

## N & P-Channel 30-V (D-S) MOSFET

### Key Features:

- Low  $r_{DS(on)}$  trench technology
- Low thermal impedance
- Fast switching speed

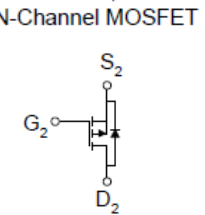
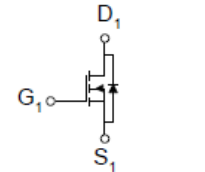
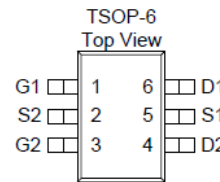
### Typical Applications:

- DC/DC Conversion
- Power Routing
- Motor Drives

PRODUCT SUMMARY		
$V_{DS}$ (V)	$r_{DS(on)}$ (m $\Omega$ )	$I_D$ (A)
30	58 @ $V_{GS} = 4.5V$	3.7
	82 @ $V_{GS} = 2.5V$	3.1
-30	112 @ $V_{GS} = -4.5V$	-2.7
	172 @ $V_{GS} = -2.5V$	-2.2



**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT  
HALOGEN  
**FREE**



P-Channel MOSFET

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^\circ C$ UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)				
Parameter	Symbol	Nch Limit	Pch Limit	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 12$	$\pm 12$	
Continuous Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	$I_D$	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	3.7	-2.7
		$T_A = 70^\circ C$	2.9	-2.1
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>b</sup>	$I_{DM}$	12	-12	A
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction) <sup>a</sup>	$I_S$	1.8	-1.4	A
Power Dissipation <sup>a</sup>	$P_D$	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	1.15	1.15
		$T_A = 70^\circ C$	0.7	0.7
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-55 to 150		$^\circ C$

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS				
Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>a</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	t $\leq$ 10 sec	110	
		Steady State	150	

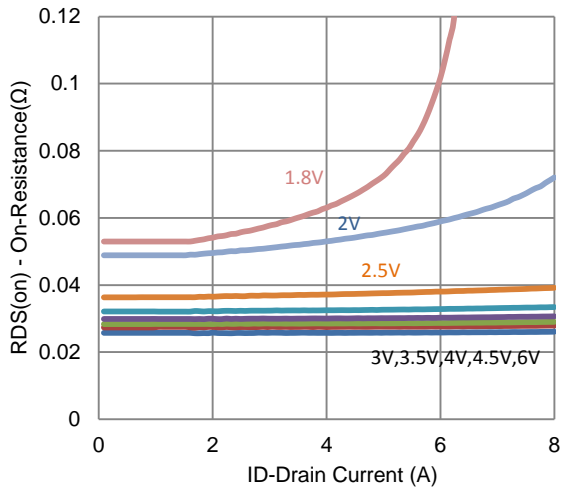
Notes

- a. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 Board.
- b. Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature

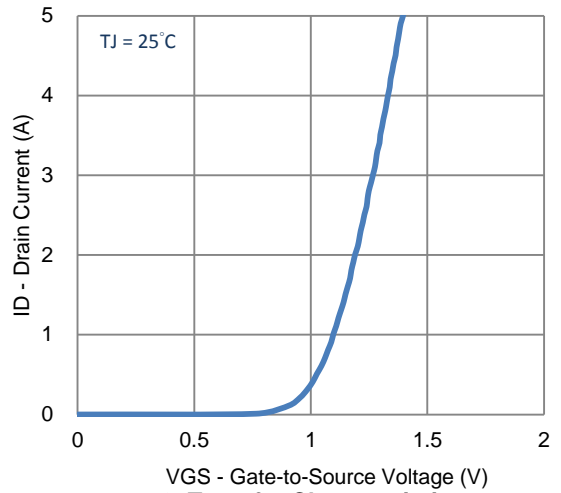
## Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Static</b>						
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu A$ <b>(Nch)</b>	0.5			V
		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250 \mu A$ <b>(Pch)</b>	-0.5			V
Gate-Body Leakage	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = \pm 12 V$			$\pm 100$	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 24 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$ <b>(Nch)</b>			1	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS} = -24 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$ <b>(Pch)</b>			-1	
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} = 5 V, V_{GS} = 4.5 V$ <b>(Nch)</b>	4.7			A
		$V_{DS} = -5 V, V_{GS} = -4.5 V$ <b>(Pch)</b>	-3.4			A
Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>a</sup>	$r_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 4.5 V, I_D = 2 A$ <b>(Nch)</b>			58	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = 2.5 V, I_D = 1.6 A$ <b>(Nch)</b>			82	
		$V_{GS} = -4.5 V, I_D = -2 A$ <b>(Pch)</b>			112	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = -2.5 V, I_D = -1.6 A$ <b>(Pch)</b>			172	
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 15 V, I_D = 2 A$ <b>(Nch)</b>		5		S
		$V_{DS} = -15 V, I_D = -2 A$ <b>(Pch)</b>		4		S
Diode Forward Voltage <sup>a</sup>	$V_{SD}$	$I_S = 0.8 A, V_{GS} = 0 V$ <b>(Nch)</b>		0.64		V
		$I_S = 0.7 A, V_{GS} = 0 V$ <b>(Pch)</b>		-0.77		V
<b>Dynamic <sup>b</sup></b>						
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	N - Channel $V_{DS} = 15 V, V_{GS} = 4.5 V,$ $I_D = 2 A$		8.7		nC
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$			1.5		
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$			2.7		
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	N - Channel $V_{DS} = 15 V, R_L = 7.5 \Omega,$ $I_D = 2 A,$ $V_{GEN} = 4.5 V, R_{GEN} = 6 \Omega$		10		ns
Rise Time	$t_r$			17		
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			40		
Fall Time	$t_f$			11		
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	N - Channel $V_{DS} = 15 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 Mhz$		641		pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$			52		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$			46		
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	P - Channel $V_{DS} = -15 V, V_{GS} = -4.5 V,$ $I_D = -2 A$		9.3		nC
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$			1.6		
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$			2.2		
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	P - Channel $V_{DS} = -15 V, R_L = 7.5 \Omega,$ $I_D = -2 A,$ $V_{GEN} = -4.5 V, R_{GEN} = 6 \Omega$		9		ns
Rise Time	$t_r$			15		
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			36		
Fall Time	$t_f$			18		
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	P - Channel $V_{DS} = -15 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 Mhz$		630		pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$			54		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$			47		

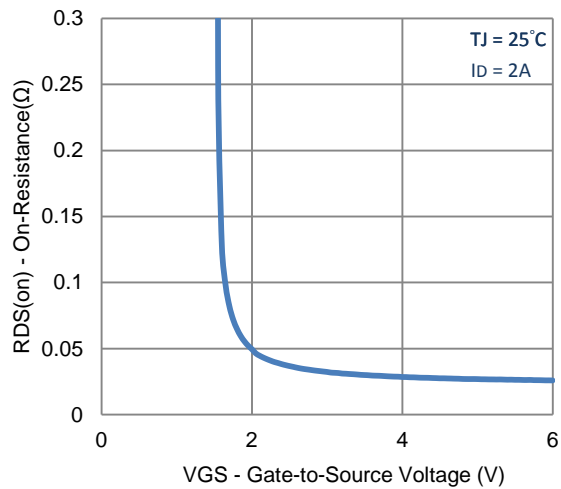
Typical Electrical Characteristics - N-channel



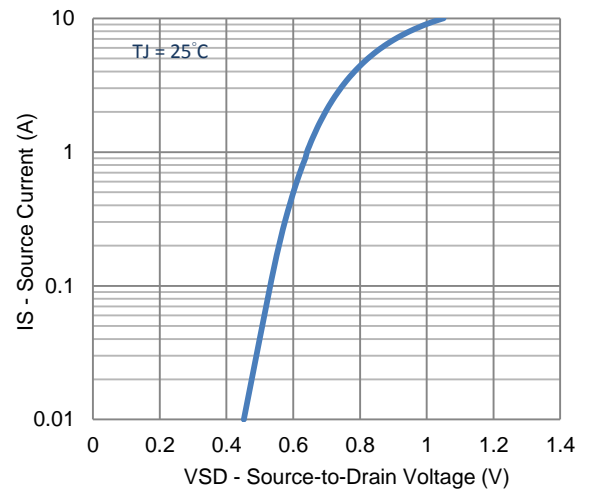
1. On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



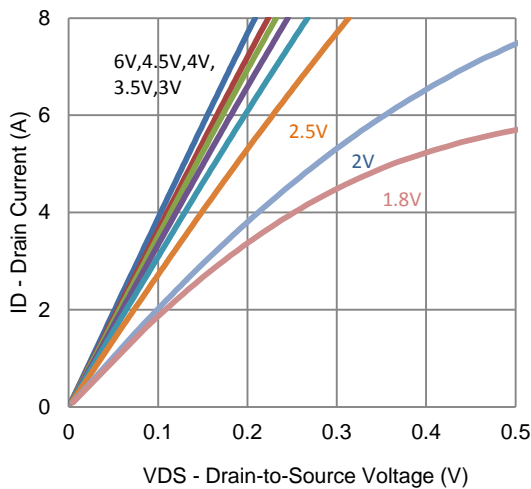
2. Transfer Characteristics



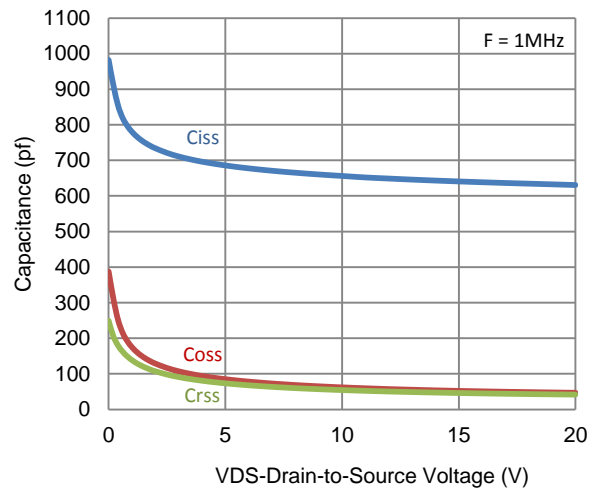
3. On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



4. Drain-to-Source Forward Voltage

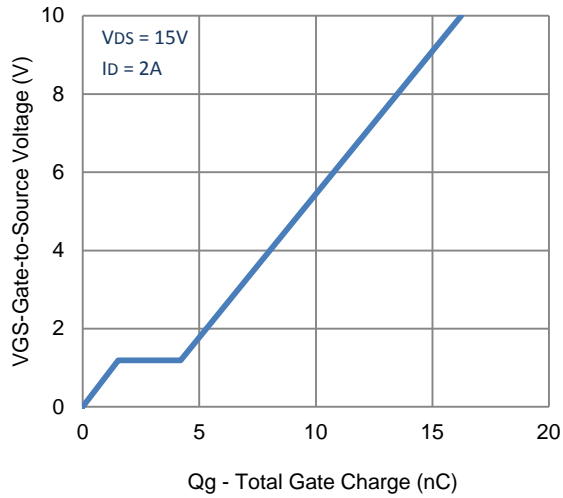


5. Output Characteristics

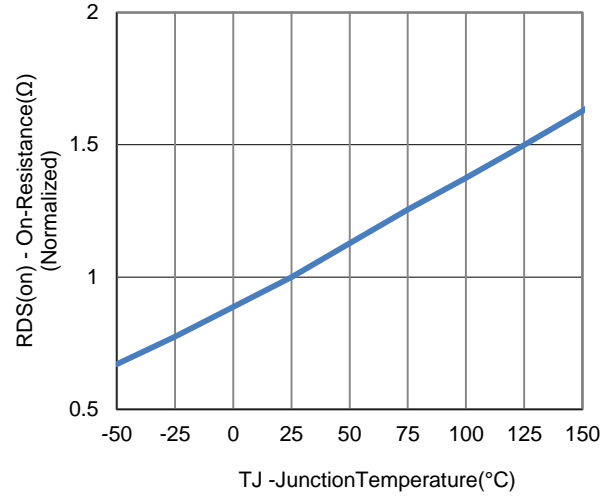


6. Capacitance

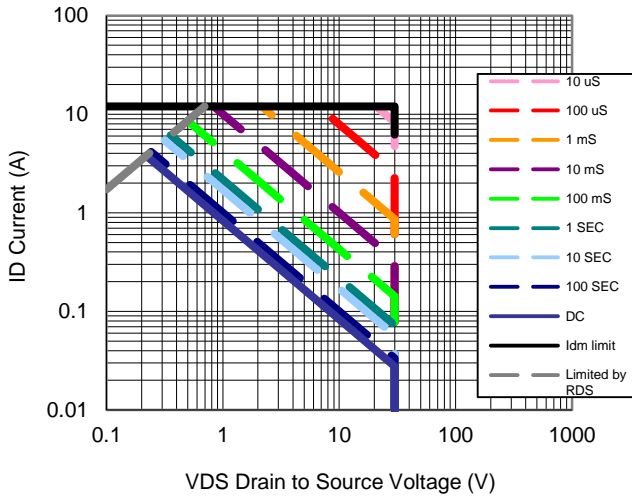
Typical Electrical Characteristics - N-channel



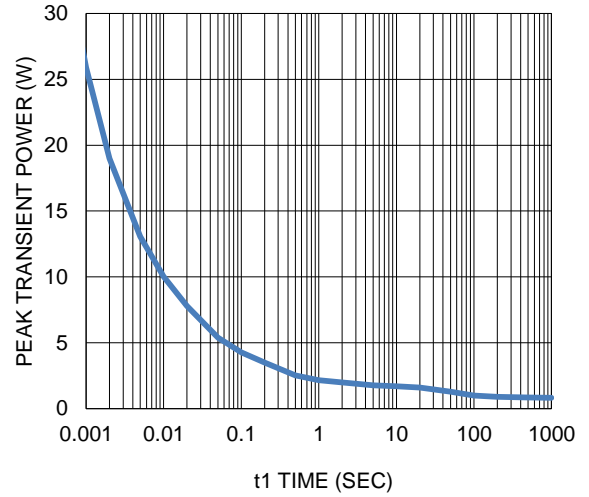
7. Gate Charge



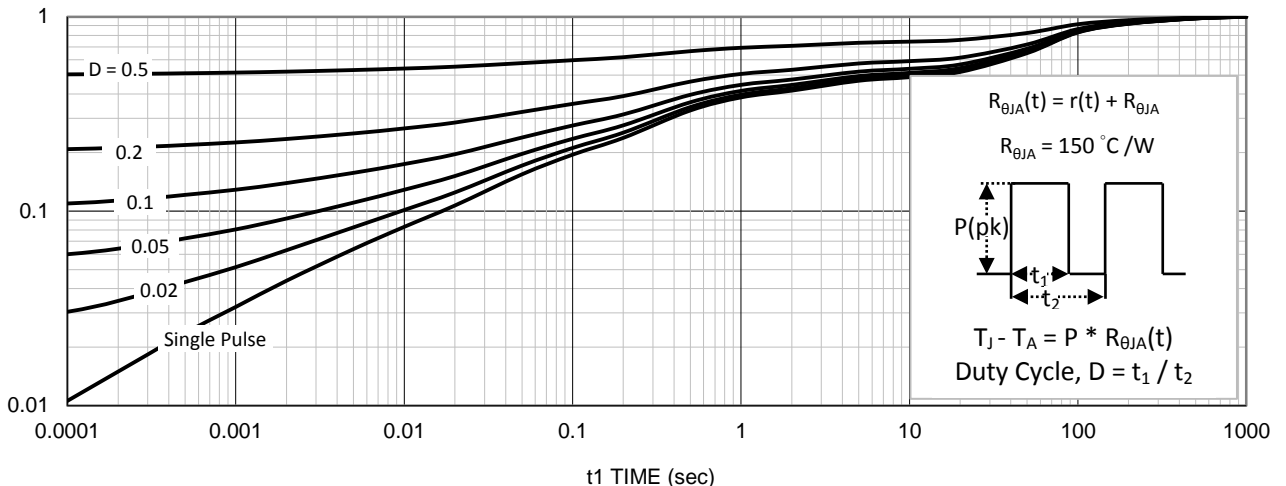
8. Normalized On-Resistance Vs Junction Temperature



9. Safe Operating Area

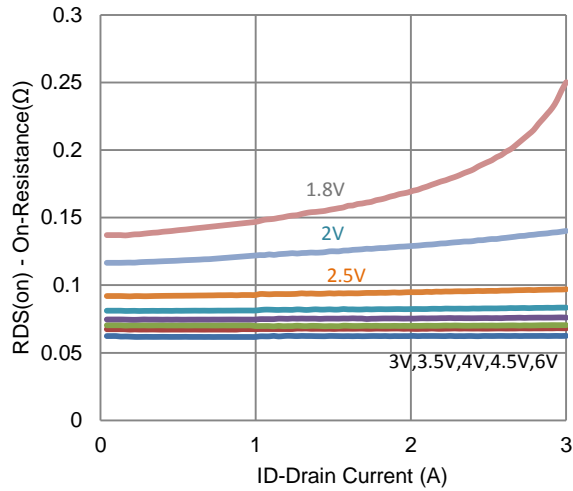


10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

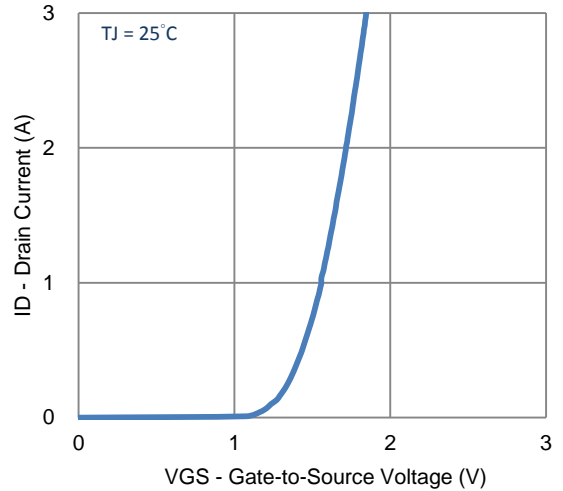


11. Normalized Thermal Transient Junction to Ambient

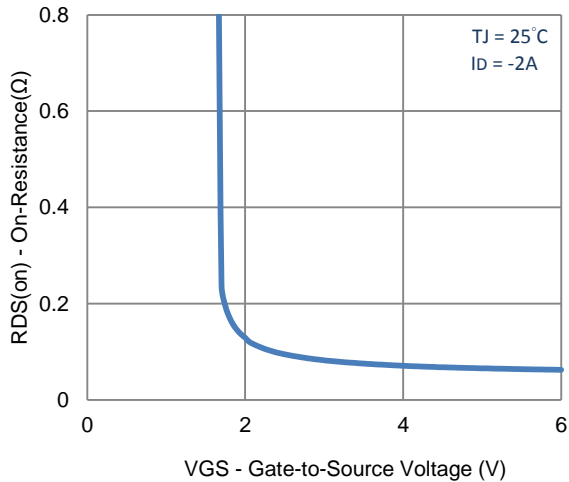
Typical Electrical Characteristics - P-channel



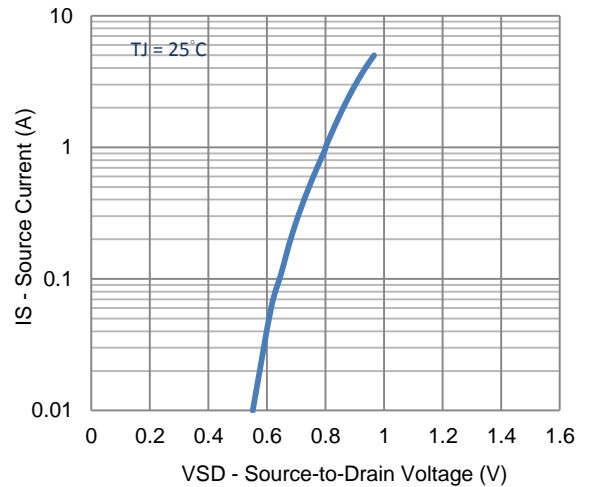
1. On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



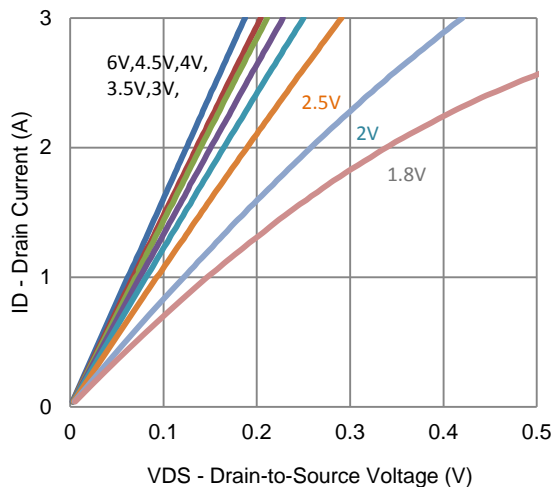
2. Transfer Characteristics



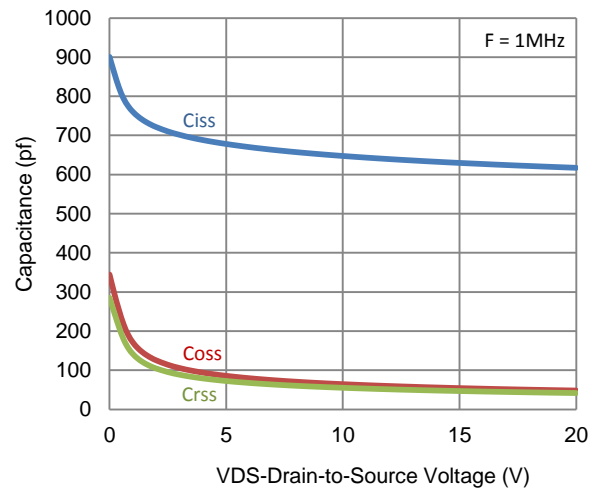
3. On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



4. Drain-to-Source Forward Voltage

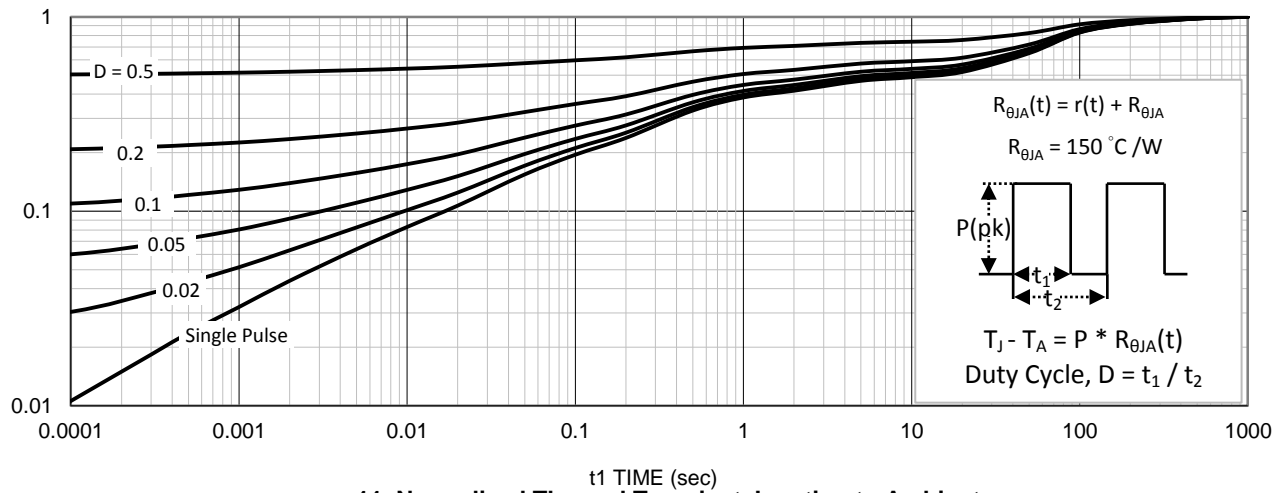
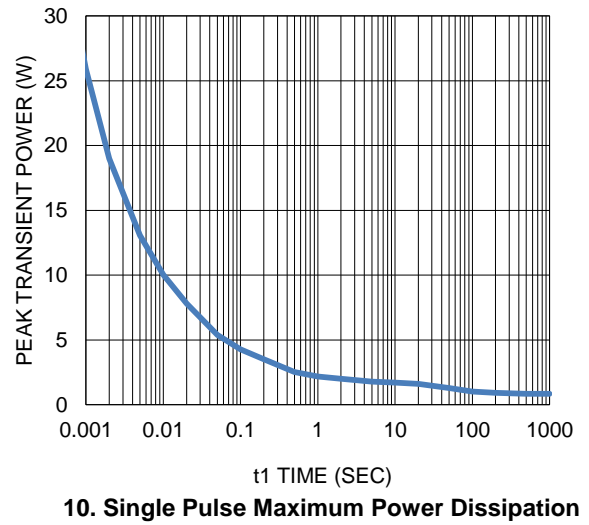
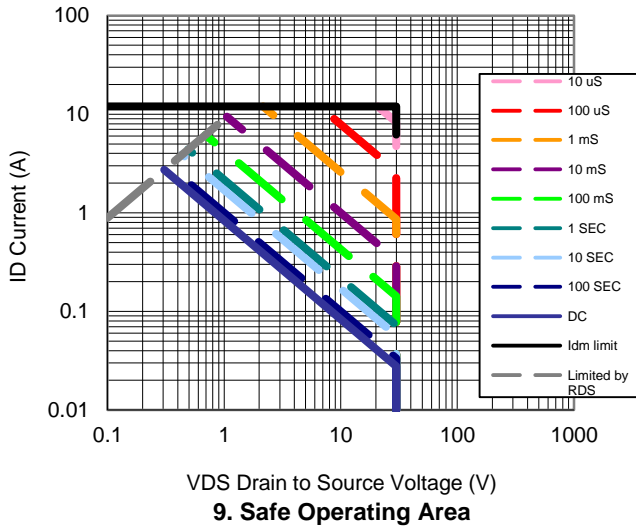
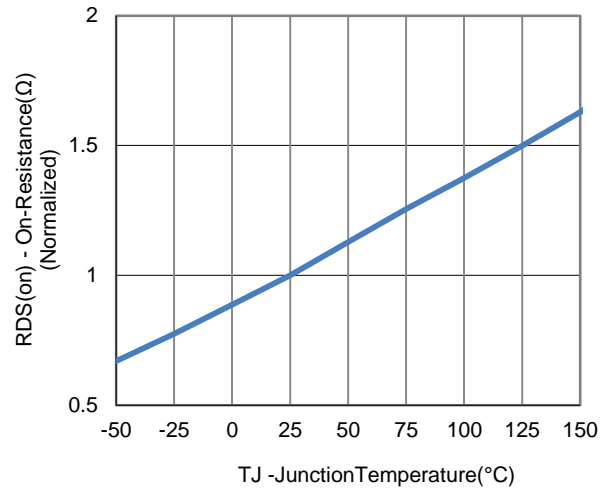
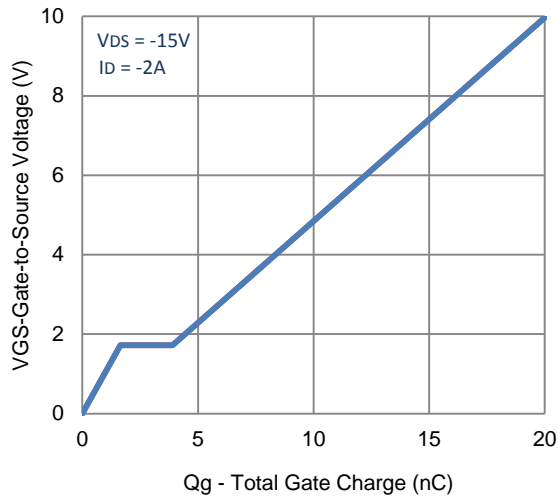


5. Output Characteristics

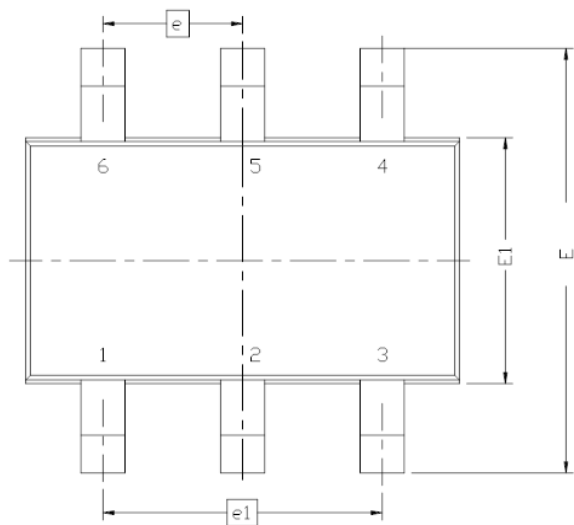


6. Capacitance

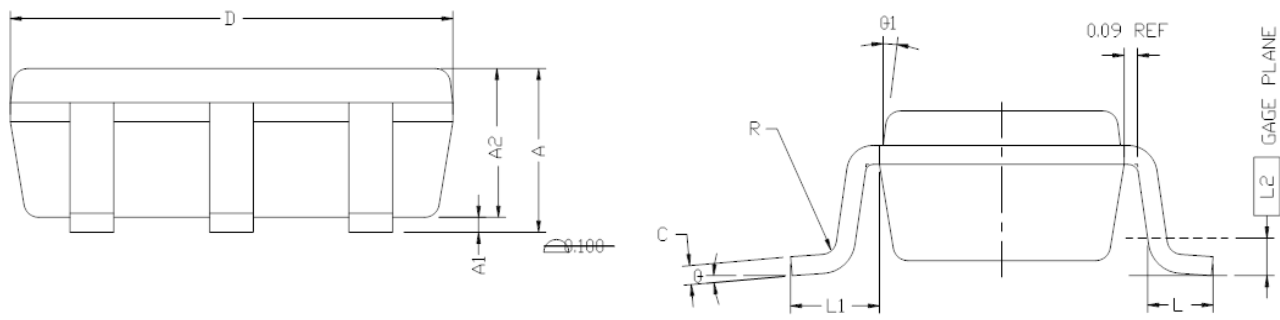
Typical Electrical Characteristics - P-channel



## Package Information



DIM.	MILLIMETERS		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	0.935	---	1.10
A1	0.01	---	0.10
A2	0.70	---	1.00
b	0.25	0.32	0.40
c	0.10	0.15	0.20
D	2.95	3.05	3.10
E	2.70	2.85	2.98
E1	1.55	1.65	1.70
e	0.95 BSC		
L	0.30	---	0.60
L1	0.60REF		
L2	0.25BSC		
R	0.10	---	---
$\theta$	0?	4?	8?
$\theta 1$	7? NDM		



## Note:

1. All Dimension Are In mm.
2. Package Body Sizes Exclude Mold Flash, Protrusion Or Gate Burrs. Mold Flash, Protrusion Or Gate Burrs Shall Not Exceed 0.10 mm Per Side.
3. Package Body Sizes Determined At The Outermost Extremes Of The Plastic Body Exclusive Of Mold Flash, Tie Bar Burrs, Gate Burrs And Interlead Flash, But Including Any Mismatch Between The Top And Bottom Of The Plastic Body.
4. The Package Top May Be Smaller Than The Package Bottom.
5. Dimension "B" Does Not Include Dambar Protrusion. Allowable Dambar Protrusion Shall Be 0.08 mm Total In Excess Of "B" Dimension At Maximum Material Condition. The Dambar Cannot Be Located On The Lower Radius Of The Foot.