



AOL1414 N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor



General Description

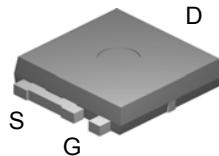
The AOL1414 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, low gate charge and low gate resistance. This device is ideally suited for use as a high side switch in CPU core power conversion. Standard Product AOL1414 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AOL1414L is a Green Product ordering option. AOL1414 and AOL1414L are electrically identical.

Features

$V_{DS} (V) = 30V$
 $I_D = 85A (V_{GS} = 10V)$
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 6.5m\Omega (V_{GS} = 10V)$
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 7.5m\Omega (V_{GS} = 4.5V)$

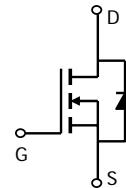
UIS Tested
 $R_g, C_{iss}, C_{oss}, C_{rss}$ Tested

Ultra SO-8™ Top View



Fits SOIC8
footprint !

Bottom tab
connected to
drain



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 12	V
Continuous Drain Current ^B	I_D	85	
$T_C=100^\circ C$		70	
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DM}	200	A
Continuous Drain Current ^G	I_{DSM}	21	
$T_A=70^\circ C$		17	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AR}	30	
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.3mH$ ^C	E_{AR}	135	mJ
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	100	W
$T_C=100^\circ C$		50	
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	5	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		3	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 175	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	19.5	25	°C/W
Steady-State		48	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case ^C	$R_{\theta JC}$	1	1.5	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		0.002	1	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 12\text{V}$			5	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1	1.5	2	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	100			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		4.9	6.5	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		6	7.5	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		90		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.74	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				85	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance			2100	2520	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		536		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			165		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		0.95	1.5	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			19.7	24	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		3.6		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			7.9		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime			5.9	10	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=0.75\Omega,$		11	17	ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		36.2	55	ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			12	18	ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		35	42	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		33	50	nC

A: The value of R_{GJA} is measured with the device in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{BJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{BJC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

G. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev1: Dec. 2005

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND QUALIFIED FOR THE CONSUMER MARKET. APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

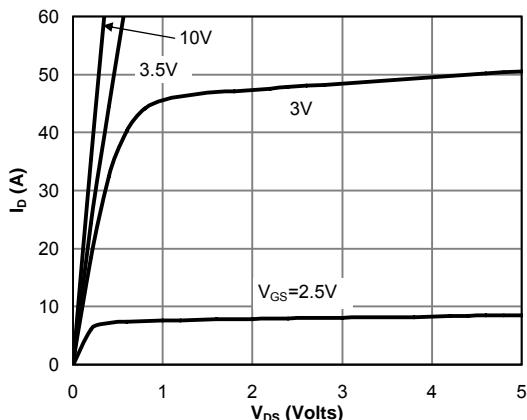


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

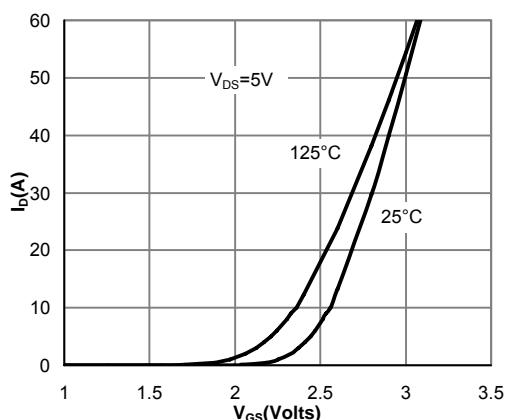


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

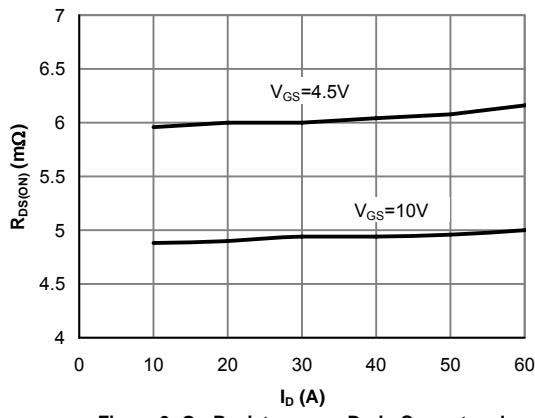


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

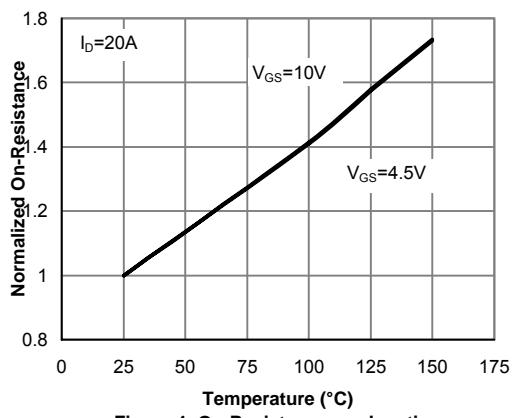


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

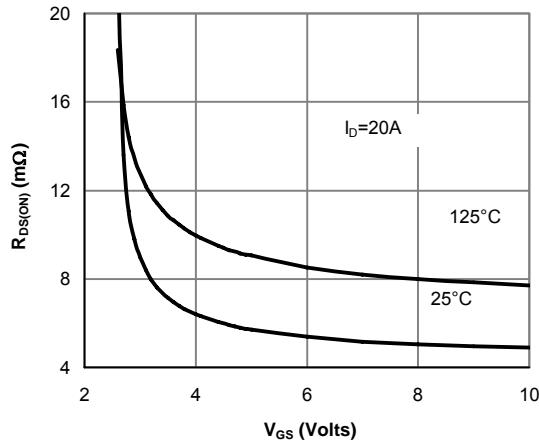


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

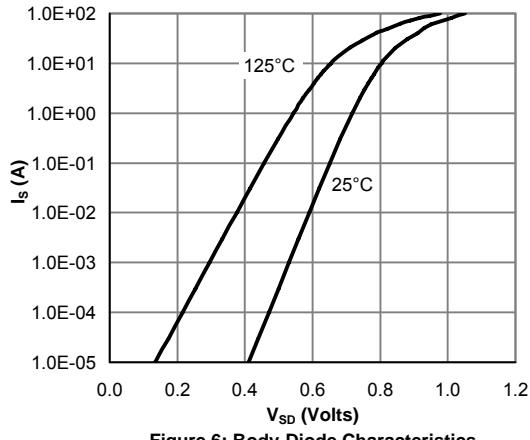
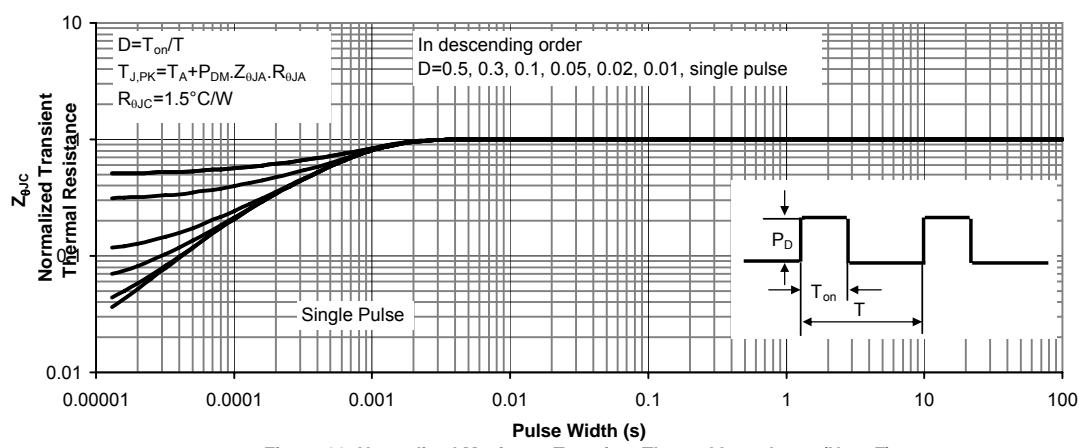
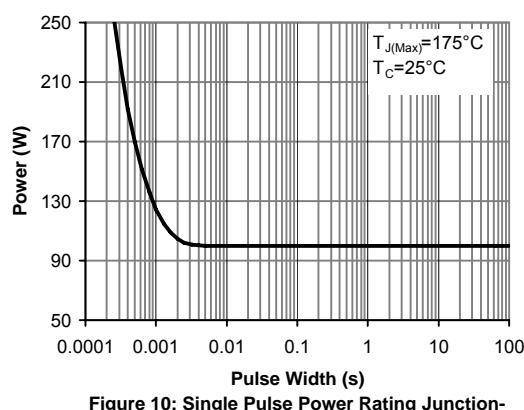
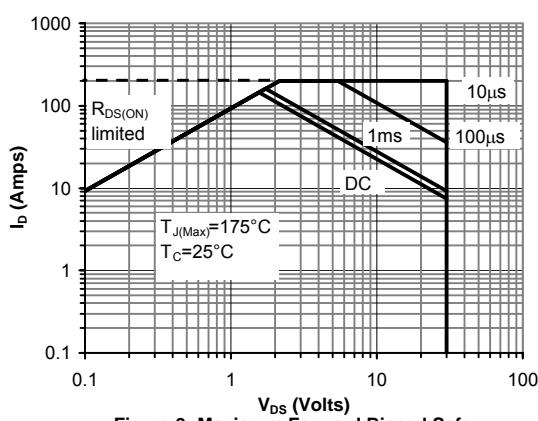
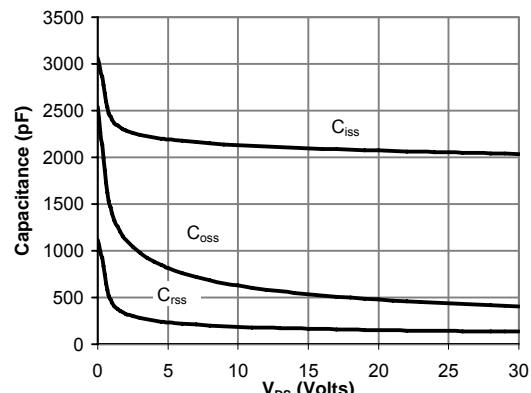
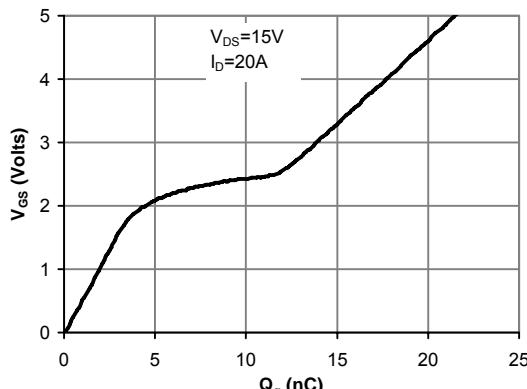


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

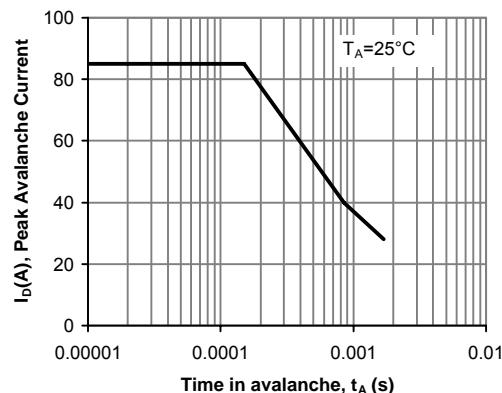


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability

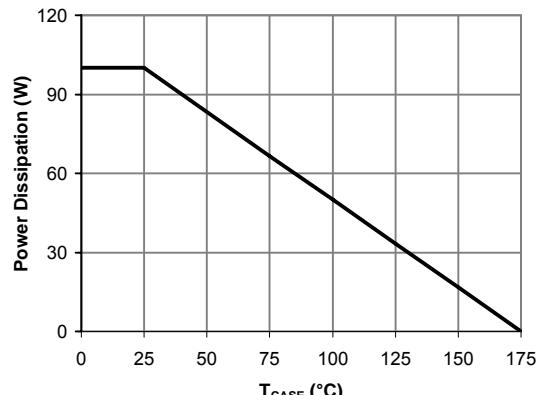


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note B)

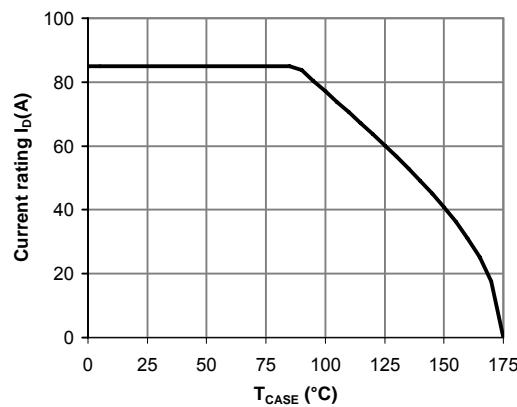


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note B)

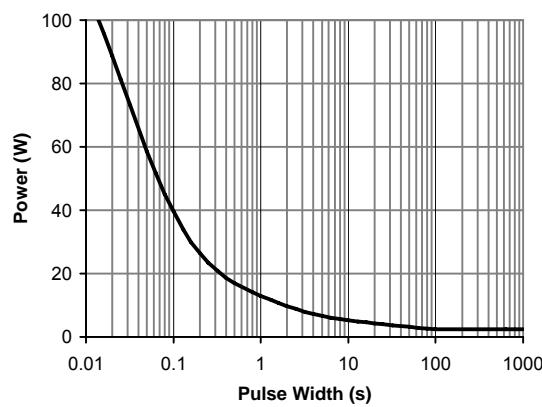


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

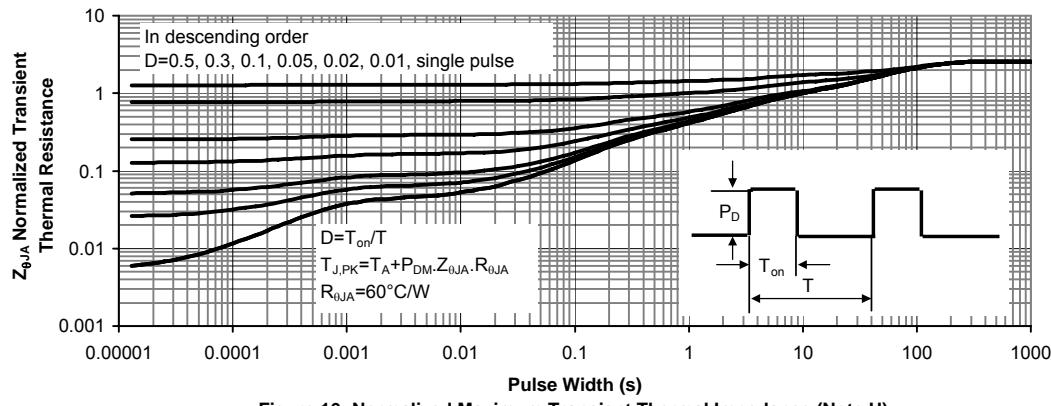


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)