

# I<sup>2</sup>C-Compatible, (2-Wire) Serial EEPROM 16-Kbit (2048 x 8)

### **DATASHEET**

### **Standard Features**

- Low-voltage and Standard-voltage Operation
  - V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.7V to 5.5V
- Internally Organized as 2,048 x 8 (16K)
- I<sup>2</sup>C-compatible (2-wire) Serial Interface
- Schmitt Trigger, Filtered Inputs for Noise Suppression
- Bidirectional Data Transfer Protocol
- 1MHz (2.5V, 2.7V, 5V), 400kHz (1.7V) Compatibility
- Write Protect Pin for Hardware Data Protection
- 16-byte Page Write Mode
  - Partial Page Writes Allowed
- Self-timed Write Cycle (5ms Max)
- High-reliability
  - Endurance: 1,000,000 Write Cycles
  - Data Retention: 100 Years
- Green Package Options (Pb/Halide-free/RoHS Compliant)
  - 8-lead PDIP, 8-lead SOIC, 8-lead TSSOP, 8-pad UDFN, 8-pad XDFN,
     5-lead SOT23, and 8-ball VFBGA
- Die Options: Wafer Form and Tape and Reel

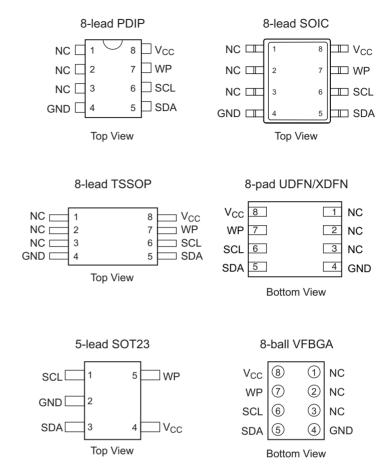
### **Description**

The Atmel® AT24C16C provides 16,384 bits of Serial Electrically Erasable and Programmable Read-Only Memory (EEPROM) organized as 2,048 words of 8 bits each. The device is optimized for use in many industrial and commercial applications where low-power and low-voltage operation are essential. AT24C16C is available in space-saving 8-lead PDIP, 8-lead JEDEC SOIC, 8-lead TSSOP, 8-pad UDFN, 8-pad XDFN, 5-lead SOT23, and 8-ball VFBGA packages and is accessed via a 2-wire serial interface.

# 1. Pin Configurations and Pinouts

Table 1. Pin Configuration

Pin Name	Function
NC	No Connect
SDA	Serial Data
SCL	Serial Clock Input
WP	Write Protect
GND	Ground
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply



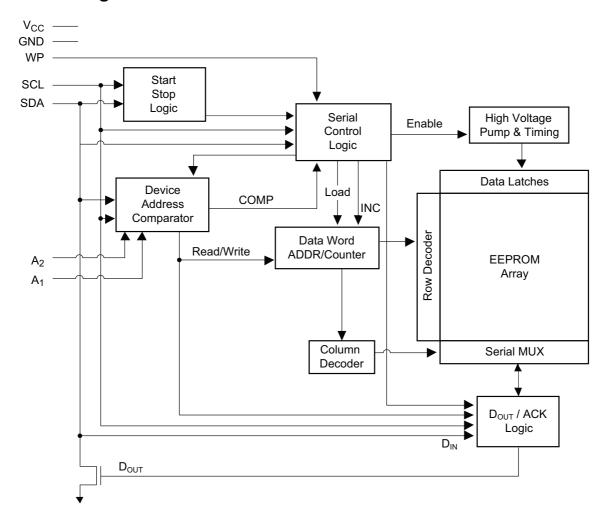
Note: Drawings are not to scale.

# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating Temperature55°C to +125°C	
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C	
Voltage on any pin with respect to ground1.0V to +7.0V	
Maximum Operating Voltage 6.25V	
DC Output Current	

\*Notice: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# 3. Block Diagram



# 4. Pin Description

**Serial Clock (SCL):** The SCL input is used to positive edge clock data into each EEPROM device and negative edge clock data out of each device.

**Serial Data (SDA):** The SDA pin is bidirectional for serial data transfer. This pin is open-drain driven and may be wire-ORed with any number of other open-drain or open-collector devices.

Device/Page Addresses: The AT24C16C does not use the device address pins, which limits the number of devices on a single bus to one (see Section 7. "Device Addressing" on page 9).

**Write Protect (WP):** AT24C16C has a Write Protect pin that provides hardware data protection. The Write Protect pin allows normal Read/Write operations when connected to Ground (GND). When the Write Protect pin is connected to  $V_{CC}$ , the Write Protection feature is enabled and operates as shown in Table 4-1.

Table 4-1. Write Protect

WP Pin Status	Part of the Array Protected
At V <sub>CC</sub>	Full Array
At GND	Normal Read/Write Operations



### 5. **Memory Organization**

AT24C16C, 16K Serial EEPROM: Internally organized with 128 pages of 16 bytes each, the 16K requires a 11-bit data word address for random word addressing.

### Pin Capacitance 5.1

**Table 5-1.** Pin Capacitance<sup>(1)</sup>

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_A$  = 25°C, f = 1.0MHz,  $V_{CC}$  = 5.5V.

Symbol	Test Condition	Max	Units	Conditions
C <sub>I/O</sub>	Input/Output capacitance (SDA)	8	pF	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0V
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance (A <sub>0</sub> , A <sub>1</sub> , A <sub>2</sub> , SCL)	6	pF	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V

Note: 1. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested.

#### 5.2 **DC Characteristics**

**Table 5-2. DC Characteristics** 

Applicable over recommended operating range from:  $T_{AI} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.7\text{V}$  to 5.5V (unless otherwise noted).

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>CC1</sub>	Supply Voltage		1.7		5.5	V
I <sub>cc</sub>	Supply Current V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V	Read at 100kHz		0.4	1.0	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Current V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V	Write at 100kHz		2.0	3.0	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Standby Current V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.7V	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{SS}$			1.0	μΑ
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Standby Current V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{SS}$			6.0	μΑ
ILI	Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{SS}$		0.10	3.0	μΑ
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{SS}$		0.05	3.0	μΑ
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Level <sup>(1)</sup>		-0.6		V <sub>CC</sub> x 0.3	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Level <sup>(1)</sup>		V <sub>CC</sub> x 0.7		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
V <sub>OL2</sub>	Output Low Level V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1mA			0.4	V
V <sub>OL1</sub>	Output Low Level V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.7V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.15mA			0.2	V

1.  $V_{IL}$  min and  $V_{IH}$  max are reference only and are not tested. Note:

## 5.3 AC Characteristics

Table 5-3. AC Characteristics

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_{AI}$  = -40°C to 85°C,  $V_{CC}$  = +1.7V to 5.5V, CL = 1TTL Gate and 100pF (unless otherwise noted).

		1.	1.7V		7V, 5.0V		
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units	
f <sub>SCL</sub>	Clock Frequency, SCL		400		1000	kHz	
t <sub>LOW</sub>	Clock Pulse Width Low	1.2		0.4		μs	
t <sub>HIGH</sub>	Clock Pulse Width High	0.6		0.4		μs	
t <sub>l</sub>	Noise Suppression Time		100		50	ns	
t <sub>AA</sub>	Clock Low to Data Out Valid	0.1	0.9	0.05	0.55	μs	
t <sub>BUF</sub>	Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start.			0.5		μѕ	
t <sub>HD.STA</sub>	Start Condition Hold Time	0.6		0.25		μs	
t <sub>SU.STA</sub>	Start Condition Setup Time	0.6		0.25		μs	
t <sub>HD.DAT</sub>	Data In Hold Time	0		0		μs	
t <sub>SU.DAT</sub>	Data In Setup Time	100		100		ns	
t <sub>R</sub>	Inputs Rise Time <sup>(1)</sup>		0.3		0.3	μs	
t <sub>F</sub>	Inputs Fall Time <sup>(1)</sup>		300		100	ns	
t <sub>SU.STO</sub>	Stop Condition Setup Time	0.6		.25		μs	
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data Out Hold Time			50		ns	
t <sub>WR</sub>	Write Cycle Time		5		5	ms	
Endurance <sup>(1)</sup>	3.3V, 25°C, Page Mode		1,00	0,000		Write Cycles	

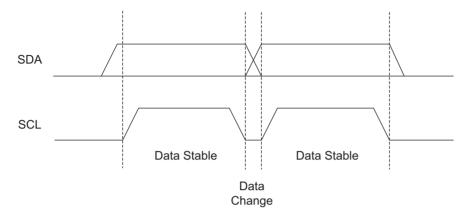
Note: 1. This parameter is ensured by characterization only.



# 6. Device Operation

**Clock and Data Transitions:** The SDA pin is normally pulled high with an external device. Data on the SDA pin may change only during SCL low time periods. Data changes during SCL high periods will indicate a Start or Stop Condition as defined below.

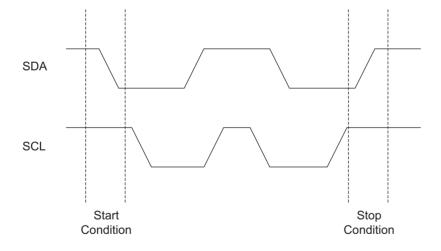
Figure 6-1. Data Validity



**Start Condition:** A high-to-low transition of SDA with SCL high is a Start Condition which must precede any other command.

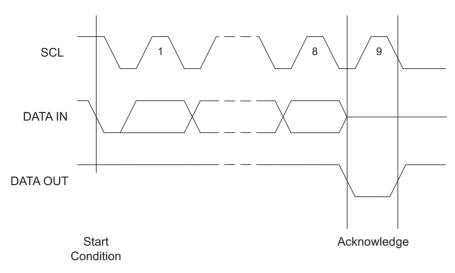
**Stop Condition:** A low-to-high transition of SDA with SCL high is a Stop Condition. After a read sequence, the Stop Condition command will place the EEPROM in a standby power mode.

Figure 6-2. Start Condition and Stop Condition Definition



**Acknowledge:** All addresses and data words are serially transmitted to and from the EEPROM in eight bit words. The EEPROM sends a zero to acknowledge that it has received each word. This happens during the ninth clock cycle.

Figure 6-3. Output Acknowledge



Standby Mode: The AT24C16C features a low-power standby mode which is enabled:

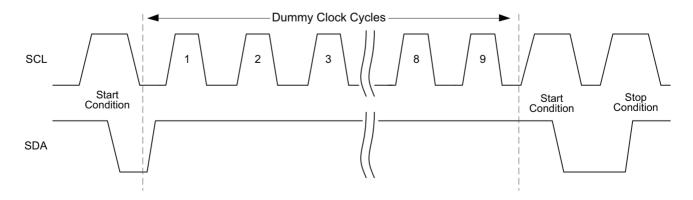
- Upon power-up.
- After the receipt of the Stop Condition and the completion of any internal operations.

**2-wire Software Reset:** After an interruption in protocol, power loss or system reset, any 2-wire part can be reset by following these steps:

- Create a Start Condition (if possible).
- 2. Clock nine cycles.
- 3. Create another Start Condition followed by Stop Condition as shown below.

The device should be ready for the next communication after above steps have been completed. In the event that the device is still non-responsive or remains active on the SDA bus, a power cycle must be used to reset the device.

Figure 6-4. Software Reset





## Figure 6-5. Bus Timing

SCL: Serial Clock, SDA: Serial Data I/O

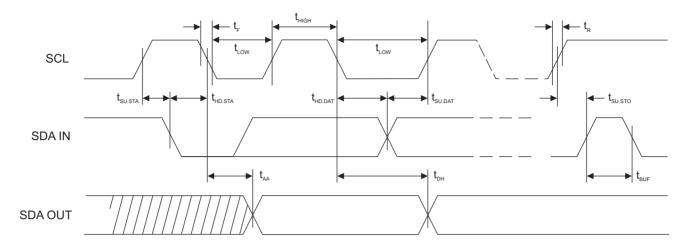
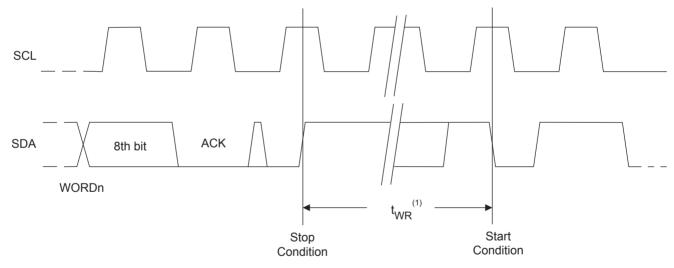


Figure 6-6. Write Cycle Timing

SCL: Serial Clock, SDA: Serial Data I/O



Note: 1. The write cycle time t<sub>WR</sub> is the time from a valid Stop Condition of a Write sequence to the end of the internal clear/write cycle.

# 7. Device Addressing

**Standard EEPROM Access:** The 16K EEPROM device requires an 8-bit device address word following a Start Condition to enable the chip for a Read or Write operation. The device address word consists of a mandatory "1010" (Ah) sequence for the first four Most Significant Bits (MSB) as shown in Figure 10. on page 12. This is common to all the EEPROM devices.

The next three bits used for memory page addressing are the most significant bits of the data word address which follows.

The eighth bit of the device address is the Read/Write operation select bit. A Read operation is initiated if this bit is high and a Write operation is initiated if this bit is low.

Upon a compare of the device address, the EEPROM will output a zero. If a compare is not made, the chip will return to a standby state.

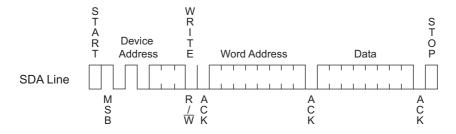
Figure 7-1. Device Address

Density	Access Area	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
16K	EEPROM	1	0	1	0	P2	P1	P0	R/W
		MSB							LSB

## 8. Write Operations

**Byte Write:** A Write operation requires an 8-bit data word address following the device address word and acknowledgment. Upon receipt of this address, the EEPROM will again respond with a zero and then clock in the first 8-bit data word. Following receipt of the 8-bit data word, the EEPROM will output a zero and the addressing device, such as a microcontroller, must terminate the Write sequence with a Stop Condition. At this time the EEPROM enters an internally timed write cycle, t<sub>WR</sub>, to the nonvolatile memory. All inputs are disabled during this write cycle and the EEPROM will not respond until the Write is complete.

Figure 8-1. Byte Write



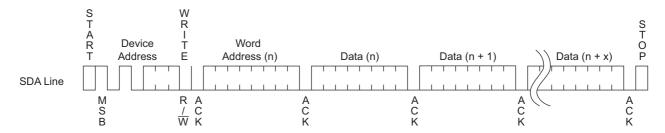
**Page Write:** The 16K EEPROM devices are capable of a 16-byte Page Write.

A Page Write is initiated in the same way as a Byte Write, but the microcontroller does not send a Stop Condition after the first data word is clocked in. Instead, after the EEPROM acknowledges receipt of the first data word, the microcontroller can transmit up to fifteen more data words. The EEPROM will respond with a zero after each data word received. The microcontroller must terminate the Page Write sequence with a Stop Condition (see Figure 8-2).



The data word address lower four bits are internally incremented following the receipt of each data word. The higher data word address bits are not incremented, retaining the memory page row location. When the word address, internally generated, reaches the page boundary, the following byte is placed at the beginning of the same page. If more than eight data words are transmitted to the EEPROM, the data word address will roll-over and previous data will be overwritten.

Figure 8-2. Page Write



**Acknowledge Polling:** Once the internally timed write cycle has started and the EEPROM inputs are disabled, Acknowledge Polling can be initiated. This involves sending a Start Condition followed by the device address word. The Read/Write bit is representative of the operation desired. Only if the internal write cycle has completed will the EEPROM respond with a zero allowing the Read or Write sequence to continue.

# 9. Read Operations

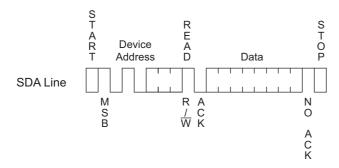
Read operations are initiated in the same way as Write operations with the exception that the Read/Write select bit in the device address word is set to one. There are three read operations:

- Current Address Read
- Random Address Read
- Sequential Read.

**Current Address Read:** The internal data word address counter maintains the last address accessed during the last Read or Write operation, incremented by one. This address stays valid between operations as long as the chip power is maintained. The address roll-over during Read is from the last byte of the last memory page to the first byte of the first page. The address roll-over during Write is from the last byte of the current page to the first byte of the same page.

Once the device address with the Read/Write select bit set to one is clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM, the current address data word is serially clocked out. The microcontroller does not respond with an input zero but does generate a following Stop Condition (see Figure 9-1).

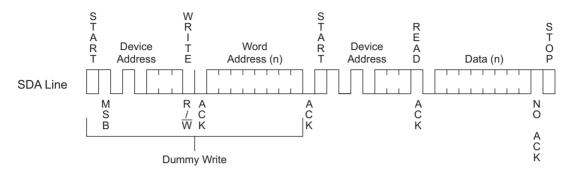
Figure 9-1. Current Address Read





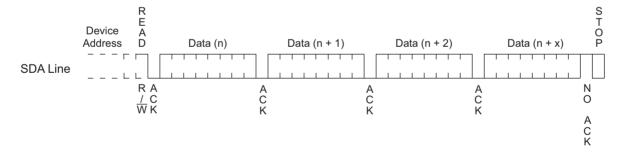
Random Read: A Random Read requires a Dummy Byte Write sequence to load in the data word address. Once the device address word and data word address are clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM, the microcontroller must generate another Start Condition. The microcontroller now initiates a Current Address Read by sending a device address with the Read/Write select bit high. The EEPROM acknowledges the device address and serially clocks out the data word. The microcontroller does not respond with a zero but does generate a following Stop Condition.

Figure 9-2. Random Read



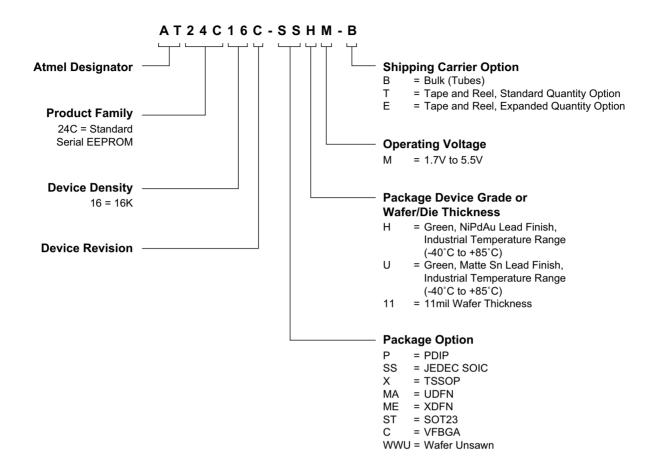
**Sequential Read:** Sequential Reads are initiated by either a Current Address Read or a Random Address Read. After the microcontroller receives a data word, it responds with an Acknowledge. As long as the EEPROM receives an Acknowledge, it will continue to increment the data word address and serially clock out sequential data words. When the memory address limit is reached, the data word address will roll-over and the Sequential Read will continue. The Sequential Read operation is terminated when the microcontroller does not respond with a zero but does generate a following Stop Condition.

Figure 9-3. Sequential Read



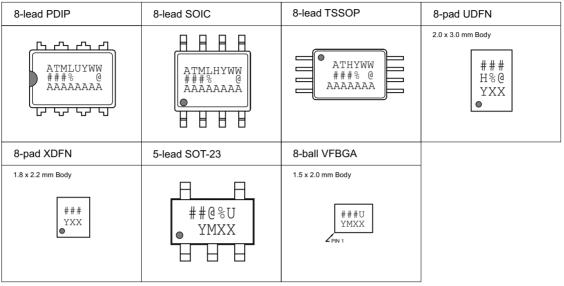


# 10. Ordering Code Detail



# 11. Product Markings

# AT24C16C: Package Marking Information



Note 1: O designates pin 1

Note 2: Package drawings are not to scale

Note 3: For SOT23 package with date codes before 7B, the bottom line (YMXX) is marked on the bottom side and there is no Country of Assembly (@) mark on the top line.

Catalog Number Truncation								
AT24C16C	AT24C16C Truncation Code ###: 16C / ##: AC							
Date Code	s				Voltage	s		
Y = Year 6: 2016 7: 2017 8: 2018 9: 2019	0: 2020 1: 2021 2: 2022 3: 2023	M = Month A: January B: Februar L: Decemb	y	WW = Work Week of Assembly 02: Week 2 04: Week 4 52: Week 52		= Minimum Voltage 1.7V min		
Country of	Assembly		Lot Number		Grade/Lead Finish Material			
@ = Counti	@ = Country of Assembly		AAAA = Atmel Wafer Lot Number		H: U:	Industrial/NiPdAu Industrial/Matte Tin/SnAgCu		
Trace Code					Atmel T	runcation		
XX = Trace Code (Atmel Lot Numbers Correspond Example: AA, AB YZ, ZZ			d to Code)	ATM:	Atmel Atmel Atmel			

12/6/16

Atmel	TITLE	DRAWING NO.	REV.	l
Package Mark Contact: DL-CSO-Assy_eng@atmel.com	24C16CSM, AT24C16C Package Marking Information	24C16CSM	E	



# 12. Ordering Information

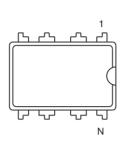
		Delivery Information			Operation
Atmel Ordering Code	Lead Finish	Package	Form	Quantity	Range
AT24C16C-SSHM-B		8S1	Bulk (Tubes)	100 per Tube	
AT24C16C-SSHM-T		001	Tape and Reel	4,000 per Reel	
AT24C16C-XHM-B	NiPdAu	8X	Bulk (Tubes)	100 per Tube	
AT24C16C-XHM-T	(Lead-free/Halogen-free)	0.4	Tape and Reel	5,000 per Reel	
AT24C16C-MAHM-T		8MA2	Tape and Reel	5,000 per Reel	
AT24C16C-MAHM-E		8WA2	Tape and Reel	15,000 per Reel	Industrial Temperature (-40°C to 85°C)
AT24C16C-PUM	Matte Sn	8P3	Bulk (Tubes)	50 per Tube	(
AT24C16C-STUM-T	(Lead-free/Halogen-free)	5TS1	Tape and Reel	5,000 per Reel	
AT24C16C-CUM-T	SnAgCu (Lead-free/Halogen-free)	8U3-1	Tape and Reel	5,000 per Reel	
AT24C16C-MEHM-T	N/A	8ME1	Tape and Reel	5,000 per Reel	
AT24C16C-WWU11M <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	Wafer Sale	Note 1		

Note: 1. For Wafer sales, please contact Atmel Sales.

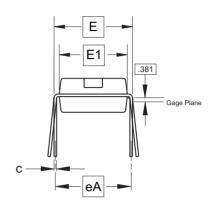
	Package Type						
8P3	8-lead, 0.300" wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)						
8S1	8-lead, 0.150" wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (JEDEC SOIC)						
8X	8-lead, 4.40mm body, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)						
8MA2	8-pad, 2.00mm x 3.00mm body, 0.50mm pitch, Plastic Ultra Thin Dual Flat No Lead (UDFN)						
8ME1	8-lead, 1.80mm x 2.20mm body, 0.40mm pitch, Extra Thin Dual Flat No Lead (XDFN)						
5TS1	5-lead, 2.90mm x 1.60mm body, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (SOT23)						
8U3-1	8-ball, 1.50mm x 2.00mm body, 0.50mm pitch, Die Ball Grid Array (VFBGA)						

### 13. **Packaging Information**

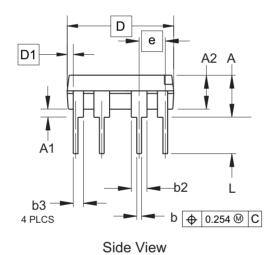
#### 13.1 8P3 — 8-lead PDIP



Top View



**End View** 



COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
А	-	-	5.334	2
A1	0.381	-	-	
A2	2.921	3.302	4.953	
b	0.356	0.457	0.559	5
b2	1.143	1.524	1.778	6
b3	0.762	0.991	1.143	6
С	0.203	0.254	0.356	
D	9.017	9.271	10.160	3
D1	0.127	0.000	0.000	3
Е	7.620	7.874	8.255	4
E1	6.096	6.350	7.112	3
е				
eA		4		
L	2.921	3.302	3.810	2

Notes:

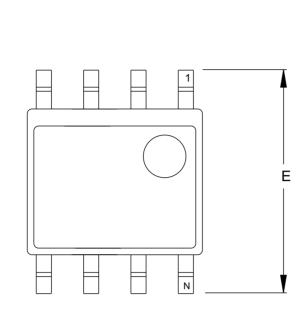
- 1. This drawing is for general information only; refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-001, Variation BA for additional information.
  2. Dimensions A and L are measured with the package seated in JEDEC seating plane Gauge GS-3.
- 3. D, D1 and E1 dimensions do not include mold Flash or protrusions. Mold Flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch.
- 4. E and eA measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum.
- 5. Pointed or rounded lead tips are preferred to ease insertion.
- 6. b2 and b3 maximum dimensions do not include Dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 (0.25 mm).

07/31/14

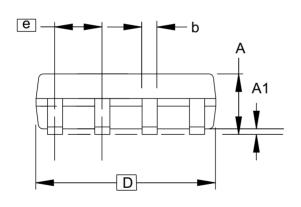
∕Itmel	TITLE	GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com	8P3, 8-lead, 0.300" Wide Body, Plastic Dual In-line Package (PDIP)	PTC	8P3	Е



## 13.2 8S1 — 8-lead JEDEC SOIC

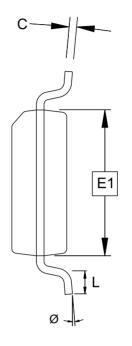


**TOP VIEW** 



SIDE VIEW

Notes: This drawing is for general information only. Refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-012, Variation AA for proper dimensions, tolerances, datums, etc.



**END VIEW** 

### **COMMON DIMENSIONS** (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	1.35	_	1.75	
A1	0.10	_	0.25	
b	0.31	_	0.51	
С	0.17	_	0.25	
D	4.80	_	5.05	
E1	3.81	_	3.99	
E	5.79	_	6.20	
е	1.27 BSC			
L	0.40	_	1.27	
Ø	0°	_	8°	

**SWB** 

6/22/11

**Atmel** 

Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com

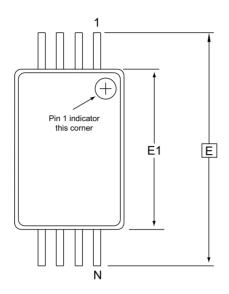
8S1, 8-lead (0.150" Wide Body), Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (JEDEC SOIC)

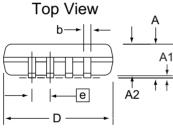
DRAWING NO. **GPC** REV.

8S1 G



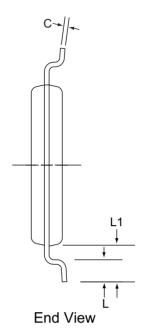
### 13.3 8X — 8-lead TSSOP





Side View

- Notes: 1. This drawing is for general information only. Refer to JEDEC Drawing MO-153, Variation AA, for proper dimensions, tolerances, datums, etc.
  - 2. Dimension D does not include mold Flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold Flash, protrusions and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006in) per side.
  - 3. Dimension E1 does not include inter-lead Flash or protrusions. Inter-lead Flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010in) per side.
  - 4. Dimension b does not include Dambar protrusion. Allowable Dambar protrusion shall be 0.08mm total in excess of the b dimension at maximum material condition. Dambar cannot be located on the lower radius of the foot. Minimum space between protrusion and adjacent lead is 0.07mm.
  - 5. Dimension D and E1 to be determined at Datum Plane H.



**COMMON DIMENSIONS** (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	-	-	1.20	
A1	0.05	-	0.15	
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05	
D	2.90	3.00	3.10	2, 5
E	6.40 BSC			
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50	3, 5
b	0.19	0.25	0.30	4
е	0.65 BSC			
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	
L1	1.00 REF			
С	0.09	-	0.20	

2/27/14

<b>Aitme</b>
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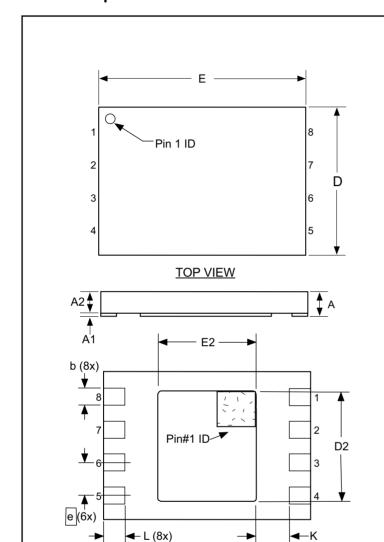
Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com

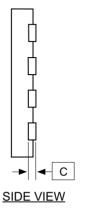
TITLE
8X, 8-lead 4.4mm Body, Plastic Thin
Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)

GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
TNR	8X	E



## 13.4 8MA2 — 8-pad UDFN





### COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	0.50	0.55	0.60	
A1	0.0	0.02	0.05	
A2	-	-	0.55	
D	1.90	2.00	2.10	
D2	1.40	1.50	1.60	
E	2.90	3.00	3.10	
E2	1.20	1.30	1.40	
b	0.18	0.25	0.30	3
С	1.52 REF			
L	0.30	0.35	0.40	
е	0.50 BSC			
K	0.20	-	-	

11/26/14

### Notes:

 This drawing is for general information only. Refer to Drawing MO-229, for proper dimensions, tolerances, datums, etc.

**BOTTOM VIEW** 

- 2. The Pin #1 ID is a laser-marked feature on Top View.
- Dimensions b applies to metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15 mm and 0.30 mm from the terminal tip. If the terminal has the optional radius on the other end of the terminal, the dimension should not be measured in that radius area.
- 4. The Pin #1 ID on the Bottom View is an orientation feature on the thermal pad.

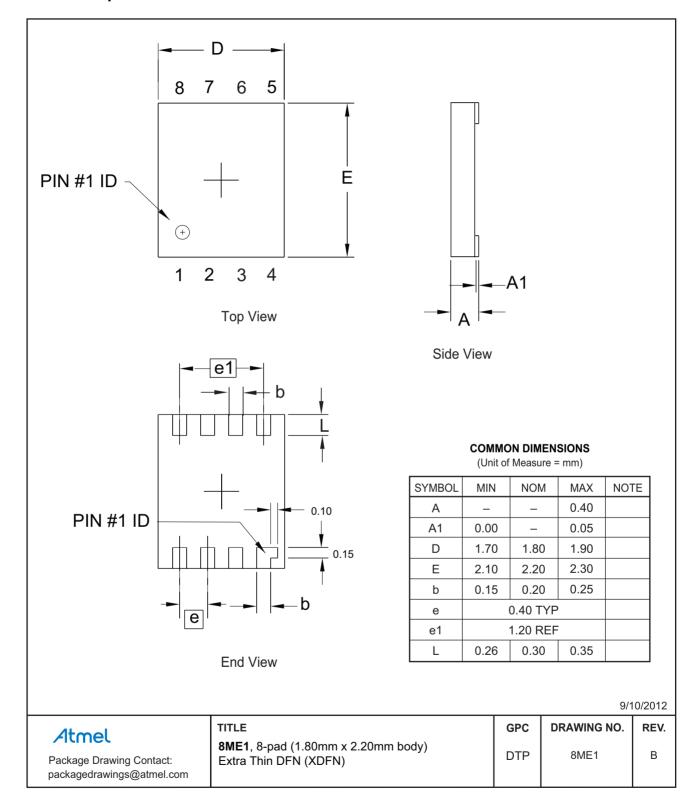
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Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com

TITLE
8MA2, 8-pad 2 x 3 x 0.6mm Body, Thermally
Enhanced Plastic Ultra Thin Dual Flat No-Lead
Package (UDFN)

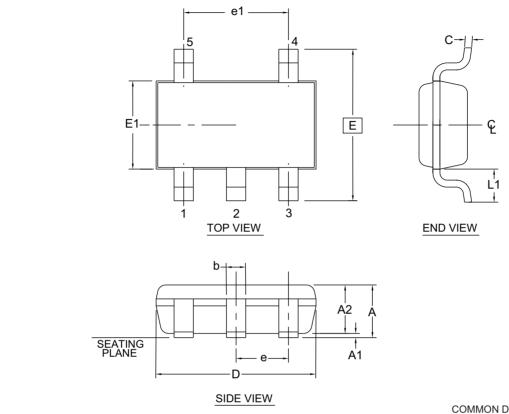
GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
YNZ	8MA2	G

## 13.5 8ME1 — 8-pad XDFN





### 13.6 5TS1 — 5-lead SOT23



- Dimension D does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per end. Dimension E1 does not include interlead flash or protrusion. Interlead flash or protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- The package top may be smaller than the package bottom. Dimensions D and E1 are determined at the outermost extremes of the plastic body exclusive of mold flash, tie bar burrs, gate burrs and interlead flash, but including any mismatch between the top and bottom of the plastic body.
- 3. These dimensions apply to the flat section of the lead between 0.08 mm and 0.15 mm from the lead tip.
- 4. Dimension "b" does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall be 0.08 mm total in excess of the "b" dimension at maximum material condition. The dambar cannot be located on the lower radius of the foot. Minimum space between protrusion and an adjacent lead shall not be less than 0.07 mm.

This drawing is for general information only. Refer to JEDEC Drawing MO-193, Variation AB for additional information.

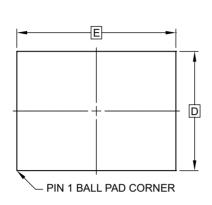
COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	-	-	1.00	
A1	0.00	-	0.10	
A2	0.70	0.90	1.00	
С	0.08	-	0.20	3
D	2.90 BSC			1,2
Е	2.80 BSC			1,2
E1	1.60 BSC			1,2
L1	0	0.60 REF		
е	0.95 BSC			
e1	1.90 BSC			
b	0.30	-	0.50	3,4

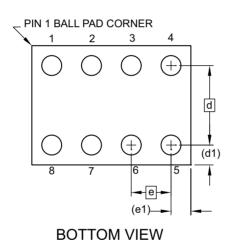
5/31/12

Atmel	TITLE	GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
Package Drawing Contact:	5TS1, 5-lead 1.60mm Body, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (Shrink SOT)	TSZ	5TS1	D
packagedrawings@atmel.com	Committee of the contract of t			

## 13.7 8U3-1 — 8-ball VFBGA



**TOP VIEW** 

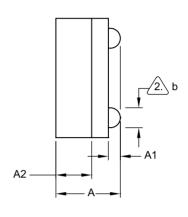


Notes:

- 1. This drawing is for general information only.
- 2. Dimension 'b' is measured at maximum solder ball diameter.

8 SOLDER BALLS

3. Solder ball composition shall be 95.5Sn-4.0Ag-.5Cu.



SIDE VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure - mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	0.73	0.79	0.85	
A1	0.09	0.14	0.19	
A2	0.40	0.45	0.50	
b	0.20	0.25	0.30	2
D	1.50 BSC			
E	2.0 BSC			
е	0.50 BSC			
e1	0.25 REF			
d	1.00 BSC			
d1	0.25 REF			

6/11/13 REV.

**Atmel** 

Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com

**TITLE** 

8U3-1, 8-ball, 1.50mm x 2.00mm body, 0.50mm pitch, Very Thin, Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package (VFBGA)

GPC DRAWING NO.
GXU 8U3-1

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# 14. Revision History

Doc. Rev.	Date	Comments
8719D	12/2016	Part marking SOT23: - Moved backside mark (YMXX) to front side line2 Added @ = Country of Assembly.
8719C	01/2015	Add the UDFN Expanded Quantity Option.  Update the 8X, 8MA2, 8P3, and 8U3-1 package outline drawings, the ordering information section, and the disclaimer page.
8719B	07/2013	Minor grammatical corrections.  Update Atmel logos and template.
8719A	09/2010	Initial document release.











**Atmel Corporation** 

1600 Technology Drive, San Jose, CA 95110 USA

**T:** (+1)(408) 441.0311

**F:** (+1)(408) 436.4200

www.atmel.com

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