

AN6535

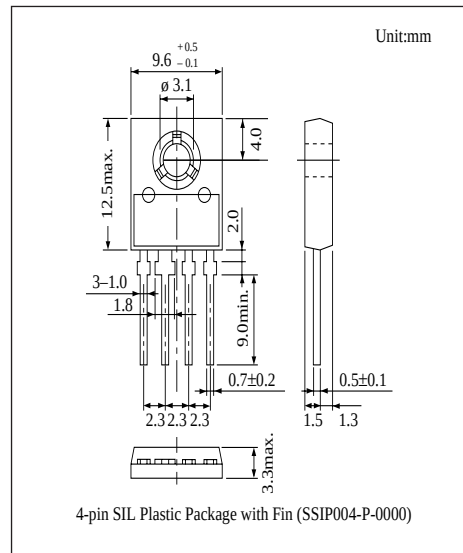
4-pin Negative Adjustable Voltage Regulator

■ Overview

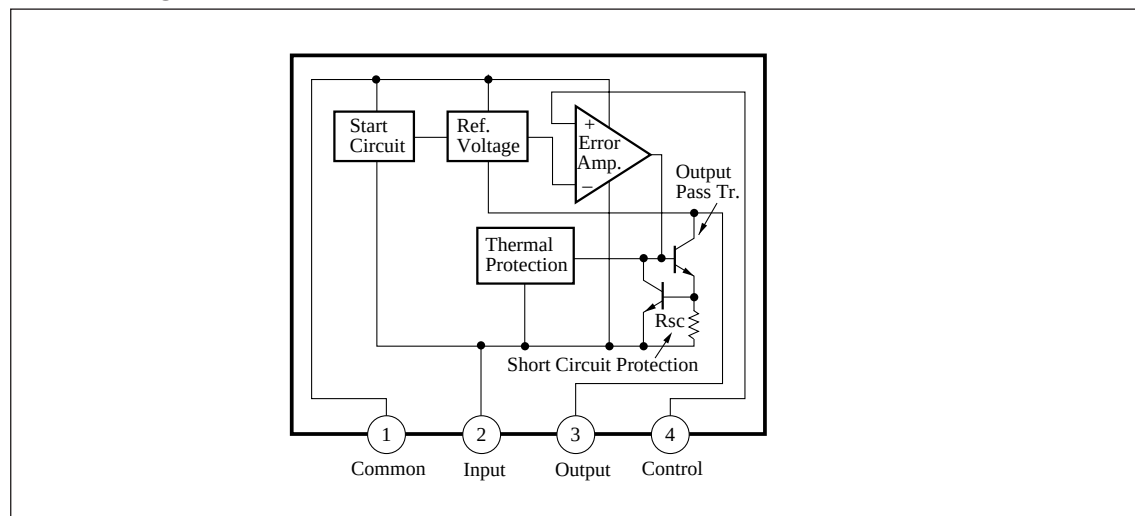
The AN6535 is a monolithic 4-pin negative adjustable voltage regulator. With an external resistor, it provides any stabilized output voltages between -5V and -30V , and is optimum for the power circuits with a current capacitance of up to 0.5A . With various protective circuits built in, it has high reliability and is provided in a 4-lead SIL plastic package.

■ Features

- Wide range of output voltages: $V_{O} = -5$ to -30V
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Internal short-circuit protection
- Output transistor safe area compensation



■ Block Diagram



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	-40	V
Supply current	I_{CC} *1	1	A
Power dissipation	P_D	7.5	W
Operating ambient temperature	T_{opr}	-20 to +80	°C
Storage	T_{stg}	-55 to +150	°C

*1 The internal circuit is provided with a current limiting circuit.

*2 Maximum power dissipation value when there is no heat sink (The value varies depending on the external heat dissipation state)

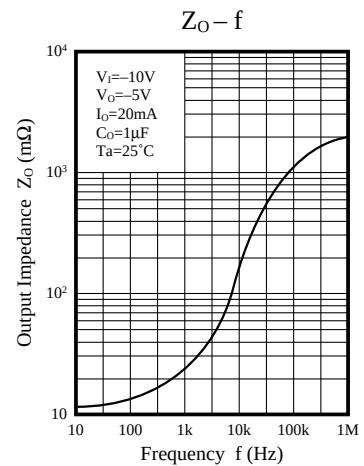
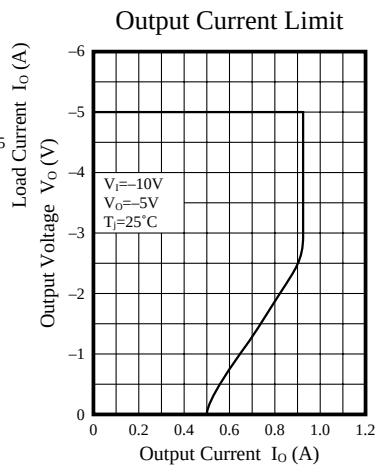
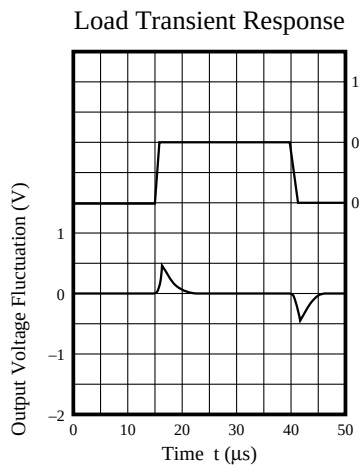
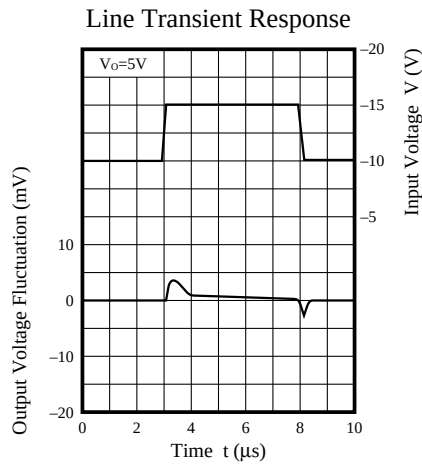
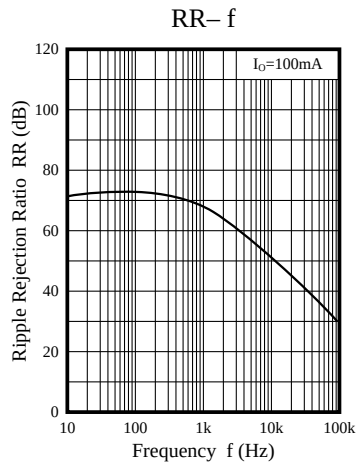
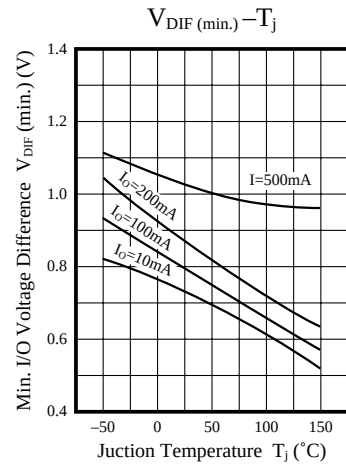
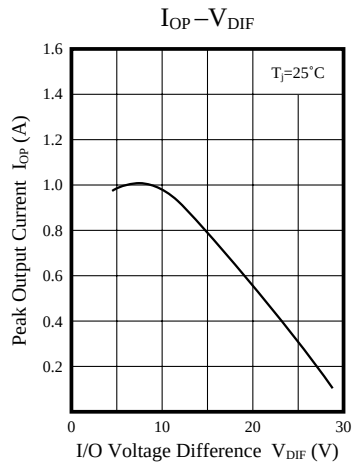
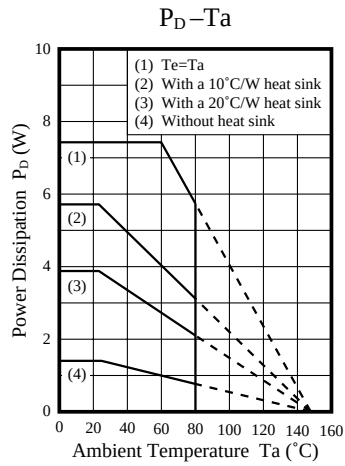
■ Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Output voltage tolerance	V_O	$V_I=V_O-3V$ to V_O-15V , $I_O=5$ to $350mA$, $T_J=25^\circ C$	—	—	4	%
Line regulation	REG_{IN}	$V_O=-5V$, $I_O=200mA$, $V_I=-7.5$ to $-25V$, $T_J=25^\circ C$	—	—	1	%
		$V_O=-18V$, $I_O=5mA$, $V_I=-21$ to $-33V$, $T_J=25^\circ C$	—	—	0.75	%
		$V_O=-18V$, $I_O=200mA$, $V_I=-21$ to $-25V$, $T_J=25^\circ C$	—	—	0.67	%
		$V_O=-18V$, $I_O=200mA$, $V_I=-21$ to $-25V$, $T_J=25^\circ C$	—	—	0.67	%
Load regulation	REG_L	$I_O=5$ to $500mA$ $T_J=25^\circ C$	—	—	1	%
Bias current	I_{Bias}	$T_J=25^\circ C$	—	1.5	3	mA
Control pin current	I_{cont}	$T_J=25^\circ C$	—	—	3	μA
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_I=-8$ to $-18V$, $V_O=-5V$, $f=120Hz$	60	—	—	dB
Output noise voltage	V_{no}	$V_O=-5V$, $f=10Hz$ to $100kHz$	—	40	—	μV
Minimum input/output voltage difference	$V_{DIF (min.)}$	$I_O=500mA$, $T_J=25^\circ C$	—	1.1	—	V
Short-circuit current	I_{OS}	$V_I=-35V$, $V_O=-5V$, $T_J=25^\circ C$	—	100	600	mA
Peak output current	I_{OP}	$V_O=-5V$, $T_J=25^\circ C$	0.4	0.8	1.4	A
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_O/T_a$	$V_O=-5V$ $I_O=5mA$	$T_J=-20$ to $+25^\circ C$	—	0.2	mV/°C
			$T_J=25$ to $150^\circ C$	—	-0.3	
Control pin voltage	V_{cont}	$T_J=25^\circ C$	-3.12	-3	-2.88	V

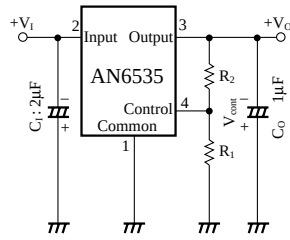
Note 1) The specified condition $T_J=25^\circ C$ means that the test should be conducted with each test time reduced (within 10 ms) so that the drift in the characteristic value due to a temperature rise at chip junction can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I=-10V$, $V_O=-5V$, $I_O=350mA$, $C_I=2\mu F$, and $C_O=1\mu F$

■ Characteristics Curve



Basic Regulator Circuit



$$V_O = V_{\text{cont}} \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1} \right)$$

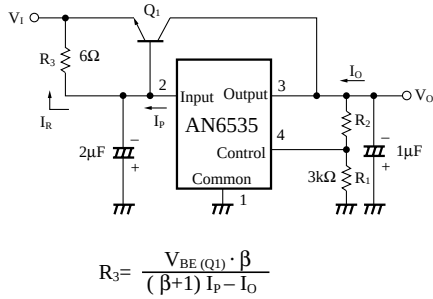
$$(V_{\text{cont}} \cong 3V, R_1 = 3k\Omega)$$

C_1 : Necessary when the V_1 line is long.

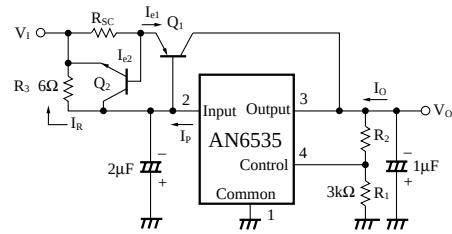
C_0 : Improves the transient response.

Application Circuits

(1) Current Boost Circuit



(2) Current Boost Circuit (With Current Limiting Circuit)



$$R_{SC} = \frac{V_{BE(Q1)}}{I_{E1(max.)}}$$

$$R_3 = \frac{V_{BE(Q1)} + I_{E1} R_{SC}}{I_O - I_{E1}}$$

$$I_{E1(max.)} = I_P(max.) - \frac{V_{BE(Q1)} + V_{BE(Q1)}}{R_3}$$