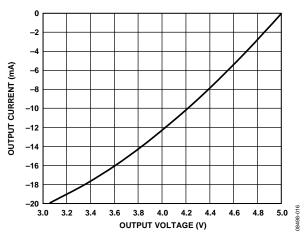


Figure 7. Output Current vs. Receiver Output High Voltage

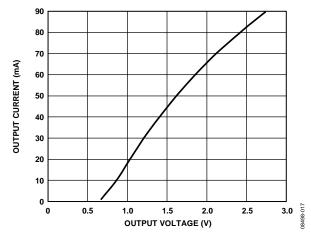


Figure 8. Output Current vs. Driver Output Low Voltage

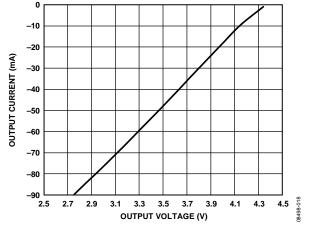


Figure 9. Output Current vs. Driver Output High Voltage

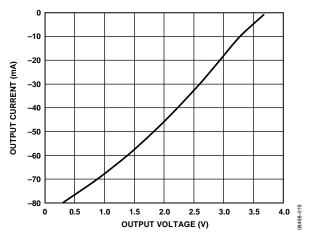


Figure 10. Output Current vs. Driver Differential Output Voltage

TEST CIRCUITS

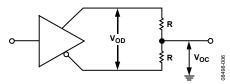


Figure 11. Driver Voltage Measurement Test Circuit

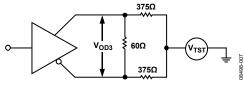


Figure 12. Driver Enable/Disable Test Circuit

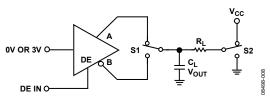


Figure 13. Driver Voltage Measurement Test Circuit

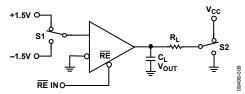


Figure 14. Receiver Enable/Disable Test Circuit

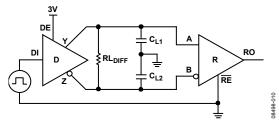
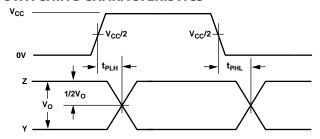


Figure 15. Driver/Receiver Propagation Delay Test Circuit

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



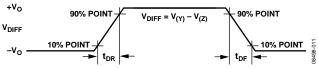


Figure 16. Driver Propagation Delay, Rise/Fall Timing

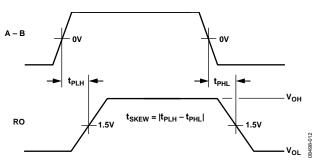


Figure 17. Receiver Propagation Delay

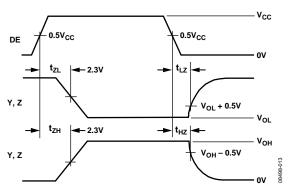


Figure 18. Driver Enable/Disable Timing

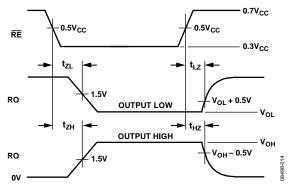


Figure 19. Receiver Enable/Disable Timing

THEORY OF OPERATION

The ADM488A/ADM489A are ruggedized RS-485 transceivers that operate from a single 5 V supply. They contain protection against radiated and conducted interference and are ideally suited for operation in electrically harsh environments or where cables can be plugged/unplugged. They are also immune to high RF field strengths without special shielding precautions.

The ADM488A/ADM489A are intended for balanced data transmission and comply with both EIA RS-485 and RS-422 standards. They contain a differential line driver and a differential line receiver, and are suitable for full-duplex data transmission.

The input impedance on the ADM488A/ADM489A is 12 k Ω , allowing up to 32 transceivers on the differential bus. The ADM488A/ADM489A operate from a single 5 V \pm 10% power supply. A thermal shutdown circuit prevents excessive power dissipation caused by bus contention or by output shorting. This feature forces the driver output into a high impedance state if, during fault conditions, a significant temperature increase is detected in the internal driver circuitry.

The receiver contains a fail-safe feature that results in a logic high output state if the inputs are unconnected (floating).

The ADM488A/ADM489A can transmit at data rates up to 250 kbps. Figure 20 shows a typical application for the ADM488A/ADM489A, a full-duplex link where data transfers at rates of up to 250 kbps. A terminating resistor is shown at both ends of the link. This termination is not critical because

the slew rate is controlled by the ADM488A/ADM489A and reflections are minimized.

The communications network can be extended to include multipoint connections, as shown in Figure 22. As many as 32 transceivers can be connected to the bus.

Table 6 and Table 7 show the truth tables for transmitting and receiving.

Table 6. Transmitting Truth Table

	Inputs		Out	puts
RE	DE	DI	z	Υ
X ¹	1	1	0	1
X^1	1	0	1	0
0	0	X ¹	High-Z	High-Z High-Z
1	0	X ¹	High-Z High-Z	High-Z

¹ X is don't care.

Table 7. Receiving Truth Table

	lı	Output	
RE	DE	A to B	RO
0	0	≥ +0.2 V	1
0	0	≤ -0.2 V	0
0	0	Inputs open circuit	1
1	0	X ¹	High-Z

¹ X is don't care.

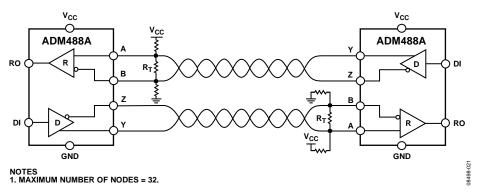


Figure 20. ADM488A/ADM489A Full-Duplex Data Link

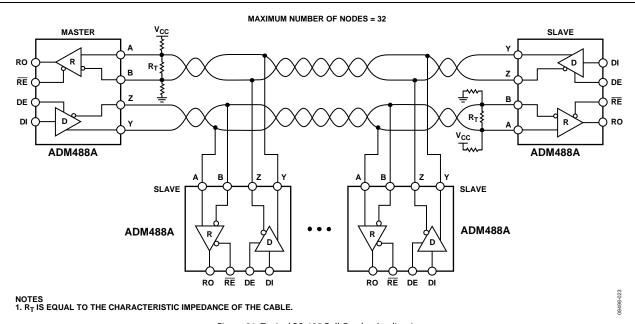


Figure 21. Typical RS-485 Full-Duplex Application

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION DIFFERENTIAL DATA TRANSMISSION

Differential data transmission reliably transmits data at high rates over long distances and through noisy environments. Differential transmission nullifies the effects of ground shifts and noise signals, which appear as common-mode voltages on the line. Two main standards that specify the electrical characteristics of transceivers used in differential data transmission are approved by the EIA.

The RS-422 standard specifies data rates up to 10 Mbps and line lengths up to 4000 ft. A single driver can drive a transmission line with up to 10 receivers.

To cater to true multipoint communications, the RS-485 standard was defined to meet or exceed the requirements of RS-422. It also allows up to 32 drivers and 32 receivers to be connected to a single bus. An extended common-mode range of $-7~\rm V$ to $+12~\rm V$ is defined. The most significant difference between the RS-422 and RS-485 is that the RS-485 drivers can be disabled, thereby allowing up to 32 receivers to be connected to a single line. Only one driver should be enabled at a time, but the RS-485 standard contains additional specifications to guarantee device safety in the event of line contention.

CABLE AND DATA RATE

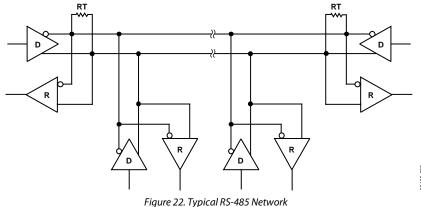
The transmission line of choice for RS-485 communications is a twisted pair. Twisted pair cable tends to cancel common-mode noise and causes cancellation of the magnetic fields generated by the current flowing through each wire, thereby reducing the effective inductance of the pair.

The ADM488A/ADM489A are designed for bidirectional data communications on multipoint transmission lines. A typical application with a multipoint transmission network is illustrated in Figure 22. An RS-485 transmission line can have up to 32 transceivers on the bus. Only one driver can transmit at a particular time, but multiple receivers can be simultaneously enabled.

As with any transmission line, it is important to minimize reflections. This can be achieved by terminating the extreme ends of the line using resistors equal to the characteristic impedance of the line. Keep stub lengths of the main line as short as possible. A properly terminated transmission line appears purely resistive to the driver.

Table 8. Comparison of RS-422 and RS-485 Interface Standards

Specification	RS-422	RS-485
Transmission Type	Differential	Differential
Maximum Data Rate	10 Mbps	10 Mbps
Maximum Cable Length	4000 ft.	4000 ft.
Minimum Driver Output Voltage	±2 V	±1.5 V
Driver Load Impedance	100 Ω	54 Ω
Receiver Input Resistance	4 kΩ minimum	12 kΩ minimum
Receiver Input Sensitivity	±200 mV	±200 mV
Receiver Input Voltage Range	−7 V to +7 V	−7 V to +12 V
Number of Drivers/Receivers per Line	1/10	32/32



Rev. B | Page 13 of 16

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

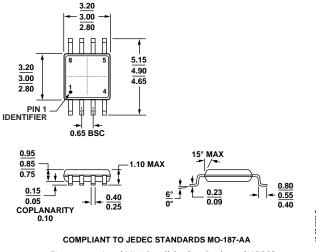
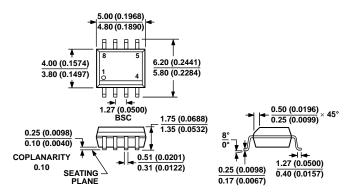


Figure 23. 8-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP] (RM-8) Dimensions shown in millimeters



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-012-AA
CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS; INCH DIMENSIONS
(IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF MILLIMETER EQUIVALENTS FOR
REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN.

Figure 24. 8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC_N]

Narrow Body

(R-8)

Dimensions shown in millimeters and (inches)

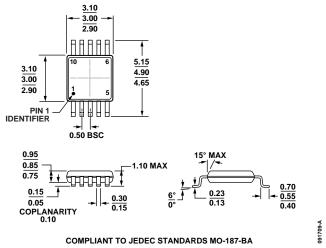
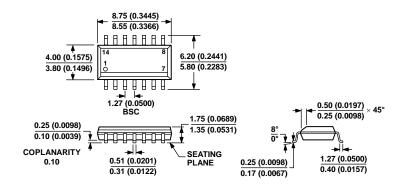


Figure 25. 10-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP] (RM-10) Dimensions shown in millimeters



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-012-AB
CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS; INCH DIMENSIONS
(IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF MILLIMETER EQUIVALENTS FOR
REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN.

Figure 26. 14-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC_N] Narrow Body (R-14) Dimensions shown in millimeters and (inches)

ORDERING GUIDE

Model ¹	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option	Branding
		· .		
ADM488ABRMZ	−40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]	RM-8	FOF
ADM488ABRMZ-REEL7	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]	RM-8	FOF
ADM488ABRZ	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package, Narrow Body [SOIC_N]	R-8	
ADM488ABRZ-REEL7	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package, Narrow Body [SOIC_N]	R-8	
ADM489ABRMZ	−40°C to +85°C	10-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]	RM-10	F0G
ADM489ABRMZ-REEL7	-40°C to +85°C	10-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]	RM-10	F0G
ADM489ABRZ	-40°C to +85°C	14-Lead Standard Small Outline Package, Narrow Body [SOIC_N]	R-14	
ADM489ABRZ-REEL7	−40°C to +85°C	14-Lead Standard Small Outline Package, Narrow Body [SOIC_N]	R-14	

¹ Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

NOTES

