

AS3492

Highly Efficient 2-10 LEDs Backlight Driver with 2 PWM Inputs

1 General Description

The AS3492 is an inductive highly efficient DCDC boost converter. The DCDC converter operates at a fixed frequency of 2MHz and includes soft startup to allow easy integration into noise sensitive RF systems. A predictable startup is guaranteed even with very low duty cycle PWM input signals. The voltage on the output capacitor is controlled to minimize ripple and to avoid any acoustic effects for low frequency PWM input signals.

The output of the DCDC converter is used for five current sources connected to up to 10 LEDs. If a current source is not required, it shall be connected to VOUT or GND - the AS3492 detects this condition and disables this current source automatically; this keeps the efficiency of the system constantly high.

The AS3492 is controlled by two enable inputs, ON13 and ON45. These inputs can also be used to connect a PWM input (like DLS or DBC).

The AS3492 includes several protection functions like undervoltage lockout, overcurrent and overtemperature.

No microvias are required to assemble the AS3492 if only four channels are used and ON13=ON45.

The AS3492 is available in a space-saving WL-CSP package measuring only 1.7x1.4x0.5mm and operates over the -30°C to +85°C temperature range.

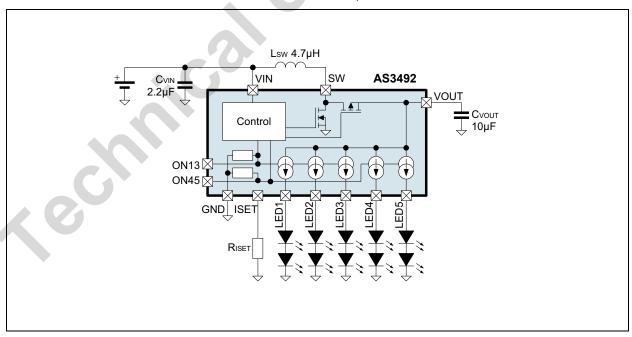
Figure 1. AS3492 Typical Operating Circuit

2 Key Features

- 2 MHz DCDC Boost converter
 - Small 4.7µH external coil
 - Very high system efficiency of 86% (DCDC and current sources combined)
 - Very low voltage changes on output to avoid acoustic noise on output capacitor even with PWM
 - Smooth startup even under low duty cycle PWM conditions
- Five Current sources up to 25mA
 - Low voltage compliance (150mV)
 - High side current source to simplify layout and thermal management of the LEDs
 - Automatically detect and disable failing or not used LEDs to keep efficiency high
 - Current matching <4%
 - Current accuracy <7.5%
- Excellent LED current output ripple <500µA
- Support DLS (Dynamic Luminance Scaling or DBC)
- Undervoltage lockout and overcurrent protection
- Overtemperature protection
- Available in a tiny WL-CSP package
 - 3x4 balls, 0.4mm pitch, 1.7x1.4x0.5mm

3 Applications

Display backlight driver for mobile phones, digital cameras, PND and PMPs.

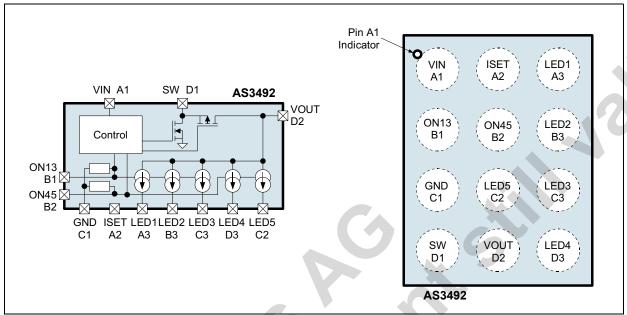




4 Pinout

Pin Assignment

Figure 2. Pin Assignments (Top View)



Pin Description

Table 1. WL-CSP12 Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
A1	VIN	Positive supply voltage input - connect to supply and make a short connection to input capacitor CVIN
A2	ISET	External current set resistor, forced to 1.25V in operation - LED current typically 400xISET current
A3	LED1	Current source output 1 - controlled by ON13
B1	ON13	Digital input pin - enable input active high for current sources D1D3 ¹
B2	ON45	Digital input pin - enable input active high for current sources D4D5 ¹ , ²
В3	LED2	Current source output 2 - controlled by ON13
C1	GND	Supply ground - connect to supply and make a short connection to input capacitor CVIN and CVOUT
C2	LED5	Current source output 5 - controlled by ON45
C3	LED3	Current source output 3 - controlled by ON13
D1	SW	DCDC converter switching node
D2	VOUT	DCDC converter output - make a short connection to capacitor Cout
D3	LED4	Current source output 4 - controlled by ON45

^{1.} If ON13 and ON45 are low, the AS3492 enters shutdown.



5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed in Table 2 may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in Table 3, "Electrical Characteristics," on page 4 is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Comments
VIN, ON13, ON45 and ISET to GND	-0.3	+7.0	V	
ON13, ON45 and ISET to VIN		+0.3	V	internal protection diodes to VIN
SW, VOUT, LED1LED5 to GND	-0.3	11	V	746
SW, LED1LED5 to VOUT		+0.3	V	internal protection diodes to VOUT
Input Pin Current without causing latchup	-100	+100 +lin	mA	Norm: EIA/JESD78
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C)				
Continuous power dissipation		870	mW	P⊤ ¹ at Tamb=70°C
Continuous power dissipation derating factor		11.67	mW/°C	PDERATE ²
Electrostatic Discharge				
ESD HBM		±2000	\	Norm: JEDEC JESD22-A114F
ESD CDM		±500	V	Norm: JEDEC JESD 22-C101E
ESD MM		±100	V	Norm: JEDEC JESD 22-A115-B
Temperature Ranges and Storage Condition	ns		. 7/	
Junction Temperature		+125	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55	+125	°C	
Humidity	5	85	%	Non condensing
Body Temperature during Soldering		+260	°C	according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020
Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)	MS	SL 1		Represents a max. floor life time of unlimited

^{1.} Depending on actual PCB layout and PCB used

^{2.} PDERATE derating factor changes the total continuous power dissipation (PT) if the ambient temperature is not 70°C. Therefore for e.g. TAMB=85°C calculate PT at 85°C = PT - PDERATE * (85°C - 70°C)



6 Electrical Characteristics

VVIN = +2.5V to +5.5V, TAMB = -30° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at VVIN = +3.7V, TAMB = $+25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise specified.

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition			Тур	Max	Unit
General Ope	erating Conditions						
VVIN	Supply Voltage			2.5	3.7	5.5	V
VVIN_REDUC	Supply Voltage reduced performance	not all parameters within specification					V
Ishutdown	Shutdown Current	ON13=0V, ON45=	=0V		0.5	2.0	μA
Ivin	Operating Current	no load, PWM Norma	al mode		250		μA
Тамв	Operating Temperature			-30	25	85	°C
DCDC Conv	erter parameters			-			
Vvout	Output Voltage VOUT	automatically regul	ated	VVIN+ 0.3V		VVOUT _MAX	V
		all other conditions with O	N13=ON45	5		140	
VVOUT_RIPP LE_PWM	Voltage VOUT due to PWM signal	identical signal for ON13 and C in pulseskip or curre		,	70		mV
ILOAD	Load current	VOUT<7.5V		0.0		100	mA
	ILOAD=50mA		ILOAD=50mA		86		
η	Overall Efficiency	VVIN=3.7V, TAMB = +25°C, LED mismatch <= 30mV,	ILOAD=75mA	85	86		%
		VLED=3.0V	ILOAD=100mA		86		
fclk	Operating Frequency	All internal timings are deri	ved from this	-10%	2.0	+10%	MHz
tmin_on	Minimum on-time				60		ns
MDC	Maximum Duty Cycle				90		%
Rsw_p	DCDC Switch SW - VOUT				0.5		Ω
Rsw_n	DCDC Switch SW - GND	2			0.5		Ω
Output volta	age soft start						
tvout_start	softstart time	measured from first high sign ON45	nal on ON13 or		1.2		ms
VVOUT_ START	VOUT startup voltage				7.0		V
tpwm_start _max	Startup with PWM	Maximum duration between during startup; see Figure 1	PWM pulses 7 on page 11	10	11	12	ms
tTIMEOUT	DCDC timeout time	if ON13 and ON45=0 for tTIMEOUT, the DCDC is stopped and the AS3492 enters shutdown				48	ms
Current Sou	irces					·	
VLED15	LED1LED5 output voltage range			2.6 x2	3.3 x2	3.9 x2	V
ILED15	LED1LED5 output current range			0.0		25.0	mA
ILED15Δ	LED1LED5 current source accuracy ¹	ILED15 =20mA	\	-7.5		+7.5	%



Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition			Тур	Max	Unit	
ILED15 MATCH	LED1LED5 current source matching	ILED15 = 20mA		-4.0		+4.0	%	
ILED15 RIPPLE	LED1LED5 ripple current	BW=10MHz				10	% of ILED	
			ILED < 5mA			500	μA	
ILED15	LED1LED5	ILED=20mA,	PWM>=25/255	-2		+2	%	
PWMLIN	linearity ²	PWM frequency 300Hz	25/255> PWM>=1/255	-10		+10	%	
fPWM	PWM input frequency	on pin ON13 or C	N45	100	300	800	Hz	
ILED15 LEAKAGE	LED1LED5 leakage current	current source off, TAM	B < +50°C	-0.5	0	+0.5	μА	
VILED_COMP	LED1LED5 current source voltage compliance	Minimum voltage between LED1LED5, ILED<		100			mV	
Current Refe	erence (pin ISET)							
VISET	ISET voltage		7		1.25		V	
ILED2ISET	LED current to ISETcurrent		*		400		A/A	
Protection F	unctions (see page 12	2)		>				
VVOUT_MAX	VOUT overvoltage protection	G				10.0	V	
VVOUT_OPE NLED	VOUT open LED detection threshold	Voltage level on VOUT where open LED detection is performed			8.5	8.8	V	
VLED_OPEN	VVLED15 open detection	an open LED is assumed if the voltage on the current source is less than VLED_OPEN and VOUT=VVOUT_OPENLED			92	125	mV	
VLED_SHORT	VLED15 short detection	voltage on LED15 where a shorted LED is assumed			0.95		V	
tLED_ERROR _DEB_OPEN	VLED15 open debounce time	Open LED detection deb	ounce time			4.8	μs	
tLED_ERROR _DEB_SHORT	VLED15 short debounce time	Short LED detection deb	ounce time ⁴			9.0	μs	
ILIMIT	Current Limit for coil Lsw (Pin SW)			510	600	685	mA	
Тоутемр	Overtemperature Protection	lunction tompora	turo		144		°C	
TOVTEMPHY ST	Overtemperature Hysteresis	Sunction tempera	Junction temperature				°C	
		Falling VVIN			1.9	2.1	V	
Vuvlo	Undervoltage Lockout	Rising VVIN			2.2	2.3	V	
Digital Interface								
ViH	High Level Input Voltage			1.07		VVIN	V	
VIL	Low Level Input Voltage			0.0		0.68	V	
ı	-							

^{1.} Excluding variation of external resistor RISET; voltage difference between any set of drivers less than 200mV



- 2. Note: It is not recommended to operate the current sources at minimum duty cycle with low LED currents.
- 3. The dcdc output voltage VOUT is regulated to 150mV above the maximum LED voltage (LED1...LED5) to guarantee proper operation of the current with output voltage ripple and undershoots (e.g. due to PWM or supply voltage changes)
- 4. The short LED detection debounce time is longer than the open LED detection debounce time to allow the parasitic capacitance of the LED to charge above VLED_SHORT within this time and avoid wrong triggering of short LED detection.



7 Typical Operating Characteristics

VBAT = 3.7V, $T_A = +25$ °C (unless otherwise specified).

Figure 3. DCDC Efficiency vs. VBAT

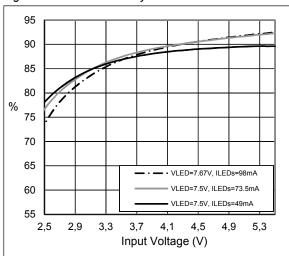


Figure 5. Efficiency vs. Load Current

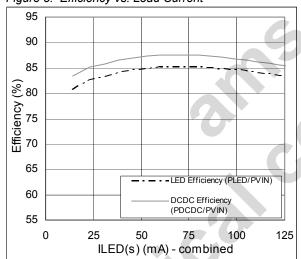


Figure 7. Startup with PWM, 70% duty cycle

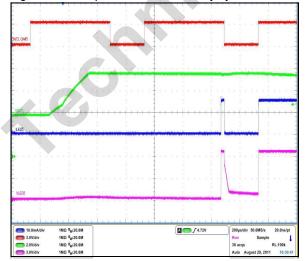


Figure 4. LED Efficiency vs. VBAT

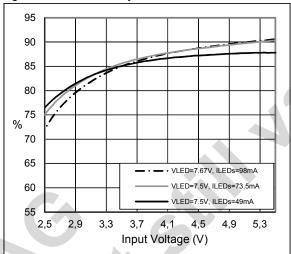


Figure 6. Startup with PWM, 20% duty cycle

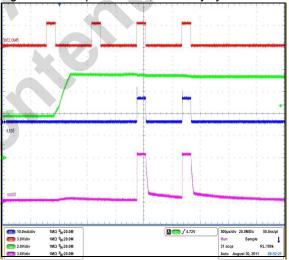


Figure 8. DCDC Switching Waveforms

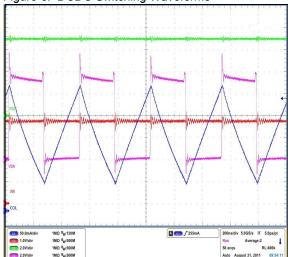




Figure 9. Open LED Detection Waveform

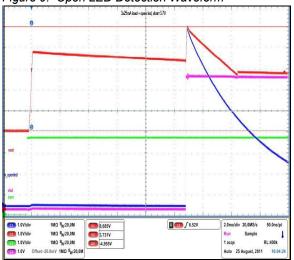


Figure 10. VIN line transient 10µs (ILOAD=100mA)

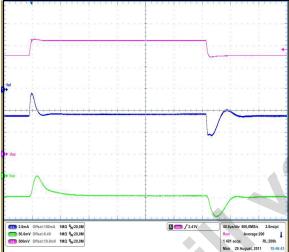


Figure 11. VOUT ripple with PWM



Figure 12. ILED ripple (ILOAD=100mA)

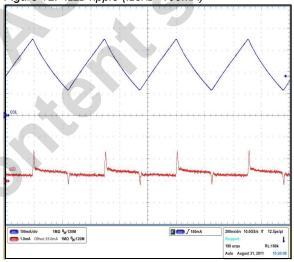


Figure 13. ILED vs. RISET

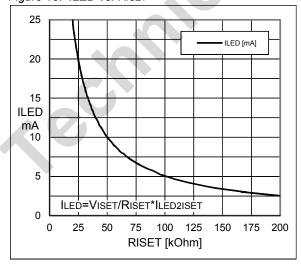


Figure 14. fosc vs.VIN

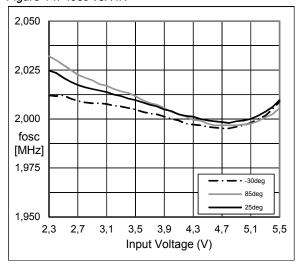
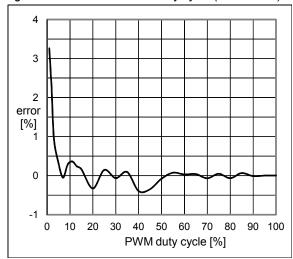




Figure 15. Current Error vs. duty cycle (ILED=25mA)





8 Detailed Description

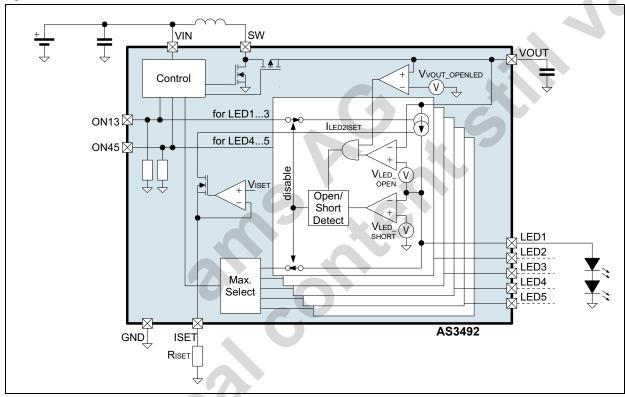
The AS3492 is a high performance DCDC step up converter and five current sources in a small WL-CSP12 package.

The LED configuration is done in up to five strings¹, each strings using two LEDs in series². This configuration results in excellent application efficiency even using very small external components (capacitors and coil). The device is controlled by ON13 and ON45. A high levels on these inputs enables the DCDC and the current sources. ON13 and ON45 can be used as PWM inputs³ to accurately control the LED brightness.

The target application is to use the AS3492 for highly efficient backlight driver (display and/or keypad backlight).

Internal Circuit

Figure 16. AS3492 internal circuit



The AS3492 includes a fixed frequency DCDC step-up with accurate startup control. It is enabled by the input pin ON13 and ON45 and controls the LED current with five current sources. These input can be used as PWM inputs to control the brightness in two groups:

- a high level on ON13 enables LED1, LED2 and LED3
- a high level on ON45 enables LED4 and LED5.

The current is adjustable by an external resistor RISET.

^{1.} Unused strings shall be connected to VOUT or GND.

Single LED strings can be mixed with dual LED strings as long as each of the two groups (LED1...LED3, LED4...LED5) has at least one string with two LEDs in series - it will reduce application efficiency.

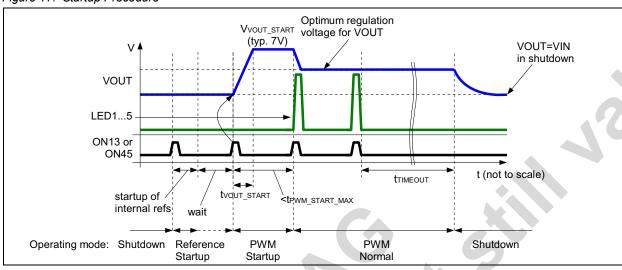
^{3.} Using the PWM inputs, the AS3492 supports DLS, dynamic luminance scaling, also called CABC, content adaptive backlight control or DBC, dynamic backlight control.



Startup

In order to avoid inrush-current during startup the supplies are smoothly ramped up according to Figure 17 even under low PWM duty cycle conditions. This allows the easy integration into mobile battery powered systems:

Figure 17. Startup Procedure



Open and short LED detection

After the startup is finished, the AS3492 continuously monitors open and shorted LEDs. If an open or shorted LED string is detected, this LED string is disabled and the driver continuous its normal operation. The driver is disabled to keep the efficiency of AS3492 for different LED configurations high. The error is cleared once the AS3492 enters shutdown⁴.

Shorted LED

After startup is finished, for any LED, enabled by the inputs ON13 or ON45, is below VLED_SHORT, for at least tLED_ERROR_DEB_SHORT, a shorted LED is assumed.

Open LED

LED outputs (LED1...LED5) which are not used by the application shall be connected permanently to VOUT or GND. The AS3492 detect this condition upon startup and automatically disables the current sources for these LEDs - see Figure 18 and Figure 19, immediately after the rising edged of ON13 or ON45.

For LEDs, which are open during operation of the device, following procedure of the AS3492 is used for detection:

After startup is finished, if the voltage on VOUT=VVOUT_OPENLED⁵ and the voltage across any current source, enabled by the inputs ON13 or ON45, is below VLED_OPEN (VOUT-LED1...5), for at least tLED_ERROR_DEB_OPEN, an open LED is assumed.

Figure 18 shows the waveform for the detection of a single open LED, Figure 19 for all LEDs open.

The error is automatically cleared as the open/short LED error might be temporarily (e.g. bouncing of the connections to the LED)

If the current limit of the coil (ILIMIT) is reached before VOUT=VVOUT_OPENLED, an open LED is not detected.



Figure 18. Single Open LED detection

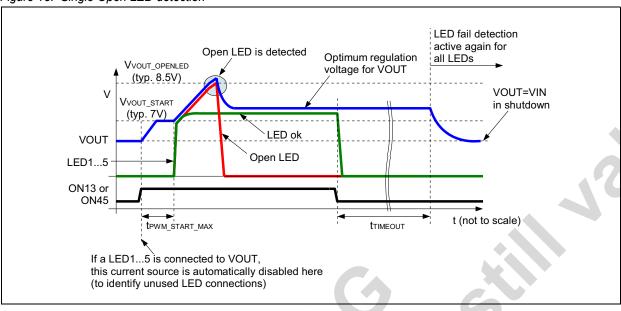
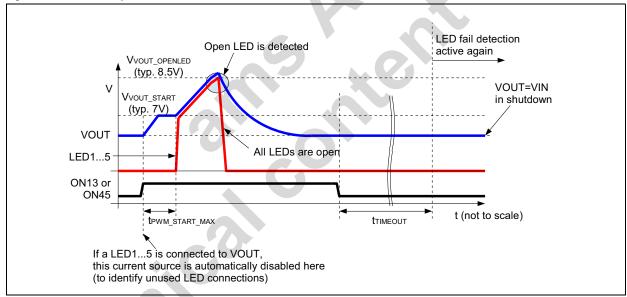


Figure 19. All LEDs open



Protection and Fault Detection Functions

The protection functions protect the AS3492, its external components and connected LEDs against physical damage.

Overvoltage Protection

The voltage on VOUT is kept below or at VVOUT_MAX under every operating condition⁶. If the voltage on VOUT is at VVOUT_MAX for more than 70ms⁷, the DCDC will shutdown. It can be re-enabled by setting ON13 and ON45 to low for more than ttimeout.

^{6.} When reaching $VOUT=VVOUT_OPENLED$, the open LED detection is performed.

^{7.} The duration can vary from 55ms to 85ms within a single AS3492.



DCDC Inductor Peak Current Limitation

To limit the maximum current from the battery, the DCDC converter limits its current through the coil to ILIMIT on a cycle by cycle basis.

Overtemperature Protection

The junction temperature of the AS3492 is continuously monitored. If the temperature exceeds Tovtemp, the DCDC is stopped. The driver is automatically re-enabled once the junction temperature drops below Tovtemp-Tovtemphyst.

Supply undervoltage Protection

If the voltage on the pin VIN is or falls below VuvLo, the AS3492 is kept in shutdown.



9 Application Information

External Components

Input Capacitor CVIN

Low ESR input capacitors reduce input switching noise and reduce the peak current drawn from the battery. Ceramic capacitors are required for input decoupling and should be located as close to the device as is practical.

Table 4. Recommended Input Capacitor

Part Number	С	TC Code	ESR	Rated Voltage	Size	Manufacturer
GRM155R60J225ME15	2.2µF +/-20%	X5R		6V3	0402	Murata
GRM155R60J155MD	1.5µF	X5R		6V3	(1.0x0.5x 0.5mm)	www.murata.com
ECJ0MBFJ185V		X5R			0402 (1.0x0.5x 0.5mm)	Panasonic Matsushita www.panasonic.com
JDK105BJ155MVNF		X5R		^	0402 (1.0x0.5x 0.5mm)	Taiyo Yuden www.taiyo-yuden.com

If a different input capacitor is chosen, ensure similar ESR value and at least 0.6µF capacitance at the maximum input supply voltage. Larger capacitor values (C) may be used without limitations.

Output Capacitors Cout

Low ESR capacitors should be used to minimize VOUT ripple. Multi-layer ceramic capacitors are recommended since they have low ESR and are available in small footprints. The capacitor should be located as close to the device as is practical.

X5R dielectric material is recommended due to their ability to maintain capacitance over wide voltage and temperature range.

Table 5. Recommended Output Capacitor Couт

Part Number	С	TC Code	ESR	Rated Voltage	Size	Manufacturer
GRM219R61A116UE82L	10µF	X5R	120mΩ	10V	0805 (2x1.25x 0.85mm)	Murata www.murata.com
LDK212BJ106MDNT	10µF	X5R		10V	0805 (2x1.25x 0.85mm)	Taiyo Yuden www.taiyo-yuden.com

If a different output capacitor is chosen, ensure similar ESR values and at least $4.2\mu F$ @ 5.6V and maximum $20\mu F$ capacitance.



Inductor Lsw

The fast switching frequency (2MHz) of the AS3492 allows for the use of small SMDs for the external inductor. The inductor should have low DC resistance (DCR) to reduce the I²R power losses - high DCR values will reduce efficiency.

Table 6. Recommended Inductor

Part Number	L	DCR	Size	Manufacturer
LQM2HPN4R7MGC	4.7μH; >2.45μH @ 0.5A	160mΩ	2.5x2.0x0.9mm max height 1.0mm	Murata www.murata.com
CIG32K1R0SAF	4.57μH; >2.45μH @ 0.5A	<300mΩ	2.0x1.25x0.9mm max height 1.0mm	Samsung Electro- Mechancs www.sem.samsung.co.kr

If a different inductor is chosen, ensure similar DCR values and at least 2.45µH inductance at maximum peak input current.

PCB Layout Guideline

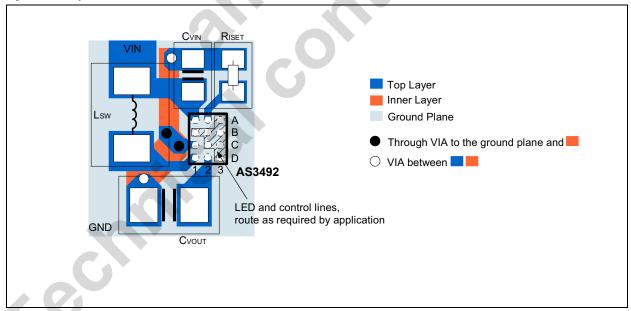
The high speed operation requires proper layout for optimum performance. Route the power traces first and try to minimize the area and wire length of the three high frequency/high current loops:

Loop1: pin GND - CVIN - LSW - pin SW - pin GND

Loop2: pin GND - CVIN - LSW - pin SW - pin VOUT - CVOUT - pin GND

At the pin GND a single via (or more vias, which are closely combined) connects to the common ground plane. This via(s) will isolate the DCDC high frequency currents from the common ground (as most high frequency current will flow between Loop1 and Loop2 and will not pass the ground plane) - see the 'island' at the two through ground vias in Figure 20:

Figure 20. Layout recommendation

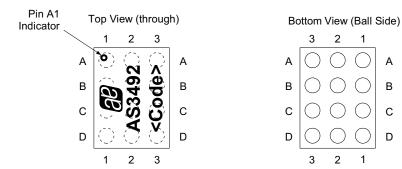


Note: If component placement rules allow, move all components close to the AS3492 to reduce the area and length of Loop1 and Loop2



10 Package Drawings and Markings

Figure 21. 12pin WL-CSP12 1.7x1.4x0.5mm Marking



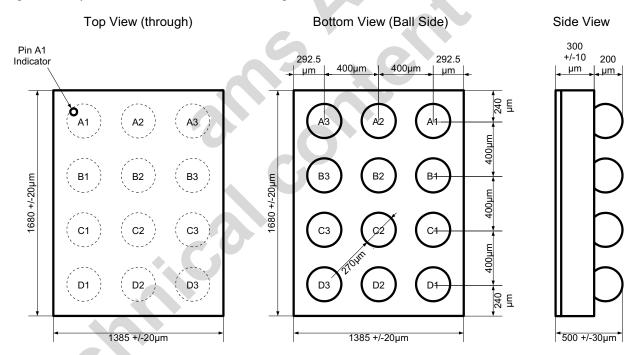
Note:

Line 1: austriamicrosystems logo

Line 2: AS3492 Line 3: <Code>

Encoded Datecode (4 characters)

Figure 22. 12pin WL-CSP12 1.7x1.4x0.5mm Package Dimensions



The coplanarity of the balls is 40µm.





11 Ordering Information

The devices are available as the standard products shown in Table 7.

Table 7. Ordering Information

Model	Description	Delivery Form	Package
AS3492-ZWLT	Highly Efficient 2-10 LEDs Backlight Driver with 2 PWM Inputs	Tape & Reel	12-pin WL-CSP (1.7x1.4x0.5mm) RoHS compliant / Pb-Free / Green

Note: All products are RoHS compliant and austriamicrosystems green.

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For further information and requests, please contact us mailto:sales@austriamicrosystems.com or find your local distributor at http://www.austriamicrosystems.com/distributor

Note: AS3492-ZWLT

AS3492-

Z Temperature Range: -30°C - 85°C

WL Wafer Level Chip Scale Package (WL-CSP) 1.7x1.4x0.5mm

T Delivery Form: Tape & Reel



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