

## **Pressure Sensor series**

# **Pressure Sensor IC**

## **BM1386GLV**

## **General Description**

BM1386GLV is piezo-resistive pressure sensor. BM1386GLV performs temperature compensation for MEMS inside chip internally, so it's very easy to get pressure information.

#### **Features**

- Piezo-resistive pressure sensor
- Pressure range is from 300hPa to 1300hPa
- Built-in temperature compensation function
- I2C bus interface (f/s mode support)
- Built-in FIFO
- Small package

## **Applications**

■ Smartphone, Healthcare, mobile device (e.g. game).

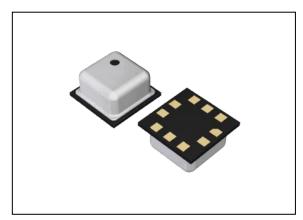
## **Key Specifications**

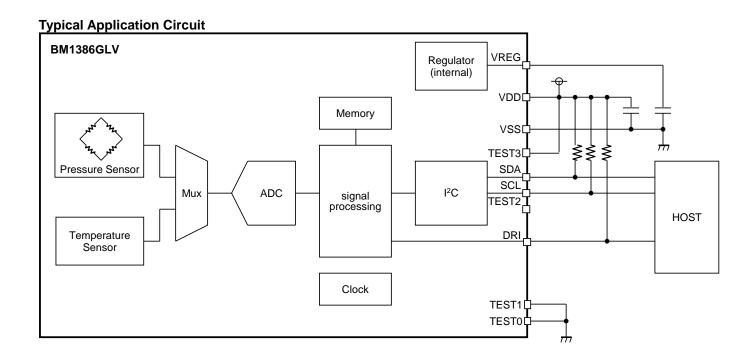
Pressure Range: 300hPa to 1300hPa
 Relative Pressure Accuracy: ±0.12hPa(Typ)
 Absolute Pressure Accuracy: ±1hPa(Typ)
 Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C

## Package

CLGA10V020A

W(Typ) x D(Typ) x H(Max) 2.0mm x 2.0mm x 1.0mm





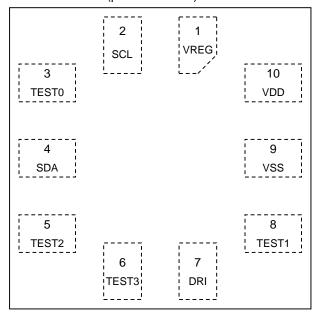
OProduct structure: Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product has no designed protection against radioactive rays

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## **Pin Configuration**

Top View (pads not visible)

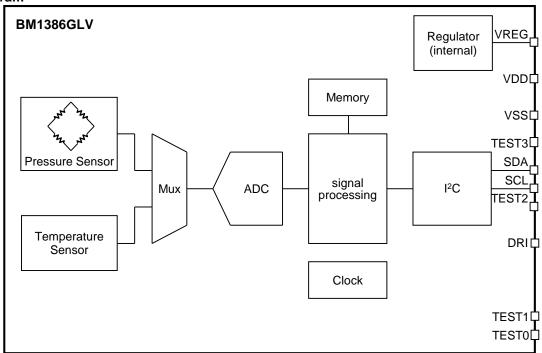


## **Pin Description**

| 2 00011ptiol |          |   |
|--------------|----------|---|
| Pin No.      | Pin Name | Function                                      |
| 1            | VREG     | Internal power supply pin <sup>(Note 1)</sup> |
| 2            | SCL      | I2C serial bus colck pin                      |
| 3            | TEST0    | Test pin (connect to VSS)                     |
| 4            | SDA      | I2C serial bus data pin                       |
| 5            | TEST2    | Test pin (open)                               |
| 6            | TEST3    | Test pin (connect to VDD)                     |
| 7            | DRI      | Interrupt notice output pin                   |
| 8            | TEST1    | Test pin (connect to VSS)                     |
| 9            | VSS      | Ground pin                                    |
| 10           | VDD      | power voltage pin <sup>(Note 2)</sup>         |

(Note 1) Dispose a bypass capacitor as close as possible to the IC.
Please set a bypass capacitor of 0.22µF between DREG and VSS.
Please do not use this pin for external power source.
(Note 2) Dispose a bypass capacitor as close as possible to the IC.

Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter                          | Symbol             | Rating   | Unit |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|------|
| Power Supply                       | $V_{DD\_MR}$       | 4.5  | V    |
| Input Voltage1 <sup>(Note 1)</sup> | V <sub>IN1MR</sub> | -0.3 to +4.5                                   | ٧    |
| Input Voltage2 <sup>(Note 2)</sup> | V <sub>IN2MR</sub> | -0.3 to (VDD+0.3) or +4.5<br>whichever is less | V    |
| Storage Temperature                | Tstg               | -40 to +125                                    | °C   |
| Maximum Junction Temperature       | Tjmax              | 125  | °C   |
| Pressure                           | Povr               | 20000  | hPa  |

(Note 1) DRI, SCL, SDA pin (Note 2) except DRI, SCL, SDA pin

Caution 1: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is

operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Caution 2: Should by any chance the maximum junction temperature rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the maximum junction temperature rating.

## Thermal Resistance<sup>(Note 1)</sup>

| Darameter  | Cumbal        | Thermal Res            | Lloit                    |      |  |
|--|---------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------|--|
| Parameter  | Symbol        | 1s <sup>(Note 3)</sup> | 2s2p <sup>(Note 4)</sup> | Unit |  |
| CLGA10V020A  |               |                        |                          |      |  |
| Junction to Ambient  | $\theta_{JA}$ | 339.7                  | 217.5                    | °C/W |  |
| Junction to Top Characterization Parameter <sup>(Note 2)</sup> | $\Psi_{JT}$   | 154                    | 140                      | °C/W |  |

(Note 1)Based on JESD51-2A(Still-Air)

(Note 2)The thermal characterization parameter to report the difference between junction temperature and the temperature at the top center of the outside surface of the component package.

3)Using a PCB board based on JESD51-3

| [Note 5/03ing a 1 Ob board based on 3E3D31-3. |           |                            |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|-----------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Layer Number of<br>Measurement Board          | Material  | Board Size                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single  | FR-4      | 114.3mm x 76.2mm x 1.57mmt |  |  |  |  |  |
| Тор   |           |                            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Copper Pattern                                | Thickness |                            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Footprints and Traces                         | 70µm      |                            |  |  |  |  |  |

(Note 4)Using a PCB board based on JESD51-7.

| Layer Number of<br>Measurement Board | Material | Board Size                |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| 4 Layers                             | FR-4     | 114.3mm x 76.2mm x 1.6mmt |

| Тор                   |           | 2 Internal Laye | ers       | Bottom          |           |  |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|--|
| Copper Pattern        | Thickness | Copper Pattern  | Thickness | Copper Pattern  | Thickness |  |
| Footprints and Traces | 70µm      | 74.2mm x 74.2mm | 35µm      | 74.2mm x 74.2mm | 70µm      |  |

**Recommended Operating Conditions** 

| Parameter                              | Symbol           | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--|------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Power Supply                           | V <sub>DD</sub>  | 1.7 | 1.8 | 3.6 | V    |
| Input Voltage1 <sup>(Note 1)</sup>     | V <sub>IN1</sub> | 0.0 | -   | 3.6 | V    |
| I <sup>2</sup> C clock Input Frequency | fscL             | -   | -   | 400 | kHz  |
| Operating Temperature                  | Topr             | -40 | +25 | +85 | °C   |

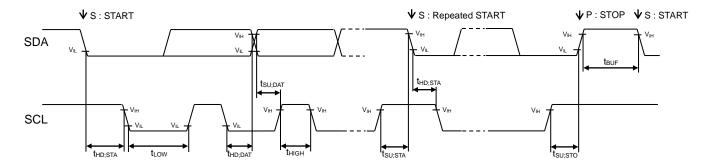
(Note 1) DRI, SCL, SDA pin

Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified VDD=1.8V Ta=25°C)

| Parameter                                      | Symbol           | Min          | Тур   | Max          | Unit | Conditions         |
|--|------------------|--------------|-------|--------------|------|--------------------|
| Current Consumption                            |                  |              | I     | I            | I    |                    |
| Power Down Mode Current                        | Iss              | -            | 1     | 5            | μΑ   | PWR_DOWN=0, RSTB=0 |
| Logic  |                  |              |       |              |      |                    |
| L Input Voltage <sup>(Note 1)</sup>            | VIL              | -            | -     | 0.3 *<br>VDD | V    |                    |
| H Input Voltage <sup>(Note 1)</sup>            | ViH              | 0.7 *<br>VDD | -     | -            | V    |                    |
| L Input Current <sup>(Note 1)</sup>            | I <sub>IL</sub>  | -10          | -     | -            | μΑ   | VIL = GND          |
| H Input Current <sup>(Note 1)</sup>            | Iн               | -            | -     | 10           | μΑ   | VIH = VDD          |
| L Output Voltage 1 <sup>(Note 2)</sup>         | V <sub>OL1</sub> | -            | -     | 0.2 *<br>VDD | V    | IL = -0.3mA        |
| L Output Voltage 2 <sup>(Note 3)</sup>         | V <sub>OL2</sub> | -            | -     | 0.2 *<br>VDD | V    | IL = -3mA          |
| Pressure characteristics                       |                  |              |       |              |      |                    |
| Pressure Detection Range                       | P <sub>R</sub>   | 300          | -     | 1300         | hPa  | 0°C to 65°C        |
| Relative Pressure Accuracy <sup>(Note 4)</sup> | Prel             | -            | ±0.12 | -            | hPa  | 950hPa to 1050hPa  |
| Absolute Pressure Accuracy                     | Pabs             | -            | ±1    | -            | hPa  | 1000hPa            |
| Temperature Accuracy                           | Tabs             | -            | ±2    | -            | °C   | 25°C to 85°C       |
| Measurement Time <sup>(Note 5)</sup>           | Tm               | -            | -     | 6            | msec | AVE_NUM=000        |

(Note 1) SDA, SCL pin
(Note 2) DRI pin
(Note 3) SDA pin
(Note 4) Target values
(Note 5) Measurement time is changed by average number of measurement data. It is written in Measurement time more detail.

## I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Timing Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified VDD=1.8V, Ta=25°C)



| Parameter                            | Symbol              | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------------|
| SCL Clock frequency                  | fscL                | 0   | -   | 400 | kHz  |            |
| 'L' Period of the SCL Clock          | tLOW                | 1.3 | -   | -   | μs   |            |
| 'H' Period of the SCL Clock          | tніgн               | 0.6 | -   | -   | μs   |            |
| Setup Time for Repeated START        | tsu;sta             | 0.6 | -   | -   | μs   |            |
| Hold Time for START                  | thd;sta             | 0.6 | -   | -   | μs   |            |
| Data Setup Time                      | t <sub>SU;DAT</sub> | 100 | -   | -   | ns   |            |
| Data Hold Time                       | thd;dat             | 0   | -   | -   | μs   |            |
| Setup Time for STOP                  | t <sub>SU;STO</sub> | 0.6 | -   | -   | μs   |            |
| Bus Free Time between STOP and START | t <sub>BUF</sub>    | 1.3 | -   | -   | μs   |            |

## I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Communication

- 1. Write Format
  - (1) Indicate register address

| S | Slave Address | W<br>0 | ACK | Register Address | ACK | Р |  |
|---|---------------|--------|-----|------------------|-----|---|--|
|---|---------------|--------|-----|------------------|-----|---|--|

(2) Write data after indicating register address

| S | Slave Address                            | W<br>0 | ACK | F   | Register Address                    | ACK |     |   |
|---|--|--------|-----|-----|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|---|
| ſ | Data specified at register address field | ACK    |     | ACK | Data specified at readdress field + | 0   | ACK | Р |

- 2. Read Format
  - (1) Read data after indicating register address

| S | Slave Address                                | W<br>0 | ACK | Register Address                         |   | ACK |      |   |
|---|--|--------|-----|--|---|-----|------|---|
| S | Slave Address                                | R<br>1 | ACK | Data specified at register address field |   | ACK |      |   |
|   | Data specified at register address field + 1 | ACK    |     | ACK                                      | Data specified at re<br>address field + |     | NACK | Р |

(2) Read data from the specified register

| S | Slave Address                                |    | R<br>1 | ACK | Data specified at register address field      |  | ACK |      |   |
|---|--|----|--------|-----|---|--|-----|------|---|
|   | Data specified at register address field + 1 | AC | K      |     | ACK Data specified at regis address field + N |  | •   | NACK | Р |
|   |  |    |        |     | ,   |  |     |      |   |

|  | from master to slave |  | from slave to master |
|--|----------------------|--|----------------------|
|--|----------------------|--|----------------------|

## I<sup>2</sup>C bus Slave Address

The slave address is "1011101".

## Register Map<sup>(Note 1)</sup>

| Register<br>Address | Register Name        | R/W | D7          | D6            | D5      | D4         | D3          | D2          | D1         | D0           |
|---------------------|----------------------|-----|-------------|---------------|---------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| 0x0F                | MANUFACTURER ID      | R   |             |               | M       | IANUFACT   | URER ID [7  | 7:0]        |            |              |
| 0x10                | PART ID              | R   |             |               |         | PART       | ID [7:0]    |             |            |              |
| 0x12                | POWER_DOWN           | RW  | 0           | 0             | 0       | 0          | 0           | 0           | 0          | PWR_<br>DOWN |
| 0x13                | RESET                | RW  | 0           | 0             | 0       | 0          | 0           | 0           | 0          | RSTB         |
| 0x14                | MODE_CONTROL         | RW  | А           | VE_NUM[2      | 2:0]    | DR_EN      | FULL<br>_EN | WTM<br>_EN  | MOD        | E[1:0]       |
| 0x15                | IIR, FIFO<br>CONTROL | RW  | FIFO_<br>EN | WTM_<br>LEVEL | 0       | 0          | 0           | 0           | IIR_MO     | DE[1:0]      |
| 0x18                | FIFO data            | R   | 0           | 0             |         |            | FIFO_L      | .EV[5:0]    |            |              |
| 0x19                | STATUS               | R   | 0           | 0             | 0       | 0          | 0           | RD_<br>FULL | RD_<br>WTM | RD_<br>DRDY  |
| 0x1A                |                      | R   |             |               |         | PRESS_     | OUT[15:8]   |             |            |              |
| 0x1B                | PRESSURE             | R   |             |               |         | PRESS_     | OUT[7:0]    |             |            |              |
| 0x1C                |                      | R   |             |               | PRESS_C | OUT_XL[5:0 | )]          |             | 0          | 0            |
| 0x1D                | TEMPEDATURE          | R   |             |               |         | TEMP_C     | OUT[15:8]   |             |            |              |
| 0x1E                | TEMPERATURE          | R   |             |               |         | TEMP_      | OUT[7:0]    |             |            |              |

(Note 1)Do not write any commands to other addresses except above. Do not write '1' to the fields in which value is '0' in above table.

Address from 0x14 to 0x1E registers can be accessed only when PWR\_DOWN=1 and RSTB=1. (In other case Write: Ignored, Read: 0xXX)

(0x0F) MANUFACTURER ID

| ( 0,101 ) 1111 11 101 710 1011211 12 |                        |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Fields                               | Function               |
| MANUFACTURER ID [7:0]                | Manufacturer ID : 0xE0 |

(0x10) PART ID

| Fields        | Function      |
|---------------|---------------|
| PART ID [7:0] | Part ID: 0x33 |

(0x12) POWER\_DOWN

| <br>***= |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fields   | Function                |  |  |  |  |  |
| PWR_DOWN | 0: power down 1: active |  |  |  |  |  |

default value 0x00

(0x13) RESET

| Fields Function |  |
|-----------------|--|
| RSTB            | Measurement control block is reset     Measurement control block is active |

default value 0x00

(0x14) MODE CONTROL

| Fields       | Function   |
|--------------|--|
| AVE_NUM[2:0] | Seting of the averaging number of measurement data 000: single, 001: 2 times, 010: 4 times, 011: 8 times, 100: 16 times, 101: 32 times, 110: 64 times, 111: Prohibited |
| DR_EN        | DRI pin Enable for Data Ready Details are written in Interrupt. 0 : DRI pin Disable, 1 : DRI pin Enable  |
| FULL_EN      | DRI pin Enable for FULL Details are written in Interrupt. 0 : DRI pin Disable, 1 : DRI pin Enable  |
| WTM_EN       | DRI pin Enable for Water Mark Details are written in Interrupt. 0 : DRI pin Disable, 1 : DRI pin Enable  |
| MODE[1:0]    | Measurement mode setting (Pressure and Temperature are measured at one rate) 00 : Stand by, 01 : One shot, 10 : Continuous, 11 : Prohibited                            |

default value 0x00

Measurement time and RMS noise against number of average

| - '' | measurement time and ravio holde against humber of average |   |  |                    |  |  |  |
|------|--|---|--|--------------------|--|--|--|
|      | AVE_NUM  | Measurement<br>time T <sub>m</sub><br>max[ms] | Measurement<br>cycle T <sub>i</sub><br>max[ms] | RMS noise<br>[hPa] |  |  |  |
| Ī    | 000  | 6   | 60   | 0.090              |  |  |  |
|      | 001  | 9   | 60   | 0.063              |  |  |  |
|      | 010  | 16  | 60   | 0.045              |  |  |  |
|      | 011  | 30  | 60   | 0.032              |  |  |  |
|      | 100  | 60  | 60   | 0.023              |  |  |  |
|      | 101  | 120   | 120  | 0.016              |  |  |  |
| Ī    | 110  | 240   | 240  | 0.011              |  |  |  |

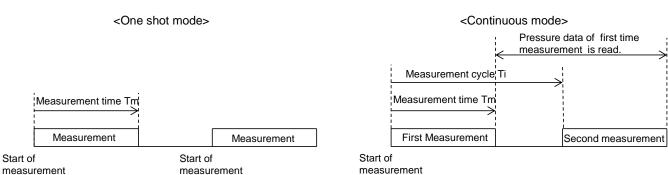
RMS noise is calculated as standard deviation of 32 data points (1 $\sigma$ ). RMS noise is a reference value and it's not the value with guarantee. Condition VDD=1.8V, Ta=25°C, IIR\_MODE=00

## Measurement time

One shot mode perform one measurement. Measurement data is updated when measurement completed, so it should be read more than  $T_m$  after measurement start.

Continuous mode repeat measurement in every measurement cycle  $T_i$ . The latest measurement data which is completed is read.

Measurement time  $T_{\text{m}}$  and measurement cycle  $T_{\text{i}}$  is determined by number of average.



#### Operation mode transition

Please refer to the below figure of operation mode transition.

Power down mode is the smallest current consumption mode due to circuit is OFF. Please set this mode when reducing current consumption. Measurement is not available in this mode, so the measurement is performed after switching to standby mode.

In reset mode, regulator for internal blocks is active and measurement control block is reset. Register is initialized in Reset mode. Measurement command is acceptable when "1" is written in "RSTB"

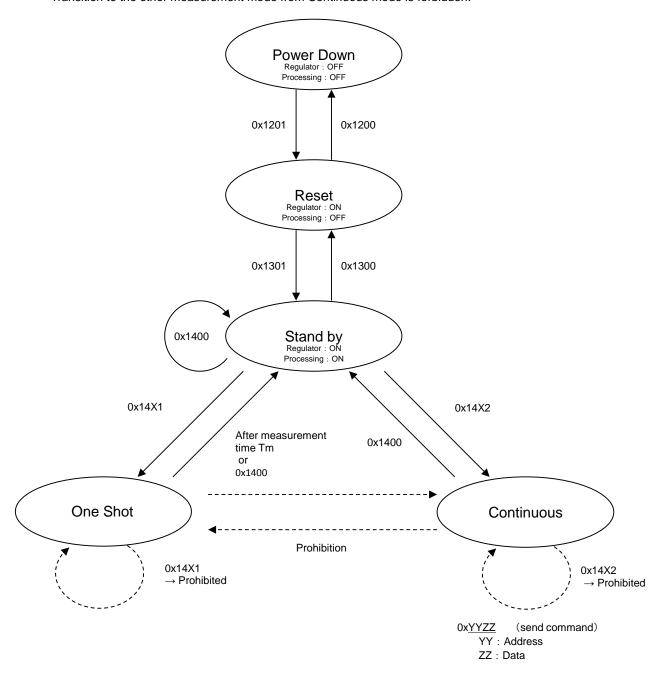
There are 2 measurement modes. One shot mode and Continuous mode. They are transferred from stand by mode. Then, please set "AVE\_NUM" register at the same time.

Please write "0x1400" when transferring to standby mode again.

In one shot mode, a single measurement is performed when "01" is written in "MODE". After the measurement completes, it is transferred to standby mode automatically. When "0x1400" is written before end of measurement, mode is switched to standby immediately but pressure value is not updated.

Transition to the other measurement mode during measurement in one shot mode is forbidden.

In Continuous mode, when "10" is written in "MODE", measurement starts and it continues until "0x1400" is written. Transition to the other measurement mode from Continuous mode is forbidden.



(0x15) IIR. FIFO CONTROL

| Fields        | Function  | Function |  |  |  |
|---------------|---|----------|--|--|--|
| FIFO_EN       | FIFO mode setting Details are written in FIFO. 0: Bypass mode, 1: FIFO mode   |          |  |  |  |
| WTM_LEVEL     | Water Mark level setting Details are written in FIFO. 0: Water Mark interrupt occur when FIFO memory is 24 or above. 1: Water Mark interrupt occur when FIFO memory is 28 or above. |          |  |  |  |
| IIR_MODE[1:0] | IIR filter enable and coefficient setting 00 : IIR OFF, 01 : IIR ON (weak) 10 : IIR ON (middle), 11 : IIR ON (strong)   |          |  |  |  |

default value 0x00

## (0x18) FIFO data

| Fields        | Function                 |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| FIFO_LEV[5:0] | Number of sample in FIFO |

default value 0x00

#### FIFO LEV[5:0]

| <u> </u> | 1 [0.0 |    |    |    |    |                             |
|----------|--------|----|----|----|----|-----------------------------|
| D5       | D4     | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | Description                 |
| 0        | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | FIFO empty                  |
| 0        | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | Number of sample in FIFO =1 |
| :        | :      | :  | :  | :  | :  |                             |
| 1        | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | FIFO FULL                   |

(0x19) STATUS

| Fields  | Function   |  |  |  |  |
|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| RD_FULL | FIFO overrun (FULL) status This register is cleared when this is read. RD_FULL is not updated unless data are read. 0: FIFO is not full; 1: FIFO is full.  |  |  |  |  |
| RD_WTM  | FIFO threshold (Water Mark) status This register is cleared when FIFO memory become less than threshold level. 0: Number of sample in FIFO is lower than threshold level. 1: Number of sample in FIFO is equal or higher than threshold level. |  |  |  |  |
| RD_DRDY | Pressure and temperature measurement data ready bit This register is cleared when '1' is read. Do not care RD_DRDY in FIFO mode (FIFO_EN=1). 0: data is not updated 1: data is updated   |  |  |  |  |

default value 0x00

#### (0x1A/0x1B/0x1C) PRESSURE

| Fields                               | Function      |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| PRESS_OUT[15:0]<br>PRESS_OUT_XL[5:0] | pressure data |

default value 0x000000

Conversion to pressure value is below.

Pressure counts = PRESS\_OUT[15:8] x  $2^{14}$  + PRESS\_OUT[7:0] x  $2^{6}$  + PRESS\_OUT\_XL[5:0] [counts] (dec) Pressure value [hPa] = Pressure counts [counts] / 2048 [counts/hPa]

Data registers (0x1A, 0x1B, 0x1C) should be read by burst read.

Data is updated at the timing of measurement completion.

If they are not read by burst read, data might be mixed up with the data of different measurement.

## (0x1D/0x1E) TEMPERATURE

| Fields         | Function         |
|----------------|------------------|
| TEMP_OUT[15:0] | temperature data |

default value 0x0000

Conversion to temperature value is below. Please note that TEMP\_OUT is data with sign (two's complement).

Temp counts = TEMP\_OUT[15:8] x 2<sup>8</sup> +TEMP\_OUT[7:0] [counts] (dec)
Temperature value [°C] = Temp counts [counts] / 32 [counts/°C]
(in case of positive number)

Data registers (0x1D,0x1E) should be read by burst read.

Data is updated at the timing of measurement completion.

If they are not read by burst read, data might be mixed up with the data of different measurement.

#### **FIFO**

This IC embeds a 32-slot FIFO to store the pressure and temperature output values.

FIFO has Bypass mode (FIFO\_EN=0) and FIFO mode (FIFO\_EN=1).

In FIFO mode, the pressure and temperature output values are stored in FIFO when measurement is completed.

The data is read from oldest data.

Interrupt for WTM and FULL is available in FIFO mode.

WTM interrupt is enable when WTM\_EN is set to '1'. In this mode, when FIFO memory reach the number set in WTM\_LEVEL, RD\_WTM goes to '1'.

FULL interrupt is enable when FULL\_EN is set to '1'. In this mode, when 32 data are stored in FIFO, RD\_FULL goes to '1'.

FIFO\_LEV is the number of sample in FIFO.

FIFO is only available in Continuous mode.

### <Bypass mode>

FIFO is not operational in Bypass mode (FIFO\_EN=0).

New data is overwritten to old data due to only the first slot of FIFO is in use.

FIFO and FIFO\_LEV are initialized in Bypass mode.

|                   | FI               |                    |   |
|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|---|
| $\Longrightarrow$ | Pressure data 0  | Temerature data 0  |   |
| ŗ                 | Pressure data 1  | Temerature data 1  | , |
|                   | Pressure data 2  | Temerature data 2  |   |
|                   | :                | :                  |   |
|                   | Pressure data 23 | Temerature data 23 |   |
|                   | Pressure data 24 | Temerature data 24 |   |
|                   | :                | :                  |   |
|                   | Pressure data 31 | Temerature data 31 |   |

#### <FIFO mode>

FIFO is operational in FIFO mode (FIFO\_EN=1). Pressure data is read from the address 0x1A, 0x1B and 0x1C and temperature data is read from the address 0x1D and 0x1E.

The data is read from oldest data. FIFO stops storing data when FIFO is FULL.

|                   | FIFO             |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| $\Longrightarrow$ | Pressure data 0  | Temerature data 0  |  |  |  |  |
| r                 | Pressure data 1  | Temerature data 1  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 2  | Temerature data 2  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | :                | :                  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 23 | Temerature data 23 |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 24 | Temerature data 24 |  |  |  |  |
|                   | :                | :                  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 31 | Temerature data 31 |  |  |  |  |

Water Mark interrupt

Water Mark interrupt occur when stored data in FIFO is equal to or more than the number set in WTM\_LEVEL.

Water Mark level is selectable from 24 (WTM\_LEVEL=0) and 28 (WTM\_LEVEL=1).

RD\_WTM goes to '1' when Water Mark interrupt occur

Water Mark interrupt keep active state while FIFO\_LEV is equal to or more than WTM\_LEVEL. And it is released, when FIFO\_LEV go below WTM\_LEVEL.

DRI pin status is determined by Water Mark interrupt, when WTM\_EN is '1'.

|                   | Case of Water Mark occ | level              |  |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--|
|                   | FII                    |                    |  |
| $\Longrightarrow$ | Pressure data 0        | Temerature data 0  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 1        | Temerature data 1  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 2        | Temerature data 2  |  |
|                   | :                      | :                  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 23       | Temerature data 23 |  |
|                   | Pressure data 24       | Temerature data 24 |  |
|                   | ÷                      | :                  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 31       | Temerature data 31 |  |

## **FULL** interrupt

FULL interrupt occur when stored data in FIFO is 32. RD\_FULL goes '1'.

RD\_FULL goes '0' when RD\_FULL is read.

FIFO and RD\_FULL are not updated by measurement after FULL interrupt occur. Then FIFO\_LEV is fixed to 32.

DRI pin status is determined by FULL interrupt, when FULL\_EN is '1'.

|                   | Case of FULL occurs        |                    | _ |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
|                   | FIFO                       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
| $\Longrightarrow$ | Pressure data 0 Temerature |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
| ·                 | Pressure data 1            | Temerature data 1  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 2            | Temerature data 2  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                   | :                          | :                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 23           | Temerature data 23 |   |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 24           | Temerature data 24 |   |  |  |  |  |
|                   | :                          | :                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Pressure data 31           | Temerature data 31 |   |  |  |  |  |

## Interrupt function

Interrupt factor is Data Ready, FIFO FULL and FIFO WTM.

The condition is listed below.

The status register is always operational.

The status register goes '1' when interrupt occur.

When the DRI pin enable register for each factor is '1', DRI pin status is determined by the interrupt state of factor. When interrupt occur, DRI pin output 'L'.

The status register and DRI pin keeps the state until the interrupt is cleared.

FIFO FULL and FIFO WTM are not available in Bypass mode (FIFO\_EN=0)

Do not care Data Ready in FIFO mode (FIFO\_EN=1).

#### Interrupt factor

| Factor     | Status register | Interrupt condition    | Interrupt Clear condition            |
|------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Data Ready | RD_DRDY         | Measurement completion | Read RD_RDRY                         |
| FIFO FULL  | RD_FULL         | FIFO is Full           | Read RD_FULL                         |
| FIFO WTM   | RD_WTM          | FIFO_LEV≧WTM level     | FIFO_LEV <wtm level<="" td=""></wtm> |

## Relation between factor and DRI pin enable

| Factor     | DRI pin enable |  |  |  |  |
|------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Data Ready | DR_EN          |  |  |  |  |
| FIFO FULL  | FULL_EN        |  |  |  |  |
| FIFO WTM   | WTM EN         |  |  |  |  |

DRI pin is Nch open drain so this terminal should be pull-up to voltage source by an external resister.

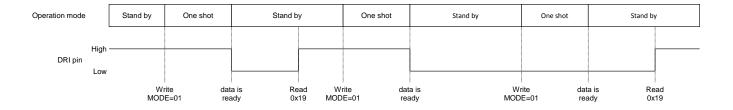
DRI pin is high impedance just after VDD is supplied.

DRI pin becomes inactive (High impedance) by reading RD\_DRDY register or setting reset mode.

VDD current (approximately 6µA at VDD=1.8V) is consumed during DRI is active.

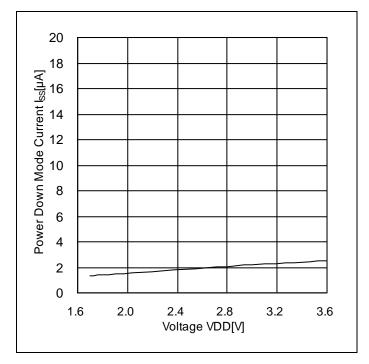
When disabling interrupt function, please disable after clearing interrupt.

## <Example of Data Ready interrupt : 1shot mode>



## **Typical Performance Curves**

(Reference data) (Unless otherwise specified VDD=1.8V Ta=25°C)



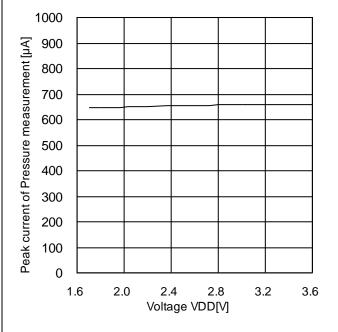
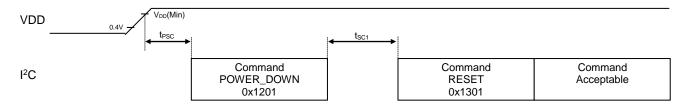


Figure 1. Current vs VDD (PWR\_DOWN=0, RSTB=0)

Figure 2. Current vs VDD (During measurement)

## **Control sequence**

#### 1. Power-on sequence

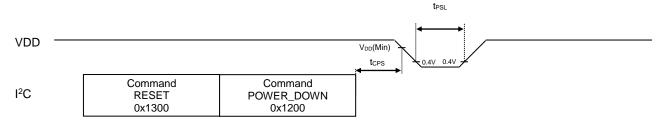


| Parameter                         | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Conditions  |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|-------------|
| Command input time after power-on | tpsc   | 100 | -   | -   | μs   |             |
| Reset cancel wait time            | tsc1   | 1   | -   | -   | ms   | VREG:0.22µF |

t<sub>PSC</sub> after VDD power-on, command can be input.

Please send reset cancel command (RSTB=1) more than  $t_{\text{sc1}}$  after regulator for internal blocks become active (PWR\_DOWN=1)

## 2. Power-off sequence

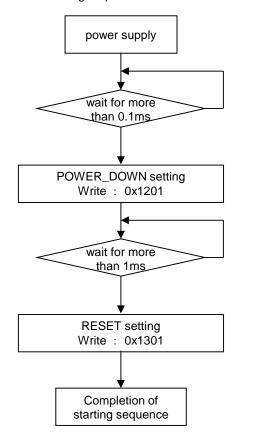


| Parameter                         | Symbol           | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------------|
| Wait time from power down command | tcps             | 0   | -   | -   | μs   |            |
| Power supply OFF time             | t <sub>PSL</sub> | 1   | -   | -   | ms   |            |

Please send reset command (RSTB=0) to turn regulator for internal blocks off (PWR\_DOWN=0) tcps before the VDD power-off.

Please keep VDD Low (VDD<0.4V) more than t<sub>PSL</sub> before VDD power-on

## 3. Starting sequence

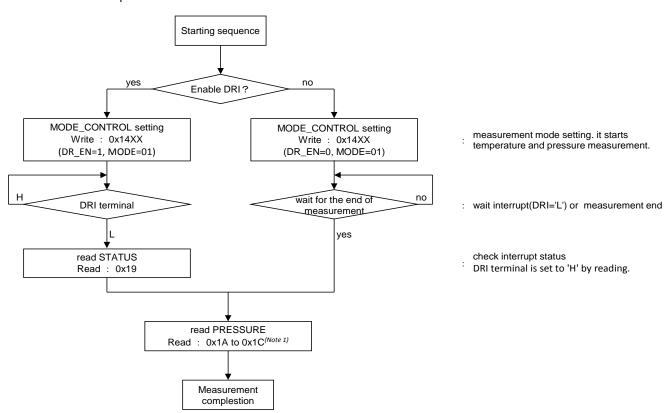


: release Power down

: release Reset mode

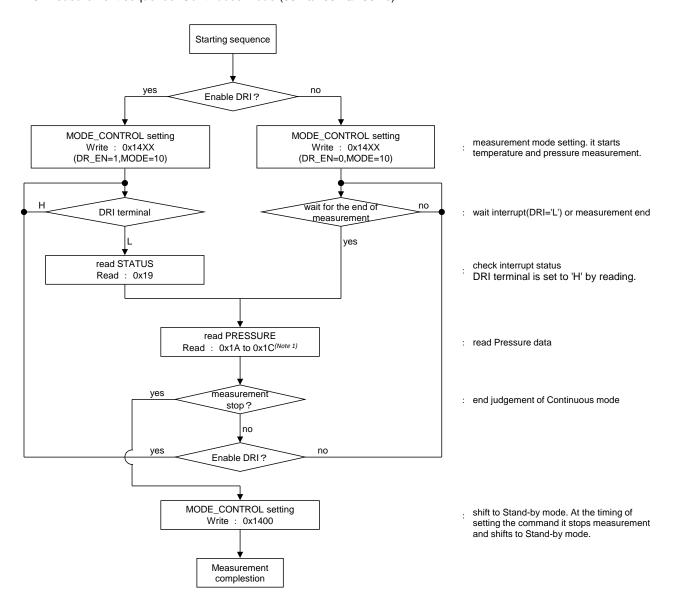
: Completion of operation preparation

## 4. Measurement sequence: One Shot Mode



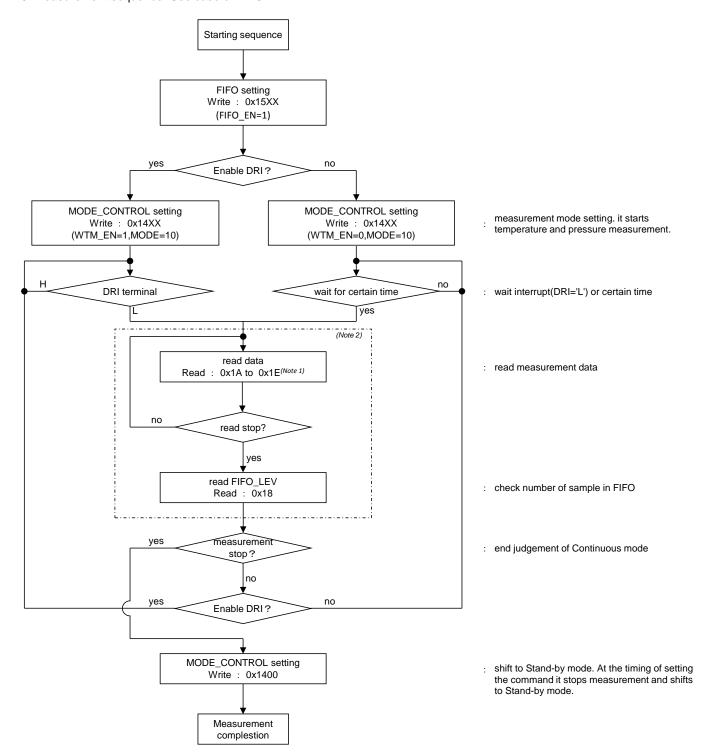
(Note 1) Data registers (0x1A, 0x1B, 0x1C) should be read by burst read.

5. Measurement sequence: Continuous Mode (50ms/100ms/200ms)



(Note 1) Data registers (0x1A, 0x1B, 0x1C) should be read by burst read.

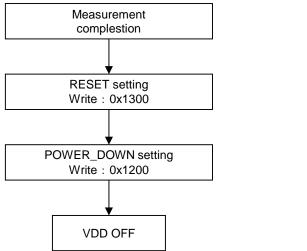
#### 6. Measurement sequence: Use case of FIFO



(Note 1) Data registers (0x1A, 0x1B, 0x1C, 0x1D, 0x1E) should be read by burst read.

(Note 2) During a period form a start of FIFO reading (write to address 0x1A) to FIFO\_LEV reading (write to address 0x18), do not communicate with this device. When communicating with this device during FIFO reading, read FIFO\_LEV and finish FIFO read sequence before other communication. If don't read FIFO\_LEV before other communication, there is a possibility to lose FIFO data.

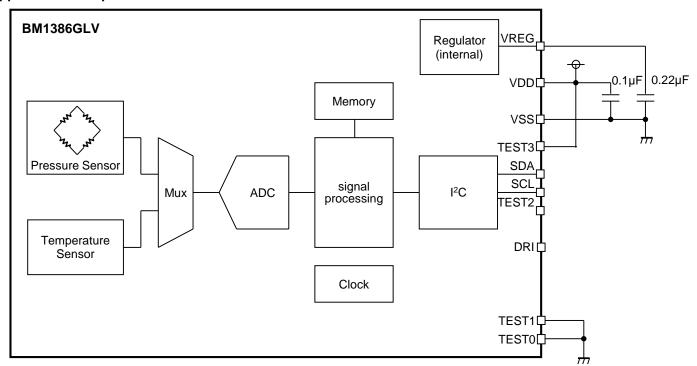
## 7. Ending sequence



: Reset

: power down

## **Application Example**



I/O Equivalent Circuits

| Equivalent Circuits Pin Name | Equivalent Circuit | Pin Name       | Equivalent Circuit                      |
|------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---|
| SCL                          | VDD<br>VDD         | SDA            | VDD VDD                                 |
| TEST3                        | VDD VDD VDD        | VREG           | VDD |
| TEST2                        | VDD VDD            | TEST0<br>TEST1 | VDD VDD VDD                             |
| DRI                          |                    |                |   |

## **Operational Notes**

#### 1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

## 2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

#### 3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

## 4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

#### 5. Recommended Operating Conditions

The function and operation of the IC are guaranteed within the range specified by the recommended operating conditions. The characteristic values are guaranteed only under the conditions of each item specified by the electrical characteristics.

#### 6. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

## 7. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

## 8. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

## 9. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

## 10. Unused Input Pins

Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

## **Operational Notes - continued**

## 11. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

In the construction of this IC, P-N junctions are inevitably formed creating parasitic diodes or transistors. The operation of these parasitic elements can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions which cause these parasitic elements to operate, such as applying a voltage to an input pin lower than the ground voltage should be avoided. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input pins when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. Even if the power supply voltage is applied, make sure that the input pins have voltages within the values specified in the electrical characteristics of this IC.

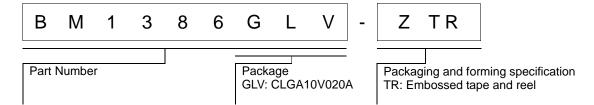
#### 12. Ceramic Capacitor

When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

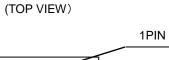
#### 13. Disturbance light

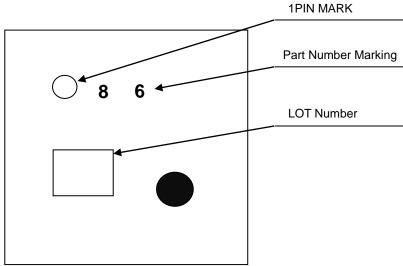
In a device where a portion of silicon is exposed to light such as in a WL-CSP, IC characteristics may be affected due to photoelectric effect. For this reason, it is recommended to come up with countermeasures that will prevent the chip from being exposed to light.

## **Ordering Information**

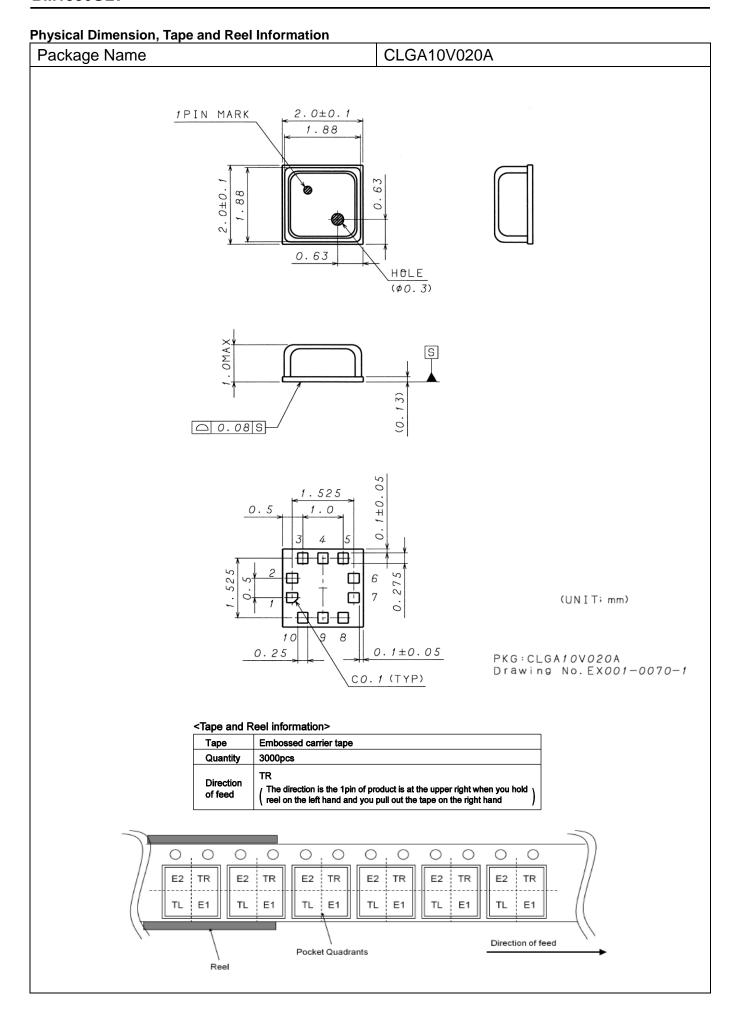


## **Marking Diagrams**





CLGA10V020A



## **Revision History**

| Date        | Revision | Changes   |  |  |
|-------------|----------|---|--|--|
| 18.Aug.2017 | 001      | New Release   |  |  |
| 14.Nov.2017 | 002      | P7,10, 14,15 and 16 Correction of errors P19 Modify Measurement sequence: One Shot Mode, Correction of errors P20 Modify Measurement sequence: Continuous Mode, Correction of errors P21 Add Measurement sequence: Use case of FIFO, Correction of errors |  |  |

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|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|
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| CLASSIV | CLASSⅢ    | CLASSⅢ     | CLASSⅢ    |

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# BM1386GLV - Web Page

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| Part Number                 | BM1386GLV   |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Package                     | CLGA10V020A |
| Unit Quantity               | 3000        |
| Minimum Package Quantity    | 3000        |
| Packing Type                | Taping      |
| Constitution Materials List | inquiry     |
| RoHS                        | Yes         |