



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

# AON6708

## 30V N-Channel MOSFET

### SRFET™

#### General Description

**SRFET™** The AON6708 uses advanced trench technology with a monolithically integrated Schottky diode to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a low side FET in SMPS, load switching and general purpose applications.

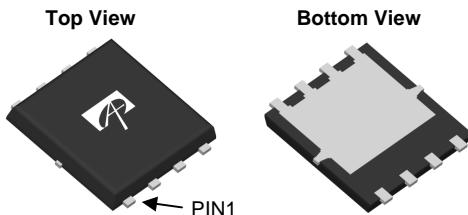
#### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$  (V) = 30V  
 $I_D$  = 30A ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 4.7\text{m}\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 5.7\text{m}\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 4.5V)

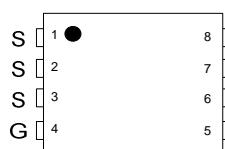


100% UIS Tested  
100% Rg Tested

**DFN5X6**



**Top View**



**Bottom View**



**SRFET™**  
Soft Recovery MOSFET:  
Integrated Schottky Diode

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 12$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>B,J</sup>	$I_D$	30	A
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		30	
Pulsed Drain Current	$I_{DM}$	120	
Continuous Drain Current <sup>H</sup>	$I_{DSM}$	20	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		15	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	40	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.3\text{mH}$ <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	240	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	62	W
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		25	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	2.5	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		1.6	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

#### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	14.2	20	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>		42	50	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case <sup>C</sup>	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.2	2.0	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=1\text{mA}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			0.1	mA
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$			20	
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 12\text{V}$			0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.3	1.7	2.4	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	120			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		3.8	4.7	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		5.1	6.4	
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		112		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.36	0.5	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				60	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		6430	7716	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			756		pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			352		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		0.9	1.4	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		96	125	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			44		nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			17		nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			13		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=0.75\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		17.5	23	ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			10		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			56		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			10.5		ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		20	25	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		26		nC

A: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsink is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\ \mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ .

G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

H. Surface mounted on a 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper.

J. Maximum current is limited by bonding wire.

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## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

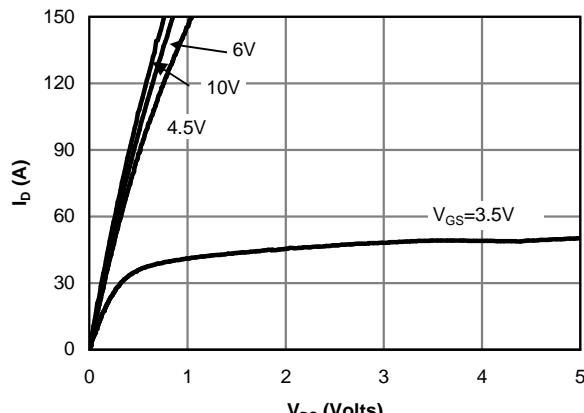


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

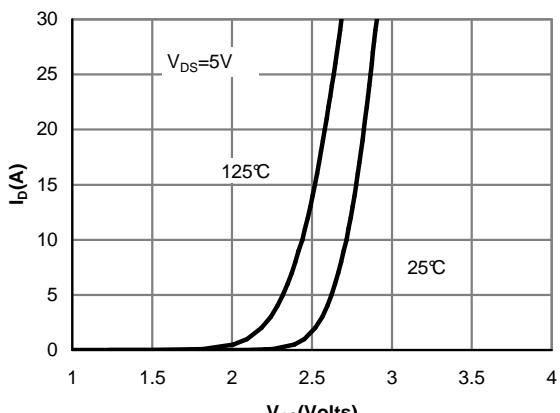


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

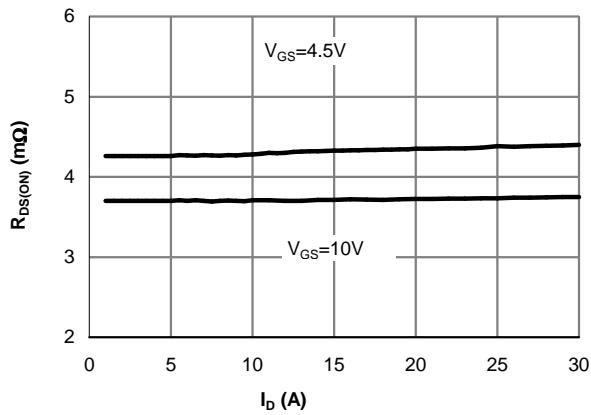


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

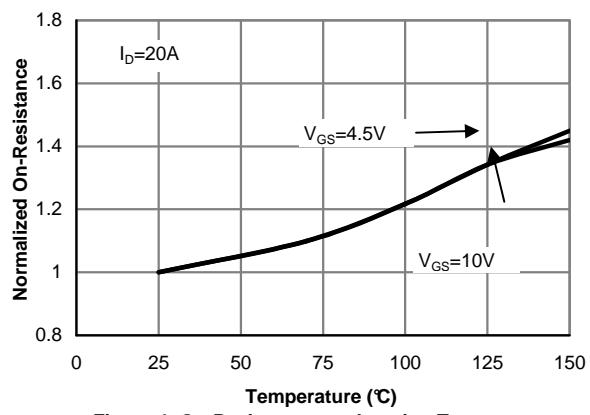


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

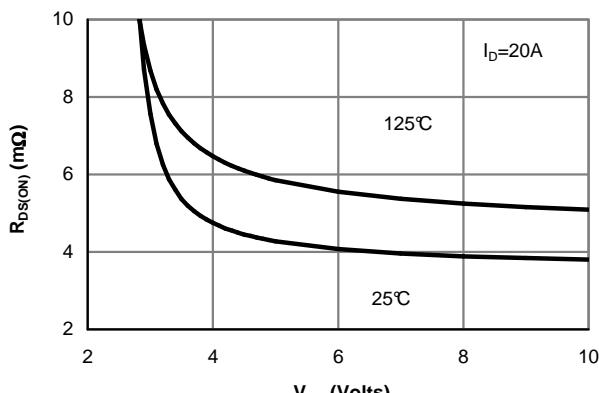


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

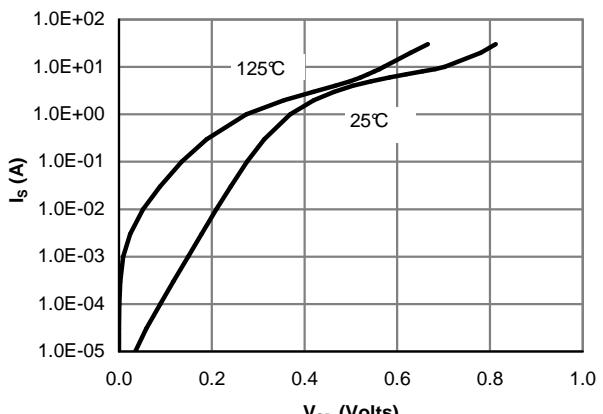
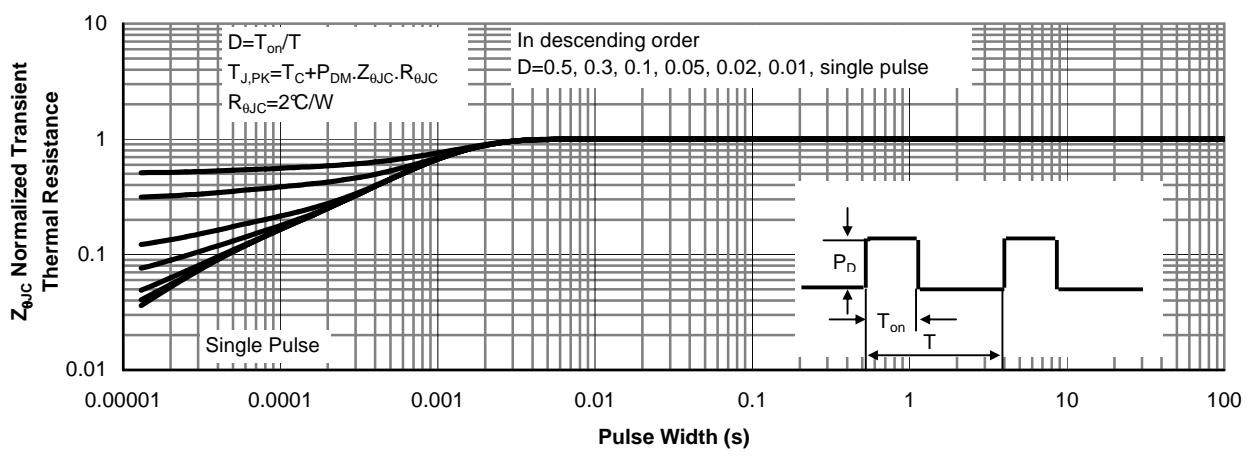
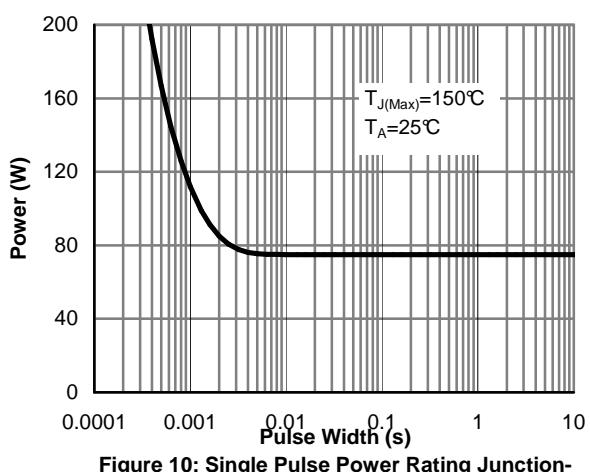
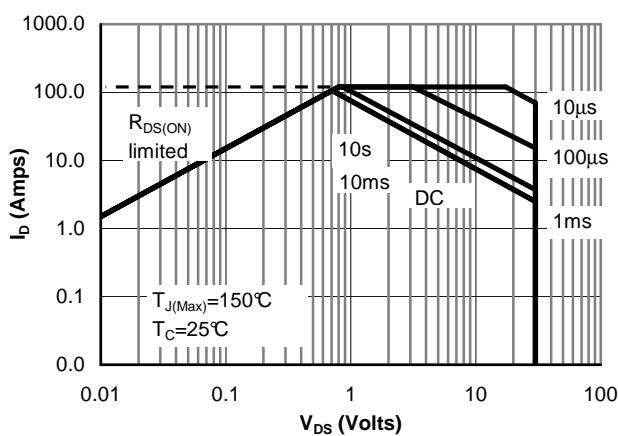
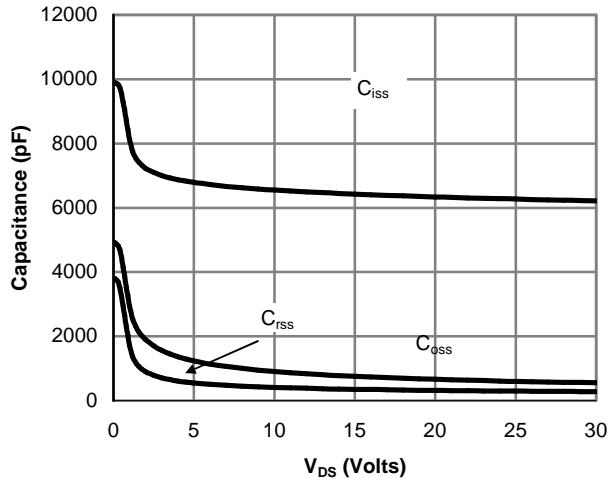
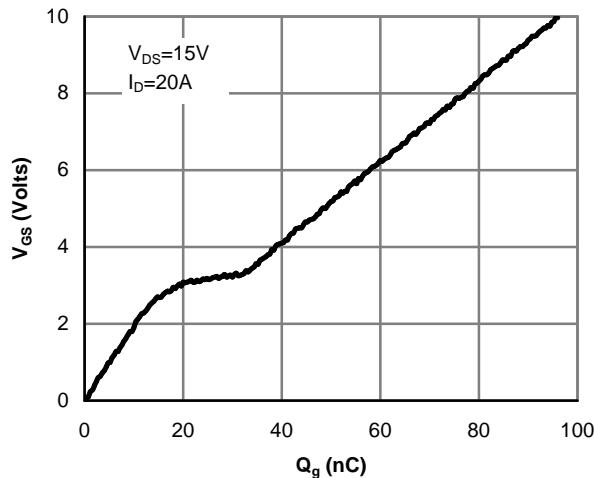


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



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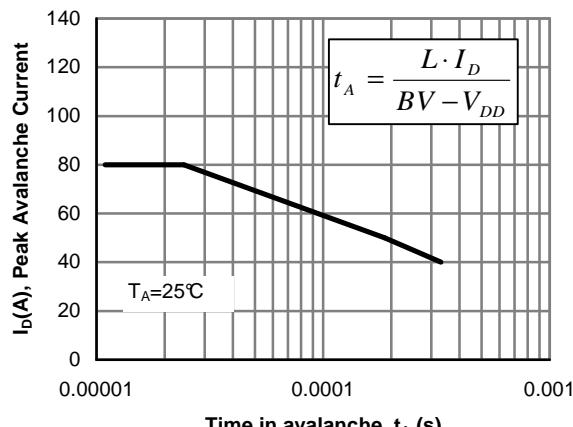


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability

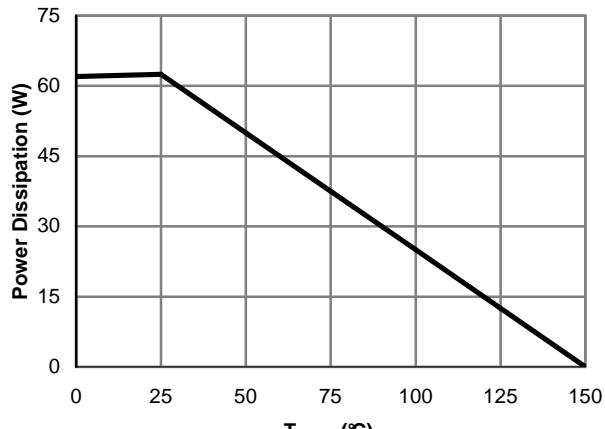


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note B)

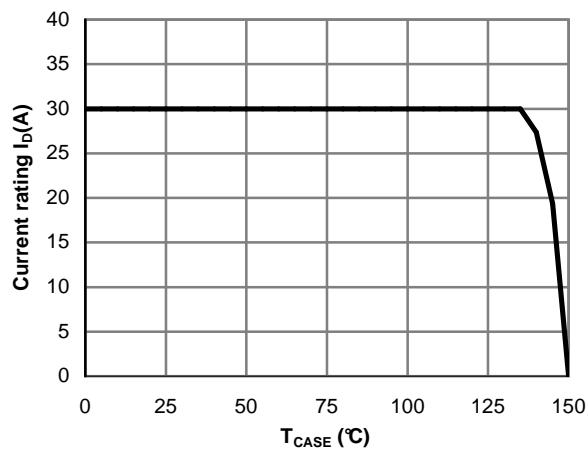


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note B)

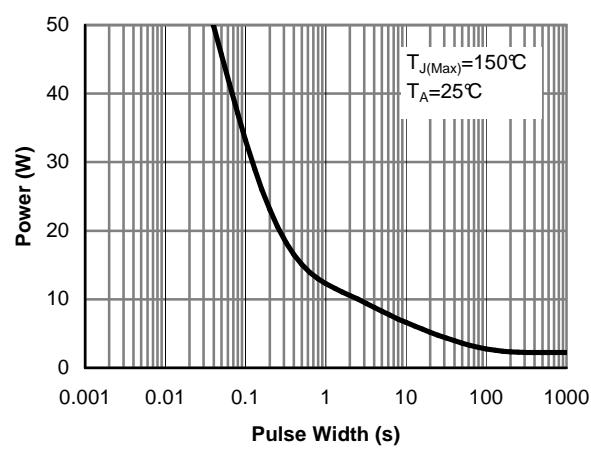


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

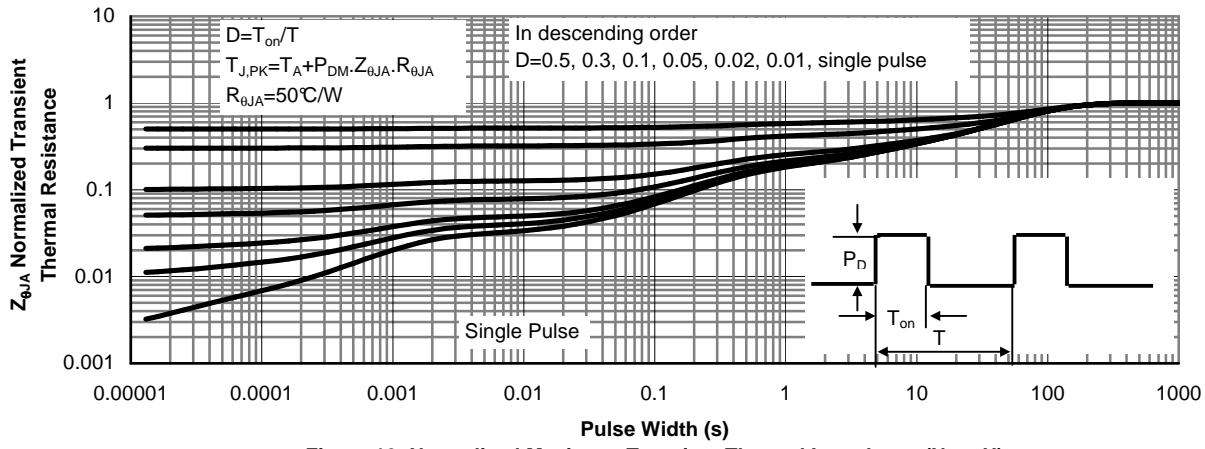
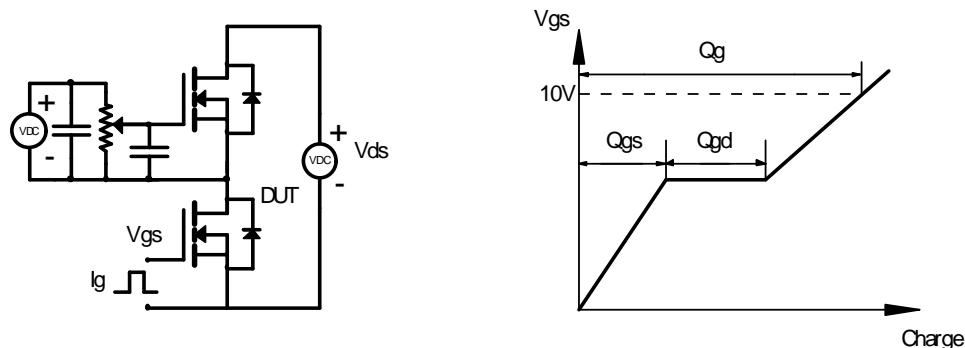
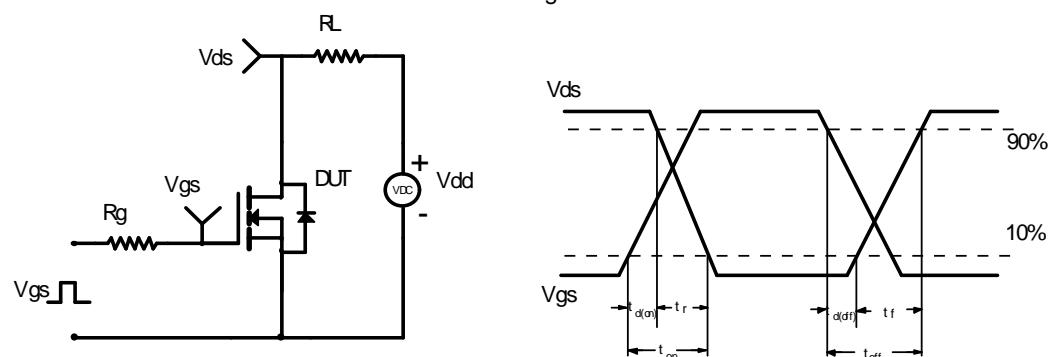


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

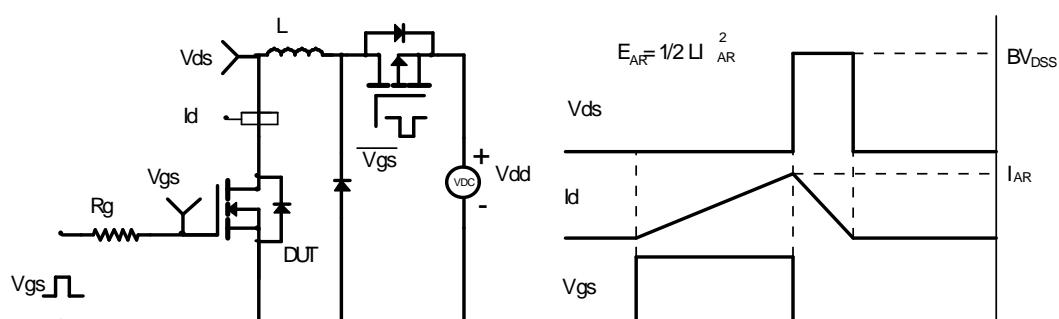
Gate Charge Test Circuit &amp; Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

