

FEATURES

- Dropout Voltage 1.2V at 800mA Output Current.
- Fast Transient Response.
- Line Regulation, typical at 0.015%.
- Load Regulation, typical at 0.1%.
- Current Limiting and Thermal Protection.
- Adjustable Output Voltage or Fixed at 1.8V, 2.5V and 3.3V.
- Standard 3-Pin Power Packages.

APPLICATIONS

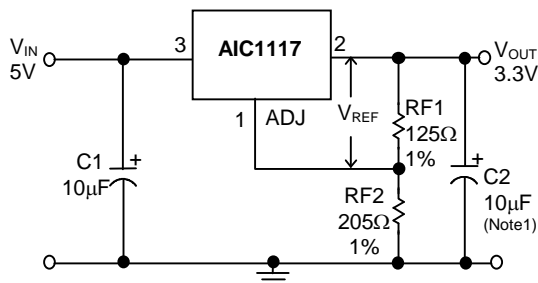
- Active SCSI Terminators.
- Post Regulators for Switching Supplies.
- Battery Chargers.
- PC Add-On Card.

DESCRIPTION

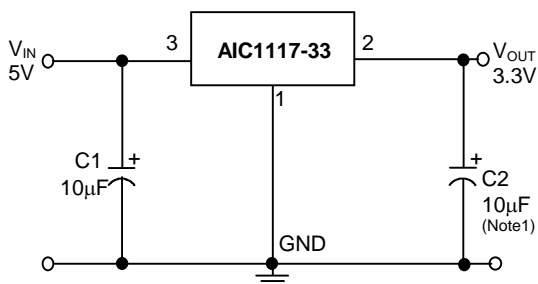
The AIC1117 is a low dropout, three terminals regulator designed to provide output current up to 800mA. The device is available in an adjustable version and fixed output voltage of 1.8V, 2.5V and 3.3V. Dropout voltage of maximum of 1.4V is guaranteed at 800mA output current. The quality of low dropout voltage and fast transient response make this device ideal for low voltage microprocessor applications.

The AIC1117 requires output capacitance of a minimum of 10 μ F for stability. Built-in output current limiting and thermal limiting provide maximal protection to the AIC1117 against fault conditions.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



Adjustable Voltage Regulator



Fixed Voltage Regulator

$$V_{REF} = V_{OUT} - V_{ADJ} = 1.25V \text{ (typ.)}$$

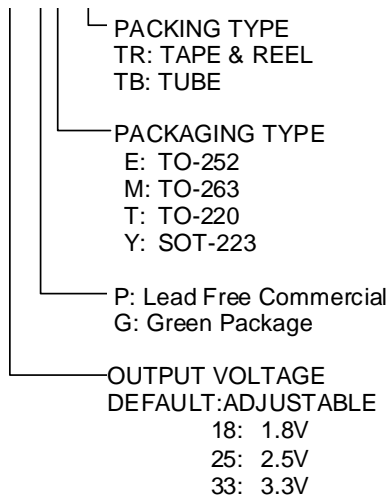
$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times (1 + RF2/RF1) + I_{ADJ} \times RF2$$

$$I_{ADJ} = 55\mu A \text{ (typ.)}$$

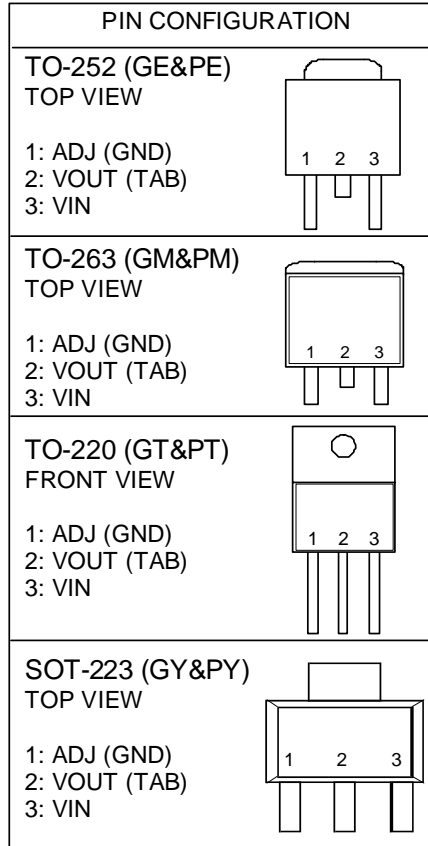
- (1) C1 needed if device is far away from filter capacitors.
- (2) C2 required for stability.

ORDERING INFORMATION

AIC1117-XXXXXX



Example: AIC1117-25GETR
 → 2.5V version in TO-252 Green Package & Taping & Reel Packing Type
 AIC1117-25PYTR
 → 2.5V version in SOT-223 Lead Free Package & Taping & Reel



SOT-223 Marking

Part No.	GY	PY
AIC1117	AK17G	AK17P
AIC1117-18	AK18G	AK18P
AIC1117-25	AK25G	AK25P
AIC1117-33	AK33G	AK33P

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

VIN pin to ADJ/ GND pin	.....	7V
Operating Temperature Range	.....	-40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature Range	.....	-65°C to 150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	.....	125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	.....	260°C
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	TO-220.....	3°C /W
	TO-252.....	12.5°C /W
	SOT-223.....	15°C /W
	TO-263.....	3°C /W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	TO-252.....	100°C/W
(Assume no ambient airflow, no heatsink)	TO-263.....	60°C /W
	SOT-223.....	155°C /W
	TO-220.....	50°C /W

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

■ TEST CIRCUIT

Refer to TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
($V_{IN}=5V$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, $I_O=10mA$, unless otherwise specified) (Note2)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Reference Voltage	AIC1117 (ADJ), $T_J=25^{\circ}C$	1.238	1.25	1.262	V
	$0^{\circ}C \leq T_J \leq 125^{\circ}C$	1.225	1.25	1.275	
Output Voltage	AIC1117-18, $V_{IN}=3.3V$	1.78	1.8	1.82	V
	AIC1117-25, $V_{IN}=5V$	2.47	2.5	2.53	
	AIC1117-33, $V_{IN}=5V$	3.26	3.30	3.33	
Line Regulation	$2.65 \leq V_{IN} \leq 7V$, $V_{OUT}=1.25V$ $T_J=25^{\circ}C$		0.015	0.2	%
	$0^{\circ}C \leq T_J \leq 125^{\circ}C$		0.035	0.2	
Load Regulation	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $10mA \leq I_O \leq 800mA$		0.1	0.3	%
	$0^{\circ}C \leq T_J \leq 125^{\circ}C$		0.2	0.4	
Dropout Voltage	ΔV_{OUT} , $\Delta V_{REF}=1\%$ $10mA \leq I_O \leq 800mA$		1.2	1.4	V
Current Limit		0.85			A
Adjusted Pin Current (I_{ADJ})	$2.65 \leq V_{IN} \leq 7V$ $10mA \leq I_O \leq 800mA$		55	120	μA
Adjusted Pin Current Change (ΔI_{ADJ})	$2.65 \leq V_{IN} \leq 7V$ $10mA \leq I_O \leq 800mA$		0.2	5	μA
Temperature Stability	$I_O=0.5A$		0.5		%
Minimum Load Current			5	10	mA
GND Current	$2.65 \leq V_{IN} \leq 7V$		10	14	mA
RMS Output Noise (% of V_{OUT})	$10Hz \leq f \leq 10KHz$		0.003		%
Ripple Rejection Ratio	120Hz input ripple $C_{OUT}=25\mu F$	60	72		dB

Note 1: To avoid output oscillation, aluminum electrolytic output capacitor is recommended and ceramic capacitor is not suggested.

Note 2: Specifications are production tested at $T_A=25^{\circ}C$. Specifications over the $-40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$ operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with Statistical Quality Controls (SQC).

■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

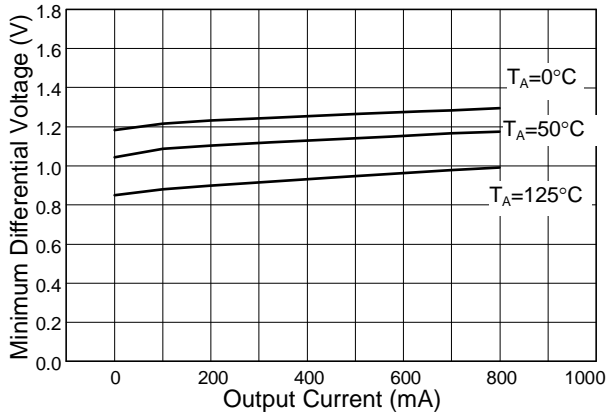


Fig. 1 AIC1117 (ADJ) Dropout Voltage

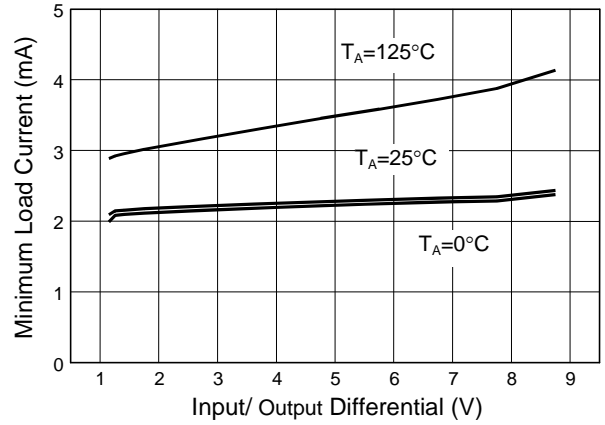


Fig. 2 Minimum Load Current (Adjustable Version)

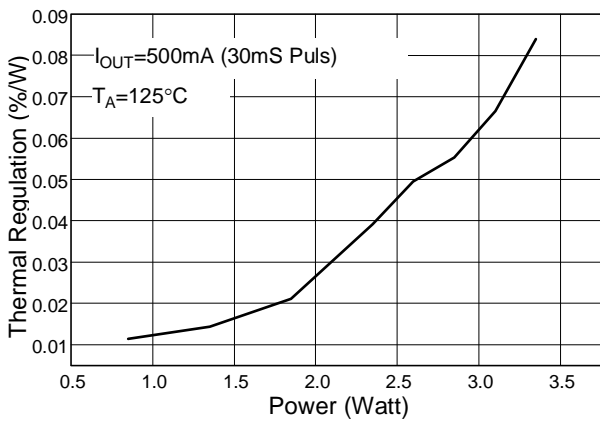


Fig. 3 AIC1117 (ADJ) Power vs. Thermal Regulation

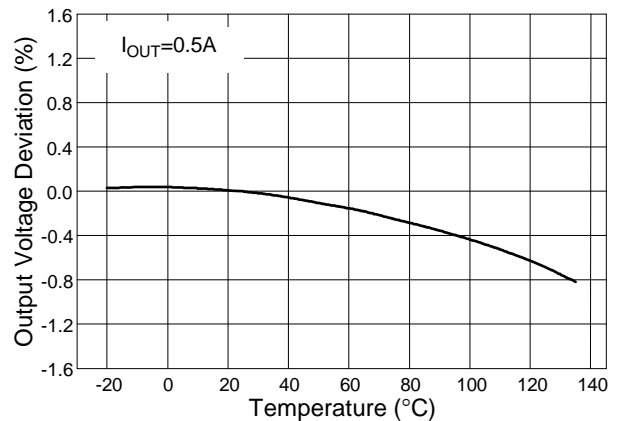


Fig. 4 AIC1117 (ADJ) Temperature Stability

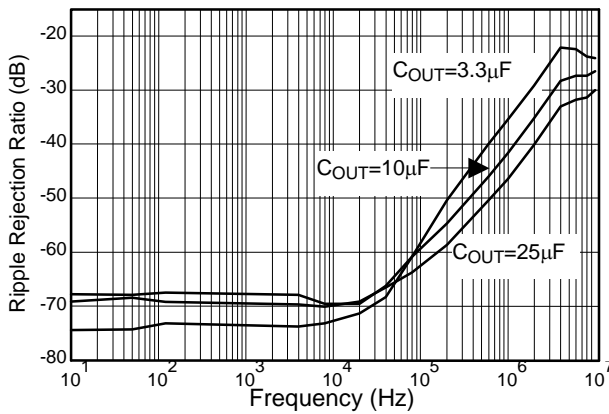


Fig. 5 AIC1117 (ADJ) Ripple Rejection Ratio (dB)

■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

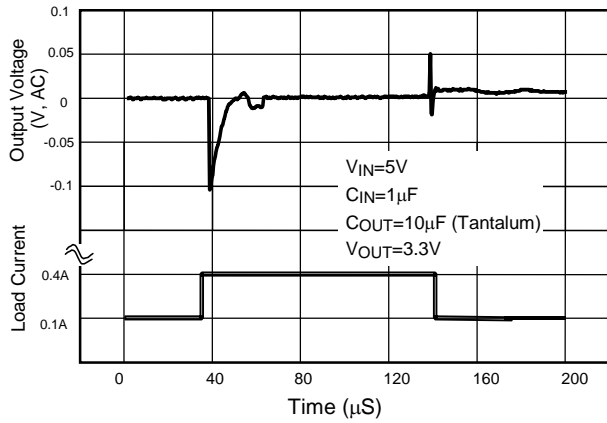


Fig. 6 Load Transient Response

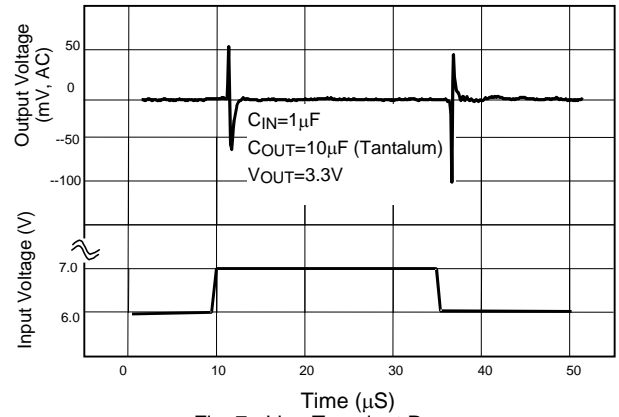


Fig. 7 Line Transient Response

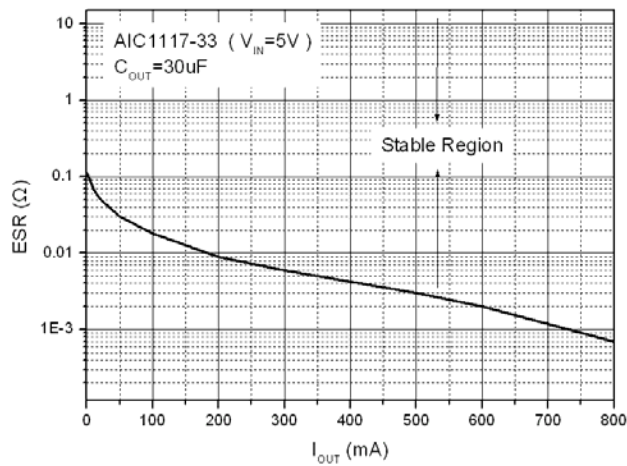


Fig. 8 Region of Stable C_{OUT} ESR vs. Load Current

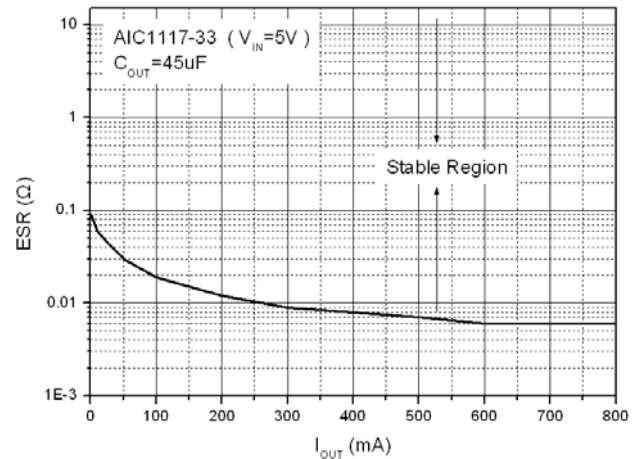
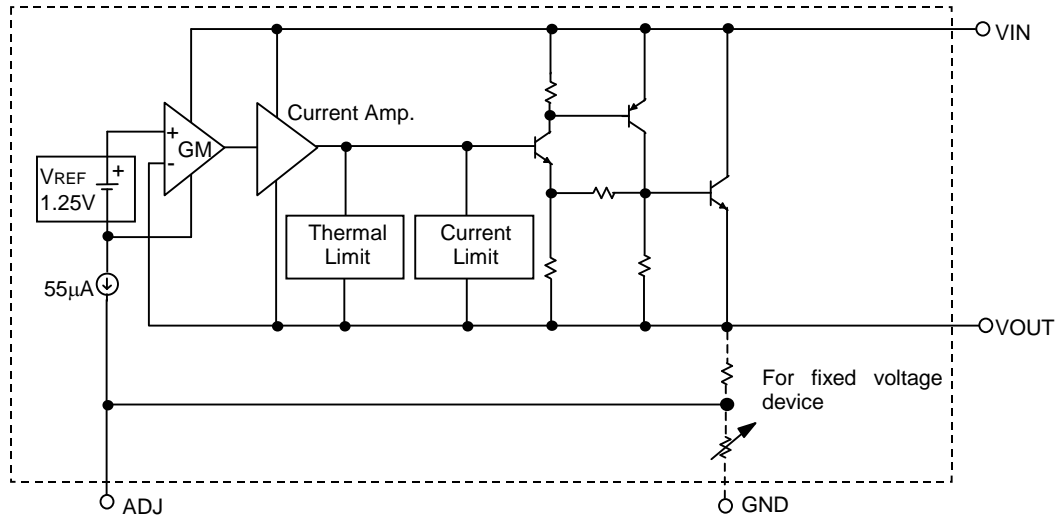


Fig. 9 Region of Stable C_{OUT} ESR vs. Load Current

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ PIN DESCRIPTIONS

- ADJ PIN - Providing $V_{REF}=1.25V$ (typ.) for adjustable V_{OUT} . $V_{REF}=V_{OUT}-V_{ADJ}$ and $I_{ADJ}=55\mu A$ (typ.) (GND PIN - Power ground.)
- VOUT PIN - Adjustable output voltage.
- VIN PIN - Power Input.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

INPUT-OUTPUT CAPACITORS

Linear regulators require input and output capacitors to maintain stability. Input capacitor at 10 μ F with a 10 μ F aluminum electrolytic output capacitor is recommended. To avoid oscillation, it is recommended to follow Fig. 8, 9 to choose proper capacitor specifications.

POWER DISSIPATION

The AIC1117 obtains thermal-limiting circuitry, which is designed to protect the device against overload condition. For continuous load condition, maximum rating of junction temperature must not be exceeded. It is important to pay more attention in thermal resistance. It includes junction to case, junction to ambient. The maximum power dissipation of AIC1117 depends on the thermal resistance of its case and circuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and ambient air, and the rate of airflow. The rate of

temperature rise is greatly affected by the mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and the ambient temperature. When the IC mounting with good thermal conductivity is used, the junction temperature will be low even when large power dissipation applies.

The power dissipation across the device is

$$P = I_{OUT} (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}).$$

The maximum power dissipation is:

$$P_{MAX} = \frac{(T_{J-max} - T_A)}{R\theta_{JA}}$$

Where T_{J-max} is the maximum allowable junction temperature (125°C), and T_A is the ambient temperature suitable in application.

As a general rule, the lower temperature is, the better reliability of the device is. So the PCB mounting pad should provide maximum thermal conductivity to maintain low device temperature.

APPLICATION EXAMPLES

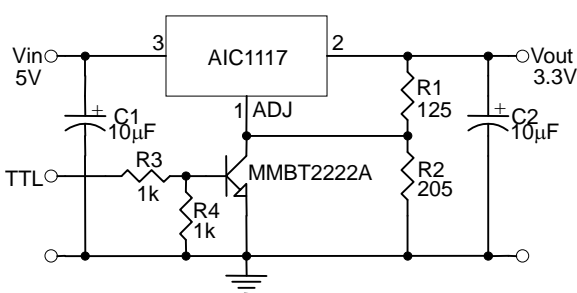
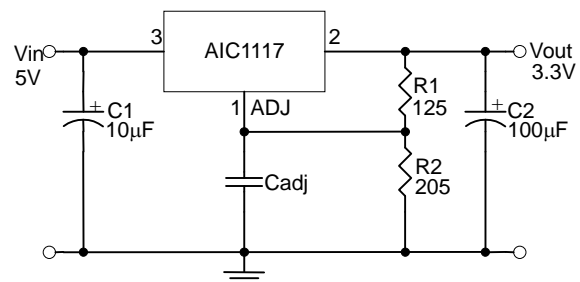


Fig. 10 $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ with Shutdown



* Cadj can improve ripple rejection

Fig. 11 Improving Ripple Rejection

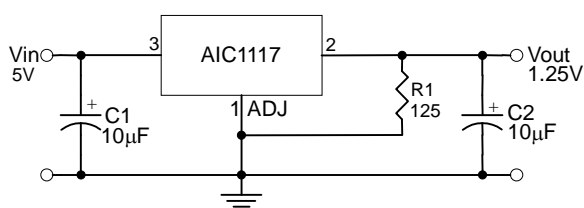


Fig. 12 $V_{OUT}=1.25V$ Application Circuit

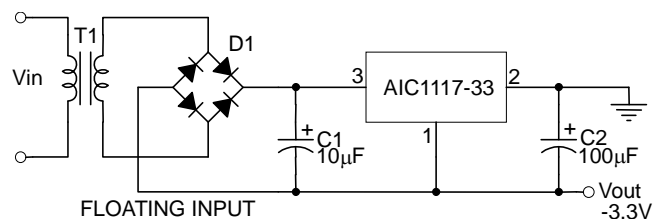
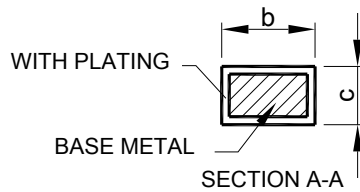
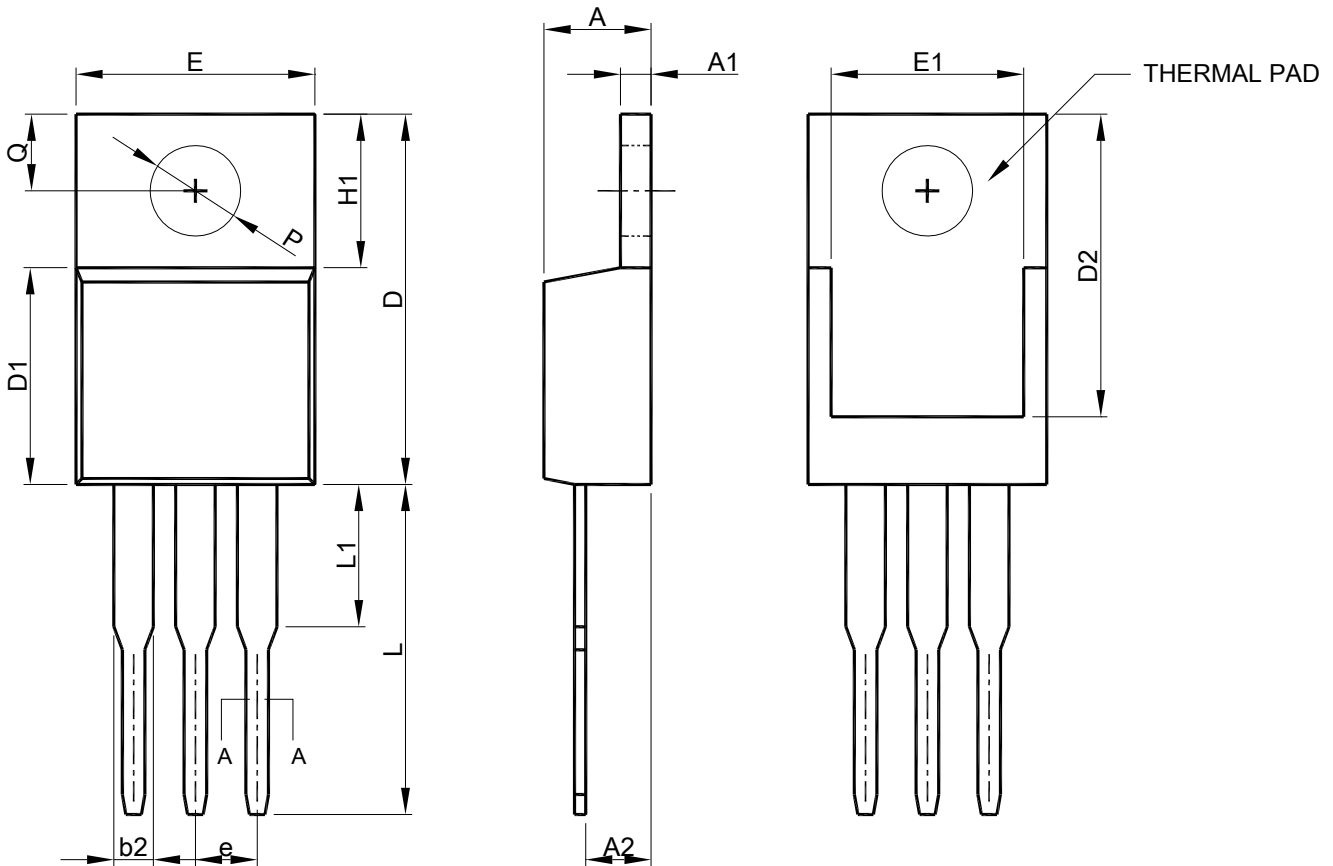


Fig. 13 Low Dropout Negative Supply

■ PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS (unit: mm)

- TO-220



SYMBOL	TO-220	
	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
A	3.56	4.82
A1	0.51	1.39
A2	2.04	2.92
b	0.38	1.01
b2	1.15	1.77
c	0.35	0.61
D	14.23	16.51
D1	8.38	9.02
D2	11.75	12.88
E	9.66	10.66
E1	6.86	8.90
e	2.54 BSC	
H1	5.85	6.85
L	12.70	14.73
L1	--	6.35
P	3.54	4.08
Q	2.54	3.42

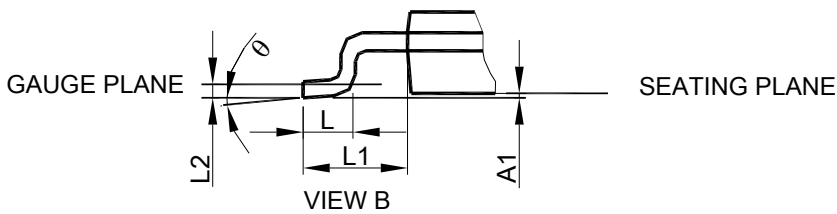
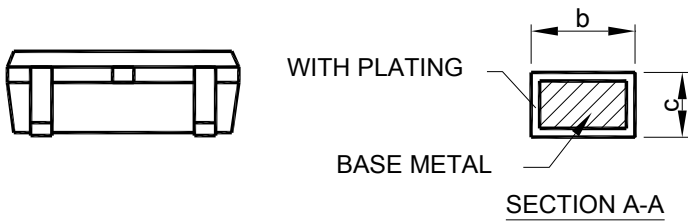
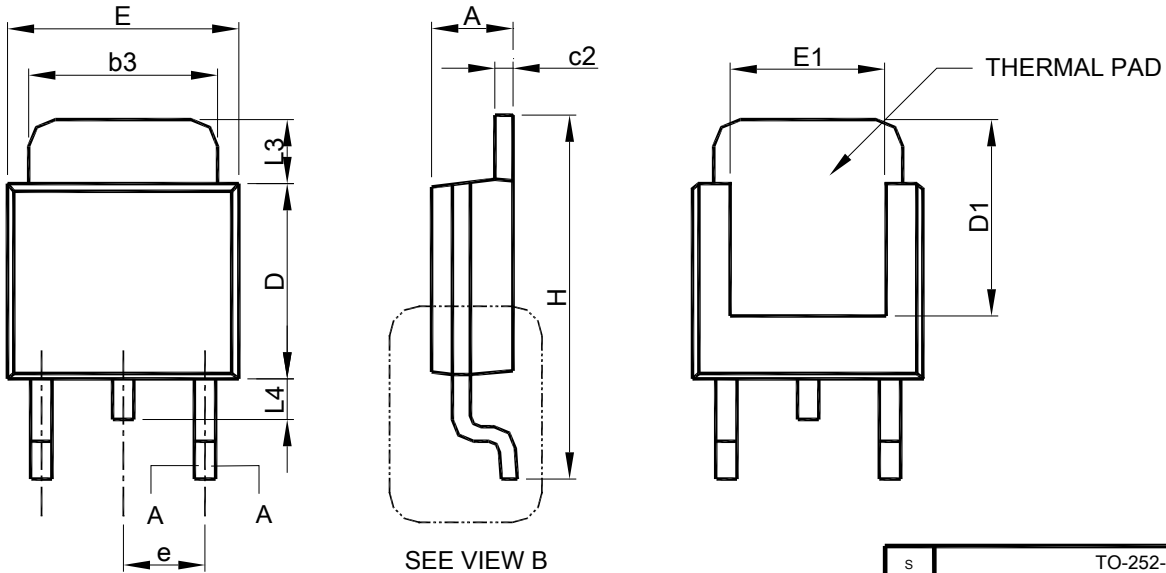
Note: 1. Refer to JEDEC TO-220AB.

2. Dimension "E" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion or gate burrs shall not exceed 6 mil per side .

3. Dimension "D1" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions.

4. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

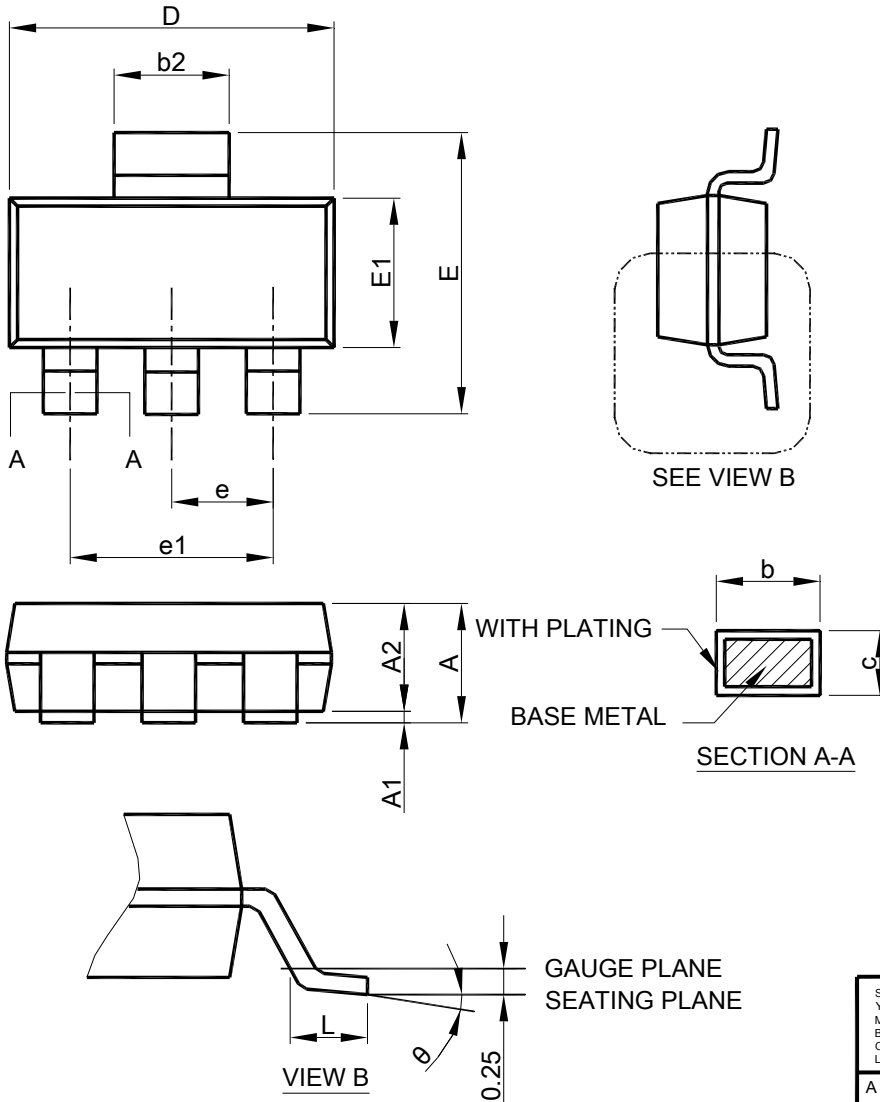
● TO-252



SYMBOL	TO-252-3L	
	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
A	2.19	2.38
A1	0.00	0.13
b	0.64	0.89
b3	4.95	5.46
c	0.46	0.61
c2	0.46	0.89
D	5.33	6.22
D1	4.60	6.00
E	6.35	6.73
E1	3.90	5.46
e	2.28 BSC	
H	9.40	10.41
L	1.40	1.78
L1	2.67 REF	
L2	0.51 BSC	
L3	0.89	2.03
L4	--	1.02
θ	0°	8°

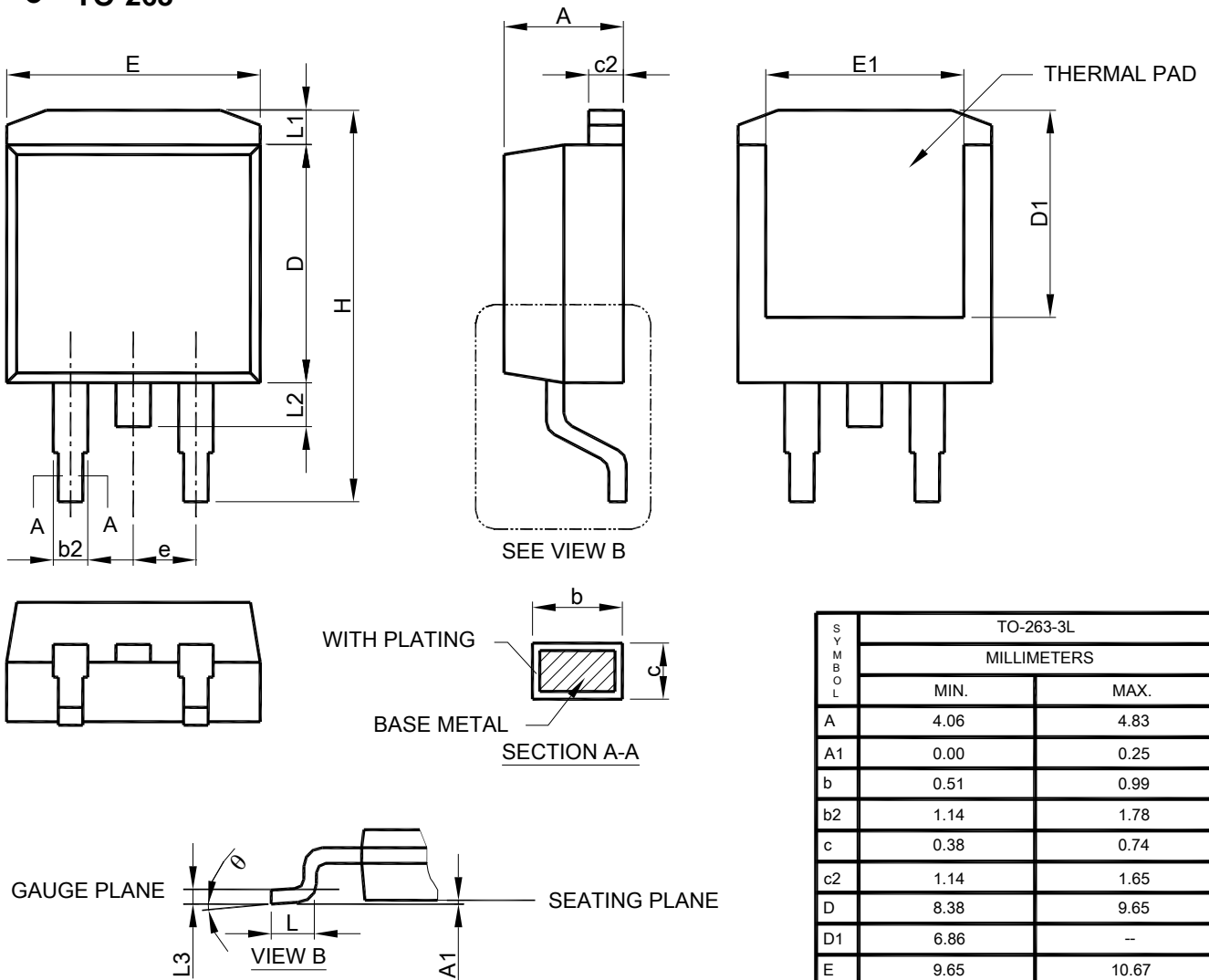
- Note: 1. Refer to JEDEC TO-252AA and AB.
 2. Dimension "E" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion or gate burrs shall not exceed 6 mil per side .
 3. Dimension "D" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions.
 4. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

● SOT-223



- Note: 1. Refer to JEDEC TO-261AA.
 2. Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion or gate burrs shall not exceed 6 mil per side .
 3. Dimension "E1" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions.
 4. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

SYMBOL	SOT-223	
	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
A		1.80
A1	0.02	0.10
A2	1.55	1.65
b	0.66	0.84
b2	2.90	3.10
c	0.23	0.33
D	6.30	6.70
E	6.70	7.30
E1	3.30	3.70
e	2.30 BSC	
e1	4.60 BSC	
L	0.90	
θ	0°	8°

● TO-263


SYMBOL	TO-263-3L	
	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
A	4.06	4.83
A1	0.00	0.25
b	0.51	0.99
b2	1.14	1.78
c	0.38	0.74
c2	1.14	1.65
D	8.38	9.65
D1	6.86	--
E	9.65	10.67
E1	6.23	--
e	2.54 BSC	
H	14.61	15.88
L	1.78	2.79
L1	--	1.68
L2	--	1.78
L3	0.25 BSC	
θ	0°	8°

- Note: 1. Refer to JEDEC TO-263AB.
 2. Dimension "E" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion or gate burrs shall not exceed 6 mil per side .
 3. Dimension "D" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions.
 4. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

Note:

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