

Film capacitors – Power electronic capacitors

xEVCap Flat Terminal

Series/Type: B25654A*002

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Film capacitors – Power electronic capacitors xEVCap Flat Terminal

Applications

- DC-link for main inverters
- For parallel connection through busbars
- Passenger buses, trucks, commercial vehicles, machinery tools

Climatic

- Max. operating temperature 105 °C (hot spot)
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1): 40/105/56

Construction

- Dielectric: Polypropylene (MKP)
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing (UL 94 V-1)

Features

- Scalable and modular for different power levels and densities
- WBG semiconductors compatible
- Good self-healing properties
- Overvoltage capability
- Low ESR and low ESL
- RoHS-compatible
- Reference standard: IEC TS 63337:2024

Terminals

Flat terminals, lead-free tinned

Delivery mode

Bulk (untaped)





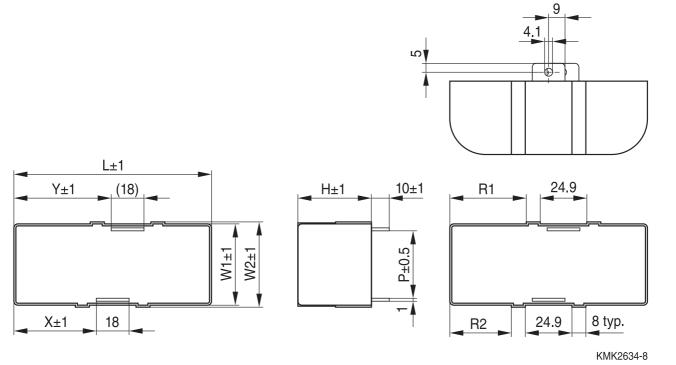
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Dimensional Drawings



(all dimensions in mm.)

Version	Length L	Width W1	Width W2	Height H	Pitch P	Х	Y	R1	R2	Weight (g)
A	85	47	49.5	40.5	39.5	33.5	41.5	30	22	260
В	97.5	35.5	38	42.5	28	40	47.5	36	28.3	270
С	109	47	49.5	40.5	39.5	45.5	53.5	42	34	340

Offset between terminals is 8 mm, Terminal Thickness – 1 mm, Terminal width 18 mm,

P – Refers to distance between inner surfaces of flat terminals.

X and Y: Refers to distance from outer edge of housing.

Terminal connection suitable with M4 hardware.

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Technical data and ordering codes

Electrical parameters are typical values, given at room temperature and relative humidity ≤65%.

C _N 120 Hz	Dimensions version	Ordering code	I _{max} 1) 10 kHz	ESL ²⁾ 1 MHz	ESR ³⁾ 10 kHz	Î	I _s	MOQ
μF			А	nH	mΩ	kA	kA	pcs
V _R (105 ʻ	°C) = 500 V DC	; $V_{MAX} = 525 V^{4}$; $V_s =$	665 V					
200	А	B25654A5207K002	40	17	1.13	2.1	6	64
270	С	B25654A5277K002	50	17	0.89	2.8	8	48
V _R = 650	V DC ; V _{MAX} =	750 V ⁴⁾ ; V _s = 900 V						
115	В	B25654A6117K002	60	14	0.51	2	6	60
130	A	B25654A6137K002	42	17	0.89	1.6	5	64
175	С	B25654A6177K002	55	17	0.66	2.2	6.5	48
V _R (105 ʻ	°C) = 850 V DC	; $V_{MAX} = 890 \vee 4$; $V_s =$	1200 V					
80	В	B25654A8806K002	56	14	0.57	1.7	5.2	60
100	A	B25654A8107K002	40	17	1.04	1.4	4.2	64
135	С	B25654A8137K002	50	17	0.78	1.9	5.8	48
V _R (105 ʻ	°C) = 920 V DC	; V_{MAX} = 950 V ⁴) ; V_s =	1250 V					
60	В	B25654A9606K002	55	14	0.65	1.5	4.7	60
75	A	B25654A9756K002	35	17	1.18	1.2	3.8	64
110	С	B25654A9117K002	45	17	0.89	1.6	5.1	48

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Composition of ordering code

K = $\pm 10\%$ capacitance tolerance, J = $\pm 5\%$ capacitance tolerance upon request 002 = Flat terminals

Characteristics curves

Additional technical information can be found under "Design support" on www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com.

1) Maximum hot spot temperature inside of each of the capacitor elements shall be limited to 105 $^\circ$ C.

Insulation resistance R_{ISO} given as time constant $\tau = C_N \cdot R_{Iso} > 10\,000$ s (after 1 minute), minimum as delivered values.

2) Typical ESL values measured with kelvin clips by impedance analyzer.

3) Maximum ESR is 1.5 • ESR typical at 10 kHz.

4) V_{MAX} - Maximum voltage that can be applied to the capacitors at 105 °C for 100 h.



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Testing and Standards

Type test, applied at Room Temperature otherwise is indicated.

Test	Reference	Test condition	Performance requirement
Electrical characterization	IEC TS 63337:2024	 Capacitance at 120 Hz ESR at 10 kHz ESL > 1 MHz External Insulation to case, V_{TC}, 60 seconds: 2830 V if V_R ≤ 500 V DC otherwise √2 x (2 x V_R + 1 000) V DC High Voltage between terminals V_{TT} = 1.5* V_R, 60 seconds High Voltage between terminals and case, 60 seconds R_{Iso} at Rated voltage, 60 seconds 	Within specified limits
High Temperature Exposure (Storage)	AEC Q200 Rev E	 Unpowered, 1000 hours Upper temp.: 105 °C Measurement at 24±4 hours after test conclusion 	No visible damage $ \Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$ $ \Delta ESR/ESR_0 \le 100\%$
Thermal shock	IEC TS 63337:2024	 1000 cycles Lower test temperature: -40 °C Upper test temperature: +105°C Dwell time: 5 minutes after thermal equilibrium 	No visible damage ΔC/C ₀ ≤ 5% ΔESR/ESR ₀ ≤ 200%
Humidity Bias	AEC Q200 Rev E	 Rated Voltage 1000 hours 40 °C/93%RH Measurement at 24±4 hours after test conclusion 	No visible damage $ \Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$ $ \Delta ESR/ESR_0 \le 100\%$
High Temperature Operating Life	AEC Q200 Rev E	 1000 hours Temperature of the Chamber: 105 °C 100% of rated voltage (VR) Measurement at 24±4 hours after test conclusion 	No visible damage ΔC/C ₀ ≤ 5% ΔESR/ESR ₀ ≤ 100%
External Visual	AEC Q200 Rev E	 Inspect component construction, marking and workmanship 	Within specified limits
Physical Dimensions	AEC Q200 Rev E	 Verify physical dimensions to the applicable component specification 	Within specified limits
Terminal Strength for radial THT components	AEC Q200 Rev E	Test Condition A 40N	Within specified limits
Mechanical Shock	AEC Q200 Rev E	Condition C	Within specified limits

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Test	Reference	Test condition	Performance requirement
Vibration	AEC Q200 Rev E	 5 g for 20 minutes 12 cycles each of 3 orientations Tested in a full assembly with external fixation to case Test from 10 Hz - 2000 Hz 	No visible damage Within specified limits
Resistance to Soldering Heat	AEC Q200 Rev E	Condition B	
Solderability	AEC Q200 Rev E	 Method A1, Coating Durability Category 2 Magnification 50x 	
Flammability	AEC Q200 Rev E	Not required: Exposed resins and plastics are V-1, V-0	

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Mounting guidelines

Soldering

Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20:2008, test Ta, method 1. Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2:2007, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

Solder bath temperature	235 ±5 °C
Soldering time	2.0 ±0.5 s
Immersion depth	2.0 +0/–0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Evaluation criteria:	Wetting of wire surface by new solder \ge 90%,
Visual inspection	free-flowing solder

Resistance to soldering heat

Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20:2008, test Tb, method 1. Conditions:

Solder bath temperature	260 ±5 °C	
Soldering time	10 ±1 s	
Immersion depth	2.0 +0/–0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane	
Shield	Heat-absorbing board, (1.5 ± 0.5) mm thick, between capacitor body and liquid solder	
Evaluation criteria: Visual inspection $\Delta C/C0$ tan ∂	No visible damage ±5% As specified in sectional specification	

General notes on soldering

Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature Tmax. Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

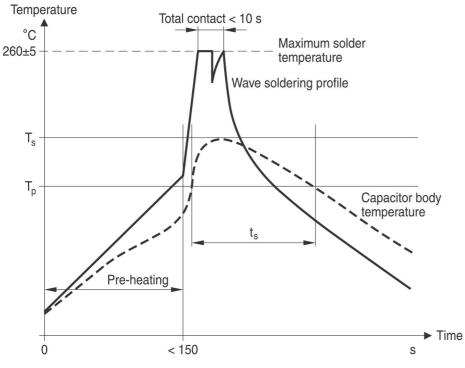
- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics:
 - diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings



The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

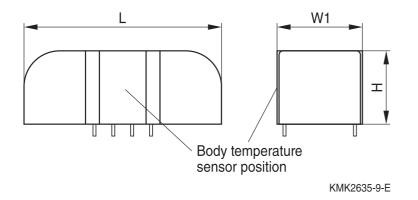
Recommendations

As a reference, the recommended wave soldering profile for film capacitors for PCB mounting in a wave soldering process is as follows:



 T_s : Capacitor body maximum temperature at wave soldering T_p : Capacitor body maximum temperature at pre-heating

KMK1745-A-E



Body temperature should follow the description below:

- During pre-heating: T_p ≤110 °C
- During soldering: T_s ≤120 °C, ts ≤45 s



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When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step. Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering. In order to ensure proper conditions for manual or selective soldering, the body temperature of the capacitor (T_s) must be <120 °C.

One recommended condition for manual soldering is that the tip of the soldering iron should be <360 °C and the soldering contact time should be no longer than 3 seconds.

Cleaning

To determine whether the following solvents, often used to remove flux residues and other substances, are suitable for the capacitors described, refer to the table below:

Туре		n-propanol-water mixtures, water with surface tension-reducing tensides (neutral)
xEVCap	Suitable	Unsuitable

Even when suitable solvents are used, a reversible change of the electrical characteristics may occur in uncoated capacitors immediately after they are washed. Thus, it is always recommended to dry the components (e.g. 4 h at 70 $^{\circ}$ C) before they are subjected to subsequent electrical testing.

Caution:

Consult us first if you wish to embed uncoated types!

Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies

In many applications, finished circuit assemblies are embedded in plastic resins. In this case, both chemical and thermal influences of the embedding ("potting") and curing processes must be taken into account. Our experience has shown that the following potting materials can be recommended: non-flexible epoxy resins with acid-anhydride hardeners; chemically inert, non-conducting fillers; maximum curing temperature of 100 °C.

Caution:

Consult us first if you wish to embed uncoated types!



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Product Marking Specification

Ordering code example

В	25654	A	5	107	К
Components class	Series	xEVCAP type	Rated voltage	Rated capacitance	Capacitance tolerance
Passive components		Version	5 = 500Vdc 6 = 650Vdc 8 = 850Vdc 9 = 920Vdc	10 ⁷ pF =100 μF	K =±10%

Example for label (label or laser print on housing)

⊗TD K	B25654A8137K002 xEVCAP 130 uF 850V XXXXXXXXXX	
		Date: MM.YY

Explanation of label text

B25654A8137K002		TDK part no.	
xEVCAP		Product type	
130µF	850V	Rated capacitance and nominal voltage	
XXXXXXXXX		Lot number / part identifier	
Date: MM. YY		Manufacturing month and year	

Content of DMC code:

Same as the label text



Cautions and warnings

- The maximum hot spot temperature inside of each of the capacitor elements is limited to 105 °C.
- Any exceedance of the maximum temperature of 105 °C inside each of the capacitor elements will significantly reduce its lifetime.
- These parameters describe the estimated values calculated for a vehicle with an electric power train but shall not be deemed as an extension of the agreed warranty periods.
- In case of mechanical damage, capacitors must not be used at all.
- The energy stored in capacitors may be lethal. To prevent any chance of shock, discharge and shortcircuit the capacitor before handling.
- Failure to follow cautions may result, worst case, in premature failures, bursting and fire.
- Tinned Cu terminals of the capacitor may lead to the occurrence of whisker during capacitor supply, storage and/or during application of the capacitor. Factors for the occurrence of whisker are not determinable and outside TDK's responsibility. Therefore, customer shall be solely responsible for the risk analysis and necessary safety measures related to the occurrence of whisker.

Safety

- Electrical or mechanical misapplication of capacitors may be hazardous. Personal injury or property damage may result from bursting of the capacitor or from expulsion of melted material due to mechanical disruption of the capacitor.
- Ensure good, effective grounding for capacitor enclosures.
- Observe appropriate safety precautions during operation (self recharging phenomena and the high energy stored in capacitors).
- Handle capacitors carefully, because they may still be charged even after disconnection.
- The terminals of capacitors, connected bus bars and cables as well as other devices may also be energized.

Thermal load

After installation of the capacitor it is necessary to verify that maximum hot-spot temperature is not exceeded at extreme service conditions.

Mechanical protection

The capacitor has to be installed in a way that mechanical damages, terminal bending and dents in the case are avoided.

Storage and operating conditions

Do not use or store capacitors in corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. In dusty environments regular maintenance and cleaning especially of the terminals is required to avoid conductive path between phases and/or phases and ground.

Service life expectancy and disposal

Electrical components do not have an unlimited service life expectancy; this applies to self-healing capacitors too. The maximum service life expectancy may vary depending on the application the capacitor is used in. TDK capacitors can be disposed through the standard process in place for uncritical industrial and automotive electronics components. Considering common government regulations they do not include quantities of critical substances, that would make a special treatment necessary. In case of uncertainty for your country please consult a local waste requirements specialist.



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Symbols and terms

C _N	Nominal capacitance					
V_R or U_R	Rated DC-voltage of a capacitor					
V _{MAX} or U _{MAX}	Maximum permissible voltage that can be applied to the capacitors for specified duration at the specified temperature					
I_ _{max}	Maximum RMS capacitor current for continuous operation at 10 kHz					
ESR	Equivalent series resistance, measured at 10 kHz					
Vs	Non-recurrent surge voltage					
î	Max. current transient amplitude during continuous operation					
I _s	Admissible peak current transient for a limited number of time (typical value: 1000 times during operation time)					
V _{TT} or U _{TT}	Test voltage for capacitor, applied between terminal and terminal					
V _{TC} or U _{TC}	Test voltage for capacitor, applied between terminal and case					
R _{lso}	Insulation resistance between capacitor terminals, measured at rated voltage for 60 s					
T _{min}	Lowest permitted ambient working temperature					
T _{max}	Highest permitted ambient working temperature					

Note

Symbol "U" or "V" can be used indistinctly for the physical magnitude of voltage (electric potential difference). "U" is widely used in reference IEC standards while "V" is also widely used in datasheets and specifications.

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