400mA, 1.2MHz Synchronous Step-Up Converter

FEATURES

• V_{IN} Start Up Voltage: 0.9V

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- Output Voltage Range: from 2.7V to 5.25V.
- Up to 94% Efficiency
- 1.2MHz Fixed Frequency Switching
- Built-in current mode compensation
- Built-in Protection: Over Current, Over Voltage, Over Temperature
- Optional Automatic PWM/PSM Version (AIC3413) and Forced PWM Version (AIC3413A).
- Logic Controlled Shutdown: < 1µA
- Output Disconnect by Shutdown Function
- Built-in Soft Start
- Active Anti-ringing Control
- Small SOT-23-6 Package

APPLICATIONS

- Single/Dual Cells Ni-Cd/Ni-Mh/Li-Lon Type Battery Operated Products
- Wireless Mice
- PDA
- Digital Still Cameras
- Portable Equipment

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

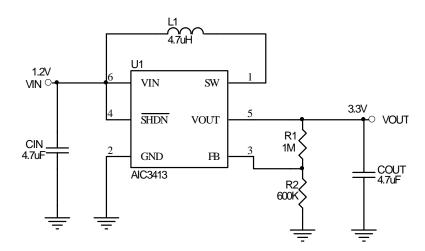
DESCRIPTION

The AIC3413 is a synchronous step-up DC/DC converter.

There are two options for AIC3413: automatic PWM/PSM version (AIC3413), and forced PWM version (AIC3413A). The automatic PWM/PSM version enters PSM from PWM automatically when load decreases. The goal is to improve efficiency and reduce quiescent current; the forced PWM version keeps the same operating frequency even when it operates in light load. This guarantees low output ripple and noise.

The AIC3413 provides a complete power supply solution for products powered by one or two Alkaline, Ni-Cd, Ni-MH or Li-Lon battery cells. It stays in operation with supply voltages down to 0.5V. The implemented boost converter uses an internal synchronous rectifier to obtain maximum efficiency.

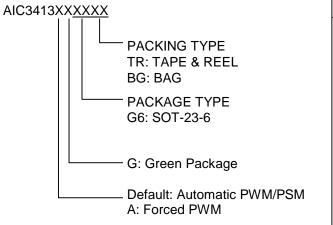
A low-EMI mode is implemented to reduce ringing and in effect lower radiated electromagnetic energy when the converter enters the discontinuous conduction mode.

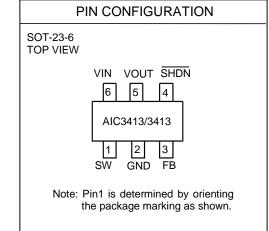


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ORDERING INFORMATION





Example: AIC3413GG6TR

→ Automatic PWM/PSM in SOT-23-6 Green Package and Tape & Reel Packing Type

AIC3413AGG6TR

→ Forced PWM in SOT-23-6 Green Package and Tape & Reel Packing Type

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Pins Voltage: LX, FB, EN, OUT, VIN	-0.3 V to 6V
Operating Ambient Temperature Range T _A	-40°C to 85°C
Operating Maximum Junction Temperature T _J	150°C
Storage Temperature Range T _{STG}	-65°C to 125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 Sec.)	
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	250°C/W
(Assume no Ambient Airflow, no Heatsink)	

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.



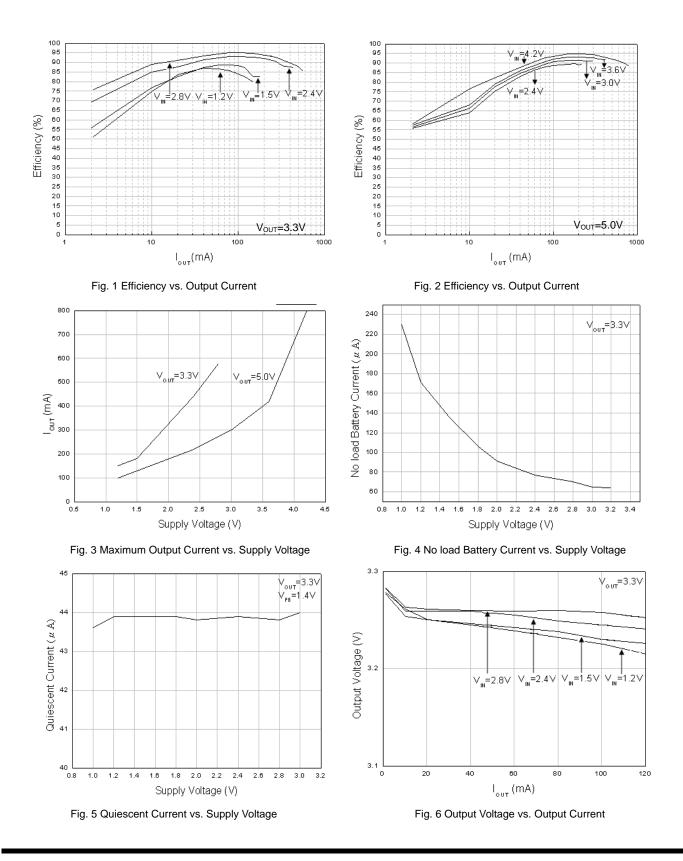
(Typical application circuit, and the ambient temperature=25°C, V_{IN}=1.2V, V_{OUT}=3.3V, Unless otherwise specified) (Note1)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
Output Voltage Range	I _{OUT} =0A	V _{OUT}	2.7		5.25	V
Minimum Start Up Voltage				0.9	1.1	V
Minimum Operation Voltage	Note2			0.5		V
Quiescent Current	AIC3413 only	I _{Q0}		40	60	μA
(VFB>1.23V, Non-Switching)	AIC3413A only	I _{Q0}		250		μA
Shut Down Current	SHDN= 0V,	I _{SD}		0.3	1	μA
(Oscillator no switching)	VIN =1.1V					
Feedback Voltage	I _{OUT} =0	V _{FB}	1.17	1.2	1.23	V
FB Input Leakage Current	V _{FB} =1.3V	I _{FB}		1	50	nA
Maximum Duty Cycle	V _{FB} =1.15V		80	88		%
Minimum Duty Cycle	V _{FB} =1.3V				0	%
Frequency			0.95	1.2	1.5	MHz
NMOS Switch Leakage	V _{SW} =5V			0.1	10	μA
PMOS Switch Leakage	V _{SW} =5V, V _{OUT} =0V			0.1	10	μA
NMOS Switch On Resistance				350		mΩ
PMOS Switch On Resistance				450		mΩ
SHDN High Threshold Voltage			0.88			V
SHDN Low Threshold Voltage					0.25	V
SHDN Input Current	SHDN= 5.25V	I _{SHDN}		0.01	1.0	μA
NMOS Current Limit Setting			0.6	0.9		А
Over Temperature Protection				150		°C
Over Temperature Hysteresis				25		°C

Note 1: Specifications are production tested at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C. Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with Statistical Quality Controls (SQC). Note 2: Once the output is started, the IC is not dependent upon the VIN supply.

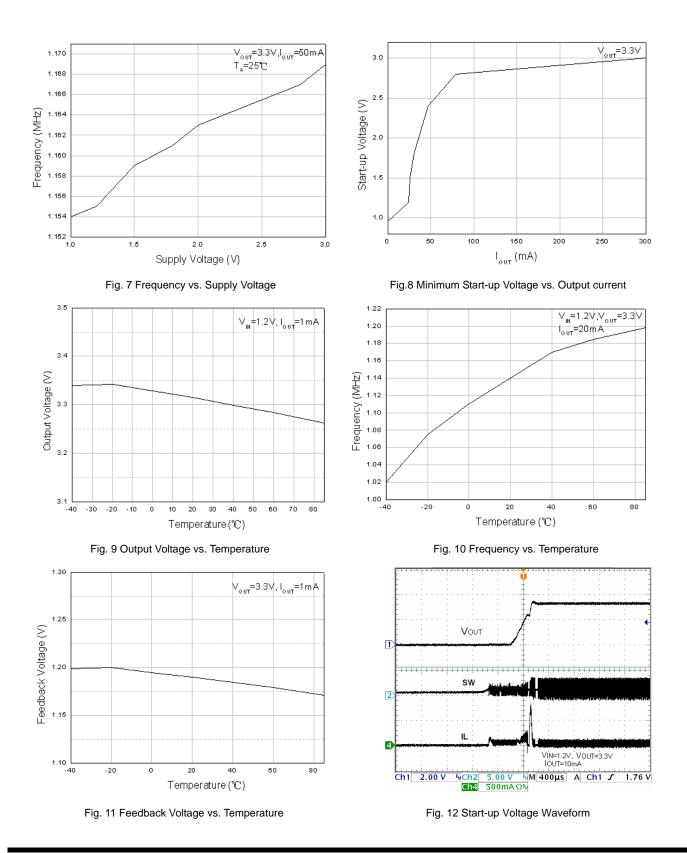
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

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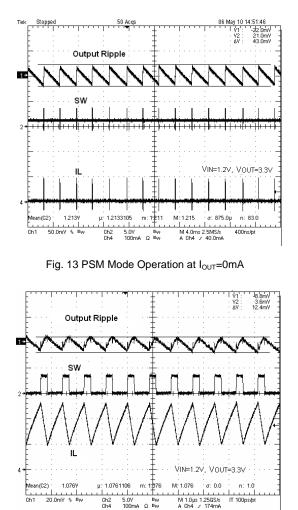
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)



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Fig.15 CCM Switching Waveform at I_{OUT} =50mA

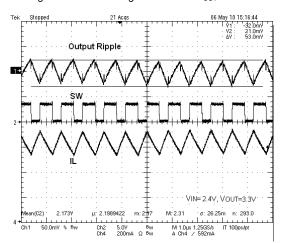
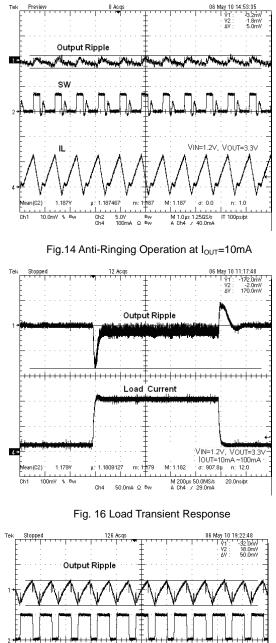
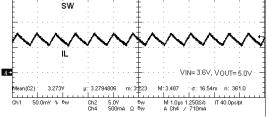
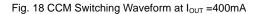


Fig. 17 CCM Switching Waveform at I_{OUT} =350mA



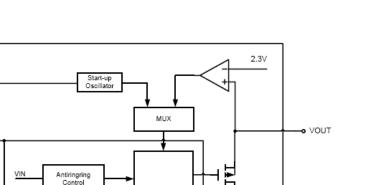


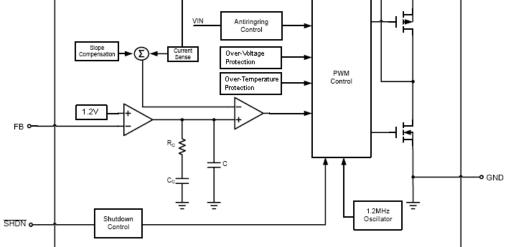




VIN O

SW





PIN DESCRIPTIONS

- PIN 1: SW Power Switch Pin. This pin is tied to the drains of the PMOS synchronous rectifier and the NMOS switch.
- PIN 2: GND I/O Control/logic ground.
- PIN 3: FB Output reference voltage is typically 1.2V

- PIN 4: SHDN Shutdown Signal Input. Logic high enables the IC. Logic low disables the IC. Shutdown current is <1µA.
- PIN 5: VOUT- Power Output Pin. This pin is tied to the source of the PMOS synchronous rectifier.
- PIN 6: VIN Power Supply Input. Must be closely decoupled to GND with a 4.7µF or greater ceramic capacitor.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

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The AIC3413 is a synchronous step-up DC-DC converter. It is based on a slope compensated current mode PWM control topology. It operates at a fixed frequency of 1.2MHz. At the beginning of each clock cycle, the main switch (NMOS) is turned on and the inductor current starts to ramp. After the maximum duty cycle or the sense current signal equals the error amplifier (EA) output, the main switch is turned off and the synchronous switch (PMOS) is turned on. The device can operate with an input voltage below 1V; the typical start-up voltage is 0.9V.

Current Limit

The over current protection is to limit the switch current. The output Voltage will be dropped when over current is happened. The current limit amplifier will shut the N-MOS switch off once the current exceeds its threshold. The current amplifier delay to output is about 100 nS.

Anti-Ringing Control

An anti-ringing circuitry is included to remove the high frequency ringing that appears on the SW pin when the inductor current goes to zero. In this case, a ringing on the SW pin is induced due to remaining energy stored in parasitic components of switch and inductor. The anti-ringing circuitry clamps the voltage internally to the battery voltage and therefore dampens this ringing.

Zero Current Comparator

The zero current comparator monitors the inductor current to the output and shuts off the synchronous rectifier once the current is below 20 mA, This prevents the inductor current from reversing in polarity improving efficiency at light loads.

Device Shutdown

When \overline{SHDN} is set logic high, the AIC3413 is put into active mode operation. If \overline{SHDN} is set logic low, the device is put into shutdown mode and consumes less than 1µA of current. At the shutdown mode, the synchronous switch will turn off and the output voltage of AIC3413 step-up converter will reduce to 0V.After start-up, the internal circuitry is supplied by VOUT, however, if shutdown mode is enabled, the internal circuitry will be supplied by the input source again.

Adjustable Output Voltage

An external resistor divider is used to set the output voltage. The output voltage of the switching regulator (V_{OUT}) is determined by the following equation:

$$V_{\text{out}} = V_{\text{fb}} \times \left(1 \! + \! \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right)$$

Where V_{FB} is 1.2V reference voltage.

Input Inductor Selection

The inductor value determines the ripple current. The approximate ripple current and inductance value are measured by the following equations:

$$\Delta I_{L} = \frac{V_{IN}D}{L \times F_{SW}}$$

Where ΔI_{L} = inductor ripple current

 F_{SW} = switch frequency

D = duty cycle, $(V_{OUT} - V_{IN}) / V_{OUT}$

Where ΔI_L is inductor ripple current, F_{SW} is switch frequency and D is the duty cycle. Increasing the value of inductance will reduce the output ripple current and ripple voltage.

Input Capacitor Selection

Surfaces mount 4.7µF or greater, X5R or X7R, ceramic



AIC3413

capacitor is suggested for the input capacitor. The input capacitor provides a low impedance loop for the edges of pulsed current drawn by the AIC3413. Low ESR/ESL X7R and X5R ceramic capacitors are ideal for this function. To minimize stray inductance, the capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the IC. This keeps the high frequency content of the input current localized, minimizing EMI and input voltage ripple. Always examine the ceramic capacitor DC voltage coefficient characteristics to get the proper value.

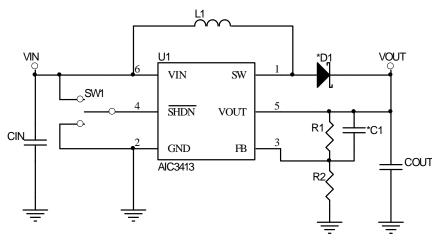
Output Capacitor Selection

The output capacitor limits the output ripple and provides holdup during large load transitions. A 4.7μ F to 10μ F, X5R or X7R, ceramic capacitor is suggested for the output capacitor. Typically the recommended capacitor range provides sufficient bulk capacitance to stabilize the output voltage during large load transitions and has the low ESR and ESL characteristics necessary for low output voltage ripple.

PCB Layout Guidance

The AIC3413 typically operates at 1.2MHz. This is a considerably high frequency for DC-DC converters. PCB layout is important to guarantee satisfactory performance. It is recommended to make traces of the power loop, especially where the switching node is involved, as short and wide as possible. First of all, the inductor, input and output capacitor should be as close as possible to the device. Feedback and shutdown circuits should avoid the proximity of large AC signals involving the power inductor and switching node.

APPLICATION CIRCUITS



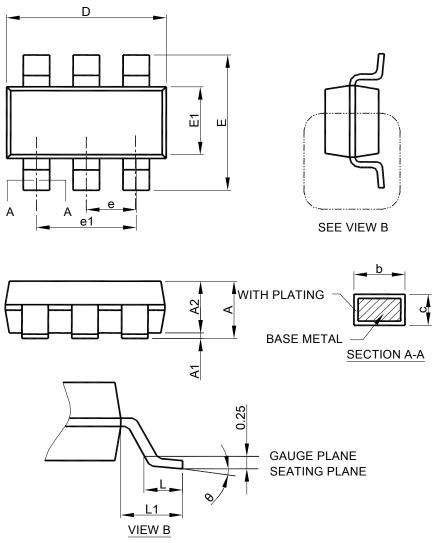
*Note: Efficiency can boost if D1 is connected.

Fig.19 AIC3413 Application Circuit.



PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

• SOT-23-6



Note : 1. Refer to JEDEC MO-178AB.

- 2. Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion or gate burrs shall not exceed 10 mil per side.
- 3. Dimension "E1" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions.
- 4. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

Note:

Information provided by AIC is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, we cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in an AIC product; nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. We reserve the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice.

Life Support Policy: AIC does not authorize any AIC product for use in life support devices and/or systems. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (I) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (ii) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform, when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.

S Y	SOT-23-6 MILLIMETERS				
M					
B O L	MIN.	MAX.			
А	0.95	1.45			
A1	0.00	0.15			
A2	0.90	1.30			
b	0.30	0.50			
с	0.08	0.22			
D	2.80	3.00			
E	2.60	3.00			
E1	1.50	1.70			
е	0.95 BSC				
e1	1.90 BSC				
L	0.30	0.60			
L1	0.60 REF				
θ	0°	8°			