



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AONV210A60
600V, α MOS5™ N-Channel Power Transistor

General Description

- Proprietary α MOS5™ technology
- Low $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Optimized switching parameters for better EMI performance
- Enhanced body diode for robustness and fast reverse recovery

Applications

- SMPS with PFC, Flyback and LLC topologies
- Silver ATX, adapter, TV, lighting, Telecom

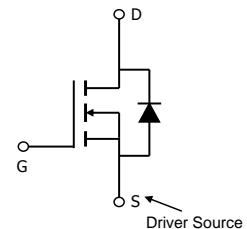
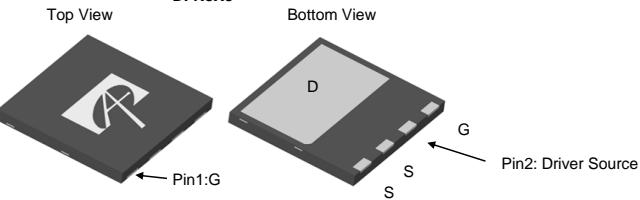
Product Summary

V_{DS} @ $T_{j,max}$	700V
I_{DM}	80A
$R_{DS(ON),max}$	< 0.21Ω
$Q_{g,typ}$	34nC
E_{oss} @ 400V	4.3μJ

100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested



DFN8X8



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AONV210A60	DFN8x8_4L_EP1_S	Tape & Reel	3500

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	600	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Gate-Source Voltage (dynamic) AC($f>1\text{Hz}$)	V_{GS}	± 30	V
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	20	A
		12	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	80	
Continuous Drain Current	I_{DSM}	4.1	A
		3.3	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AR}	5	A
Repetitive avalanche energy ^C	E_{AR}	12.5	mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy ^G	E_{AS}	410	mJ
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	100	V/ns
Diode reverse recovery	dv/dt	20	V/ns
$V_{DS}=0$ to 400V, $I_F \leq 20\text{A}$, $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	di/dt	250	A/us
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	208	W
		1.6	W/°C
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	8.3	W
		5.3	W/°C
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	T_L	300	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	12	15	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D} Steady-State		40	50	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.39	0.6	°C/W

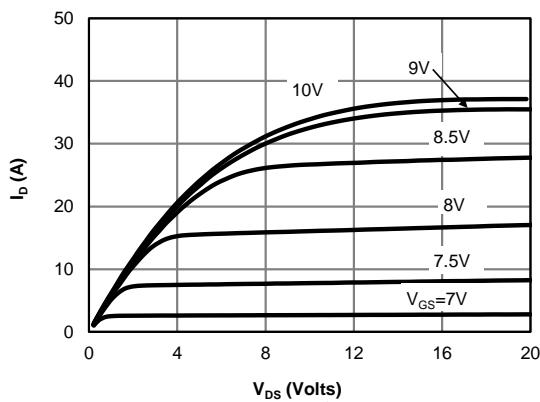
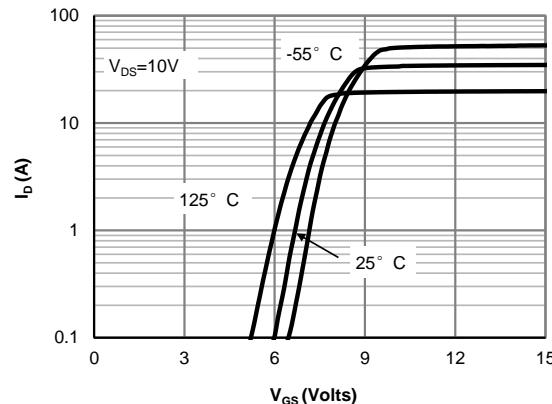
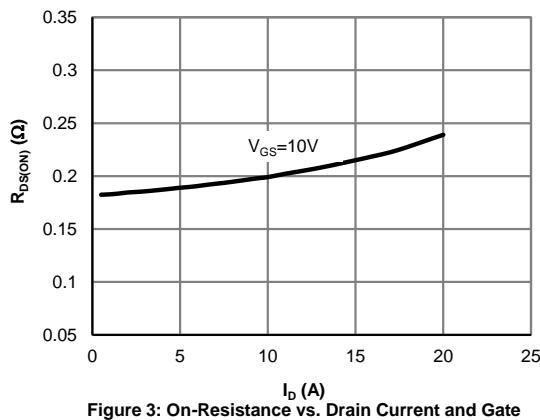
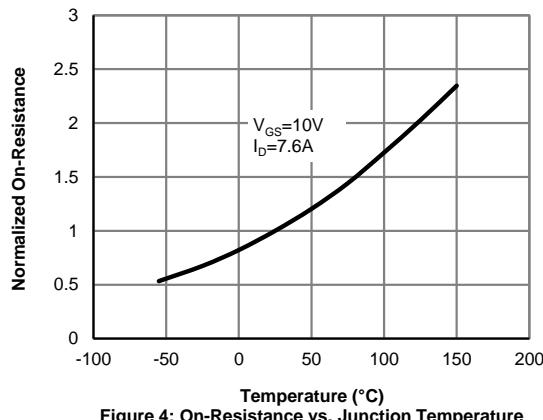
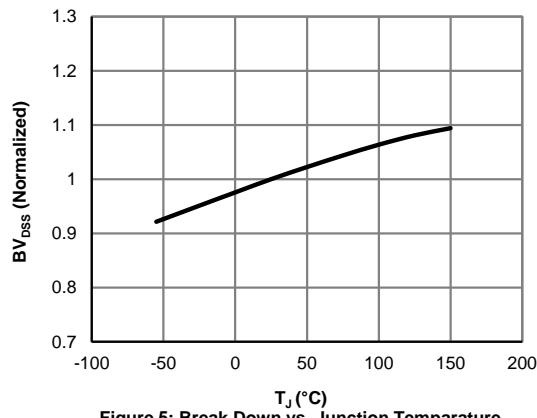
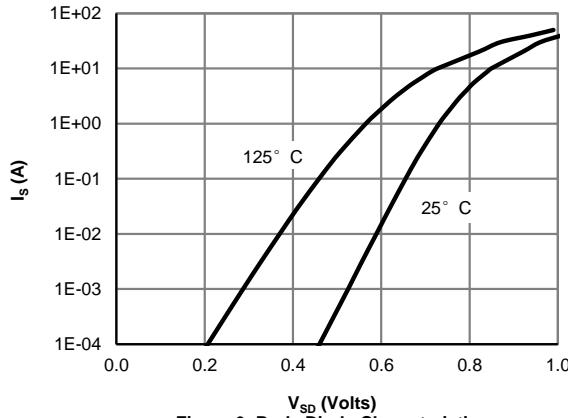
Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

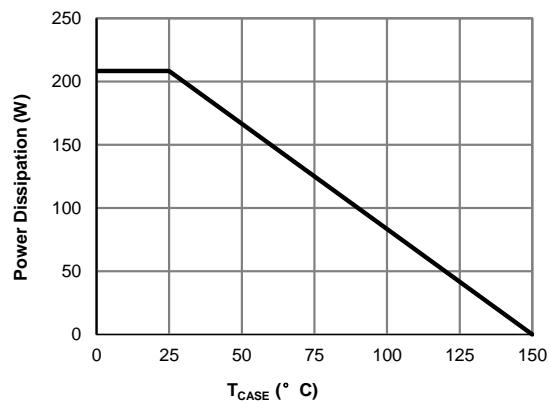
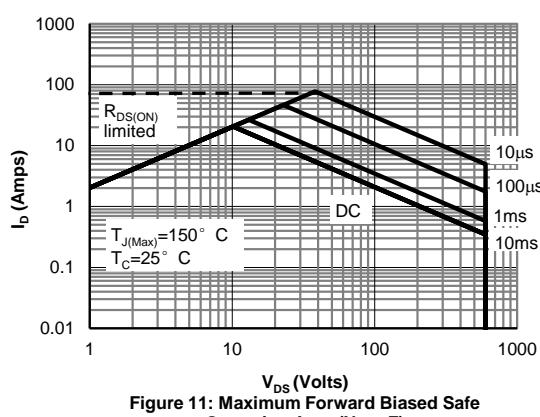
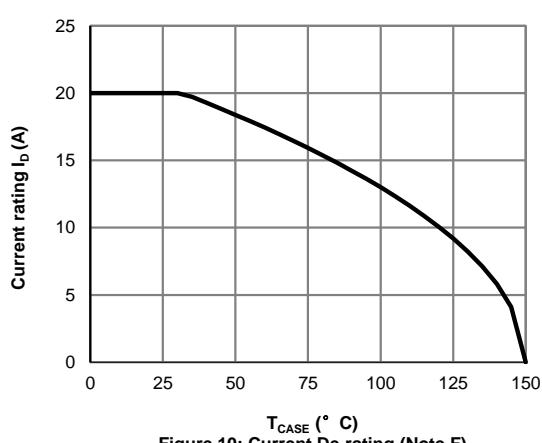
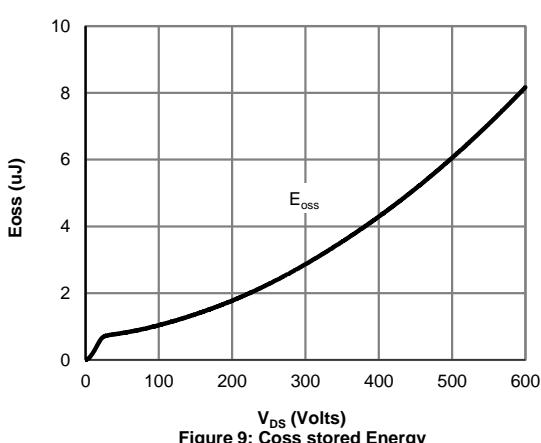
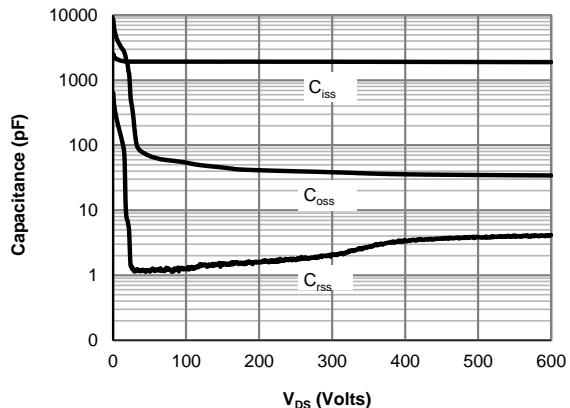
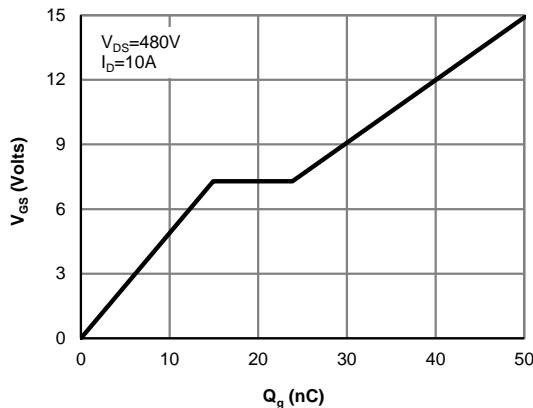
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =25°C	600			V
		I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =150°C		700		
BV _{DSS} /ΔT _J	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V		0.49		V/°C
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V _{DS} =600V, V _{GS} =0V		1		μA
		V _{DS} =480V, T _J =125°C		10		
I _{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	V _{DS} =0V, V _{GS} =±20V			±100	nA
V _{GS(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{DS} =5V, I _D =250μA	3.4	4	4.6	V
R _{DS(ON)}	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V _{GS} =10V, I _D =7.6A		0.19	0.21	Ω
g _{FS}	Forward Transconductance	V _{DS} =10V, I _D =10A		16		S
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	I _S =7.6A, V _{GS} =0V		0.88	1.2	V
I _S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current			20		A
I _{SM}	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current ^c			80		A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =100V, f=1MHz		1935		pF
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance			55		pF
C _{o(er)}	Effective output capacitance, energy related ⁱ	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =0 to 480V, f=1MHz		49		pF
C _{o(tr)}	Effective output capacitance, time related ^j			213		pF
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =100V, f=1MHz		1.25		pF
R _g	Gate resistance	f=1MHz		5		Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
Q _g	Total Gate Charge	V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =480V, I _D =10A		34		nC
Q _{gs}	Gate Source Charge			15		nC
Q _{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			8.5		nC
t _{D(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time	V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =400V, I _D =10A, R _G =25Ω		80		ns
t _r	Turn-On Rise Time			70		ns
t _{D(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time			80		ns
t _f	Turn-Off Fall Time			20		ns
t _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I _F =10A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V _{DS} =400V		341		ns
I _{rm}	Peak Reverse Recovery Current			28		A
Q _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge			6.8		μC

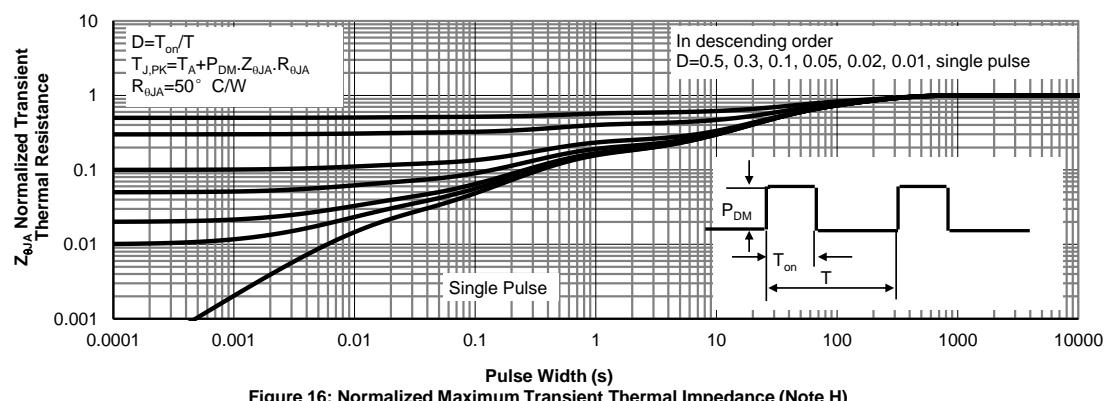
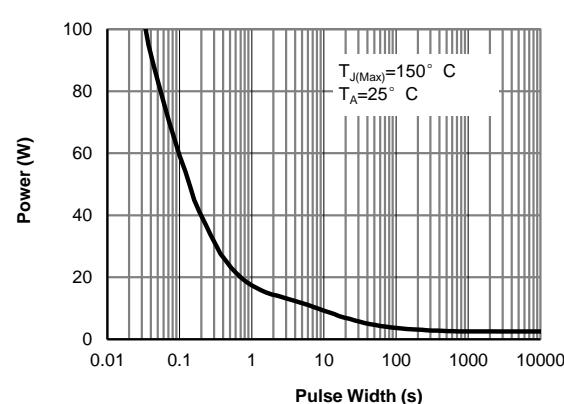
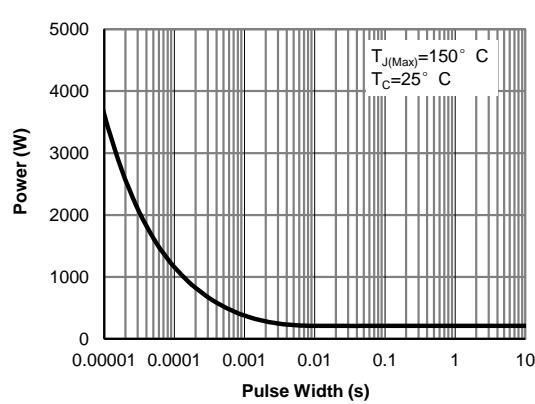
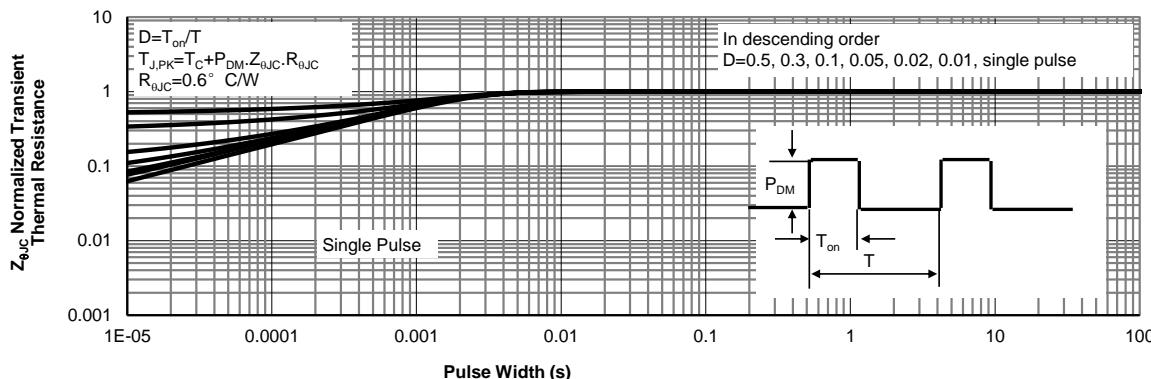
- A. The value of R_{θJA} is measured with the device in a still air environment with T_A=25° C.
 B. The power dissipation P_D is based on T_{J(MAX)}=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.
 C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T_{J(MAX)}=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T_J=25° C.
 D. The R_{θJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{θJC} and case to ambient.
 E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.
 F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T_{J(MAX)}=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.
 G. This is the absolute maximum rating. Parts are 100% tested at T_J=25° C, L=60mH, I_{AS}=2.7A, V_{DD}=150V, R_G=25Ω.
 H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A=25° C
 I. C_{o(er)} is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{(BR)DSS}.
 J. C_{o(tr)} is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{(BR)DSS}.

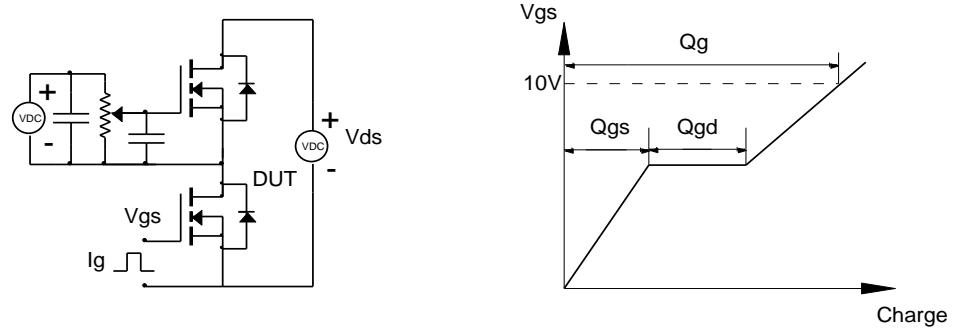
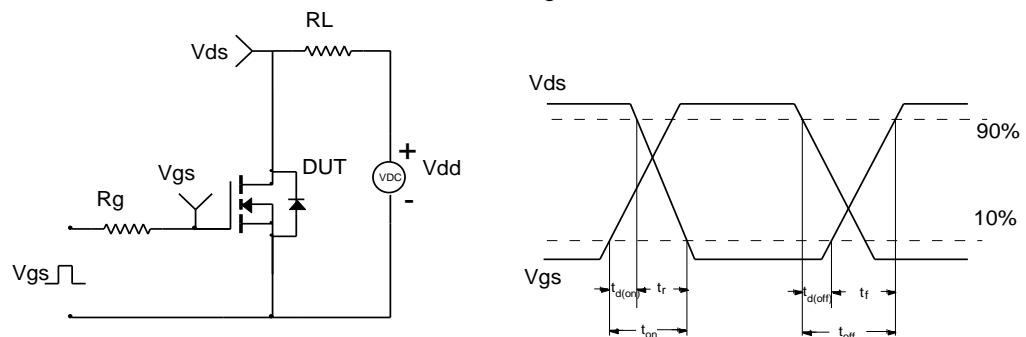
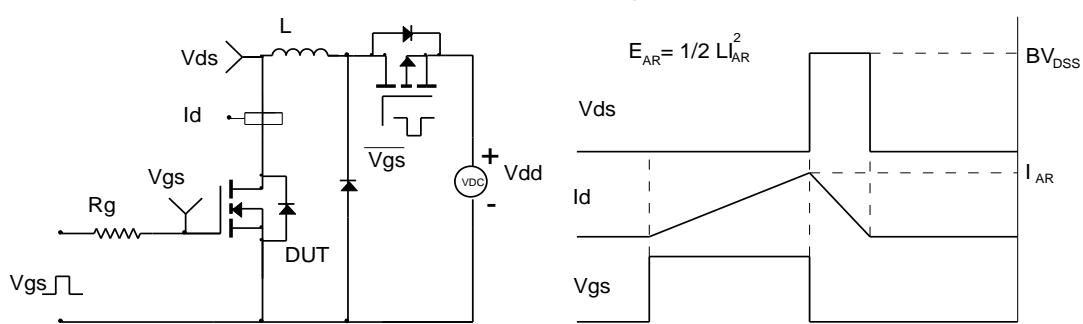
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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms
