

SILICON DIFFUSED POWER TRANSISTORS

High-voltage, high-speed, glass-passivated npn power transistor in a SOT186 envelope with electrically isolated seating plane, intended for use in converters, inverters, switching regulators, motor control systems etc.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BUT21BF	21CF
Collector-emitter voltage peak value; $V_{BE} = 0$ open base	V_{CESM} V_{CEO}	max. max.	750 400
Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 3 \text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	max.	1.5
Collector current saturation DC peak value	I_{Csat} I_C I_{CM}	max. max. max.	3.0 5.0 10
Total power dissipation up to $T_h = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	20
Fall time	t_f	max.	0.7

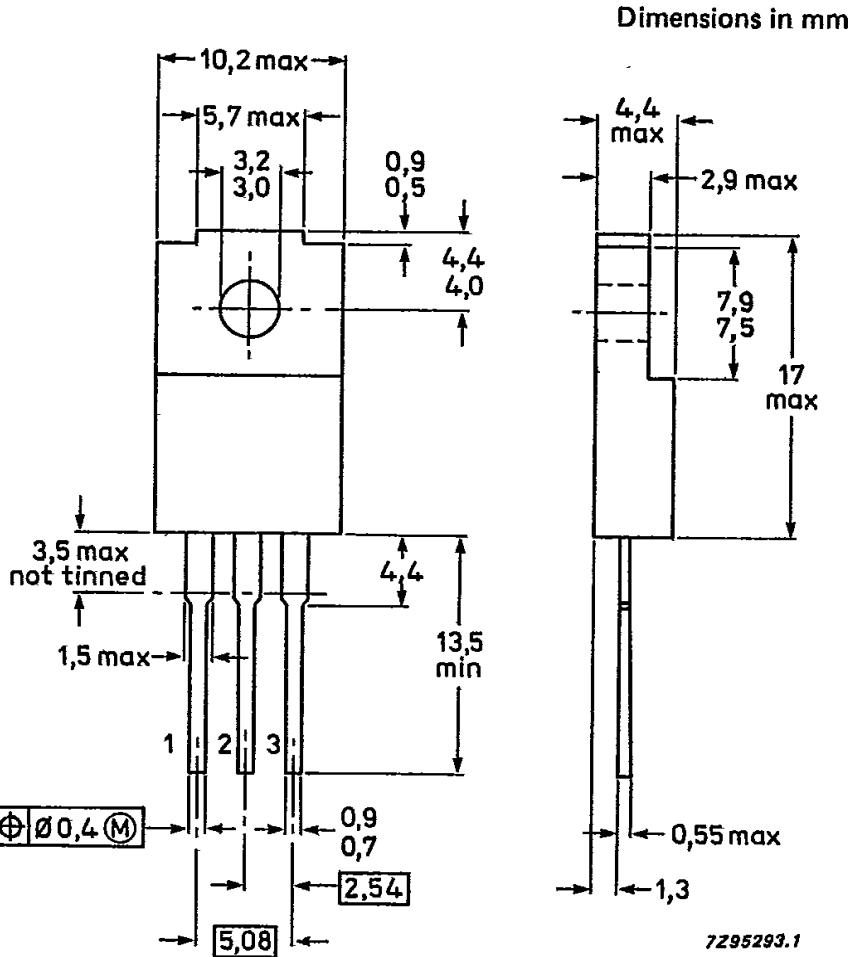
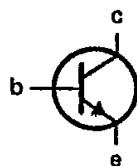
MECHANICAL DATA

Fig.1 SOT186.

Pinning

- 1 = base
- 2 = collector
- 3 = emitter

Mounting base is electrically isolated from all terminals.



RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

		BUT21BF	21CF	
Collector-emitter voltage peak value; $V_{BE} = 0$ open base	V_{CESM} V_{CEO}	max. max.	750 400	850 V 450 V
Collector current saturation DC peak value	I_{Csat} I_C I_{CM}	max. max. max.	3.0 5.0 10	A A A
Base current DC peak value	I_B I_{BM}	max. max.	2.0 4.0	A A
Total power dissipation up to $T_h = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	20	W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		−65 to + 150 °C	
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to internal header	$R_{th\ j\text{-}mb}$	=	1.46	K/W
From junction to external heatsink (note 1)	$R_{th\ j\text{-}h}$	=	6.46	K/W
From junction to external heatsink (note 2)	$R_{th\ j\text{-}h}$	=	3.96	K/W
From junction to ambient	$R_{th\ j\text{-}a}$	=	55	K/W

ISOLATION

Isolation voltage from all terminals to external heatsink (peak value)	V_{isol}	max.	1000	V
Isolation capacitance from collector to external heatsink	C_{isol}	typ.	12	pF

Notes

1. Mounted without heatsink compound and 30 ± 5 newtons pressure on centre of envelope.
2. Mounted with heatsink compound and 30 ± 5 newtons pressure on centre of envelope.

CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified**Collector cut-off currents** $V_{CE} = V_{CES\max}; V_{BE} = 0$ I_{CES} max. 1.0 mA**Emitter cut-off current** $V_{EB} = 9 \text{ V}; I_C = 0$ I_{EBO} max. 10 mA**Current gain** $I_C = 0.5 \text{ A}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ h_{FE} typ. 25**Saturation voltages** $I_C = 3 \text{ A}; I_B = 0.4 \text{ A}$ V_{CEsat} max. 1.5 V $I_C = 3 \text{ A}; I_B = 0.5 \text{ A}$ V_{BEsat} max. 1.5 V**Collector-emitter sustaining voltage
(Figs 2 and 3)** $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}; I_B = 0; L = 25 \text{ mH}$ $V_{CEO}sust$ min. 400 V

450 V

**Switching times resistive load
(Figs 4 and 5)** $I_{Con} = 3 \text{ A}; I_{B\ on} = I_{B\ off} = 0.4 \text{ A}$
 $V_{CC} = 250 \text{ V}; t_p = 20 \mu\text{s}; T = 2 \text{ ms}$ t_{on} max. 1.0 μs **Turn-on time****Turn-off**

storage time

 t_s max. 4.5 μs

fall time

 t_f max. 0.7 μs $I_{Con} = 3 \text{ A}; I_{B\ on} = I_{B\ off} = 0.5 \text{ A}$ **Turn-on time****Turn-off**

storage time

 t_s max. — 4.5 μs

fall time

 t_f max. — 0.7 μs **Switching times inductive load
(Figs 6 and 7)** $I_{Con} = 3 \text{ A}; I_{B\ on} = I_{B\ off}$ as resistive
load; $V_{CL} = 250 \text{ V}; -V_{BE} = -5 \text{ V};$
 $L_B = 1 \mu\text{H}; T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$ **Turn-off**

storage time

 t_s typ. 2.0 μs

fall time

 t_f max. 2.5 μs $I_{Con} = 3 \text{ A}; I_B = I_{B\ on}$ as resistive
load; $V_{CL} = 250 \text{ V}; T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$ t_s typ. 100 μs **Turn-off**

storage time

 t_s max. 2.0 μs

fall time

 t_f typ. 2.5 μs $I_{Con} = 3 \text{ A}; I_B = I_{B\ on}$ as resistive
load; $V_{CL} = 250 \text{ V}; T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$ t_s max. 100 μs

fall time

 t_f max. 250 μs

BUT21BF BUT21CF

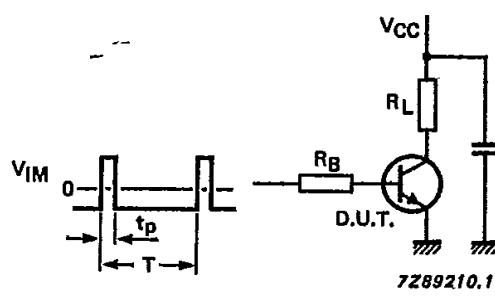


Fig.2 Test circuit for $V_{CEOosust}$.

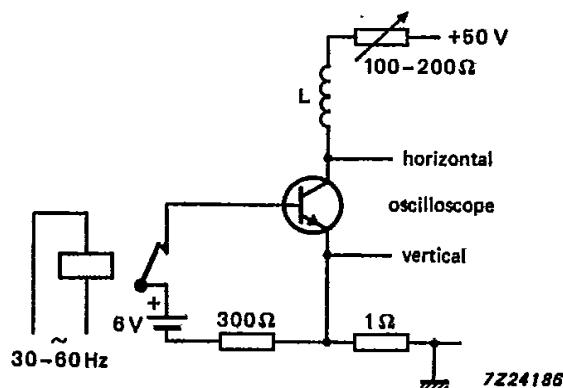
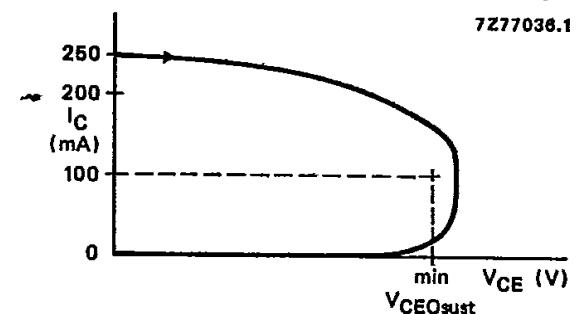


Fig.4 Test circuit resistive load.

Fig.3 Oscilloscope display for sustaining voltage.

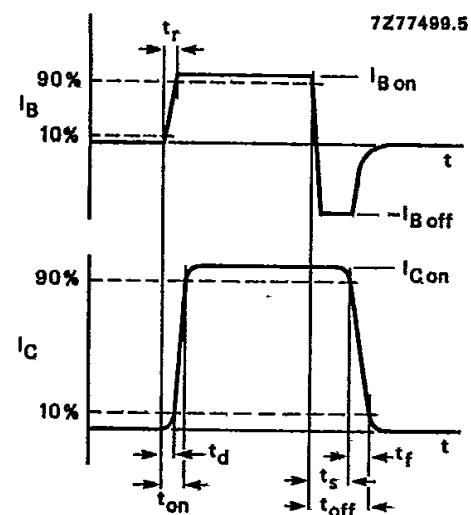


Fig.5 Switching times waveforms with resistive load; t_r max. 30 ns.

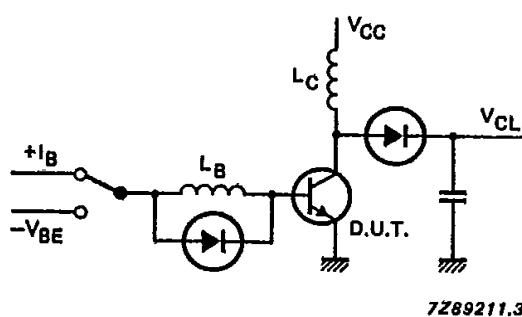


Fig.6 Test circuit inductive load.

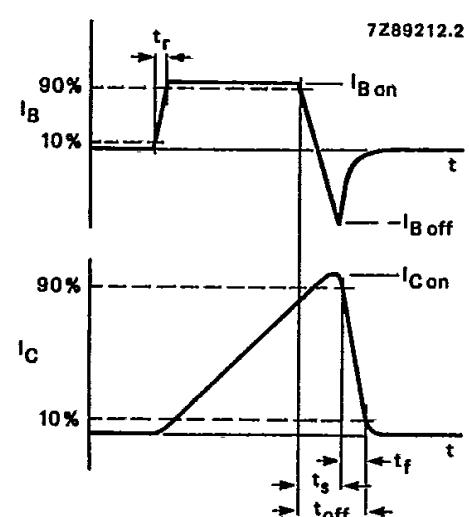
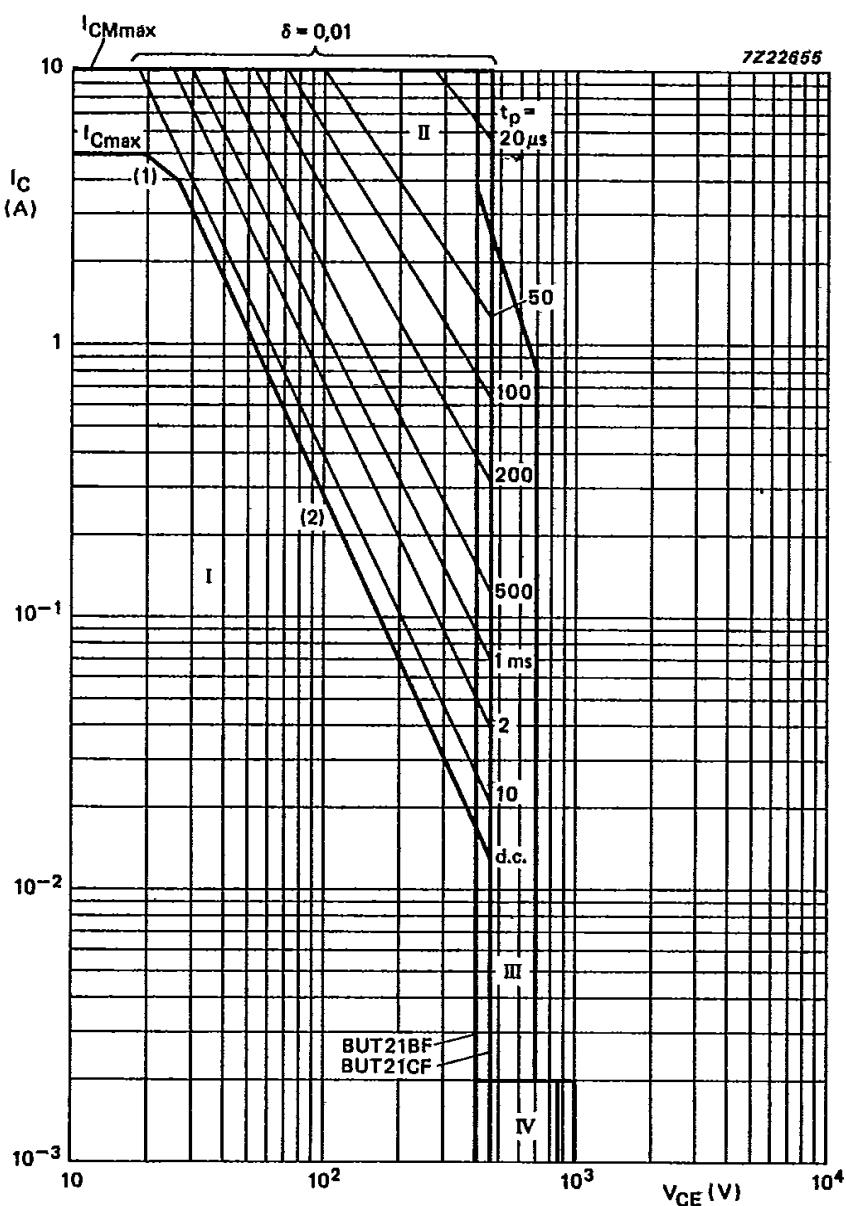


Fig.7 Switching times waveforms with inductive load.



(1) $P_{tot\ max}$ and $P_{tot\ peak\ max}$ lines.
 (2) Second-breakdown limits.

I Region of permissible DC operation.
 II Permissible extension for repetitive pulse operation.

Mounted without heatsink compound and 30 ± 5 newtons pressure on the centre of the envelope.

Fig. 8 Safe operating area at $T_{mb} < 25^\circ C$.

BUT21BF
BUT21CF

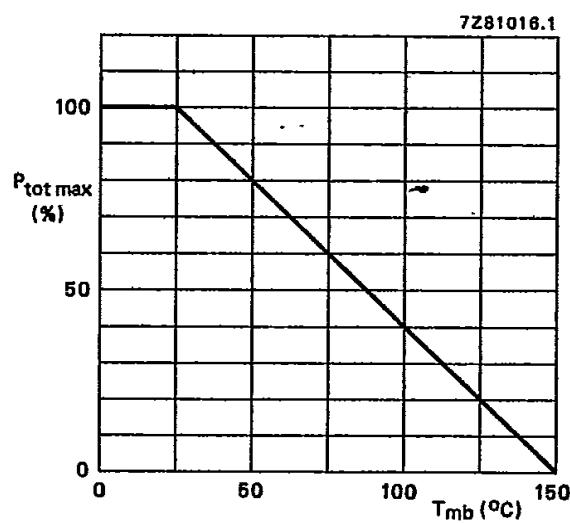


Fig.9 Power derating curve.

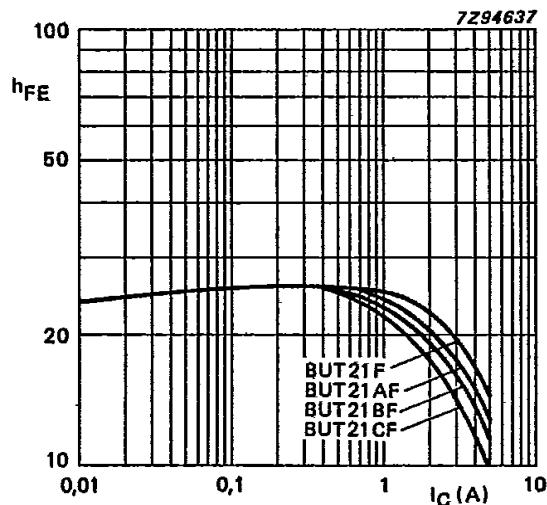


Fig.10 Typical DC current gain at $V_{CE} = 5$ V; $T_j = 25$ $^{\circ}$ C.

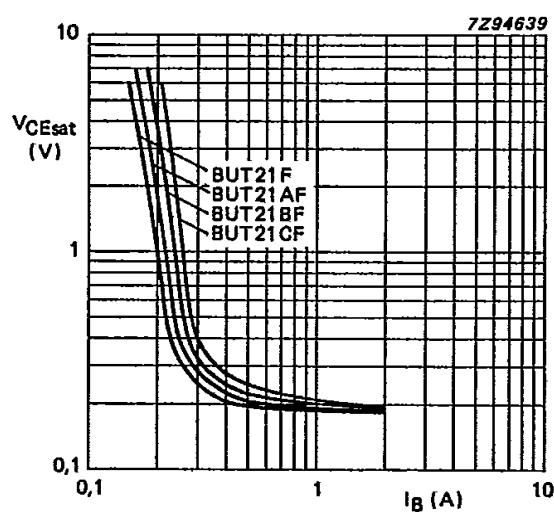


Fig.11 Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of base current; $I_C = 3$ A; $T_j = 25$ $^{\circ}$ C.

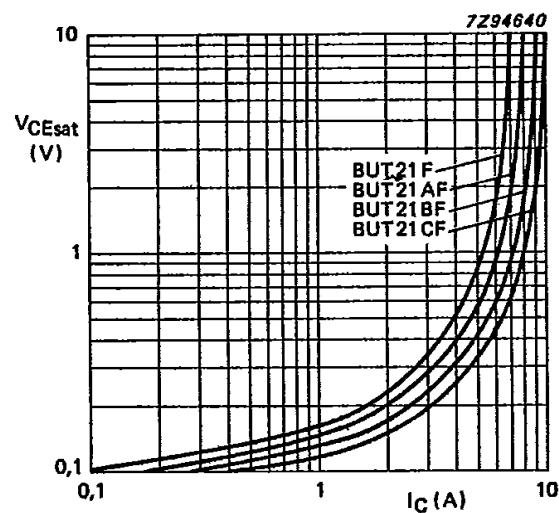


Fig.12 Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current;
 $I_C/I_B = 7.6 \text{ A}$ (BUT21BF), 6.0 A (BUT21CF); $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

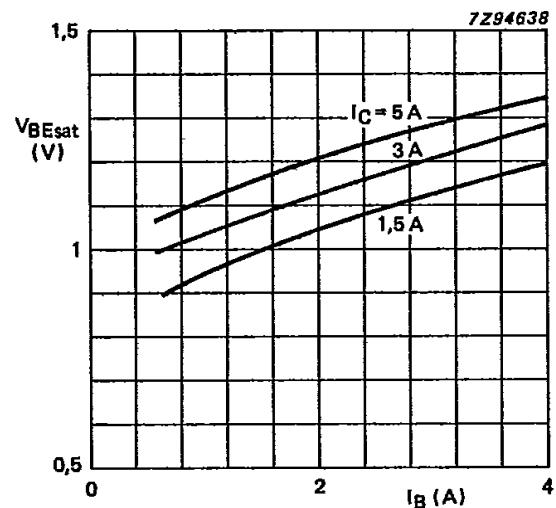


Fig.13 Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of base current; $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$.