



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AON7520

30V N-Channel AlphaMOS

General Description

- Latest Trench Power AlphaMOS (αMOS LV) technology
- Very Low $R_{DS(ON)}$ at 2.5V V_{GS}
- Low Gate Charge
- ESD protection
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

Application

- Load switch, battery switch in portable devices

Product Summary

V_{DS}	30V
I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	50A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	< 1.8mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$)	< 2.1mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=2.5V$)	< 3.1mΩ

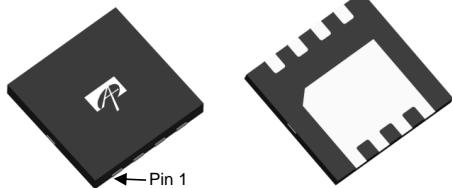
Typical ESD protection

100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested

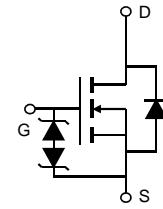
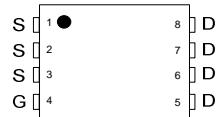
HBM Class 2



DFN 3.3x3.3 EP
Top View Bottom View



Top View



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 12	V
Continuous Drain Current ^G	I_D	50	A
$T_C=100^\circ C$		39	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	200	A
Continuous Drain Current	I_{DSM}	48	A
$T_A=70^\circ C$		38	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AS}	60	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.05mH$ ^C	E_{AS}	90	mJ
V_{DS} Spike	100ns	V_{SPIKE}	V
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	83.3	W
$T_C=100^\circ C$		33.3	
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	6.2	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		4	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	16	20	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A D} Steady-State		45	55	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.1	1.5	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$\text{ID}=250\mu\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=\pm10\text{V}$			±10	μA
$\text{V}_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=\text{V}_{\text{GS}}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	0.5	0.85	1.2	V
$\text{R}_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		1.45	1.8	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$		2.05	2.6	
		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=2.5\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$		1.66	2.1	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$		125		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$\text{I}_{\text{S}}=1\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$		0.61	1	V
I_{S}	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current ^G				50	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{f}=1\text{MHz}$		4175		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			1505		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			300		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, \text{f}=1\text{MHz}$	0.5	1	1.5	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$\text{Q}_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$		77.5	105	nC
$\text{Q}_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			37	50	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			6		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			12.5		nC
$t_{\text{D}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{R}_L=0.75\Omega, \text{R}_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		6.5		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			7		ns
$t_{\text{D}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			58.5		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			17.5		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$\text{I}_{\text{F}}=20\text{A}, \text{dI}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		20.3		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$\text{I}_{\text{F}}=20\text{A}, \text{dI}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		40.7		nC

A. The value of R_{qJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on $R_{\text{qJA}} \leq 10\text{s}$ and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{qJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{qJC} and case to ambient.

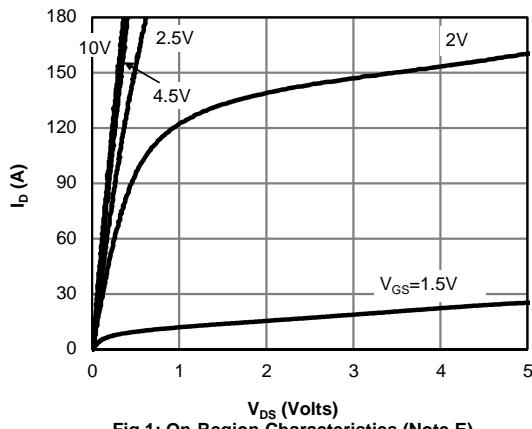
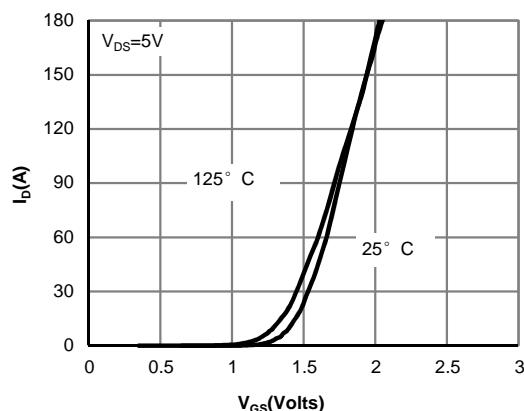
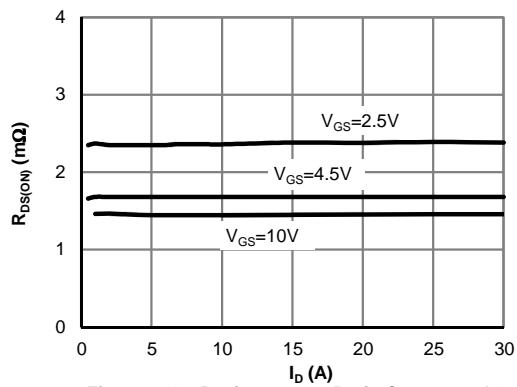
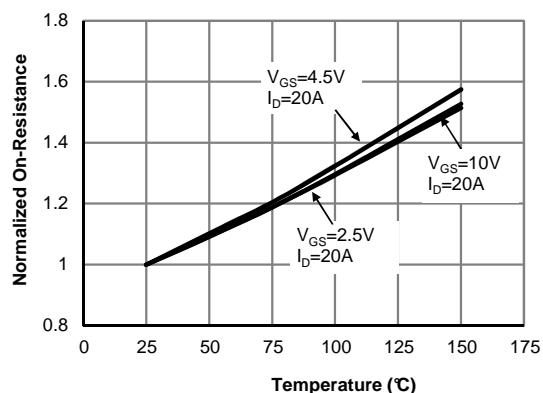
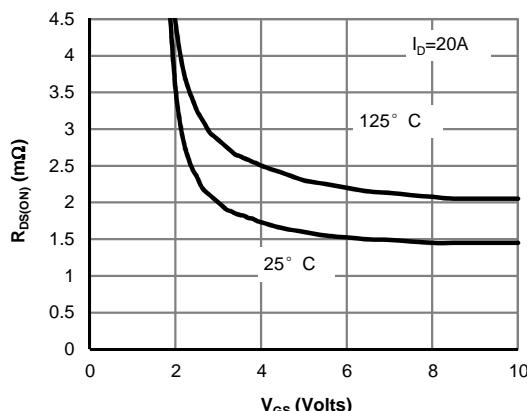
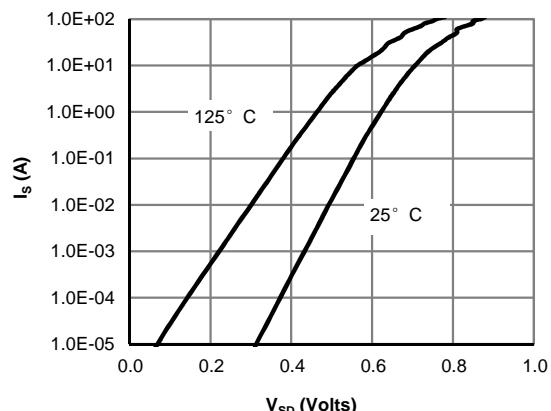
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

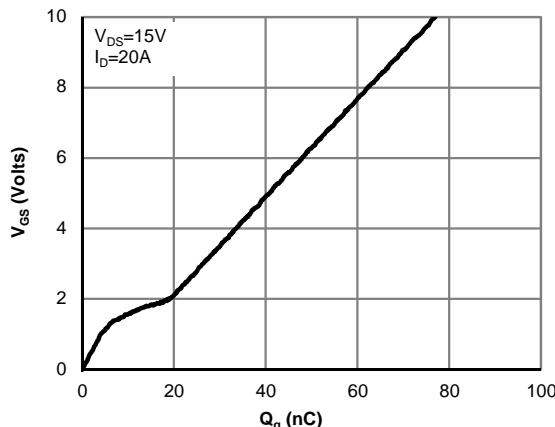
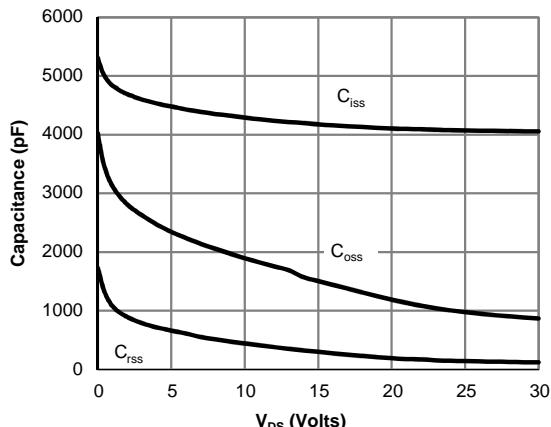
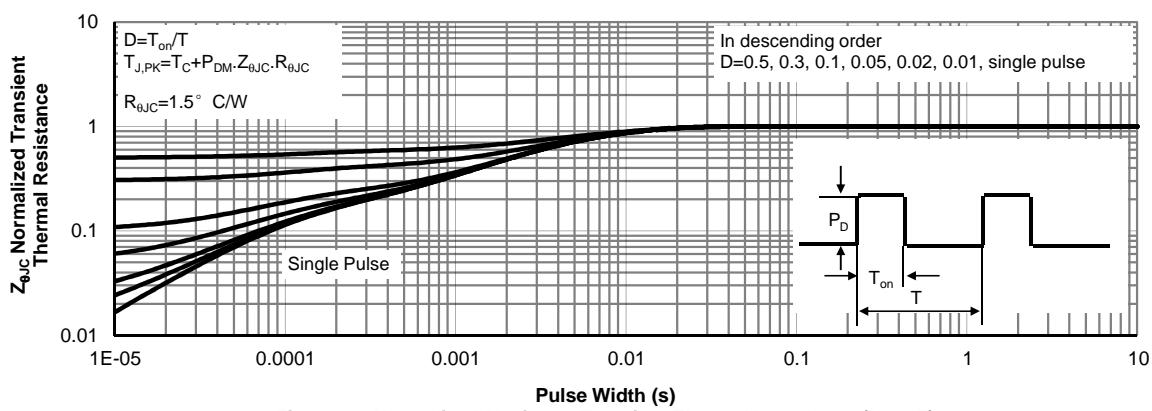
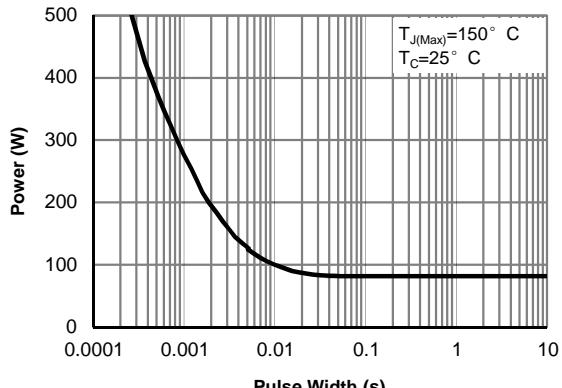
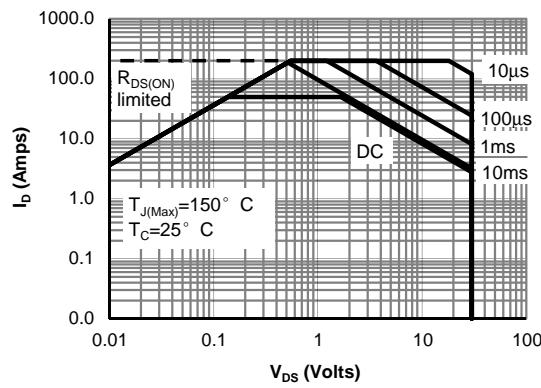
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

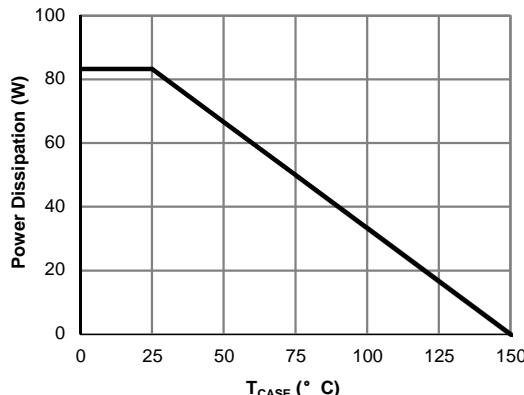
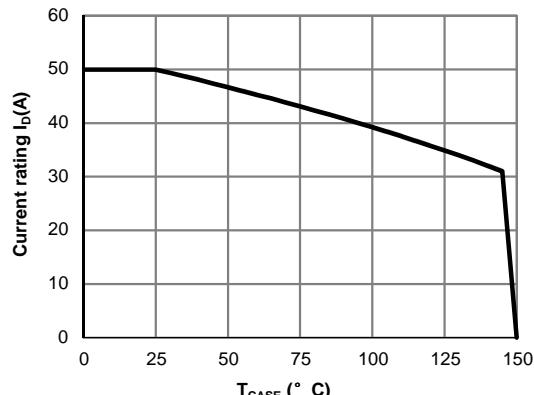
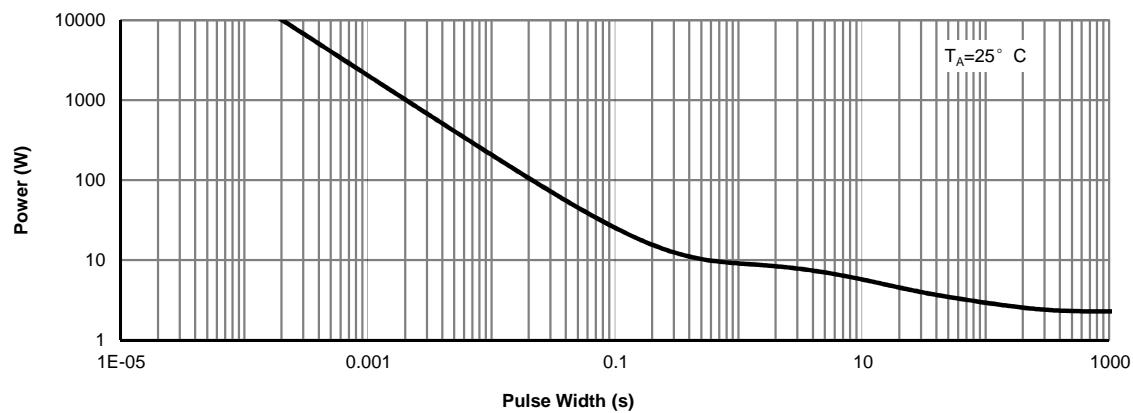
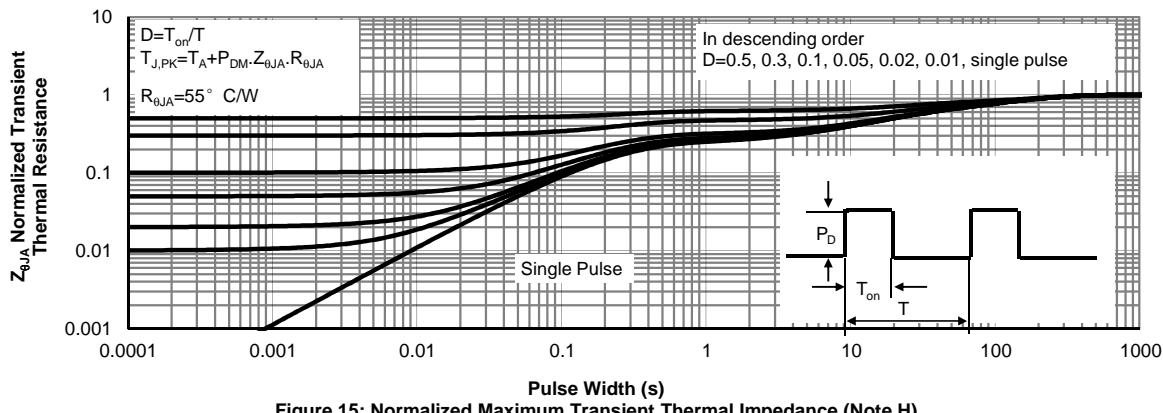
G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

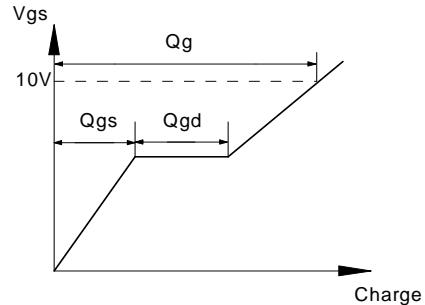
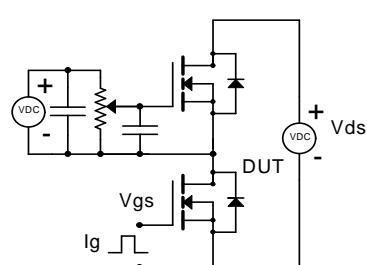
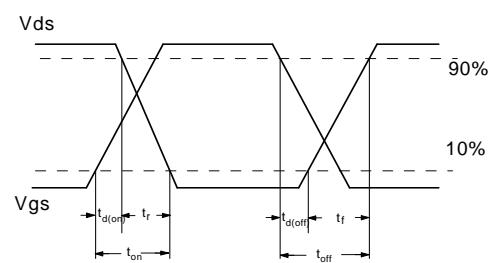
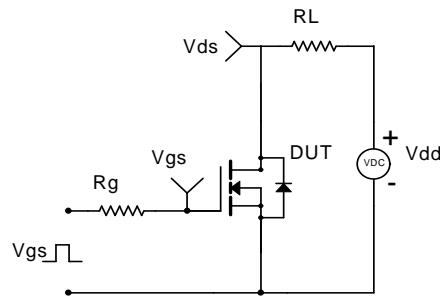
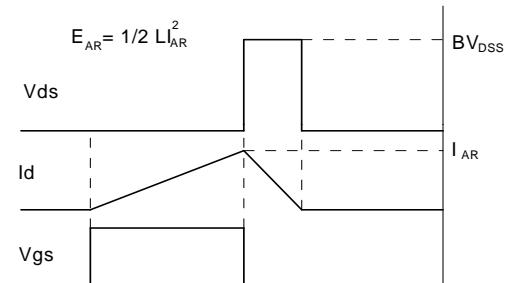
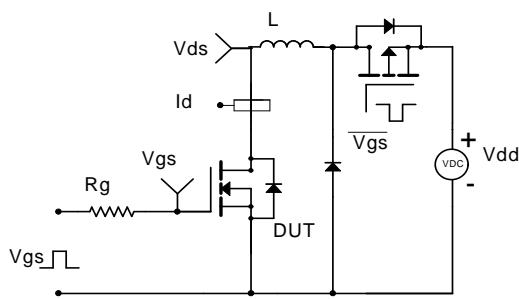
H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 12: Power Derating (Note F)

Figure 13: Current Derating (Note F)

Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms
