

- 14-bit resolution
- 500kHz sampling rate
- Functionally complete: No missing codes
- Small 24-pin DDIP or SMT package
- Operates from ±15V or ±12V supplies +5V supply
- Low power, 1.75 Watts maximum
- Samples up to Nyquist frequencies
- Outstanding dynamic performance
- Bipolar ±5V input range (for unipolar 0 to 10V input range see ADS-916)
- For two's complement output coding, please order ADS-926-2 models

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The ADS-926 is a high-performance, 14-bit, 500kHz sampling A/D converter. This device accurately samples full-scale input signals up to Nyquist frequencies with no missing codes and exhibits outstanding dynamic performance that surpasses most 16-bit, 500kHz sampling A/D's. THD and SNR, for example, are typically -90dB and 80dB when converting fullscale input signals

Housed in a small 24-pin DDIP or SMT (gullwing) package, the functionally complete ADS-926 contains a fast-settling sample-hold amplifier, a subranging (two-pass) A/D converter, a precise voltage reference, timing/control logic, and errorcorrection circuitry. Digital input and output levels

are TTL. The ADS-926-2 series provide $\overline{\text{MSB}}$ at Pin 18 instead of MSB for two's complement output

Requiring $\pm 15V$ (or $\pm 12V$) and +5V supplies, the ADS-926 dissipates only 1.75W (1.6W for ±12V), maximum. The unit is offered with a bipolar input (-5V to +5V). Models are available for use in either commercial (0 to +70°C), industrial (-40 to +100°C), or HI-REL (-55 to +125°C) operating temperature ranges.

Applications include radar, sonar, spectrum analysis, and graphic/medical imaging. Contact DATEL for information on devices screened to MIL-STD-883.

	INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS								
PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION						
1	BIT 14 (LSB)	24	-12V/-15V SUPPLY						
2	BIT 13	23	ANALOG GROUND						
3	BIT 12	22	+12V/+15V SUPPLY						
4	BIT 11	21	+10V REFERENCE OUT						
5	BIT 10	20	ANALOG INPUT						
6	BIT 9	19	ANALOG GROUND						
7	BIT 8	18	BIT 1 (MSB)*						
8	BIT 7	17	BIT 2						
9	BIT 6	16	START CONVERT						
10	BIT 5	15	EOC						
11	BIT 4	14	DIGITAL GROUND						
12	BIT 3	13	+5V SUPPLY						

*MSB for ADS-926-2 models

BLOCK DIAGRAM

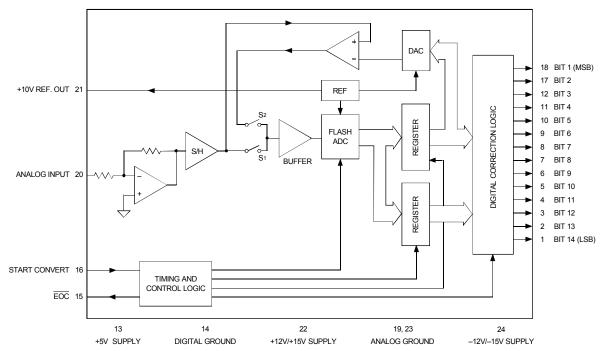


Figure 1. ADS-926 Functional Block Diagram

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14-Bit, 500kHz, Low-Power Sampling A/D Converters

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS						
PARAMETERS	LIMITS	UNITS				
+12V/+15V Supply (Pin 22)	0 to +16	Volts				
-12V/-15V Supply (Pin 24)	0 to -16	Volts				
+5V Supply (Pin 13)	0 to +6	Volts				
Digital Input (Pin 16)	-0.3 to $+V_{DD}$ $+0.3$	Volts				
Analog Input (Pin 20)	-4 to +17	Volts				
Lead Temperature (10 seconds)	+300	°C				

PHYSICAL/ENVIRONMENTAL								
PARAMETERS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS				
Operating Temp. Range, Case								
ADS-926MC, GC, MC-C, GC-C	0	_	+70	°C				
ADS-926ME, GE, ME-C, GE-C	-40	_	+100	°C				
ADS-926MM, GM, MM-C, GM-C	-55	_	+125	°C				
ADS-926MM-QL, 883, MM-QL-C, 883-C	-55	_	+125	°C				
Thermal Impedance								
θјс	_	6	_	°C/Watt				
θса	_	24	_	°C/Watt				
Storage Temperature Range	-65	_	+150	°C				
Package Type 24-pin, metal-sealed, ceramic DDIP or SM								
Weight	Weight 0.42 ounces (12 grams)							

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

 $(TA = +25^{\circ}C, \pm Vcc = \pm 15V \text{ (or } \pm 12V), +Vdd = +5V, 500kHz \text{ sampling rate, and a minimum 1 minute warmup } \oplus \text{ unless otherwise specified.)}$

		+25°C			0 TO +70°C		-	55 TO +125	°C	
ANALOG INPUT	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Input Voltage Range ②	_	±5	_	_	±5	_	_	±5	_	Volts
Input Resistance	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	kΩ
Input Capacitance	_	7	15	_	7	15	_	7	15	pF
DIGITAL INPUT										
Logic Levels										
Logic "1"	+2.0	_	_	+2.0	_	_	+2.0		_	Volts
Logic "0"	_	_	+0.8	_	_	+0.8	_		+0.8	Volts
Logic Loading "1"	_	_	+20	_	_	+20	_	_	+20	μА
Logic Loading "0"	_	_	-20	_	_	-20	_	_	-20	μA
Start Convert Positive Pulse Width ③	175	200	225	175	200	225	175	200	225	ns
STATIC PERFORMANCE										
Resolution	_	14	_	_	14	_	_	14	_	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity (fin = 10kHz)	_	±0.5	_	_	±0.75	_	_	±1.5	_	LSB
Differential Nonlinearity (fin = 10kHz)	_	±0.5	+0.95	_	±0.5	±0.95	_	±0.75	+0.99	LSB
Full Scale Absolute Accuracy	_	±0.08	±0.15	_	±0.15	±0.25	_	±0.3	±0.5	%FSR
Bipolar Zero Error (Tech Note 2)	_	±0.05	±0.1	_	±0.1	±0.25	_	±0.15	±0.3	%FSR
Bipolar Offset Error (Tech Note 2)	_	±0.05	±0.1	_	±0.1	±0.25	_	±0.25	±0.5	%FSR
Gain Error (Tech Note 2)	_	±0.1	±0.15	_	±0.15	±0.25	_	±0.25	±0.5	%FSR
No Missing Codes (fin = 10kHz)	14	_	_	14	_	_	14	_	_	Bits
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE										
Peak Harmonics (-0.5dB)										
dc to 100kHz	T -	-92	-88	_	-90	-85	_	-88	-81	dB
100kHz to 250kHz	_	-90	-85	_	-90	-85	_	-86	-80	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion (-0.5dB)										
dc to 100kHz	_	-90	-86	_	-89	-82	_	-87	-78	dB
100kHz to 250kHz	_	-87	-82	_	-87	-82	_	-81	-76	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio (w/o distortion, -0.5dB)										
dc to 100kHz	78	80	_	78	80	_	74	78	_	dB
100kHz to 250kHz	78	80	_	78	80	_	74	77	_	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio (& distortion, -0.5dB) ④			•		•				•	•
dc to 100kHz	77	79	_	77	79	_	74	78	_	dB
100kHz to 250kHz	77	79	_	77	79	_	73	77	_	dB
Two-tone Intermodulation Distortion (fin = 100kHz,		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•
$240kHz$, $f_s = 500kHz - 0.5dB$)	_	-87	_	_	-86	_	_	-85	_	dB
Noise	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	350	_	μVrms
Input Bandwidth (–3dB)										
Small Signal (–20dB input)	_	7	_		7	_	_	7	_	MHz
Large Signal (-0.5dB input)	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	MHz
Feedthrough Rejection (fin = 250kHz)	_	84	_	_	84	_	_	84	_	dB
Slew Rate	_	±40	_	_	±40	_	_	±40	_	V/µs
Aperture Delay Time	_	±20	_	_	±20	_	_	±20	_	ns
Aperture Uncertainty	_	50	_	_	50	_	_	50	_	ps rms
S/H Acquisition Time										
(to ±0.003%FSR, 10V step)	1335	1390	1445	1335	1390	1445	1335	1390	1445	ns
Overvoltage Recovery Time ®	_	1400	2000	_	1400	2000	_	1400	2000	ns
A/D Conversion Rate	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	MHz
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		+25°C			0 TO +70°C		بـ	55 TO +125	°C	
ANALOG OUTPUT	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Internal Reference	'									
Voltage	+9.95	+10.0	+10.05	+9.95	+10.0	+10.05	+9.95	+10.0	+10.05	Volts
Drift		±5	_	_	±5	_	_	±5	_	ppm/°C
External Current	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	mA
DIGITAL OUTPUTS										
Logic Levels										
Logic "1"	+2.4	_	_	+2.4	_	_	+2.4	_	_	Volts
Logic "0"		_	+0.4	_	_	+0.4	_	_	+0.4	Volts
Logic Loading "1"		_	-4	_	_	-4	_	_	-4	mA
Logic Loading "0"		_	+4	_	_	+4	_	_	+4	mA
Delay, Falling Edge of EOC to Output Data Valid		_	35	_	_	35	_	_	35	ns
Output Coding					Offset	Binary				
POWER REQUIREMENTS, ±15V										
Power Supply Ranges										
+15V Supply	+14.5	+15.0	+15.5	+14.5	+15.0	+15.5	+14.5	+15.0	+15.5	Volts
-15V Supply	-14.5	-15.0	-15.5	-14.5	-15.0	-15.5	-14.5	-15.0	-15.5	Volts
+5V Supply	+4.75	+5.0	+5.25	+4.75	+5.0	+5.25	+4.75	+5.0	+5.25	Volts
Power Supply Currents		'	'		'					
+15V Supply		+41	+63	_	+41	+63	_	+41	+63	mA
-15V Supply		-23	-40	_	-23	-40	_	-23	-40	mA
+5V Supply	_	+71	+85	_	+71	+85	_	+71	+85	mA
Power Dissipation	_	1.4	1.75	_	1.4	1.75	_	1.4	1.75	Watts
Power Supply Rejection	_	_	±0.02	_	_	±0.02	_	_	±0.02	%FSR/%V
POWER REQUIREMENTS, ±12V										
Power Supply Ranges										
+12V Supply	+14.5	+15.0	+15.5	+14.5	+15.0	+15.5	+14.5	+15.0	+15.5	Volts
-12V Supply	-14.5	-15.0	-15.5	-14.5	-15.0	-15.5	-14.5	-15.0	-15.5	Volts
+5V Supply	+4.75	+5.0	+5.25	+4.75	+5.0	+5.25	+4.75	+5.0	+5.25	Volts
Power Supply Currents										
+12V Supply	_	+41	+60	_	+41	+60	_	+41	+60	mA
-12V Supply	_	-23	-40	_	-23	-40	_	-23	-40	mA
+5V Supply	_	+71	+85	_	+71	+85	_	+71	+85	mA
Power Dissipation ±12V	_	1.15	1.6	_	1.15	1.6		1.15	1.6	Watts
Power Dissipation ±15V	_	1.3	1.8	_	1.3	1.8	_	1.3	1.8	Watts
Power Supply Rejection	_	_	±0.02			±0.02		_	±0.02	%FSR/%V

Footnotes:

- ① All power supplies must be on before applying a start convert pulse. All supplies and the clock (START CONVERT) must be present during warmup periods. The device must be continuously converting during this time.
- ② See Ordering Information for 0 to +10V input range. Contact DATEL for availability of other input voltage ranges.
- ③ A 500kHz clock with a 200ns wide start convert pulse is used for all production testing. For applications requiring less than a 500kHz sampling rate, wider start convert pulses can be used. See Timing Diagram for more details.

Effective bits is equal to:

⑤ This is the time required before the A/D output data is valid after the analog input is back within the specified range.

TECHNICAL NOTES

Obtaining fully specified performance from the ADS-926 requires careful attention to pc-card layout and power supply decoupling. The device's analog and digital ground systems are connected to each other internally. For optimal performance, tie all ground pins (14, 19 and 23) directly to a large analog ground plane beneath the package.

Bypass all power supplies and the REFERENCE OUTPUT (pin 21) to ground with $4.7\mu\text{F}$ tantalum capacitors in parallel with $0.1\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitors. Locate the bypass capacitors as close to the unit as possible. If the user-installed offset and gain adjusting circuit shown in Figure 2 is used, also locate it as close to the ADS-926 as possible.

The ADS-926 achieves its specified accuracies without the need for external calibration. If required, the device's small initial offset and gain errors can be reduced to zero using the input circuit of Figure 2. When using this circuit, or any similar offset and gain-calibration hardware, make adjustments following warmup. To avoid interaction, always adjust offset before gain.

- When operating the ADS-926 from ±12V supplies, do not drive external
 circuitry with the REFERENCE OUTPUT. The reference's accuracy and drift
 specifications may not be met, and loading the circuit may cause accuracy
 errors within the converter.
- Applying a start convert pulse while a conversion is in progress (EOC = logic "1") initiates a new and inaccurate conversion cycle. Data from the interrupted and subsequent conversions will be invalid.

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CALIBRATION PROCEDURE (Refer to Figures 2 and 3)

Any offset and/or gain calibration procedures should not be implemented until devices are fully warmed up. To avoid interaction, offset must be adjusted before gain. The ranges of adjustment for the circuit of Figure 2 are guaranteed to compensate for the ADS-926's initial accuracy errors and may not be able to compensate for additional system errors.

All fixed resistors in Figure 2 should be metal-film types, and multiturn potentiometers should have TCR's of 100ppm/°C or less to minimize drift with temperature.

A/D converters are calibrated by positioning their digital outputs exactly on the transition point between two adjacent digital output codes. This can be accomplished by connecting LED's to the digital outputs and adjusting until certain LED's "flicker" equally between on and off. Other approaches employ digital comparators or microcontrollers to detect when the outputs change from one code to the next.

For the ADS-926, offset adjusting is normally accomplished at the point where the MSB is a 1 and all other output bits are 0's and the LSB just changes from a 0 to a 1. This digital output transition ideally occurs when the applied analog input is $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ LSB ($\pm 305\mu$ V).

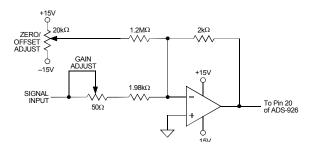


Figure 2. ADS-926 Calibration Circuit

Gain adjusting is accomplished when all bits are 1's and the LSB just changes from a 1 to a 0. This transition ideally occurs when the analog input is at +full scale minus $1\frac{1}{2}$ LSB's (+4.999085V).

Zero/Offset Adjust Procedure

- Apply a train of pulses to the START CONVERT input (pin 16) so the converter is continuously converting. If using LED's on the outputs, a 200kHz conversion rate will reduce flicker.
- 2. Apply +305μV to the ANALOG INPUT (pin 20).
- 3. Adjust the offset potentiometer until the output bits are a 1 and all 0's and the LSB flickers between 0 and 1.

Gain Adjust Procedure

- 1. 1. Apply +4.999085V to the ANALOG INPUT (pin 20).
- Adjust the gain potentiometer until the output bits are all 1's and the LSB flickers between 1 and 0.

Table 1. Zero and Gain Adjust

INPUT VOLTAGE	ZERO ADJUST	GAIN ADJUST		
Range	+½ LSB	+FS –1½ LSB		
±5V	+305µV	+4.999085V		

Table 2. Output Coding

OUTPUT CODING		INPUT RANGE	BIPOLAR SCALE
MSB	LSB	±5V	BIPULAR SCALE
11 1111 1111 1	111	+4.99939	+FS -1 LSB
11 1000 0000 00	000	+3.75000	+3/4 FS
11 0000 0000 00	000	+2.50000	+1/2FS
10 0000 0000 00	000	0.00000	0
01 0000 0000 00	000	-2.50000	-1/2FS
00 1000 0000 00	000	-3.75000	-3/4FS
00 0000 0000 00	001	-4.99939	–FS +1 LSB
00 0000 0000 00	000	-5.00000	–FS

Coding is offset binary; $1LSB = 610\mu V$.

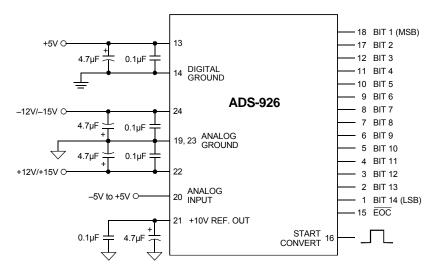


Figure 3. Typical ADS-926 Connection Diagram



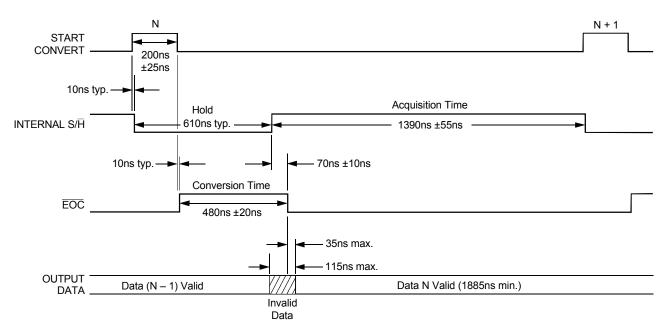
THERMAL REQUIREMENTS

All DATEL sampling A/D converters are fully characterized and specified over operating temperature (case) ranges of 0 to $+70^{\circ}$ C and -55 to $+125^{\circ}$ C. All room-temperature (T_A = $+25^{\circ}$ C) production testing is performed without the use of heat sinks or forced-air cooling. Thermal impedance figures for each device are listed in their respective specification tables.

These devices do not normally require heat sinks; however, standard precautionary design and layout procedures should be used to ensure

devices do not overheat. The ground and power planes beneath the package, as well as all pcb signal runs to and from the device, should be as heavy as possible to help conduct heat away from the package.

Electrically-insulating, thermally-conductive "pads" may be installed underneath the package. Devices should be soldered to boards rather than "socketed," and of course, minimal air flow over the surface can greatly help reduce the package temperature.



Notes: 1. fs = 500kHz.

 The ADS-926 is a pulse-triggered device. Its internal operations are triggered by both the rising and falling edges of the start convert pulse. When sampling at 500kHz, the start pulse must be between 175 and 225nsec wide. For lower sampling rates, wider start pulses may be used, however, a 50nsec minimum pulse width low must be maintained.

Figure 4. ADS-926 Timing Diagram



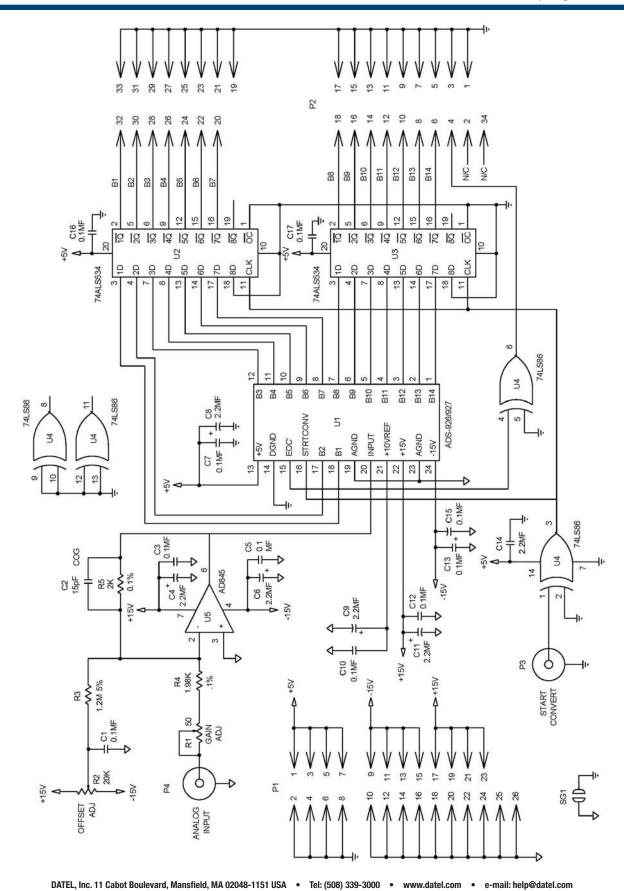
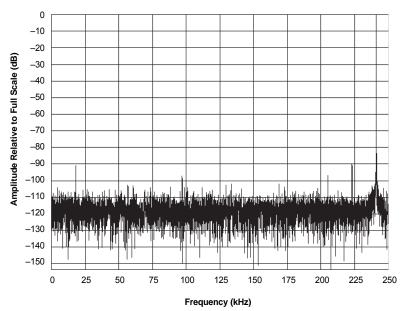


Figure 5. ADS-926 Evaluation Board Schematic





(fs = 500kHz, fin = 240kHz, Vin = -0.5dB, 16,384-point FFT)

Figure 6. ADS-926 FFT Analysis

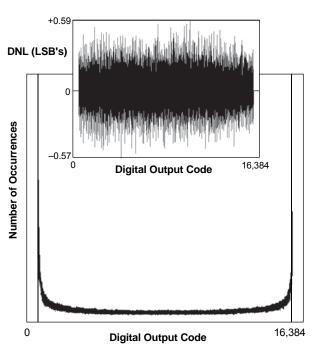
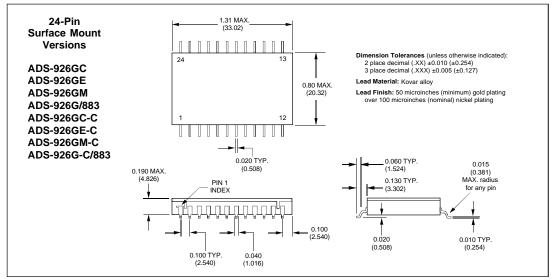


Figure 7. ADS-926 Histogram and Differential Nonlinearity



MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS - INCHES (mm) 24-Pin DDIP Dimension Tolerances (unless otherwise 2 place decimal (.XX) ±0.010 (±0.254) 3 place decimal (.XXX) ±0.005 (±0.127) Versions ADS-926MC 0.80 MAX (20.32) Lead Finish: 50 microinches (minimum) gold plating over 100 microinches (nominal) nickel plating ADS-926ME ADS-926MM фосффососо ADS-926/883 ADS-926MC-C 0.100 TYP. (2.540) ADS-926ME-C 1.100 (27.940) ADS-926MM-C 0.235 MAX. ADS-926-C/883 0.200 MAX. 0.010 ^{+0.002}_{-0.001} (0.254) 0.190 MAX (4.826) SEATING PLANE 0.025 (0.635) 0.600 ±0.010 (15.240) (2.540)0.018 ±0.002 (0.457)





ORDERING INFORMATION							
MODEL NUMBER	OPERATING TEMP. RANGE	PACKAGE	RoHS				
ADS-926MC	0 to +70°C	DDIP	No				
ADS-926MC-C	0 to +70°C	DDIP	Yes				
ADS-926ME	-40 to +100°C	DDIP	No				
ADS-926ME-C	-40 to +100°C	DDIP	Yes				
ADS-926MM	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	No				
ADS-926MM-C	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	Yes				
ADS-926MM-QL	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	No				
ADS-926MM-QL-C	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	Yes				
ADS-926/883	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	No				
ADS-926-C/883	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	Yes				
ADS-926GC	0 to +70°C	SMT	No				
ADS-926GC-C	0 to +70°C	SMT	Yes				
ADS-926GE	-40 to +100°C	SMT	No				
ADS-926GE-C	-40 to +100°C	SMT	Yes				
ADS-926GM	−55 to +125°C	SMT	No				
ADS-926GM-C	−55 to +125°C	SMT	Yes				
ADS-926G/883	−55 to +125°C	SMT	No				
ADS-926G-C/883	−55 to +125°C	SMT	Yes				

For unipolar analog input 0 to 10V see ADS-916 data sheet.

ORDERING INFORMATION FOR TWO'S COMPLEMENT (PIN 18 IS MSB)								
MODEL NUMBER	OPERATING TEMP. RANGE	PACKAGE	RoHS					
ADS-926MC-2	0 to +70°C	DDIP	No					
ADS-926MC-2-C	0 to +70°C	DDIP	Yes					
ADS-926ME-2	-40 to +100°C	DDIP	No					
ADS-926ME-2-C	-40 to +100°C	DDIP	Yes					
ADS-926MM-2	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	No					
ADS-926MM-2-C	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	Yes					
ADS-926MM-2-QL	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	No					
ADS-926MM-2-QL-C	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	Yes					
ADS-926-2/883	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	No					
ADS-926-2-C/883	−55 to +125°C	DDIP	Yes					
ADS-926GC-2	0 to +70°C	SMT	No					
ADS-926GC-2-C	0 to +70°C	SMT	Yes					
ADS-926GE-2	-40 to +100°C	SMT	No					
ADS-926GE-2-C	-40 to +100°C	SMT	Yes					
ADS-926GM-2	−55 to +125°C	SMT	No					
ADS-926GM-2-C	−55 to +125°C	SMT	Yes					
ADS-926G-2/883	−55 to +125°C	SMT	No					
ADS-926G-2-C/883	−55 to +125°C	SMT	Yes					

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