

RF amplifier and high speed switch

The BFR 10 is an NPN silicon planar epitaxial transistor designed for RF applications and high speed switching applications.

This device features a minimum f_T of 250MHz at 50 mA, $V_{CE} = 10$ V together with a maximum V_{CE} (sat) of 0.6 V at 500 mA.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic and test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10$ V $I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V (5) $I_C = 150$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V (5) $I_C = 500$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V (5)	25	50	120	
$V_{BE\ sat}$	Base Saturation Voltage (5) $I_C = 150$ mA $I_B = 15$ mA $I_C = 500$ mA $I_B = 50$ mA	0.7	0.85 1.05	1 1.3	V
$V_{CE\ sat}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (5) $I_C = 150$ mA $I_B = 15$ mA $I_C = 500$ mA $I_B = 50$ mA		0.14 0.40	0.22 0.60	V
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current $V_{CE} = 60$ V $V_{EB} = 0$ $V_{CE} = 60$ V $V_{EB} = 0$ (150°C)		10 10	nA μA	
I_{EBO}	Emitter Reverse Current $V_{EB} = 3$ V $I_C = 0$		10	nA	
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{EB} = 0$	75			V
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$	6			V
L_{VCEO}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (4 and 5) $I_C = 30$ mA $I_B = 0$	40			V
b_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain ($f=1\text{kHz}$) $I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V		90		
b_{je}	Input Resistance ($f=1\text{kHz}$) $I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V		350		Ω
b_{oe}	Output Conductance ($f=1\text{kHz}$) $I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V		50		μmho
b_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio ($f=1\text{kHz}$) $I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V		12		$\times 10^{-4}$
b_{fe}	High Freq. Current Gain ($f=100\text{MHz}$) $I_C = 50$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V	2.5	3.5		
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5$ V	14	25		pF
C_{cbo}	Base-Collector Capacitance $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10$ V	5	8		pF
t_{on}	Turn On Time $I_C = 300$ mA $I_{B1} = 30$ mA	14	60		ns
t_{off}	Turn Off Time $I_C = 300$ mA $I_{B1} = 30$ mA $I_{B2} = 30$ mA	80	150		ns

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/W (derating factor of $17.2 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/W (derating factor of $4.56 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$).
- These ratings refer to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for SGS AR 5.
- Measured under pulse conditions: pulse length = $300 \mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle = 1%.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1) ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Voltages

Collector to Emitter (4)	V_{CEO}	40 V
Collector to Emitter	V_{CES}	75 V
Emitter to Base	V_{EBO}	6 V

Temperatures

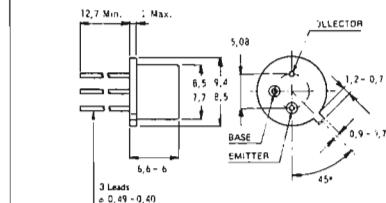
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-55°C to 200°C
Junction Temperature	T_J	200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	T_L	260°C

Power (2 and 3)

Dissipation at 25°C	PD	3 W
Case Temperature		
Dissipation at 25°C	PD	0.8 W
Ambient Temperature		

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

Similar Jede TO-39



Note: All dimensions are in mm.