

General purpose

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic and test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain (5)				
	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$	40			
	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$	100			
	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$	90	250	450	
	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$	30			
$V_{BE\text{ sat}}$	Base Saturation Voltage (5)				
	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$	0.9	1		V
	$I_C = 1\text{A}$ $I_B = 0.1\text{A}$	1.25	1.6		V
$V_{BE\text{ on}}$	Base Emitter On Voltage				
	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 15\text{V}$	0.13	0.25		V
$V_{CE\text{ sat}}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (5)				
	$I_C = 1\text{A}$ $I_B = 0.1\text{A}$	0.65	1		V
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current				
	$V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$	0.1	10		nA
$I_{CES(150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Reverse Current				
	$V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$	0.1	10		μA
I_{EBO}	Emitter Reverse Current				
	$V_{EB} = 5\text{V}$ $I_C = 0$	0.1	10		nA
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage				
	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0$	75			V
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage				
	$I_E = 0$ $I_C = 0$	7			V
IV_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (4 and 5)				
	$I_C = 0$ $I_B = 0$	35			V
h_{fc}	High Freq. Current Gain ($f=20 \text{ MHz}$)				
	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	3	4.5		
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance				
	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}$	50	80		pF
C_{bo}	Base Collector Capacitance				
	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$	13	20		pF
t_{on}	Turn On Time				
	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B1 = 7.5 \text{ mA}$	130	200		ns
t_{off}	Turn Off Time				
	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B1 = 7.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_B2 = 7.5 \text{ mA}$	450	800		ns

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the servicability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 35°C/W (derating factor of $28.8 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/W (derating factor of $4.57 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$).
- These ratings refer to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for SGS-AR 5.
- Measured under pulse conditions: pulse length = $300 \mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle = 1%.

The BFR 20 is an NPN silicon planar epitaxial transistor designed primarily for amplifier and switching applications over a wide range of voltage and current. This device features a useful beta range from $100 \mu\text{A}$ to 500 mA and low saturation voltage permitting switching operation at 1 ampere.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

(T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Voltages

Collector to Emitter (4)	V_{CEO}	35 V
Collector to Emitter	V_{CES}	75 V
Emitter to Base	V_{EBO}	7 V

Temperatures

Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-55°C to 200°C
Junction Temperature	T _J	200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 sec.)	T _L	260°C

Power (2 - 3)

Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	P _D	5 W
Dissipation at 25°C Ambient Temperature	P _D	0.8 W

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

Similar to Jedecl TO-5

