

STRUCTURE Silicon monolithic integrated circuits

PRODUCT SERIES Bipolar stepping motor driver

TYPE **BD6382EFV**

FUNCTION

- PWM constant current controllable two H bridge driver
- Power save mode
- Reference voltage output
- Low on resistance DMOS

○Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Supply voltage VCC	V _{CC}	-0.2~+7.0	V
Supply voltage VM	V _M	-0.2~+15.0	V
Power dissipation	Pd	1.1 ^{*1}	W
		4.0 ^{*2}	W
Input voltage for control pin	V _{IN}	-0.2~(V _{CC} +0.3)	V
RNF maximum voltage	V _{RNF}	0.5	V
Maximum output current	I _{OUT}	0.8 ^{*3}	A/ch
Operating temperature range	T _{opr}	-40~+85	°C
Storage temperature range	T _{stg}	-55~+150	°C
Junction temperature	T _{jmax}	150	°C

^{*1} 70mm×70mm×1.6mm glass epoxy board. Derating is done at 8.8mW/°C for operating above Ta=25°C

^{*2} 4-layer recommended board. Derating is done at 32.0mW/°C for operating above Ta=25°C.

^{*3} Do not exceed Pd, ASO.

○Operating conditions (Ta=-40~+85°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage VCC	V _{CC}	3.0	3.3	5.5	V
Supply voltage VM	V _M	5.5	6.0	13.5	V
Input voltage for control	V _{IN}	0	-	V _{CC}	V
Output current (DC)	I _{OUT}	-	0.3	0.5 ^{*4}	A/ch

^{*4} Do not exceed Pd, ASO.

This product isn't designed for protection against radioactive rays.

Status of this document

The Japanese version of this document is the formal specification.

A customer may use this translation version only for a reference to help reading the formal version.

If there are any differences in translation version of this document, formal version takes priority.

○ Electrical characteristics (Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, VM=6.0V)

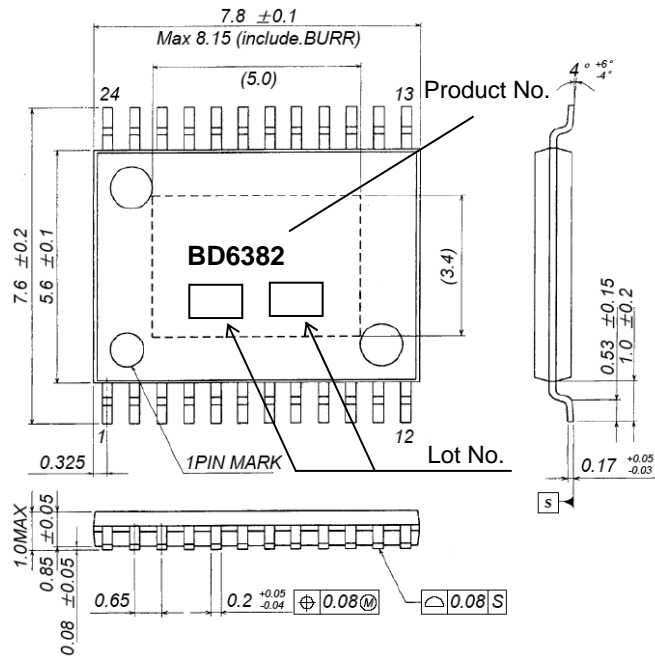
Item	Symbol	Limit			Unit	Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Whole						
VCC current at standby	I _{CCST}	-	0	10	μA	PS=L
VCC current	I _{CC}	-	1.6	3.0	mA	PS=H, VLIMX=0.5V
VM current at standby	I _{VMST}	-	0	10	μA	PS=L
VM current	I _{VM}	-	0.08	0.50	mA	PS=H, VLIMX=0.5V
Control input (PS, IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, IN2B)						
H level input voltage	V _{INH}	2.0	-	3.3	V	
L level input voltage	V _{INL}	0	-	0.8	V	
H level input current	I _{INH}	15	30	60	μA	V _{IN} =3V
L level input current	I _{INL}	-10	0	-	μA	V _{IN} =0V
Output (OUT1A, OUT1B, OUT2A, OUT2B)						
Output ON resistance	R _{ON}	-	1.2	1.5	Ω	I _{OUT} = ± 0.3A, VM=6V Sum of upper and lower
Output leak current	I _{LEAK}	-	-	10	μA	
Current control						
RNFX input current	I _{RNF}	-40	-20	-	μA	RNFX=0V
SENSEX input current	I _{SENSE}	-2.0	-0.1	-	μA	SENSEX=0V
VLIMX input current	I _{VLIM}	-2.0	-0.1	-	μA	VLIMX=0V
VLIMX input voltage range	V _{VLIM}	0	-	0.5	V	
Comparator offset voltage	V _{OFS}	-10	-	10	mV	
Noise cancel time	t _n	0.3	0.7	1.2	μs	R=39kΩ, C=1000pF
VREF voltage	V _{VREF}	0.97	1.00	1.03	V	I _{VREF} =0~1mA

○ Input-output logic table

PS	INPUT		OUTPUT		
	IN1A IN2A	IN1B IN2B	OUT1A OUT2A	OUT1B OUT2B	
L	X	X	OPEN	OPEN	All circuit Standby
H	L	L	OPEN	OPEN	Standby
H	H	L	H	L	Forward
H	L	H	L	H	Backward
H	H	H	L	L	Brake

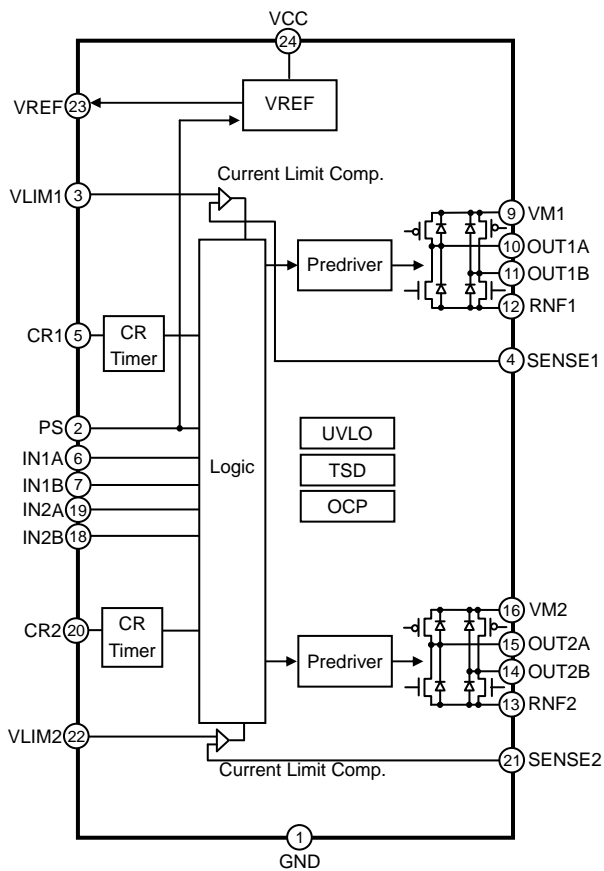
X: H or L

○ Package outline



HTSSOP-B24 (Unit:mm)

○Block diagram



○Pin No. / Pin name

Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name
1	GND	13	RNF2
2	PS	14	OUT2B
3	VLIM1	15	OUT2A
4	SENSE1	16	VM2
5	CR1	17	NC
6	IN1A	18	IN2B
7	IN1B	19	IN2A
8	NC	20	CR2
9	VM1	21	SENSE2
10	OUT1A	22	VLIM2
11	OUT1B	23	VREF
12	RNF1	24	VCC

NC : Non Connection

○Operation Notes

(1) Absolute maximum ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down the devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode, such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any over rated values will expect to exceed the absolute maximum ratings, consider adding circuit protection devices, such as fuses.

(2) Power supply lines

As return of current regenerated by back EMF of motor happens, take steps such as putting capacitor between power supply and GND as an electric pathway for the regenerated current. Be sure that there is no problem with each property such as emptied capacity at lower temperature regarding electrolytic capacitor to decide capacity value. If the connected power supply does not have sufficient current absorption capacity, regenerative current will cause the voltage on the power supply line to rise, which combined with the product and its peripheral circuitry may exceed the absolute maximum ratings. It is recommended to implement a physical safety measure such as the insertion of a voltage clamp diode between the power supply and GND pins.

(3) GND potential

The potential of GND pin must be minimum potential in all operating conditions.

(4) Metal on the backside (Define the side where product markings are printed as front)

The metal on the backside is shorted with the backside of IC chip therefore it should be connected to GND. Be aware that there is a possibility of malfunction or destruction if it is shorted with any potential other than GND.

(5) Thermal design

Use a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin in light of the power dissipation (Pd) in actual operating conditions. This IC exposes its frame of the backside of package. Note that this part is assumed to use after providing heat dissipation treatment to improve heat dissipation efficiency. Try to occupy as wide as possible with heat dissipation pattern not only on the board surface but also the backside.

(6) Actions in strong electromagnetic field

Use caution when using the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field as doing so may cause the IC to malfunction.

(7) ASO

When using the IC, set the output transistor so that it does not exceed absolute maximum ratings or ASO.

(8) Thermal shutdown circuit

The IC has a built-in thermal shutdown circuit (TSD circuit). If the chip temperature becomes $T_{jmax}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, and higher, coil output to the motor will be open. The TSD circuit is designed only to shut the IC off to prevent runaway thermal operation. It is not designed to protect or indemnify peripheral equipment. Do not use the TSD function to protect peripheral equipment.

(9) Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both large current and small signal GND patterns, it is recommended to isolate the two ground patterns, placing a single ground point at the ground potential of application so that the pattern wiring resistance and voltage variations caused by large currents do not cause variations in the small signal ground voltage. Be careful not to change the GND wiring pattern of any external components, either.

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