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Small-sized Class-D Speaker Amplifiers Analog Input Manager D Class D Co

Monaural Class-D Speaker Amplifier

BD5460GUL

No.10101EAT01

Description

BD5460GUL is a low voltage drive class-D monaural speaker amplifier that was developed for cellular phones, mobile audio products and the others.LC-filter of speaker output is unnecessary, and the number of external components is three. It is suitable for the application of battery drive because of high efficiency and low power consumption.

Also, stand-by current is 0µA (typ.), and fast transitions from standby to active with little pop noise. It is suitable for applications that switch repeatedly between stand-by and active.

Features

- 1) No LC filter required
- 2) Only three external components
- 3) High power 2.5W/4 Ω /BTL (VDD=5V, RL=4 Ω , THD+N=10%, typ.)
- 4) High power 0.85W/8Ω/BTL (VDD=3.6V, RL=8Ω, THD+N=10%, typ.)
- 5) Gain 6dB
- 6) Analog differential input / PWM digital output
- 7) Pop noise suppression circuitry
- 8) Built-in standby function
- 9) Protection circuitry (Short protection [Auto recover without power cycling], Thermal shutdown, Under voltage lockout)
- 10) Very small package 9-Bump WL-CSP (1.6*1.6*0.55mmMAX)

Applications

Mobile phones, Mobile electronics applications

●Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	7.0	V
Power Dissipation	Pd	690 *1	mW
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-55 ~ +150	°C
STBY Terminal Input Range	Vstby	-0.1~VDD+0.1	V
IN+, IN- Terminal Input Range	Vin	-0.1~VDD+0.1	V

*1 When mounted on a 50 mm × 58mm Rohm standard board, reduce by 5.52 mW/°C above Ta = +25 °C.

Operating Conditions

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	+2.5 ~ +5.5	V
Temperature Range	Topr	-40 ~ +85	°C

X This product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays

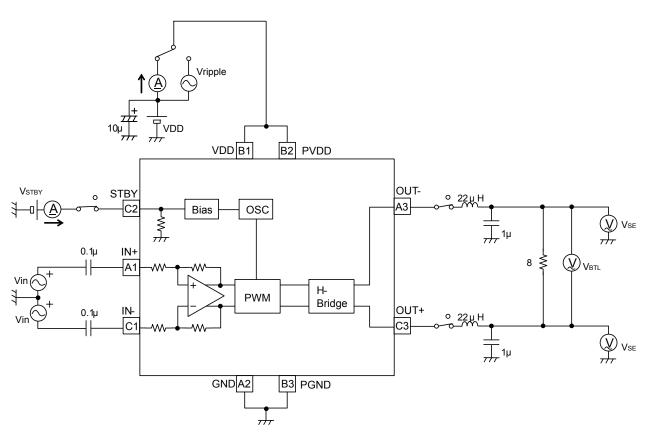
•Electric Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=3.6V, f=1kHz, RL=8Ω, AC item=LC Filter ; L=22µH, C=1µF)

Parameter		Symbol	Limits		Linit	Conditions	
		Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Conditions
Circuit current (No signation	al)	Icc	_	2.0	4.0	mA	Active mode, No load
Circuit current (Standby	()	I _{STBY}	—	0.1	2	μA	Standby mode
Output power 1		P ₀₁	450	680	_	mW	BTL, f=1kHz, THD+N=1% *1
Output power 2		P _{O2}	550	850	—	mW	BTL, f=1kHz, THD+N=10% *1
Voltage gain		Gv	5.4	5.9	6.4	dB	BTL
Power Supply Rejection	n Ratio	P _{SRR}	45	53	—	dB	BTL,f=1kHz, Vripple=0.1Vpp *2
Output offset voltage		ΔVo	-25	0	+25	mV	Vin=0V, BTL
Switching Frequency		fosc	175	250	325	kHz	
Start-up time		Ton	0.39	0.51	0.73	msec	
Standby input Voltage	High-level	VSTBYH	1.4	—	VDD	V	Active mode
Standby input voltage	Low-level	V _{STBYL}	0	—	0.4	V	Standby mode
Standby input current	High-level	I _{STBYH}	6	12	18	μA	V _{STBY} =3.6V
Stanuby input current	Low-level	I _{STBYL}	-5	0	5	μA	V _{STBY} =0V

*BTL=Bridged Tied Load (Voltage between A3-C3.), *1;B.W.=400~30kHz,*2;DIN AUDIO

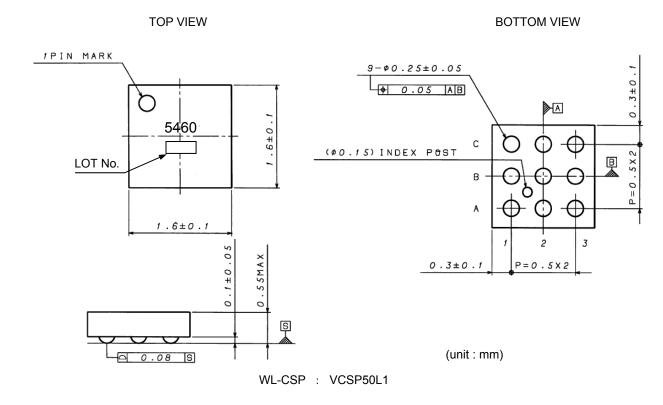
Measurement Circuit Diagram



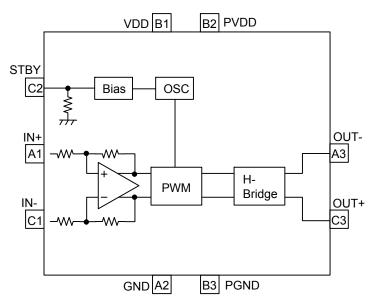
•Active / Standby Control

Mode	Pin level	Conditions	
Active	Н	IC active	
Standby	L	IC shutdown	

Package Outlines



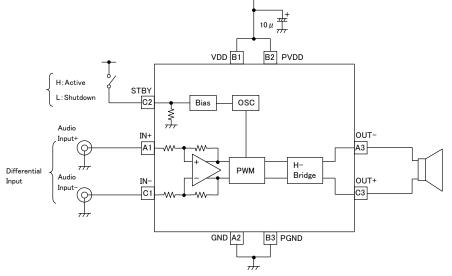
Block Diagram

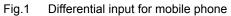


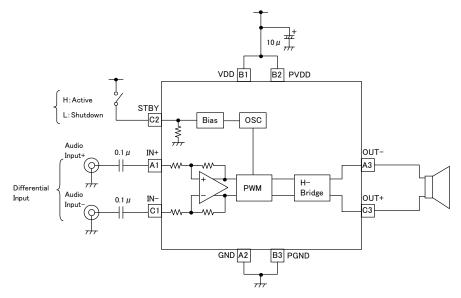
Pin Assignment Chart

PIN No.	PIN 名
A1	IN+
A2	GND
A3	OUT-
B1	VDD
B2	PVDD
B3	PGND
C1	IN-
C2	STBY
C3	OUT+

Application Circuit Example









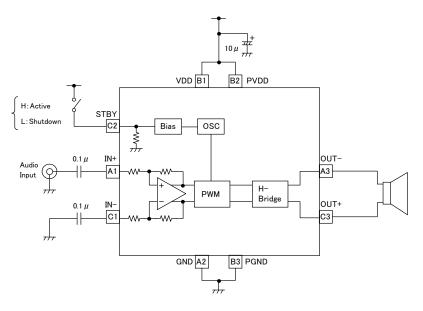
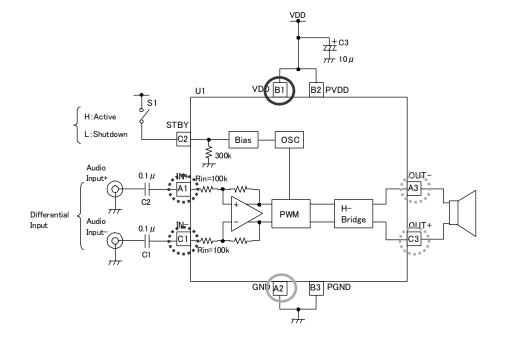
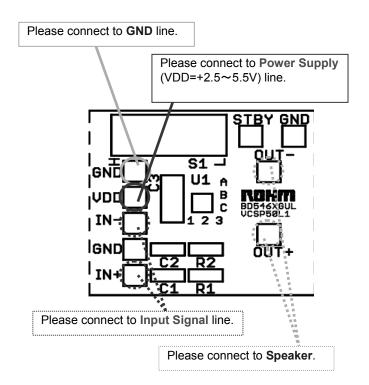


Fig.3 Single-Ended input

Evaluation board Circuit Diagram





•Evaluation board Parts List

Qty.	Item	Description	SMD Size	Manufacturer/ Part Number
2	C1, C2	Capacitor, 0.1µF	0603	Murata GRM188R71C104KA01D
1	C3	Capacitor, 10µF	A (3216)	ROHM TCFGA1A106M8R
1	S1	Slide Switch	4mm X 10.2mm	NKK SS-12SDP2
1	U1	IC, BD5460GUL, Mono Class-D audio amplifier	1.6mm X 1.6mm WLCSP Package	ROHM BD5460GUL
1	PCB1	Printed-circuit board, BD5460GUL EVM	—	—

Description of External components

Input coupling capacitor (C1,C2)
 It makes a Input coupling capacitor 0.1μF.
 Input impedance is 100kΩ (Typ.).

It sets cut-off frequency fc by the following formula by input coupling capacitor C1 (=C2) and input impedance Ri.

$$fc = \frac{1}{2\pi \times Ri \times C1} [Hz]$$

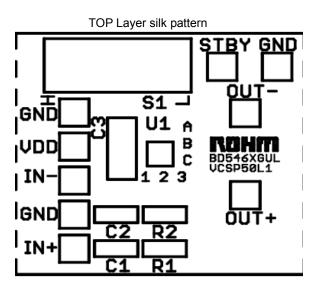
In case of Ri =100k Ω , C1 (=C2) =0.1 μ F, it becomes fc = about 16 Hz.

② Power decoupling capacitor (C3)

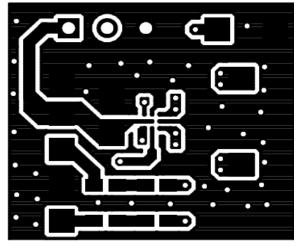
It makes a power decoupling capacitor 10 µF.

When making capacitance of the power decoupling capacitor, there is an influence in the Audio characteristic. When making small, careful for the Audio characteristic at the actual application.

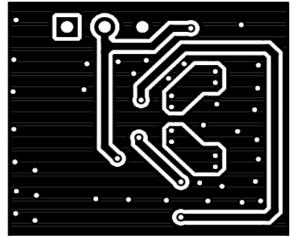
•Evaluation board PCB layer



TOP Layer

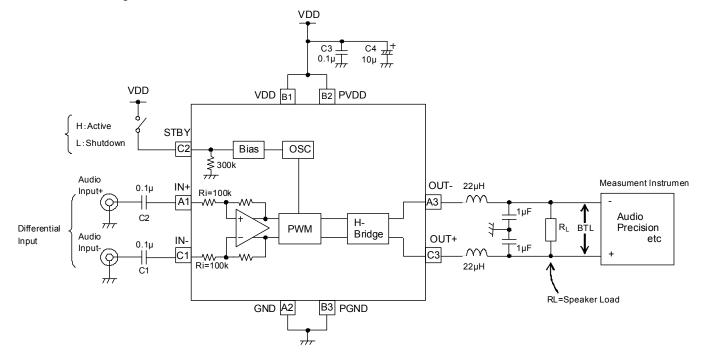


Bottom Layer



•The way of evaluating audio characteristic

Evaluation Circuit Diagram



When measuring audio characteristics, insert LC filter during the output terminal of IC and the speaker load and measure it. Arrange LC filter as close as possible to the output terminal of IC. In case of L=22 μ H, C=1 μ F, the cut-off frequency becomes the following.

$$fc = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{22\mu H \times 1\mu F}} \cong 34 \, \text{kHz}$$

Use a big current type - Inductor L. (Reference)

TDK: SLF12575T-220M4R0

BD5460GUL

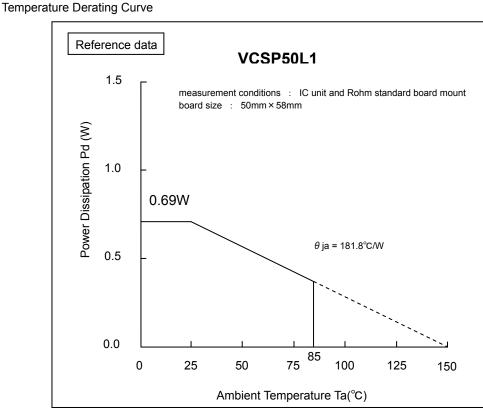
About the thermal design by the IC

Characteristics of an IC have a great deal to do with the temperature at which it is used, and exceeding absolute maximum ratings may degrade and destroy elements. Careful consideration must be given to the heat of the IC from the two standpoints of immediate damage and long-term reliability of operation. Pay attention to points such as the following.

Since an maximum junction temperature (Tjmax.) or operating temperature range (Topr) is shown in the absolute maximum ratings of the IC, to reference the value, find it using the Pd-Ta characteristic (temperature derating curve).

If an input signal is too great when there is insufficient radiation, TSD (thermal shutdown) may operate.

TSD, which operates at a chip temperature of approximately +180°C, is canceled when this goes below approximately +100°C. Since TSD operates persistently with the purpose of preventing chip damage, be aware that long-term use in the vicinity that TSD affects decrease IC reliability.



Note) Values are actual measurements and are not guaranteed.

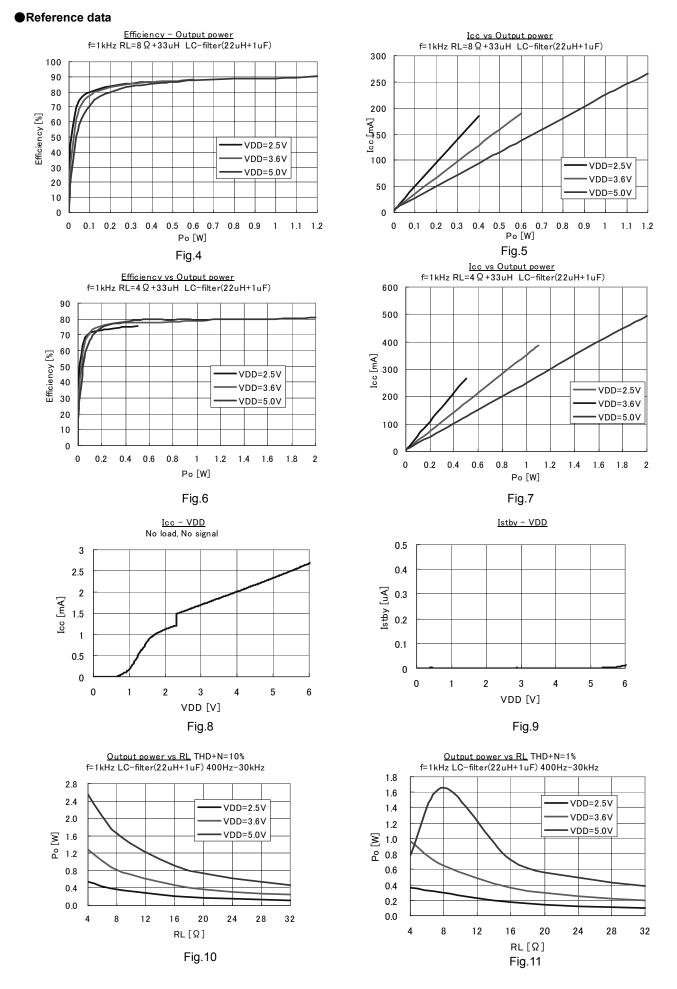
Power dissipation values vary according to the board on which the IC is mounted. The Power dissipation of this IC when mounted on a multilayer board designed to radiate is greater than the values in the graph above.

Typical Characteristics

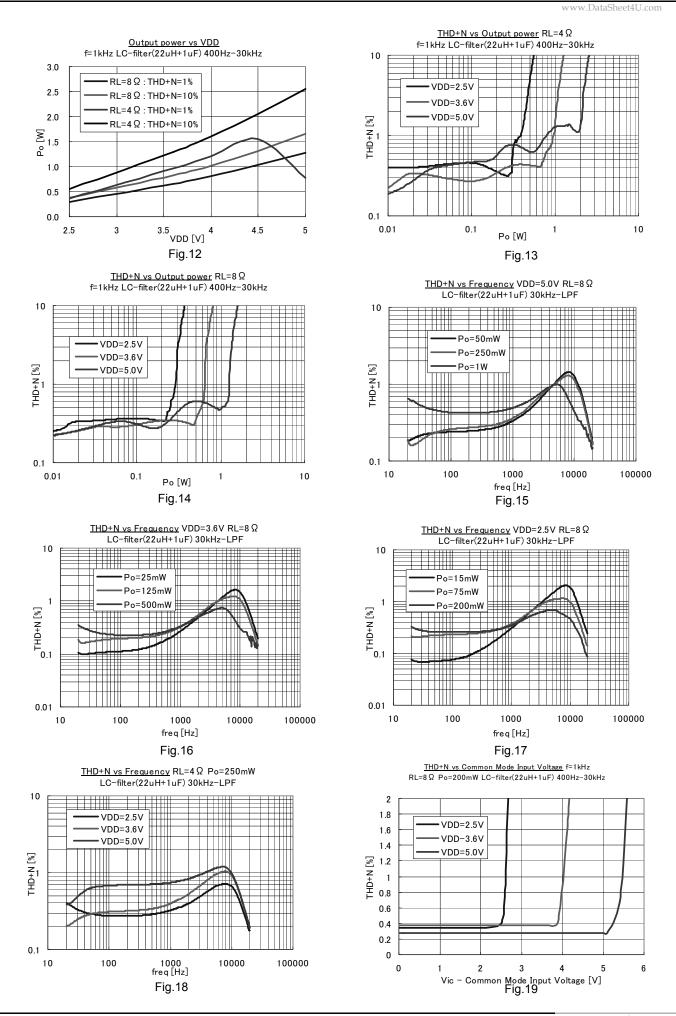
Table of graphs

Items	Parameter	Figure
Efficiency	vs Output power	4, 6
Supply surrent (lee)	vs Output power	5, 7
Supply current (Icc)	vs Supply voltage	8
Shutdown current (Istby)	vs Supply voltage	9
Output power (Po)	vs Load resistance	10, 11
	vs Supply voltage	12
	vs Output power	13, 14
Total harmonic distortion plus noise (THD+N)	vs Frequency	15, 16, 17, 18, 25, 26, 27
	vs Common-mode input voltage	19
Supply voltage rejection ratio (PSRR)	vs Frequency	20, 21, 22, 23
Common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR)	vs Frequency	24
Gain	vs Frequency	28, 29, 30, 31





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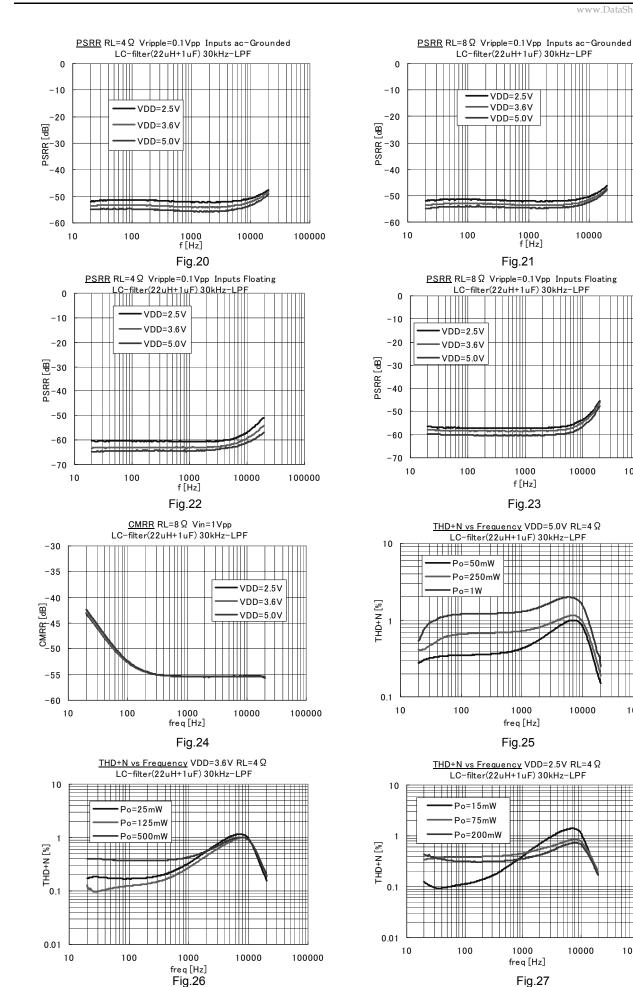
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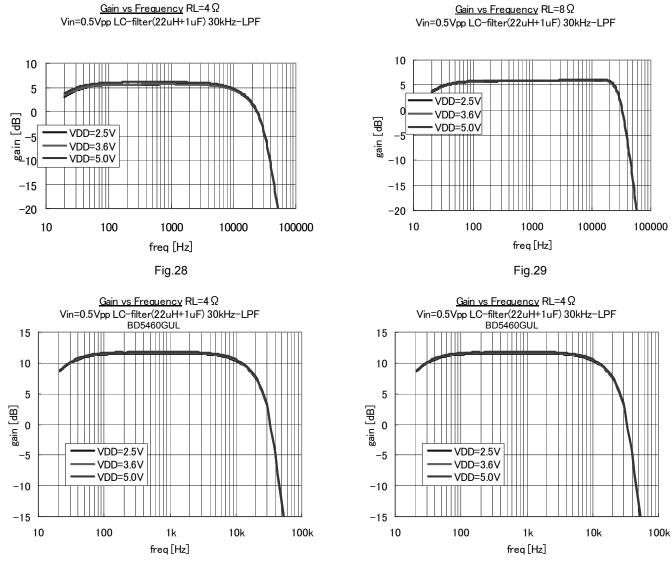


Fig.30

Fig.31

Notes for use

- (1) Numbers and data in entries are representative design values and are not guaranteed values of the items.
- (2) Although we are confident recommending the sample application circuit, carefully check their characteristics further when using them. When modifying externally attached component constants before use, determine them so that They have sufficient margins by taking into account variations in externally attached components and the Rohm IC, not only for static characteristics but also including transient characteristics.
- (3) Absolute maximum ratings

This IC may be damaged if the absolute maximum ratings for the applied voltage, temperature range, or other parameters are exceeded. Therefore, avoid using a voltage or temperature that exceeds the absolute maximum ratings. If it is possible that absolute maximum ratings will be exceeded, use fuses or other physical safety measures and determine ways to avoid exceeding the IC's absolute maximum ratings.

(4) GND terminal's potential

Try to set the minimum voltage for GND terminal's potential, regardless of the operation mode.

(5) Shorting between pins and mounting errors

When mounting the IC chip on a board, be very careful to set the chip's orientation and position precisely. When the power is turned on, the IC may be damaged if it is not mounted correctly. The IC may also be damaged if a short occurs (due to a foreign object, etc.) between two pins, between a pin and the power supply, or between a pin and the GND.

(6) Operation in strong magnetic fields

Note with caution that operation faults may occur when this IC operates in a strong magnetic field.

(7) Thermal design

Ensure sufficient margins to the thermal design by taking in to account the allowable power dissipation during actual use modes, because this IC is power amp. When excessive signal inputs which the heat dissipation is insufficient condition, it is possible that thermal shutdown circuit is active.

(8) Thermal shutdown circuit

This product is provided with a built-in thermal shutdown circuit. When the thermal shutdown circuit operates, the output transistors are placed under open status. The thermal shutdown circuit is primarily intended to shut down the IC avoiding thermal runaway under abnormal conditions with a chip temperature exceeding Tjmax = $+150^{\circ}$ C, and is not intended to protect and secure an electrical appliance.

(9) Load of the output terminal

This IC corresponds to dynamic speaker load, and doesn't correspond to the load except for dynamic speakers.

(10) The short protection of the output terminal

The short-circuiting protection of this IC corresponds only to "VDD-short" (the short-circuiting with the power) of the output terminal and "GND-short" (the short-circuiting with GND) of the output terminal. It doesn't correspond to the short-circuiting among the output terminals.

Also, when the short-circuiting condition of the output terminal is canceled, it detects the high impedance of the output terminal and it is equipped with the auto recover without power cycling(the cancellation) function in the short-circuiting protection. Be careful of the output terminal, because, there is a fear not to return automatically when the short-circuiting condition occurs in pull-up or the pull-down at equal to or less than about $1M\Omega$ impedance,

(11) Operating ranges

The rated operating power supply voltage range (VDD=+ $2.5V \sim +5.5V$) and the rated operating temperature range (Ta=- $40^{\circ}C \sim +85^{\circ}C$) are the range by which basic circuit functions is operated. Characteristics and rated output power are not guaranteed in all power supply voltage ranges or temperature ranges.

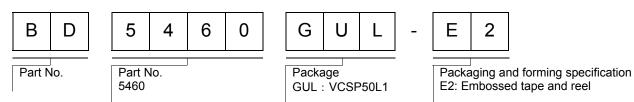
(12) Electrical characteristics

Electrical characteristics show the typical performance of device and depend on board layout, parts, power supply. The standard value is in mounting device and parts on surface of ROHM's board directly.

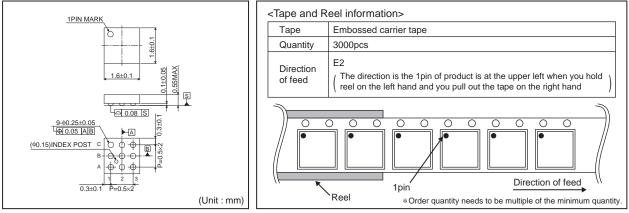
(13) Power decoupling capacitor

Because the big peak current flows through the power line, the class-D amplifier has an influence on the Audio characteristic by the capacitance value or the arrangement part of the power decoupling capacitor. Arrange a power decoupling capacitor as close as possible to the VDD terminal of IC.

Ordering part number



VCSP50L1(BD5460GUL)



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