DATA SHEET

Part No.	AN18208A
Package Code No.	LQFP048-P-0707A

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Contents

■ Overview	3
■ Features	3
■ Applications	3
■ Package	3
■ Type	3
■ Application Circuit Example	4
■ Pin Descriptions	5
■ Absolute Maximum Ratings	7
■ Operating Supply Voltage Range	7
■ Allowable Voltage Range	8
■ Electrical Characteristics	9
■ Electrical Characteristics (Reference values for design)	11
■ Electrical Characteristics Test Procedures	14
■ Technical Data	16
• I ² C-bus interface	16
I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions	27
• P _D — T _a diagram	35
■ Usage Notes	36
Special attention and precaution in using	36

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AN18208A

Tuner IC for home-audio stereo set

Overview

AN18208A is a IC for a radio of home-audio use.

As for FM portion, FM IF to FM MPX are integrated. As for AM portion, AM-RF to AM detector are integrated. FM/AM PLL synthesizer with pre-scale function is also integrated.

Therefore, AN18208A can achieve the most function of radio.

■ Features

- AM: RF + MIX + L-OSC, FM/AM: IF + DET, FM-MPX, PLL
- I²C-bus control
- 19 kHz pilot cancel + Anti-birdie noise function
- FM detector coil less
- Separation adjustment free

Applications

• Tuner, radio

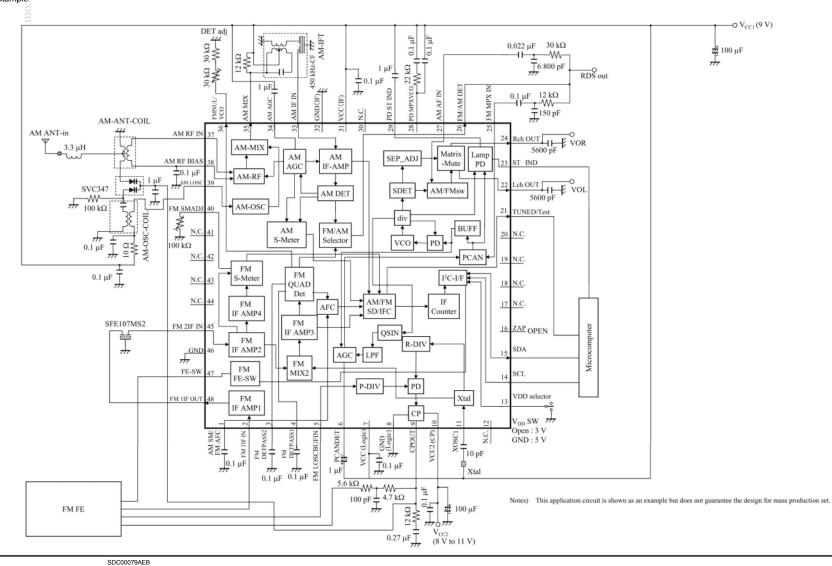
■ Package

• 48 pin Plastic Low Profile Quad Flat Package (QFP Type)

■ Type

• Silicon Monolithic Bipolar IC

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■ Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name	Type	Description
1	AM SM/FM AFC	Input / Output	AM signal meter / FM-AFC
2	FM 1IF IN	Input	FM 1st IF amp input
3	FM DETPASS2	Input / Output	FM detector bypass 2
4	FM DETPASS1	Input / Output	FM detector bypass 1
5	FM LOSCBUFIN	Input	FM local OSC buffer input
6	PCANDET	Input / Output	Level detector for MPX pilot canceller
7	VCC (Logic)	Power supply	Logic-V _{CC}
8	GND (Logic)	Ground	Logic-GND, Charge Pump GND
9	CPOUT	Output	Charge pump output
10	VCC2 (CP)	Power supply	Charge pump-V _{CC}
11	XOSC1	Input	Crystal oscillator
12	N.C.	_	N.C. (OPEN in IC)
13	VDD selector	Input	VDD selector
14	SCL	Input	Serial clock input (SCL)
15	SDA	Input / Output	Serial data input / output (SDA)
16	ZAP	Input	Pulse input for ZAP (Leave it open.)
17	N.C.	_	N.C. (OPEN in IC)
18	N.C.	_	N.C. (OPEN in IC)
19	N.C.	_	N.C. (OPEN in IC)
20	N.C.	_	N.C. (OPEN in IC)
21	TUNED/Test/FM S-Meter	Output	TUNED / Test monitor output / FM S-Meter
22	Lch OUT	Output	L-ch. de-emphasis output (External capacitor $0.0056 \mu\text{F}$: Time constant = $50 \mu\text{s}$)
23	ST IND	Output	FM Stereo indicator
24	Rch OUT	Output	R-ch. de-emphasis output (External capacitor $0.0056 \mu F$: Time constant = $50 \mu s$)
25	FM MPX IN	Input	FM MPX input
26	FM/AM DET	Output	FM/AM detector output
27	AM AF IN	Input	AM AF input
28	PD MPXVCO	Input / Output	Phase detector for MPX-VCO
29	PD ST IND	Input / Output	Phase detector for MPX stereo detector
	N.C.		N.C. (OPEN in IC)

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■ Pin Descriptions (continued)

Pin No.	Pin name	Туре	Description
31	VCC	Power supply	VCC
32	GND	Ground	GND
33	AM IF IN	Input	AM IF amp. input
34	AM AGC	Input / Output	AM-AGC level detector
35	AM MIX	Output	AM mixer output
36	FMNUL/VCO	Input / Output	MPX-VCO frequency adjustment / FM detector center adjustment
37	AM RF IN	Input	AM RF input
38	AM RF BIAS	Input / Output	AM RF input reference bias
39	AM LOSC	Input / Output	AM local oscillator load
40	FM SMADJ	Input / Output	FM signal meter adjustment
41	N.C.	_	N.C. (OPEN in IC)
42	N.C.		N.C. (OPEN in IC)
43	N.C.		N.C. (OPEN in IC)
44	N.C.	_	N.C. (OPEN in IC)
45	FM 2IF IN	Input	FM 2nd IF amp. input
46	GND(IF)	Ground	GND for IF amp.
47	FE-SW	Output	FM FE block switch control
48	FM 1IF OUT	Output	FM 1st IF amp. output

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■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Note) Absolute maximum ratings are limit values which are not destructed, and are not the values to which operation is guaranteed.

A No.	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Notes
1	Complex coalter as	V _{CC1}	10.5	V	*1
1	Supply voltage	V _{CC2}	11.5	V	*1
2	Supply current	I_{CC}	60	mA	_
3	Power dissipation	P_{D}	294	mW	*2
4	Operating ambient temperature	T _{opr}	-20 to +85	°C	*3
5	Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C	*3

Notes) *1 : The values under the condition not exceeding the above absolute maximum ratings and the power dissipation. V_{CC2} is VCC for charge pump.

■ Operating supply voltage range

Parameter	Symbol	Range	Unit	Notes
Consider the second	V _{CC1}	8.0 to 10.0	17	*
Supply voltage range	V _{CC2}	8.0 to 11.0	V	-

Note) *: The values under the condition not exceeding the above absolute maximum ratings and the power dissipation. V_{CC2} is VCC for charge pump.

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^{*2:} The power dissipation shown is the value at T_a = 85°C for the independent (unmounted) IC package without a heat sink.

When using this IC, refer to the • P_D-T_a diagram in the ■ Technical Data and design the heat radiation with sufficient margin so that the allowable value might not be exceeded based on the conditions of power supply voltage, load, and ambient temperature.

^{*3:} Except for the power dissipation, operating ambient temperature, and storage temperature, all ratings are for T_a = 25°C.

■ Allowable Voltage Range

Notes) Allowable voltage ranges are limit ranges which are not destructed, and are not the ranges to which operation is guaranteed. Voltage values, unless otherwise specified, are with respect to GND.

GND is voltage for GND(Logic), GND(IF), GND. GND = GND(Logic) = GND(IF) = GND

Do not apply external currents or voltages to any pin not specifically mentioned. Please make Pin16 open.

Pin No.	Pin name	Rating	Unit	Notes
1	AM SM/FM AFC	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
2	FM 1IF IN	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
3	FM DETPASS2	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
4	FM DETPASS1	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
5	FM LOSCBUFIN	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
6	PCANDET	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
11	XOSC1	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
13	VDD selector	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
14	SCL	- 0.3 to 5.3	V	_
15	SDA	- 0.3 to 5.3	V	
25	FM MPX IN	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
27	AM AF IN	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
28	PD MPXVCO	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
29	PD ST IND	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
33	AM IF IN	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
34	AM AGC	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
36	FMNUL/VCO	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
37	AM RF IN	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
38	AM RF BIAS	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
39	AM LOSC	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
40	FM SMADJ	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1
45	FM 2IF IN	-0.3 to $(V_{CC1} + 0.3)$	V	*1

Note) *1 : $(V_{CC1} + 0.3) V$ must not be exceeded 10.5 V

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$\begin{tabular}{ll} \blacksquare & Electrical Characteristics at $V_{CC1} = 9.0$ V, $V_{CC2} = 10$ V \\ \hline Note) & $T_a = 25^{\circ}$C\pm2$^{\circ}$C unless otherwise specified. \\ \end{tabular}$

В	Davamatar	Cumala al	Conditions		Limits		l lait	Natas
No.	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
AM	f _c = 999 kHz					•		
1	AM-quiescent current	amIt	No input, Current from V _{CC1}	14	28	42	mA	*1
2	AM output 1	amVo1	$V_{IN3} = 30 \text{ dB}\mu$, 1 kHz, 30% AM output	52	92	172	mV[rms]	
3	AM output 2	amVo2	$V_{IN3} = 74 \text{ dB}\mu$, 1 kHz, 30% AM output	128	208	288	mV[rms]	
4	AM-S/N ratio 1	amSN	$V_{IN3} = 30 \text{ dB}\mu$, 1 kHz, 30% AM output S/N	17	23	_	dB	_
5	AM-S/N ratio 2	amSN	$V_{IN3} = 74 \text{ dB}\mu$, 1 kHz, 30% AM output S/N	47	53		dB	_
6	AM THD 1	amT1	$V_{IN3} = 74 \text{ dB}\mu$, 1 kHz, 30% output distortion factor	_	0.4	1.1	%	_
7	AM THD 2	amT2	$V_{IN3} = 103 \text{ dB}\mu$, 1 kHz, 30% output distortion factor	_	0.5	2.0	%	_
8	AM-SD sensitivity	amSDS	0% mod Sens set (I^2C) = $X'C'$	33	43	53	dΒμ	_
FM m	iono f _c = 10.7 MHz							
9	FM-RDS output	fmRDS	$V_{IN2} = 80 \text{ dB}\mu, 1 \text{ kHz}, 100\%$	320	480	640	mV[rms]	
10	FM-quiescent current 1	fmIt1	No input, Current supplied from V _{CC1}	26	38	50	mA	*1
11	FM-quiescent current 2	fmIt2	No input, Current supplied from V _{CC2}	53	105	160	μA	*1
12	FM output	fmVo	$V_{IN2} = 80 \text{ dB}\mu$, 1 kHz, 100% output	650	850	1050	mV[rms]	
13	FM-S/N ratio	fmSN	$V_{IN2} = 100 \text{ dB}\mu, 1 \text{ kHz}, 100\% \text{ FM output S/N}$	68	74		dB	_
14	FM-mono THD	fmTm1	$V_{IN2} = 80 \text{ dB}\mu$, 1 kHz, 100% output distortion factor	_	0.2	1.3	%	_
15	FM-SD sensitivity	fmSDS	0% mod Sens set (I^2C) = $X'5'$	52	62	72	dΒμ	
16	FM-mute ratio	fmMUTE	$V_{IN2} = 80 \text{ dB}\mu$, 1 kHz, 100% output ratio to fmVo (mute on)	54	78		dB	_

Note) *1 : No input = $-10 \text{ dB}\mu$ or less.

■ Electrical Characteristics (continued) at $V_{CC1} = 9.0 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC2} = 10 \text{ V}$ Note) $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

В	Developer	O:	Limits Conditions			Unit	Natas	
No.	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
FM st	tereo f _c = 10.7 MHz							
17	FM-L-ch. separation	fmSepL	V _{IN2} = 80 dBμ, 1 kHz, 90% L-ch. output separation	30	40	_	dB	_
18	FM-R-ch. separation	fmSepR	V_{IN2} = 80 dB μ , 1 kHz, 90% R-ch. output separation	30	40	_	dB	_
19	FM-stereo THD	fmTs1	V_{IN2} = 80 dB μ , 1 kHz, stereo (L + R) 90% output distortion factor		0.25	1.5	%	_
20	FM-birdy noise output 1	fmBN1	fs = 113 kHz, 90%, pilot = 10% output leve (1 kHz) FM : 100% mod	30	40	_	dB	_
21	FM-birdy noise output 2	fmBN2	fs = 189 kHz, 90%, pilot = 10% output level (1 kHz) FM : 100% mod	34	48	_	dB	_
22	FM-carrier-leak	fmCL	pilot = 10% output level	35	53		dB	_
23	FM-stereo detect sensitivity	$\rm fm_{STON}$	$V_{IN2} = 80 \text{ dB}\mu, \text{ fp} = 19 \text{ kHz}$	1.3	3.0	5.0	%	_
FM m	nono f _c = 10.7 MHz							
24	FM limiting sensitivity	fmVlim	1 kHz, 100% of output – 3 dB (Ref. input level Vin2 = 80 dBμ)	_	45	56	dΒμ	_
25	AM suppression ratio	AMR	$V_{1N2} = 100 \text{ dB}\mu, \text{ fm} = 1 \text{ kHz}$ AM : 30% mod FM : 100% mod	54	68	_	dB	_

\blacksquare Electrical Characteristics (Reference values) at $V_{CC1} = 9.0 \ V$, $V_{CC2} = 10 \ V$

Notes)

T_a = 25°C±2°C unless otherwise specified.

The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed by inspection.

If a problem does occur related to these characteristics, we will respond in good faith to user concerns.

В	Devemeter	Cumple of	mbol Conditions		rence v	alues	l lmit	Notes
No.	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
FM F	M FE SW							
26	FM FE SW current	I _{FMFE}	FM mode	_	_	1.0	mA	_
PLL					•			
27	Charge pump output pull-up current	Icpup	120 μA mode Pin 9 output current	90	129	170	μΑ	
28	Charge pump output pull-down current	Icpdown	120 μA mode Pin 9 input current	-170	-120	-72	μΑ	_
I ² C in	terface							
29	ACK Low-level output voltage	V _{ACK}	ACK Pin 15 voltage I = 3 mA	0	_	0.4	V	_
30	Low-level output voltage 1	V _{OL1}	V _{DD} > 2 V IP50 = 3 mA	0	_	0.4	V	_
31	High-level input voltage 1	V _{IHI_5}	Voltage which recognized that SDA and SCL are High-level 5 V mode Pin 13 : GND	3.5	_	5.5	V	_
32	Low-level input voltage 1	V _{ILO_5}	Voltage which recognized that SDA and SCL are Low-level 5 V mode Pin 13 : GND	-0.5	_	1.5	V	_
33	High-level input voltage 2	V _{IHI_3}	Voltage which recognized that SDA and SCL are High-level 3 V mode Pin 13 : OPEN	2.1	_	3.5	V	_
34	Low-level input voltage 2	V _{ILO_3}	Voltage which recognized that SDA and SCL are Low-level 3 V mode Pin 13 : OPEN	-0.5	_	0.9	V	_
35	Input current each I/O pin at 5 V mode	Ii5	5 V mode, V _{IN} = 0.5 V to 4.5 V	-10	_	10	μΑ	
36	Input current each I/O pin at 3 V mode	Ii3	3 V mode, $V_{IN} = 0.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	-10	_	10	μΑ	_
37	SCL maximum frequency	f_{SCL}	_	_	_	400	kHz	*2

\blacksquare Electrical Characteristics(Reference values for design)(continued)at V_{CC1} = 9 V, V_{CC} = 10 V

Notes) T_a = 25°C±2°C unless otherwise specified.

The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed by inspection.

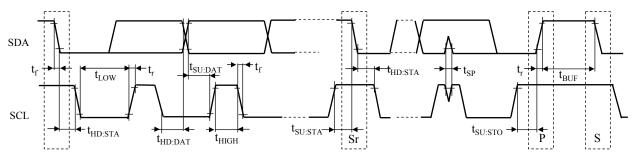
If a problem does occur related to these characteristics, we will respond in good faith to user concerns.

В	Doromotor	Cymah al	Conditions	Refer	ence va	lues	l lmit	Notes
No.	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Min Typ Max		Unit	Notes
I ² C I	nterface (Fast-mode)					•		
38	Hysteresis of Schmitt trigger inputs 1	Vhys1	5 V mode Pin 13 : GND	0.25	_	_	V	*2
39	Hysteresis of Schmitt trigger inputs 1	Vhys2	3 V mode Pin 13 : OPEN	0.15	_	_	V	*2
40	Output fall time from V_{IHmin} to V_{ILmax}	Tof	Bus capacitance : 10 pF to 400 pF Ip < 6 mA	20 + 0.1×C _b	_	250	ns	*2
41	Pulse width of spikes which must be suppressed by the input filter	t _{SP}	_	0	_	50	ns	*2
42	Capacitance for each I/O pin	Ci	Bus capacitance : 10 pF to 400 pF	_	_	10	pF	*2
43	Hold time (repeated)	t _{HD:STA}	The first clock pulse is generated after t _{HD:STA}	0.6	_	_	μs	*2
44	Low period of the SCL clock	t_{LOW}	_	1.3	_	_	μs	*2
45	High period of the SCL clock	t _{HIGH}	_	0.6	_	_	μs	*2
46	Set-up time for a repeat START condition	t _{SU:STA}	_	0.6	_	_	μs	*2
47	Data hold time	t _{HD:DAT}	_	0	_	0.9	μs	*2
48	Data set-up time	t _{SU:DAT}	_	100	_	_	ns	*2
49	Rise time of both SDA and SCL signals	t _r	_	20 + 0.1×C _b	_	300	ns	*2
50	Fall time of both SDA and SCL signals	t_{f}	_	20 + 0.1×C _b	_	300	ns	*2
51	Set-up time of STOP condition	t _{SU:STO}	_	0.6	_	_	μs	*2
52	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	$t_{ m BUF}$	_	1.3		_	μs	*2
53	Capacitive load for each bus line	C _b	_	_	_	400	pF	*2

\blacksquare Electrical Characteristics(Reference values for design)(continued)at V_{CC1} = 9 V, V_{CC} = 10 V

Notes) $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified. The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed by inspection. If a problem does occur related to these characteristics, we will respond in good faith to user concerns.

В	Parameter	Cumbal	ol Conditions		Reference values			Notes		
No.	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	notes		
I ² C Interface (Fast-mode) (continued)										
54	Noise margin at the Low-level for each connected device	V_{aL1}	5 V mode Pin 13 : GND	0.5	_	_	V	*2		
55	Noise margin at the High-level for each connected device	V_{aH1}	5 V mode Pin 13 : GND	1.0	_	_	V	*2		
56	Noise margin at the Low-level for each connected device	V_{aL2}	3 V mode Pin 13 : OPEN	0.3	_	_	V	*2		
57	Noise margin at the High-level for each connected device	V_{aH2}	3 V mode Pin 13 : OPEN	0.6	_	_	V	*2		



S: START condition Sr: Repeat START condition

P: STOP condition

Notes) *2 : The timing of Fast-mode devices in I²C-bus is specified as above.

■ Electrical Characteristics Test Procedures

			Input		Output			Pin se	ttings		
C No.	Parameter	Pin No.	Conditions	Pin No.	Conditions	V _{CC1}	V _{CC2}	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4
AM						1					
1	AM-quiescent current	_	No signal		_	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
2	AM output 1	37	$f = 999 \text{ kHz}, V_{IN3} = 30 \text{ dB}\mu$ fs = 1 kHz, AM : 30% mod	22	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
3	AM output 2	37	f = 999 kHz, V _{IN3} = 74 dBμ fs= 1 kHz, AM : 30% mod	22	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
4	AM-S/N ratio 1	37	$f = 999 \text{ kHz}, V_{IN3} = 30 \text{ dB}\mu$ fs = 1 kHz, AM : 30% S/N	22	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
5	AM-S/N ratio 2	37	$f = 999 \text{ kHz}, V_{IN3} = 74 \text{ dB}\mu$ fs = 1 kHz, AM : 30% S/N	22	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
6	AM THD 1	37	$f = 999 \text{ kHz}, V_{IN3} = 74 \text{ dB}\mu$ fs = 1 kHz, AM : 30% mod	22	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
7	AM THD 2	37	$\begin{split} f &= 999 \text{ kHz}, \\ V_{1N3} &= 110 \text{ dB}\mu, \\ fs &= 1 \text{ kHz}, \text{ AM} : 30\% \text{ mod} \end{split}$	22	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
8	AM-SD sensitivity	37	f = 999 kHz, AM : 0% mod	21	27 kΩ pull-up	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
FM	mono										
9	FM-RDS output	2	$V_{IN2} = 80 \text{ dB}\mu, \text{ fs} = 1 \text{ kHz}$ FM : 100% mod	26	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
10	FM-quiescent current 1	-	No signal	_	_	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
11	FM-quiescent current 2	_	No signal	_	_	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
12	FM output	2	$\begin{split} f &= 10.7 \ MHz \\ V_{IN2} &= 80 \ dB\mu, \\ fs &= 1 \ kHz, FM : 100\% \ mod \end{split}$	22 24	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
13	FM-S/N ratio	2	$f = 10.7 \text{ MHz}, \\ V_{\text{IN2}} = 100 \text{ dB}\mu, \\ \text{FM} : 100\% \text{ L-ch S/N}$	22 24	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
14	FM-mono THD	2	$f = 10.7 \ MHz \\ V_{IN2} = 80 \ dB\mu, \\ fs = 1 \ kHz, FM : 100\% \ mod$	22 24	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
15	FM-SD sensitivity	2	f = 10.7 MHz, 0 % mod	21	27 kΩ pull-up	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
16	FM-mute ratio	2	$\begin{split} f &= 10.7 \ MHz, \\ V_{1N2} &= 80 \ dB\mu \\ fs &= 1 \ kHz, FM : 100\% \ mod \end{split}$	22 24	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2

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■ Electrical Characteristics Test Procedures (continued)

С			Input		Output	Pin settings					
No.	Parameter	Pin No.	Conditions	Pin No.	Conditions	V _{CC1}	V _{CC2}	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4
FM	stereo										
17	FM-L-ch. separation	2		22	15 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	1	1
18	FM-R-ch. separation	2		24	15 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	1	1
19	FM-stereo THD	2		22 24	15 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	1	1
20	FM-birdie-noise output 1	25	113 kHz = 90% 19 kHz = 10%	22	15 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	2	1	2
21	FM-birdie-noise output 2	25	189 kHz = 90% 19 kHz = 10%	22	15 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	2	1	2
22	FM-carrier-leak	45	$f = 10.7 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{1N2} = 80 \text{ dB}\mu \\ \text{fs} = 19 \text{ kHz} \\ (\text{pilot} = 10\%)$	22 24	_	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
23	FM-stereo detect sensitivity	45	$\begin{split} f &= 10.7 \text{ MHz}, \\ V_{IN2} &= 80 \text{ dB}\mu, \\ fs &= 19 \text{ kHz} \end{split}$	23	27 kΩ pull-up	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
FM	mono $f_c = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$										
24	FM limiting sensitivity	45		22	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2
25	AM suppression ratio	45	$V_{IN2} = 100 \text{ dB}\mu,$ fm = 1 kHz, AM : 30% mod FM : 100% mod	22	30 kHz LPF	9 V	10 V	2	1	2	2

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■ Technical Data

• I2C-bus interface

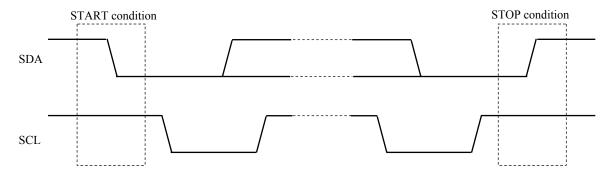
1. Basic Rules

- This IC, I²C-bus, is designed to correspond to the Standard-mode (100 kbps) and Fast-mode(400 kbps) devices in the version 2.1 of Philips Co.'s specification. However, it does not correspond to the H_S-mode (to 3.4 Mbps).
- This IC will be operated as a slave device in the I²C-bus system.
- The program operation check of this IC has not been conducted on the multi-master bus system and the mix-speed bus system, yet. The connected confirmation of this IC to the CBUS receiver also has not been checked. Please confirm our company if it will be used in these mode systems.
- Purchase of Panasonic I²C Components conveys a license under the Philips I²C patent right to use these components in an I²C systems, provided that the system conforms to the I²C standard specifications as defined by Philips.

2. START and STOP conditions

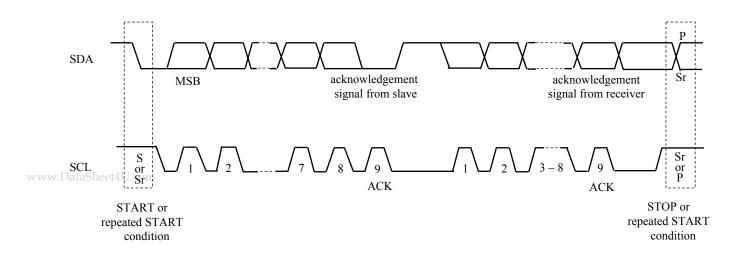
A High to Low transition on the SDA line while SCL is High is one such unique case. This situation indicates a START condition. A Low to High transition on the SDA line while SCL is High defines a STOP condition.

START and STOP conditions are always generated by the master. After START condition occur, the bus will be busy. The bus is considered to be free again a certain time after the STOP condition.



3. Transferring Data

Every byte put on the SDA line must be 8-bits long. The number of bytes that can be transmitted per transfer is unrestricted. Each byte has to be followed by an acknowledge bit. Data is transferred with the most significant bit (MSB) first.



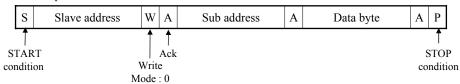
■ Technical Data (continued)

- I²C-bus interface (continued)
- 4. DATA format
 - 1) Write mode

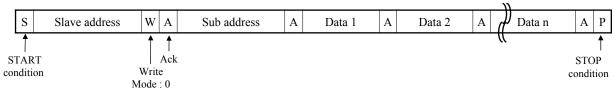
1.1) Slave address: 1011 0110 (B6H)

1.2) Format

· Data update mode



· Auto-increment mode

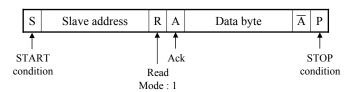


2) Read mode

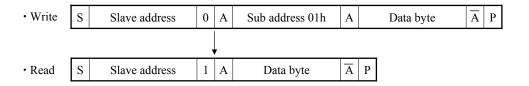
2.1) Subaddress: None

2.2) Slave address: 1011 0111 (B7H)

2.3) Format



Ex.) In case data is read from Address 01h after data is written to Address 01h.



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■ Technical Data (continued) • l²C-bus interface (continued) 5. Register Map

Sub	MSB			DATA I	BYTE			LSB	
Address	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
00	PLL-CP Current Select (ICO)	FM SD Wio (DFDW2 -		FM and SD Tuned Level Adjust (DSS4 - DSS0)					
01	AM SD Hysteresis Control (AMHIS)	PLL-Ref Frequency Select (RO)	CP Select (FCPS)	Mute ON/OFF MATX (MUS)	Stereo Tuning Selector (TUS)	Force Monaural (FOM)	SD Mode Switch (SDS)	FM/AM Switch (FAS)	
02		PLL-N Divider (N7-N0)							
03	_	_				I Divider 3 - N8)			
04	FM IF AMP STOP (LIMSTOP)	OSC Buffer Stop (VMOS3)		mp Control - PHD0)			Signal Monito - DS0)	r	
05		Adjustment Mo	ode: FM Detect (DE5 -		/ Write Mode		Read / Write Mode (ZRW)	Adjustment Mode (EMU)	
06	_	_	_				nt Mode: MPX stment / Write (SE2 – SE0)		
07	_	_	_	_	_	_	CIS selection (CIS)	AM IF AMP Stop (D070)	

■ Technical Data (continued)

- I²C-bus interface (continued)
 6. Sub address byte and data byte format (Write mode)

uner-control (Gro UB-ADD 00H (W									
Bit	Name	Function							
LSB : D0	DSS0	FM and AM-SD tuned level adjust							
D1	DSS1	Be sure to set it when you change FM / AM. High: Sensitivity low							
D2	DSS2	Low: Sensitivity high							
D3	DSS3	Ex.)							
D4	DSS4	FM: X'5' AM: X'C' It is recommended to set "0" for DSS4.							
D5	DEDW1	FM SD band width adjust	DFDW1	DFDW2	Width				
D3	DFDW1		0	0	50 kHz				
			1	0	75 kHz				
D6	DFDW2		0	1	100 kHz				
Do	DFD W 2		1	1	Select OFF				
		PLL-charge pump current select							
		120 μA \rightarrow Fast lock up time 30 μA \rightarrow S/N improvement	ICO	Icp	Icp [μA]				
MSB : D7	ICO		0	0 1:					
		1 30							
		Normal : 120 μA							

■ Technical Data (continued)

- I²C-bus interface (continued)
- 6. Sub address byte and data byte format (Write mode) (continued)

Tuner-control (Gi SUB-ADD 01H (\							
Bit	Name		Function				
LSB : D0	FAS	FM / AM switch 0 : FM 1 : AM					
Dl	SDS	And an inside impedance of AM-AGC is	1 : SD mode (IF counter : ON) AM AGC-time-constant select				
D2	FOM	Force monaural 1 : monaural SUB detection and VCO stop. So IC is changed to monaural mode					
D3	TUS	Selector to force monaural when stereo indicator is off. 0: ON 1: OFF					
D4	MUS	Mute switch 1: ON Output AF buffer amp. mute					
D5	FCPS	FM mode & SDS OFF 0 : CP 30 mA fixed 1 : CP selectable (SUB-ADD 00H D7))				
		PLL-reference frequency selector					
			RO	FM	AM		
D6	RO		0	25 kHz	10 kHz		
		1 50 kHz 9 kHz					
MSB : D7	AMHIS	AM-SD hysteresis control 1 : AM-SD hysteresis ON					

Note) *1 : When SDS mode is ON and stop condition of I^2C comes, IF count is carried out . 70 ms after the stop condition, a result is ready at read mode.

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■ Technical Data (continued)

- I²C-bus interface (continued)
 6. Sub address byte and data byte format (Write mode) (continued)

Tuner-control (G SUB-ADD 02H (V		
Bit	Name	Function
LSB : D0	N0	PLL-N divider
D1	N1	N-divider
D2	N2	TNA N. 213 - 212 - 212 - 214 - 214 - 214 - 215
D3	N3	FM: $N = 2^{13} \times N13 + 2^{12} \times N12 + 2^{11} \times N11 + \dots + 2^{0} \times N0$ AM: $N = 2^{9} \times N13 + 2^{8} \times N12 + 2^{7} \times N11 + \dots + 2^{0} \times N4$
D4	N4	(Not use N0 to N3 at AM mode.)
D5	N5	
D6	N6	
MSB : D7	N7	

Tuner-control (Gi SUB-ADD 03H (V			
Bit	Name	Function	
LSB : D0	N8	PLL-N divider	
D1	N9	N-divider	
D2	N10	EM N. 913 - 212 - 212 - 211 - 211 - 211 - 210 - 210	
D3	N11	FM: $N = 2^{13} \times N13 + 2^{12} \times N12 + 2^{11} \times N11 + \dots + 2^{0} \times N0$ AM: $N = 2^{9} \times N13 + 2^{8} \times N12 + 2^{7} \times N11 + \dots + 2^{0} \times N4$	
D4	N12	(Not use N0 to N3 at AM mode.)	
D5	N13		
D6			
MSB : D7	_		

■ Technical Data (continued)

- I²C-bus interface (continued)
- 6. Sub address byte and data byte format (Write mode) (continued)

SUB-ADD 04H (W								
Bit	Name						Function	
		Ana	log / lo	gic sign	nal mon	itor		
LSB : D0	DS0		DS0	DS1	DS2	DS3		Monitor point
LSB . D0	D30		0	0	0	0	Monitor OFF	
			1	0	0	0	Monitor of FM det	tector reference voltage
			0	1	0	0		tector adjustment DAC output
			1	1	0	0	Monitor of FM sep	paration adjustment DAC output
D1	DS1		0	0	1	0	Monitor of the hy indicator	steresis DC voltage of FM-SD
			1	0	1	0	Monitor of the hy indicator	steresis DC voltage of stereo
			0	1	1	0	Monitor of SD-O	N level adjustment DAC output
D2	DS2		1	1	1	0	FM S-Meter	
D2			0	0	0	1	Monitor of Pilot c	canceller output
			1	0	0	1	Monitor of MPX-V	VCO
			0	1	0	1	PS output	
			1	1	0	1	ANC output	
			0	0	1	1	RED output	
D3	DS3		1	0	1	1	F450	
			0	1	1	1	NIFC	
			1	1	1	1	Monitor of the hy indicator	steresis DC voltage of AM-SD
		Cha	rge pun	np cont	rol			
D4	PHD0		PHD	0 P	HD1	Charg	je pump control	
			0		0	Normal	mode	
			1		0	Force u	p	
D5	PHD1		0	1		Force d	own	
			1		1	Hi-Z m	ode	
D6	VMOS3	1: C	1: OSC buffer stop					
MSB: D7	LIMSTOP	0 : I	0 : FM IF amp. stop (Pin 10 Low)					

■ Technical Data (continued)

- I²C-bus interface (continued)
 6. Sub address byte and data byte format (Write mode) (continued)

Tuner-control (GI SUB-ADD 05H (V		
Bit	Name	Function
LSB : D0	EMU	Adjustment mode 1: ON
D1	ZRW	Read / write mode 0: Read 1: Write
D2	DE0	
D3	DE1	
D4	DE2	At adjustment mode: FM detector adjustment
D5	DE3	At write mode: 1: Writing bit
D6	DE4	
MSB : D7	DE5	

Tuner-control (Gi SUB-ADD 06H (\		
Bit	Name	Function
LSB : D0	SE0	At adjustment mode: MPX separation adjustment
D1	SE1	
D2	SE2	At write mode: 1: Writing bit
D3	_	
D4	_	
D5	_	Set them to "0" all.
D6	_	
MSB : D7	_	

■ Technical Data (continued)

- I²C-bus interface (continued)
 6. Sub address byte and data byte format (Write mode) (continued)

Tuner-control (G SUB-ADD 07H (V		
Bit	Name	Function
LSB : D0	D070	1 : AM IF amp. stop
D1	CIS	0 : FM IF counter band width = 40 kHz, 1 : FM IF counter band width = 10 kHz
D2	_	
D3	_	
D4	_	Cat the case to 11011 all
D5	_	Set them to "0" all.
D6		
MSB : D7	_	

■ Technical Data (continued)

- I²C-bus interface (continued) 7. Data byte format (Read mode)

Tuner-control (G SUB-ADD none		
Bit	Name	Function
LSB : D0	IFC	IF counter output 0: No signal AM IF C band width = 4 kHz, FM IFC band width = 40 kHz, or 10 kHz
D1	_	
D2	_	
D3	_	
D4	_	D1 to D7 = 1
D5	_	
D6	_	
MSB : D7	_	

■ Technical Data (continued)

- I²C-bus interface (continued)
- 8. Precaution in setup of I2C-bus data

1) Power on

- a) All data must be set on IC when the power supply is tuned on. (SUB ADD: 00H to 07H)
- b) IF limit amplifier must be ON at the time of the initial data transfer of 1²C. (SUB ADD: 04H, D7 = "1")
- c) The power supply transition time ($V_{CC1, 2} = 0 \rightarrow 9 \text{ V}$) must be more than 10 ms.
- d) Electric current flows in the power supply off condition when a power supply is connected to the TUNED terminal (Pin 21). Therefore, be careful in the case of the backup mode such as a microcomputer.

2) Pin 16

Don't use Pin 16 (ZAP). It must be open.

3) Monitor function

- a) Pin 21 of this IC has a function to monitor internal circuit terminals of this IC.
 The monitor point of analog signal or digital signal is set by SUBADD: 04H, D0 to D3.
 The choice of monitor point of logic signal is SUBADD: 0AH. It is chosen by D0 to D2 of 0AH.
- b) Don't choose more than one monitor point (analog, logic) at the same time.
- c) It is prohibited choosing the monitor point when IF limit amplifier is compulsory off (SUBADD : 04H, D7 = "0"). Be sure to turn on IF limit amplifier when you use monitor function.
- d) Monitor function is a function for the test purpose only in our company, and its function is not guaranteed. When it is needed to send data, all data must be "0". Don't use it with the actual tuner set.

4) Charge pump test function

a) SUBADD: 04H D4 to D5 are the bits for the function check of charge pump. For a normal use, they must be set to "0".

5) Handling unused bits

a) All unused bits must be set to "0". When it is necessary to input Subaddress data, all unused bits must be set to "0".

6) Set number of N divider

Don't establish N value about settlement of N divider in 271 or less.

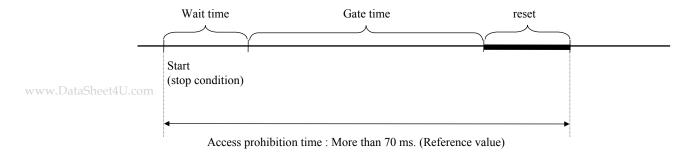
7) The timing of IF counter

IF counter starts to count when it detects Stop condition of write mode at SDS mode (SUB ADD: 01H, D1 = "1"). The result of the IF count can get it when it begins to read it after the progress about more than 70 ms and it is made the mode and begins to read it.

To prevent IF counter's abnormal function, so that stop condition may not come between about 70 ms of the following. (see the figure below.) Even if this timing isn't kept, IC doesn't become uncontrollable. But the following condition are occurred by the transmitting data.

- a) When there are data which turn off SDS:
 - Counter stops, and it is reset. The judgment result of IF counter isn't right. Ignore data and erase it.
- b) In the case of the dummy data:

Stop condition is ignored, and IF counter works as it is. (It isn't reset.) If an original access prohibition time passes, the proper result of IF counter is obtained.



■ Technical Data (continued)

• I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

Pin No.	Waveform and voltage	Internal circuit	Impedance	Description
45	2.3 V 10.7 MHz	4.2 V VCC 14.6k GND 330 20.4k	330 Ω (AC input)	FM 2nd IF amp. input
46	_	_	_	GND (IF)
47	_	1.05k 47	1 kΩ	Output for FM FE block control
48	fiF 10.7 MHz	VCC 48 600 mA 600 mA GND 12k GND	330 Ω	FM 1st IF amp. output
1 DataS	V37 (DC) 1 V heet4U.com AM input	at AM 1k 1.05k 1.05k 150k 18.6k GND FM DET	AM : 20 kΩ FM : 151 kΩ	AM signal meter / FM-AFC

■ Technical Data (continued)

• I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

Pin No.	Waveform and voltage	Internal circuit	Impedance	Description
2	10.7 MHz	QND 12k 330 180 180	330 Ω	FM 1st IF amp. input
3	1.9 V	VCC 100 μA 3 lk GND 3k	4 kΩ	FM detector bypass 2 External capacitor = 0.1 μF
4	1.8 V	30 mA 1.05k 1k 1k GND 10k	12 kΩ	FM detector bypass 1 External capacitor = 0.1 μF
5	_	VCC 200 5	High	FM LOSCBUF input
6 DataS	DC ≈ heeVcci.=1.4 V	1k 68k 66 GND	68 kΩ	Level detector for MPX pilot canceller

■ Technical Data (continued)

• I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

Pin No.	Waveform and voltage	Internal circuit	Impedance	Description
7	DC	7 12k GND	_	VCC for Logic
8	_	_	_	GND for Logic GND for charge pump
9	DC	Phase DET 9 GND GND 12k	High	CPOUT Charge pump output
10	DC	GND 12k	_	VCC2 Charge pump-V _{CC}
11		VCC 50 112k 400 µA	120 Ω	Crystal oscillator
12	_	OPEN	_	N.C.(OPEN in IC)

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■ Technical Data (continued)

• I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

Pin No.	Waveform and voltage	Internal circuit	Impedance	Description
13		153k 1 1.05k	154 kΩ	$V_{ m DD}$ selector
14		114 112k 102k 102k 102k	High	Serial clock input (SCL)
15		GND 11k 102k 102k 102k	High	Serial data input / output (SDA)
16	_	GND 12k	_	ZAP (Must be open.)
17 to 20	_	OPEN	_	N.C. (OPEN in IC)

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■ Technical Data (continued)

• I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

Pin No.	Waveform and voltage	Internal circuit	Impedance	Description
21	_	12k GND	1 kΩ	TUNED/Test SD-OUT FM/AM tuning indicator Test monitor output
22	DC bias = 3.5 V	7.35k 1.05k QND GND	8.4 kΩ	L-ch. de-emphasis output (External capacitor $0.0056~\mu F\cong 50~\mu s$)
23	_	12k GND	1 kΩ	ST-OUT FM stereo indicator
24	DC bias = 3.5 V	7.35k 1.05k GND GND	8.4 kΩ	R-ch. de-emphasis output (External capacitor $0.0056~\mu F\cong 50~\mu s$)
25	Composite signal	1.05k GND 498k 3.5 V	500 kΩ	FM MPX input
26	_	AM-DET 205 FM-DET 205 GND 12k GND	200 Ω	FM/AM detector output (Please leave it open when unused.)
27 DataS	AM-AF	1.05k GND 10k 3.5 V	11 kΩ	AM AF input

■ Technical Data (continued)

• I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

Pin No.	Waveform and voltage	Internal circuit	Impedance	Description
28	DC ≅ V _{CC1} – 1.4 V	9 46k 46k 1.05k GND	46 kΩ	Phase detector for MPX-VCO
29	DC ≅ V _{CC1} – 1.4 V	214k 214k 1.05k 29 GND	214 kΩ	Stereo DET of MPX

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■ Technical Data (continued)

• I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

Pin No.	Waveform and voltage	Internal circuit	Impedance	Description
30	_	OPEN	_	N.C. (OPEN in IC)
31	_	GND GND GND GND	_	VCC
32	_	_	_	GND
33	$\int \int \int \int \int V dt dt = 450 \text{ kHz}$	33 205 GND 12k 2 V 1	3.3 kΩ	AM IF amp. input
34	DC	at SDS 50k ON 1.05k DET 500k 1.05k GND	51 kΩ / 501 kΩ	AM-AGC level detector
35	$f = f_{OSC} - f_{RF}$	GND RFin OSCin 1 mA	High	AM mixer output

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■ Technical Data (continued)

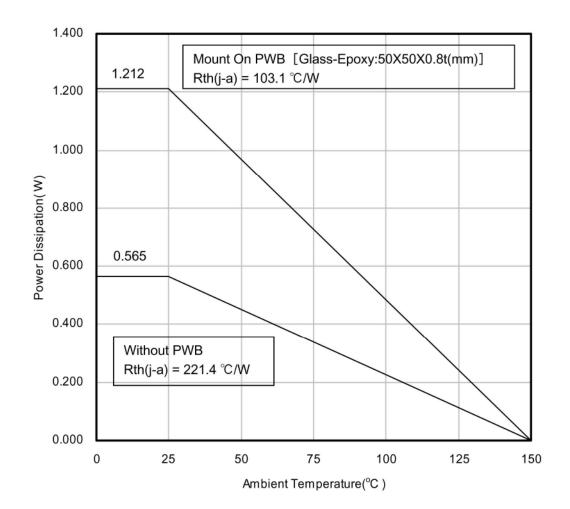
• I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

Pin No.	Waveform and voltage	Internal circuit	Impedance	Description
36		2 V 1k 36 GND	1 kΩ	FM DET-NULL and MPX-VCO adjustment
37	522 kHz - 1 720 kHz	38 250 37 250 37 250 19k GND	High	AM RF input
38	_	VCC 1 mA GND GND GND GND GND	1 kΩ	AM RF reference
39		30 mA 39 GND GND 480 mA GND	_	AM L-OSC AM local oscillator load
40	— neet4II.com	22k 1 1.05k 40 GND	23 kΩ	FM signal meter adjustment
41 to 45	_	OPEN	_	N.C. (OPEN in IC)

■ Technical Data (continued)

• P_D — T_a diagram



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■ Usage Notes

- · Special attention and precaution in using
 - 1. This IC is intended to be used for general electronic equipment [Home audio tuner].
 - Consult our sales staff in advance for information on the following applications:
 - Special applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, or if the failure or malfunction of this IC may directly jeopardize life or harm the human body.
 - Any applications other than the standard applications intended.
 - (1) Space appliance (such as artificial satellite, and rocket)
 - (2) Traffic control equipment (such as for automobile, airplane, train, and ship)
 - (3) Medical equipment for life support
 - (4) Submarine transponder
 - (5) Control equipment for power plant
 - (6) Disaster prevention and security device
 - (7) Weapon
 - (8) Others: Applications of which reliability equivalent to (1) to (7) is required
 - 2. Pay attention to the direction of LSI. When mounting it in the wrong direction onto the PCB (printed-circuit-board), it might smoke or ignite.
 - 3. Pay attention in the PCB (printed-circuit-board) pattern layout in order to prevent damage due to short circuit between pins. In addition, refer to the Pin Description for the pin configuration.
 - 4. Perform a visual inspection on the PCB before applying power, otherwise damage might happen due to problems such as a solder-bridge between the pins of the semiconductor device. Also, perform a full technical verification on the assembly quality, because the same damage possibly can happen due to conductive substances, such as solder ball, that adhere to the LSI during transportation.
 - 5. Take notice in the use of this product that it might break or occasionally smoke when an abnormal state occurs such as output pin-V_{CC} short (Power supply fault), output pin-GND short (Ground fault), or output-to-output-pin short (load short).
 And, safety measures such as an installation of fuses are recommended because the extent of the above-mentioned damage and smoke emission will depend on the current capability of the power supply.
 - 6. When designing your equipment, comply with the range of absolute maximum rating and the guaranteed operating conditions (operating power supply voltage and operating environment etc.). Especially, please be careful not to exceed the range of absolute maximum rating on the transient state, such as power-on, power-off and mode-switching. Otherwise, we will not be liable for any defect which may arise later in your equipment.
 - Even when the products are used within the guaranteed values, take into the consideration of incidence of break down and failure mode, possible to occur to semiconductor products. Measures on the systems such as redundant design, arresting the spread of fire or preventing glitch are recommended in order to prevent physical injury, fire, social damages, for example, by using the products.
 - 7. When using the LSI for new models, verify the safety including the long-term reliability for each product.
 - 8. When the application system is designed by using this LSI, be sure to confirm notes in this book. Be sure to read the notes to descriptions and the usage notes in the book.

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 - Consult our sales staff in advance for information on the following applications:
 - Special applications (such as for airplanes, aerospace, automobiles, traffic control equipment, combustion equipment, life support
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 - · Any applications other than the standard applications intended.
- (4) The products and product specifications described in this book are subject to change without notice for modification and/or improvement. At the final stage of your design, purchasing, or use of the products, therefore, ask for the most up-to-date Product Standards in advance to make sure that the latest specifications satisfy your requirements.
- (5) When designing your equipment, comply with the range of absolute maximum rating and the guaranteed operating conditions (operating power supply voltage and operating environment etc.). Especially, please be careful not to exceed the range of absolute maximum rating on the transient state, such as power-on, power-off and mode-switching. Otherwise, we will not be liable for any defect which may arise later in your equipment.
 - Even when the products are used within the guaranteed values, take into the consideration of incidence of break down and failure mode, possible to occur to semiconductor products. Measures on the systems such as redundant design, arresting the spread of fire or preventing glitch are recommended in order to prevent physical injury, fire, social damages, for example, by using the products.
- (6) Comply with the instructions for use in order to prevent breakdown and characteristics change due to external factors (ESD, EOS, thermal stress and mechanical stress) at the time of handling, mounting or at customer's process. When using products for which damp-proof packing is required, satisfy the conditions, such as shelf life and the elapsed time since first opening the packages.
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