

VHF oscillator power amplifier

The BFR 98/2N 4427 is a NPN, silicon planar epitaxial transistor designed for VHF class A, B, or C amplifier and oscillator applications.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic and test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain (5)			200	
	$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	10			
$V_{CE\text{ sat}}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (5)			5	
	$I_C = 360\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$				
I_{CEO}	Collector Reverse Current			0.5	V
	$V_{CE} = 12\text{ V}$ $I_B = 20\text{ mA}$				
BVC_{BO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage			20	μA
	$I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$				
BVE_{BO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage			40	V
	$I_E = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$				
LV_{CER}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (4 and 5)			3.5	V
	$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$ $R_{GE} = 10\Omega$				
LV_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (4 and 5)			40	V
	$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$				
h_{fe}	High Freq. Current Gain			2.5	
C_{obo}	Base-Collector Capacitance			4	pF
	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 12\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$				
P_o	RF Power Output			1	W
	$P_{in} = 100\text{ mW}$ $V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ $f = 175\text{ MHz}$ See Fig. 1				
η	Collector Efficiency			50	%
	$P_{out} = 1\text{ W}$ $V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ $f = 175\text{ MHz}$ See Fig. 1				

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1) ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Voltages

Collector to Base	V_{CBO}	40 V
Collector to Emitter (4)	V_{CEO}	20 V
Emitter to Base	V_{EBO}	3.5 V

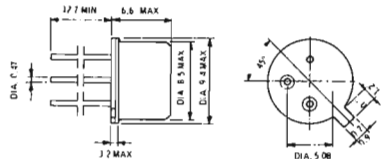
Temperatures

Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-65°C to $+200^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature	T_J	$+200^\circ\text{C}$

Power (2 and 3)

Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	P_D	3.5 W
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PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS Similar to JEDEC TO-39 outline



Note: all dimensions in mm.

NOTES:

- 1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- 2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- 3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 50°C/W (derating factor of $20\text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$).
- 4) These ratings refer to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for SGS - AR 5.
- 5) Measured under pulse conditions: pulse length = $300\text{ }\mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle = 1%.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

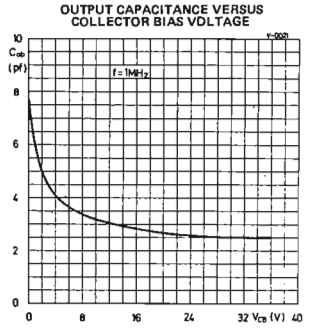
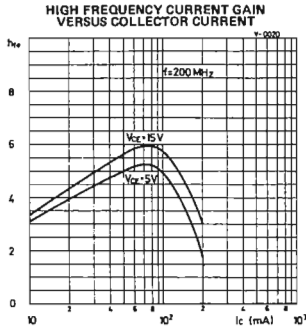
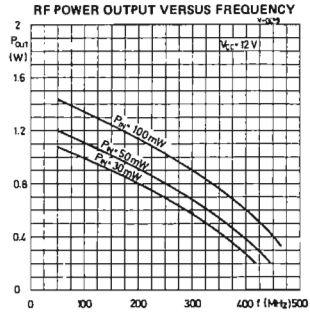
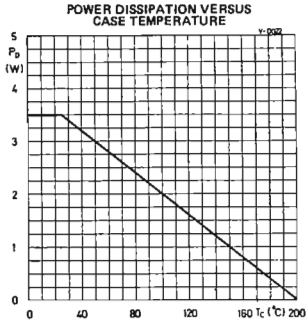
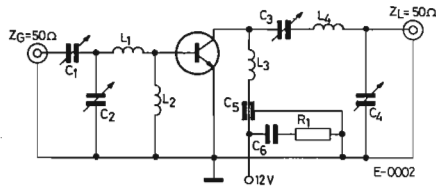


FIG. 1 - RF AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT FOR POWER OUTPUT TEST (175 MHz OPERATION)



- C₁, C₂, C₃, C₄ = 3 - 30 pF
- C₅ = 1000 pF
- C₆ = 20 KpF
- R₁ = 10Ω

- L₁ = 2 turns 16 wire, 3/16" ID, 1/4" long
- L₂ = ferrite choke, Z = 450Ω
- L₃ = 2 turns 16 wire, 1/4" ID, 1/4" long
- L₄ = 4 turns 16 wire, 3/8" ID, 3/8" long