

PWM Step-up Controller

❖ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AX5301 is high efficient PWM step-up controller. Designed to drive an external N-channel MOSFET, Output voltage is programmable with 1.0V of standard voltage supply internal, and using externally connected components, output voltage (FB) can be set up at will.

The AX5301 can be operated at switching frequencies of 500kHz allowing for easy filtering and low noise, the size of the external components can be reduced.

This controller also contains an error amplifier circuit as well as a soft-start circuit that prevents inrush-current at startup. An enable function and thermal shutdown functions are built inside.

❖ FEATURES

- Input voltage: 3.0V to 24V
- Output voltage: Define by N-channel MOS.
- Duty ratio: 0% to 80% PWM control
- Oscillation frequency: 500KHz ($\pm 20\%$) .
- Enable function
- Soft-Start function
- Thermal Shutdown function
- External SW N-channel MOS.
- MSOP-8L & SOP-8L Pb-Free Package.

❖ Absolute Maximum Ratings (at Ta=25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
PVCC/VCC Pin Voltage	V _{CC}	V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{SS} + 26	V
Feedback Pin Voltage	V _{FB}	V _{SS} - 0.3 to 12	V
EN Voltage	V _{EN}	V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{CC}	V
Gate Pin Voltage	V _{GATE}	V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{CC}	V
Power Dissipation	PD	Internally limited	mW
Storage Temperature Range	T _{ST}	-40 to +150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	T _{OP}	-20 to +125	°C
Operating Supply Voltage	V _{OP}	+3 to +24	V
Thermal Resistance from Junction to case	θ _{JC}	SOP8=40, MSOP8=45	°C/W
Thermal Resistance from Junction to ambient	θ _{JA}	SOP8=120, MSOP8=200	°C/W

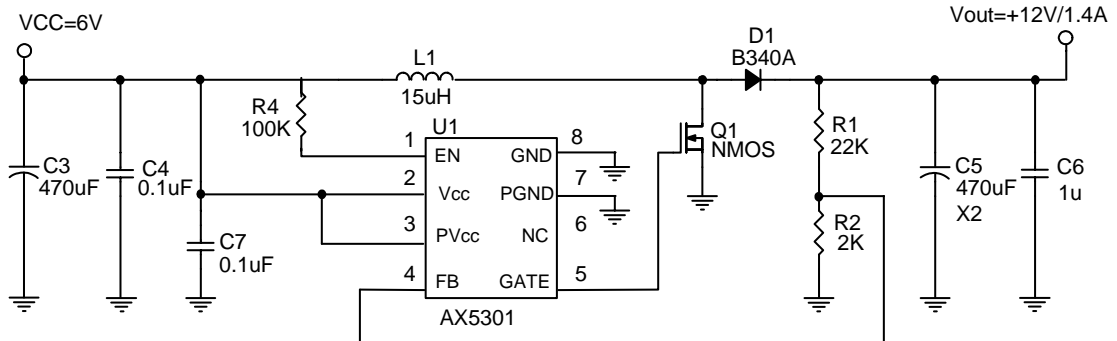
Note : θ_{JA} is measured with the PCB copper area of approximately 1 in² (Multi-layer).

❖ Electrical Characteristics (V_{IN} = 6V, V_{OUT}=12V, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

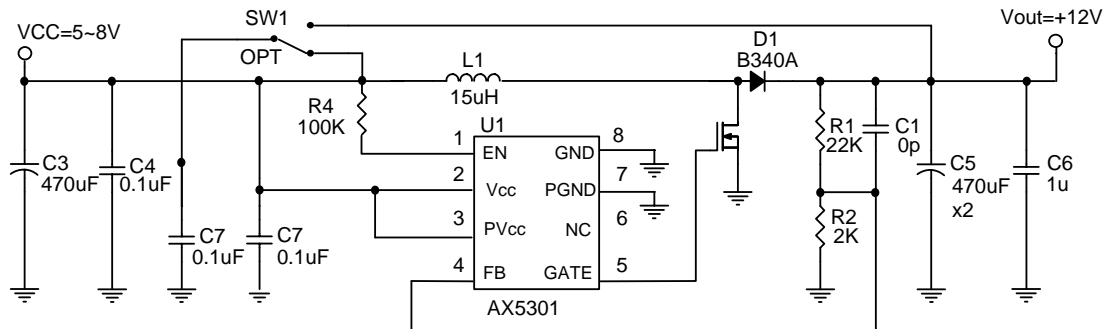
Characteristics	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
Feedback Voltage	V _{FB}	I _{OUT} =0.1A	0.975	1.000	1.025	V	
Quiescent Current	I _{CCQ}	V _{FB} =1.5V force driver off		4	6	mA	
Feedback Bias Current	I _{FB}	I _{OUT} =0.1A	-	0.1	0.5	uA	
Shutdown Supply Current	I _{SD}	V _{EN} =0V	-	2	10	uA	
Oscillation Frequency	F _{OSC}	SW pin (AX5301)	400	500	600	KHz	
EN Pin Logic input threshold voltage	V _{SH}	High (regulator ON)	2.0	-	-	V	
	V _{SL}	Low (regulator OFF)	-	-	0.8		
EN Pin Input Current	I _{SH}	V _{EN} =2.5V (ON)	-	20	-	uA	
	I _{SL}	V _{EN} =0.3V (OFF)	-	-10	-	uA	
Soft-Start Time	T _{SS}		0.3	4	8	ms	
LX Rise Time	T _{LXR}	C _{LX} =1000pF	-	80	-	nS	
LX Fall Time	T _{LXF}	C _{LX} =1000pF	-	80	-		
Efficiency	EFFI	V _{CC} = 6V, V _{OUT} = 12V	I _{SW} = 2A	-	93	-	%
			I _{SW} = 3A	-	92		
Maximum Duty Cycle	DC _{MAX}	V _{FB} =0.4V	-	80	-	%	
Minimum Duty Cycle	DC _{MIN}	V _{FB} =1.2V	-	0	-		
Thermal shutdown Temp	TSD			135		°C	

❖ Application Circuit

A. Typical circuit



B. VCC option



$$1. V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

$V_{REF} = 1.0V$; $R2$ suggest $0.75K \sim 2.5k$

$$2. \text{Current limit} = (R5 \times \text{locset}) / (I_{load} \times R_{dson})$$

$\text{locset} = 100\mu A(\text{TYP})$.

❖ Function Descriptions

PWM Control

The AX5301 is high efficient PWM step-up controller. In controllers of the AX5301, the pulse width varies in a range from 0 to 90%, according to the load current. The ripple voltage produced by the switching can easily be removed through a filter because the switching frequency remains constant. Therefore, AX5301 provide a low-ripple power over broad ranges of input voltage and load current.

Setting the Output Voltage

Application circuit item shows the basic application circuit with AX5301 adjustable output version. The external resistor sets the output voltage according to the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = 1.0V \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right)$$

Table 1 Resistor select for output voltage setting

V _{OUT}	R2	R1
12V	1.1K	11K
15V	1.5K	21K
18V	1K	17K
24V	1.3K	30K

Inductor Selection

For most designs, Low inductance values are physically smaller but require faster switching, which results in some efficiency loss. The inductor value can be derived from the following equation:

$$L = \frac{V_{IN} \times (V_{OUT} - V_{IN})}{V_{OUT} \times \Delta I_L \times f_{LX}}$$

Where is inductor Ripple Current. Large value inductors lower ripple current and small value inductors result in high ripple currents. Choose inductor ripple current approximately 15% of the maximum input current 3A, $\Delta I_L=0.45A$.

Table 2 Inductor select for output voltage setting (V_{CC}=6V)

V _{OUT}	9V	12V	15V	18V
L1 Value	18uH	22uH	25uH	27uH

The DC current rating of the inductor should be at least equal to the maximum load current plus half the ripple current to prevent core saturation (3A+0.25A).

Input Capacitor Selection

The input capacitor reduces the surge current drawn from the input and switching noise from the device. The input capacitor impedance at the switching frequency shall be less than input source impedance to prevent high frequency switching current passing to the input. A low ESR input capacitor sized for maximum RMS current must be used.

The capacitor voltage rating should be at least 1.5 times greater than the input voltage, and often much higher voltage ratings are needed to satisfy.

Output Capacitor Selection

The output capacitor is required to keep the output voltage ripple small and to ensure regulation loop stability. The output capacitor must have low impedance at the switching frequency. A low ESR capacitor sized for maximum RMS current must be used. the low ESR requirements needed for low output ripple voltage.

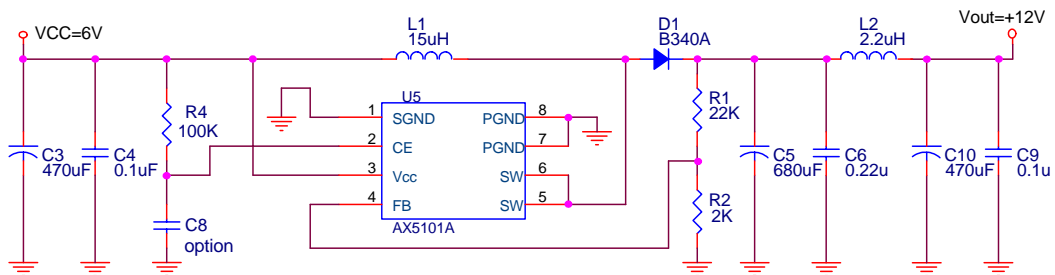
The capacitor voltage rating should be at least 1.5 times greater than the input voltage, and often much higher voltage ratings are needed to satisfy.

The output capacitor need use 470uF*2 at switch current more than 1.5A.

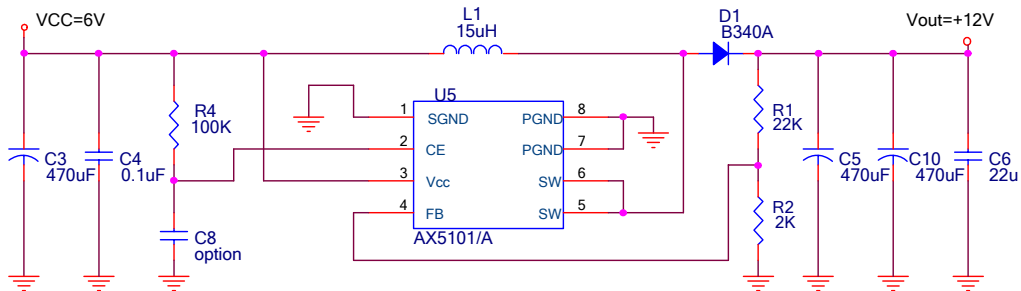
Output Voltage Ripple

Application circuit item shows the basic application circuit with AX5101A. The output voltage ripple (V_{RIPPLE}) very lager at high switch current ($I_{SW}=3A$, $V_{RIPPLE} \doteq 0.7V$), external π filters can reduce output voltage ripple or add MLCC 22uF at output.

a. π filters



b. C6=22uF(MLCC)



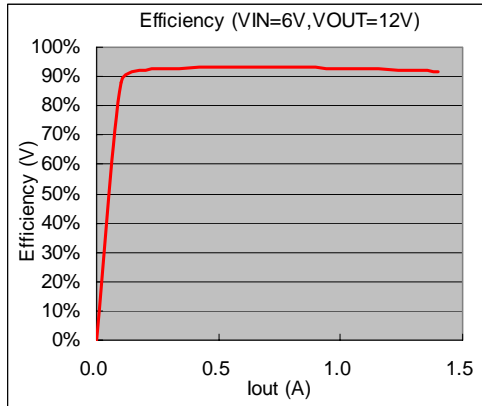
Layout Guidance

When laying out the PC board, the following suggestions should be taken to ensure proper operation of the AX5301. These items are also illustrated graphically in below.

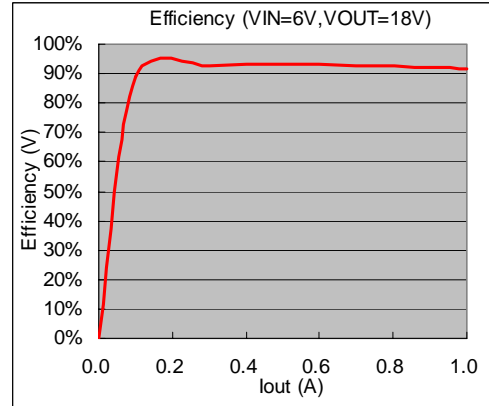
1. The power traces, including the NMOS Drain & Source trace, the inductor and the C3 trace should be kept short, direct and wide to allow large current flow.
2. Connect the C7 to the V_{CC} & SGND pins of the AX5301 as closely as possible to get good power filter effect.
3. Keep the switching node, away from the sensitive FB node.
4. Do not trace signal line under inductor.

❖ Typical Characteristics

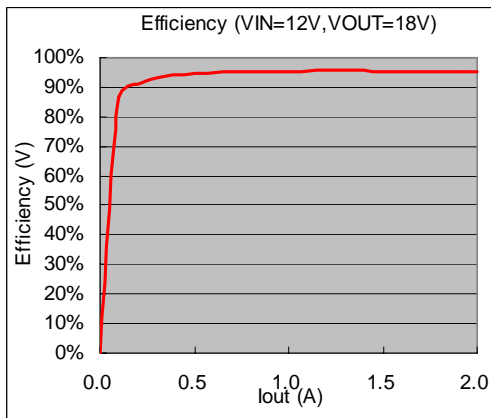
Efficiency
($V_{IN}=6V, V_{OUT}=12V/1.4A$)



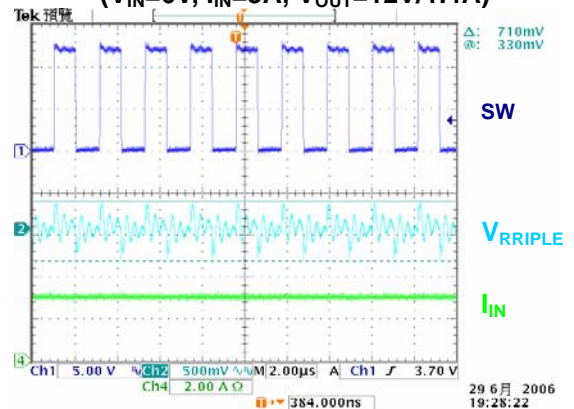
Efficiency
($V_{IN}=6V, V_{OUT}=18V/1.0A$)



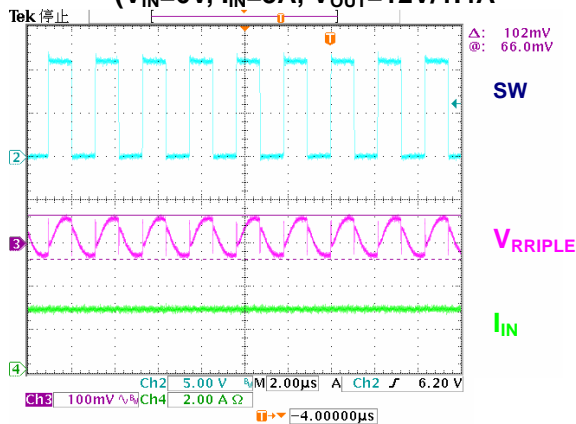
Efficiency
($V_{IN}=12V, V_{OUT}=18V/2.0A$)



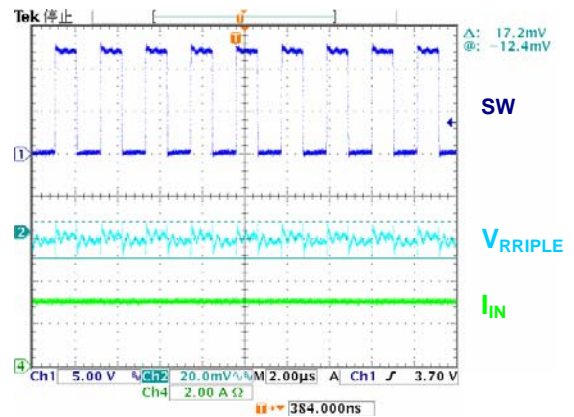
VOUT RIPPLE=710mV
($V_{IN}=6V, I_{IN}=3A, V_{OUT}=12V/1.4A$)



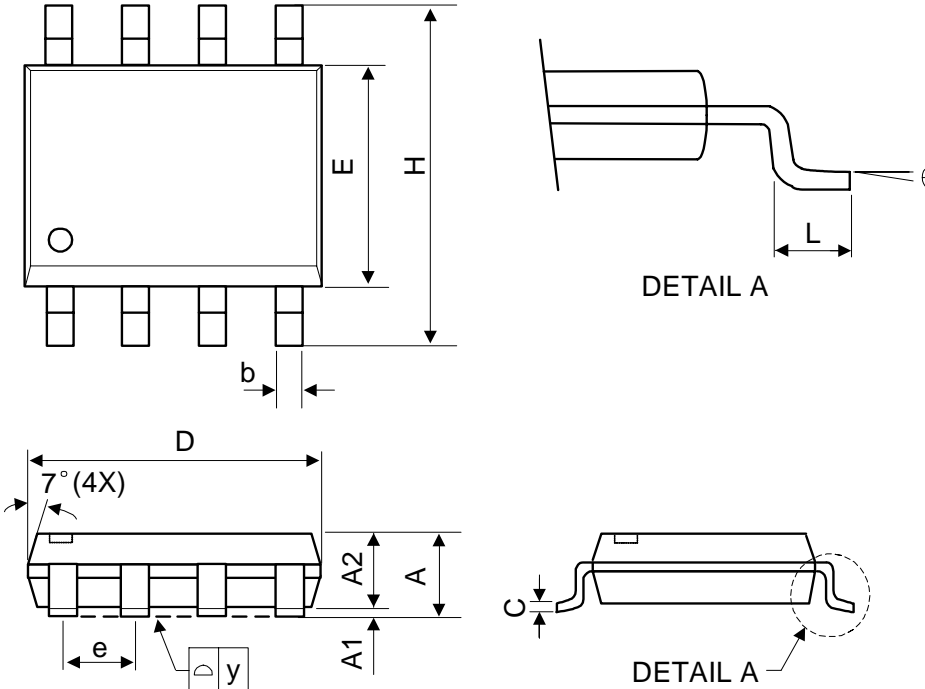
($C_6=22\mu f$ (MLCC - PAGE 7))
VOUT RIPPLE=102mV
($V_{IN}=6V, I_{IN}=3A, V_{OUT}=12V/1.4A$)



(external π filters - PAGE 6)
VOUT RIPPLE=17mV
($V_{IN}=6V, I_{IN}=3A, V_{OUT}=12V/1.4A$)

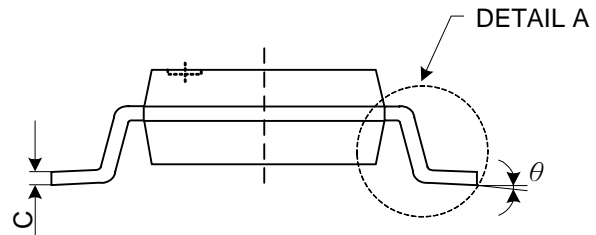
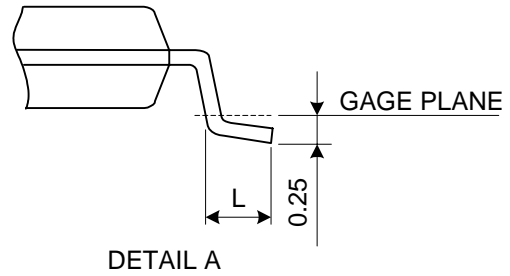
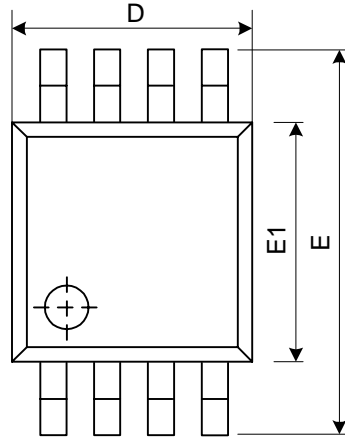


❖ Package Outlines (SOP-8L)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	1.40	1.60	1.75	0.055	0.063	0.069
A1	0.10	-	0.25	0.040	-	0.100
A2	1.30	1.45	1.50	0.051	0.057	0.059
C	0.19	0.20	0.25	0.0075	0.008	0.010
D	4.80	4.90	5.00	0.189	0.193	0.197
E	3.80	3.90	4.00	0.150	0.154	0.157
H	5.79	5.99	6.20	0.228	0.236	0.244
L	0.38	0.71	1.27	0.015	0.028	0.050
b	0.33	0.41	0.51	0.013	0.016	0.020
e	1.27 TYP			0.050 TYP		
y	-	-	0.10	-	-	0.004
θ	0°	-	8°	0°	-	8°

❖ Package Outlines (MSOP-8L)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	0.81	0.96	1.12	0.032	0.038	0.044
A1	0.05	-	0.15	0.002	-	0.006
A2	0.76	0.86	0.97	0.030	0.034	0.038
b	0.28	0.30	0.38	0.011	0.012	0.015
C	0.13	0.15	0.23	0.005	0.006	0.009
D	2.90	3.00	3.10	0.114	0.118	0.122
E	4.80	4.90	5.00	0.189	0.193	0.197
E1	2.90	3.00	3.10	0.114	0.118	0.122
e	-	0.65	-	-	0.0256	-
L	0.40	0.6	0.8	0.016	0.023	0.032
y	-	-	0.076	-	-	0.003
θ	0°	3°	6°	0°	3°	6°