

CMOS 4-Stage Parallel In/Parallel Out Shift Register

with J-K Serial Inputs and True/ Complement Outputs

Features:

- 4-Stage clocked shift operation
- Synchronous parallel entry on all 4 stages
- JK inputs on first stage
- Asynchronous True/Complement control on all outputs
- Static flip-flop operation; Master-slave configuration
- Reset control
- Buffered outputs
- Low power dissipation — 5μW typ. (ceramic)
- High speed — to 5 MHz
- Quiescent current specified to 15 V
- Maximum input leakage current of 1μA at 15 V (full package-temperature range)
- 1-V noise margin (full package-temperature range)

The RCA-CD4035A is a four-stage clocked signal serial register with provision for SYNCHRONOUS PARALLEL inputs to each stage and SERIAL inputs to the first stage via JK logic. Register stages 2, 3, and 4 are coupled in a serial D flip-flop configuration when the register is in the serial mode (PARALLEL/SERIAL control low).

Parallel entry via the D line of each register stage is permitted only when the PARALLEL/SERIAL control is high.

In the parallel or serial mode information is transferred on positive clock transitions.

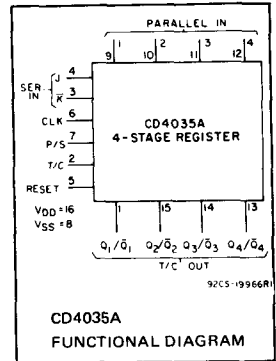
When the TRUE/COMPLEMENT control is high, the TRUE contents of the register are available at the output terminals. When the TRUE/COMPLEMENT control is low, the outputs are the complements of the data in the register. The TRUE/COMPLEMENT control functions asynchronously with respect to the CLOCK signal.

JK input logic is provided on the first stage SERIAL input to minimize logic requirements particularly in counting and sequence-generation applications. With JK inputs connected together, the first stage becomes a D flip-flop. An asynchronous common RESET is also provided.

These types are supplied in 16-lead hermetic dual-in-line ceramic packages (D and F suffixes), 16-lead dual-in-line plastic package (E suffix), 16-lead ceramic flat packages (K suffix), and in chip form (H suffix).

Applications

- Counters, Registers
- Arithmetic-unit registers
- Shift left — shift right registers
- Serial-to-parallel/parallel-to-serial conversions
- Sequence generation
- Control circuits
- Code conversion



MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute-Maximum Values:

- STORAGE-TEMPERATURE RANGE (T_{stg}) -66 to +150°C
- OPERATING-TEMPERATURE RANGE (T_A):
- PACKAGE TYPES D, F, K, H -55 to +125°C
- PACKAGE TYPE E -40 to +85°C
- DC SUPPLY-VOLTAGE RANGE, (V_{DD})
- (Voltages referenced to V_{SS} Terminal): -0.5 to +15V
- POWER DISSIPATION PER PACKAGE (P_D):
- FOR $T_A = -40$ to +60°C (PACKAGE TYPE E) 500 mW
- FOR $T_A = +60$ to +85°C (PACKAGE TYPE E) Derate Linearly at 12mW/°C to 200 mW
- FOR $T_A = -55$ to +100°C (PACKAGE TYPES D, F, K) 500 mW
- FOR $T_A = +100$ to +125°C (PACKAGE TYPES D, F, K) Derate Linearly at 12mW/°C to 200 mW
- DEVICE DISSIPATION PER OUTPUT TRANSISTOR
- FOR $T_A =$ FULL PACKAGE-TEMPERATURE RANGE (ALL PACKAGE TYPES). 100mW
- INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE, ALL INPUTS -0.5 to $V_{DD} +0.5V$
- LEAD TEMPERATURE (DURING SOLDERING):
- At distance 1/16 ± 1/32 inch (1.59 ± 0.79 mm) from case for 10 s max +265°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS at $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, except as noted.

For maximum reliability, nominal operating conditions should be selected so that operation is always within the following ranges:

| CHARACTERISTIC | V_{DD} (V) | LIMITS | | | | UNITS |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------|------------|---------|-------|
| | | D, F, K, H PACKAGES | | E PACKAGE | | |
| | | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | |
| Supply Voltage Range (For $T_A =$ Full Package-Temperature Range) | | 3 | 12 | 3 | 12 | V |
| Data Setup Time, t_{S^*} : | | | | | | ns |
| JK Lines | 5 10 | 500 200 | — — | 750 250 | — — | |
| Parallel-In Lines | 5 10 | 350 80 | — — | 500 100 | — — | |
| Clock Pulse Width, t_{W^*} | 5 10 | 335 165 | — — | 500 250 | — — | ns |
| Clock Rise and Fall Time, $t_{r,CL}, t_{f,CL}$ | 5 10 | — — | 15 5 | — — | 15 5 | μs |
| Reset Pulse Duration, t_{W^*} | 5 10 | 400 175 | — — | 500 200 | — — | ns |

CD4035A Types

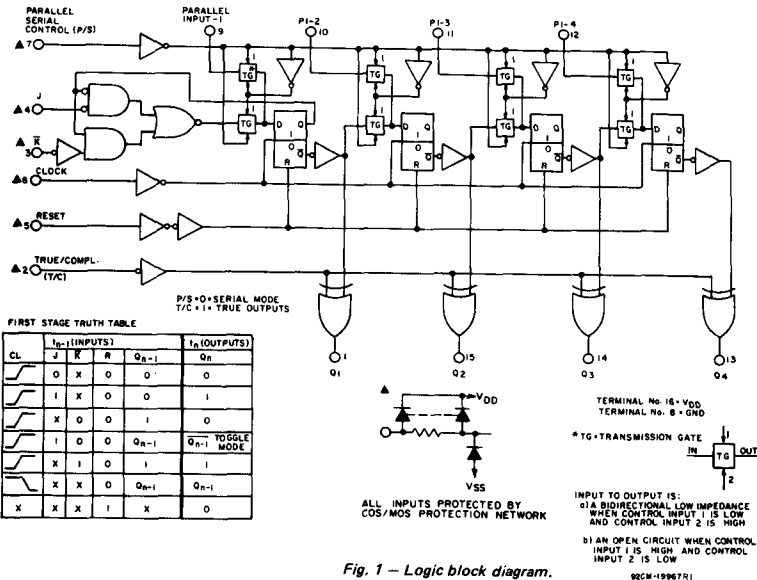


Fig. 1 - Logic block diagram.

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| CHARACTERISTICS | CONDITIONS | | | LIMITS AT INDICATED TEMPERATURES (°C) | | | | | | | | UNITS |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|---------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| | | | | D, F, K, H PACKAGES | | | | E PACKAGE | | | | |
| | | | | -55 | +25 | | +125 | -40 | +25 | | +85 | |
| Quiescent Device Current, I_L Max. | V_O | V_{IN} | V_{DD} | 5 | 0.3 | 5 | 300 | 50 | 0.5 | 50 | 700 | μA |
| | - | - | 5 | 10 | 0.5 | 10 | 600 | 100 | 1 | 100 | 1400 | |
| | - | - | 15 | 50 | 1 | 50 | 2000 | 500 | 5 | 500 | 5000 | |
| Output Voltage: Low Level, V_{OL} | - | 5 | 5 | 0 Typ.; 0.05 Max | | | | | | | | V |
| | - | 10 | 10 | 0 Typ.; 0.05 Max | | | | | | | | |
| High Level, V_{OH} | - | 0 | 5 | 4.95 Min.; 5 Typ. | | | | | | | | V |
| | - | 0 | 10 | 9.95 Min.; 10 Typ. | | | | | | | | |
| Noise Immunity: Inputs Low, V_{NL} | 4.2 | - | 5 | 1.5 Min.; 2.25 Typ. | | | | | | | | V |
| | 9 | - | 10 | 3 Min.; 4.5 Typ. | | | | | | | | |
| Inputs High, V_{NH} | 0.8 | - | 5 | 1.5 Min.; 2.25 Typ. | | | | | | | | V |
| | 1 | - | 10 | 3 Min.; 4.5 Typ. | | | | | | | | |
| Noise Margin: Inputs Low, V_{NML} | 4.5 | - | 5 | 1 Min. | | | | | | | | V |
| | 9 | - | 10 | 1 Min. | | | | | | | | |
| Inputs High, V_{NMH} | 0.5 | - | 5 | 1 Min. | | | | | | | | V |
| | 1 | - | 10 | 1 Min. | | | | | | | | |
| Output Drive Current: N-Channel (Sink), I_{DN} Min. | 0.5 | - | 5 | 0.62 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.35 | 0.43 | 1 | 0.35 | 0.24 | mA |
| | 0.5 | - | 10 | 1.55 | 2.5 | 1.25 | 0.87 | 1.05 | 2.5 | 0.85 | 0.59 | |
| P-Channel (Source), I_{DP} Min. | 4.5 | - | 5 | -0.31 | -0.5 | -0.25 | -0.17 | -0.2 | -0.5 | -0.18 | -0.12 | mA |
| | 9.5 | - | 10 | -0.81 | -1.3 | -0.65 | -0.45 | -0.56 | -0.31 | -0.45 | -0.31 | |
| Input Leakage Current, I_{IL}, I_{IH} | Any Input | | | $\pm 10^{-5}$ Typ., ± 1 Max. | | | | | | | | μA |

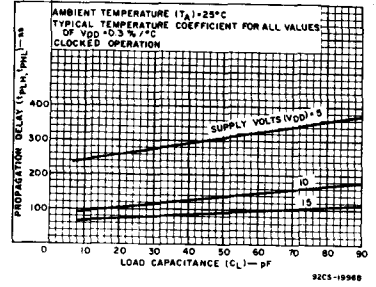


Fig. 2 - Typical propagation delay time vs. load capacitance.

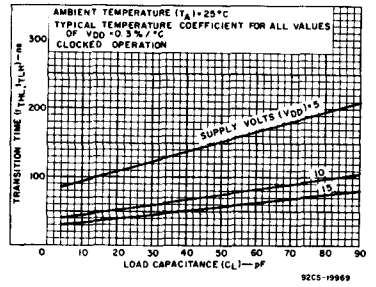


Fig. 3 - Typical transition time vs. load capacitance.

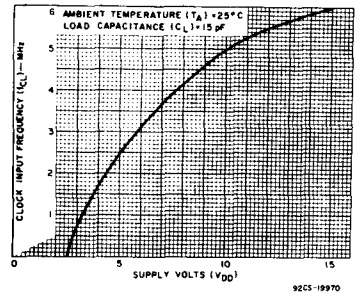


Fig. 4 - Typical clock input frequency vs. supply voltage.

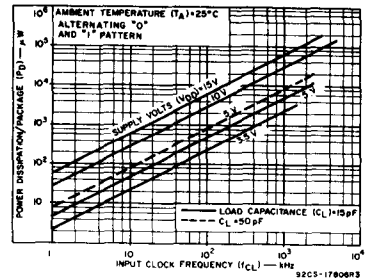


Fig. 5 - Typical dynamic power dissipation characteristics.

DYNAMIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Input $t_r, t_f = 20 \text{ ns}$, $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$, $R_L = 200 \text{ k}\Omega$

| CHARACTERISTICS | TEST CONDITIONS | LIMITS | | | | | | UNITS |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|------|-----------|------|------|---------------|
| | | D, F, K, H PACKAGES | | | E PACKAGE | | | |
| | | V_{DD} (V) | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Typ. | |
| CLOCKED OPERATION | | | | | | | | |
| Propagation Delay Time: t_{PLH}, t_{PHL} | 5 | - | 250 | 500 | - | 250 | 700 | ns |
| | 10 | - | 100 | 200 | - | 100 | 300 | |
| Transition Time: t_{THL}, t_{TLH} | 5 | - | 100 | 200 | - | 100 | 300 | ns |
| | 10 | - | 50 | 100 | - | 50 | 150 | |
| Minimum Clock Pulse Width, t_W | 5 | - | 200 | 335 | - | 200 | 500 | ns |
| | 10 | - | 100 | 165 | - | 100 | 250 | |
| Maximum Clock Rise & Fall Time t_{rCL}, t_{fCL}^* | 5 | - | - | 15 | - | - | 15 | μs |
| | 10 | - | - | 5 | - | - | 5 | |
| Minimum Setup Time: J/K Lines | 5 | - | 250 | 500 | - | 250 | 750 | ns |
| | 10 | - | 100 | 200 | - | 100 | 250 | |
| Parallel-In Lines | 5 | - | 100 | 350 | - | 100 | 500 | ns |
| | 10 | - | 50 | 80 | - | 50 | 100 | |
| Maximum Clock Frequency, f_{CL} | 5 | 1.5 | 2.5 | - | 1 | 2.5 | - | MHz |
| | 10 | 3 | 5 | - | 2 | 5 | - | |
| Input Capacitance, C_I | Any Input | - | 5 | - | - | 5 | - | pF |
| RESET OPERATION | | | | | | | | |
| Propagation Delay Time: t_{PHL}, t_{PLH} | 5 | - | 250 | 500 | - | 250 | 700 | ns |
| | 10 | - | 100 | 200 | - | 100 | 300 | |
| Minimum Reset Pulse Width, t_W | 5 | - | 200 | 400 | - | 200 | 500 | ns |
| | 10 | - | 100 | 175 | - | 100 | 200 | |

*If more than one unit is cascaded t_{rCL} should be made less than or equal to the sum of the transition time and the fixed propagation delay of the output of the driving stage for the estimated capacitive load.

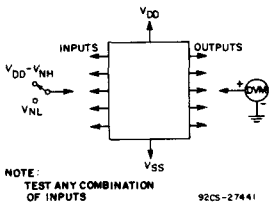


Fig. 6 - Noise-immunity test circuit.

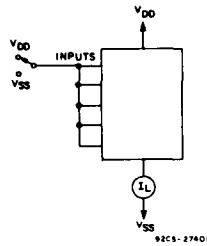


Fig. 7 - Quiescent-device-current test circuit.

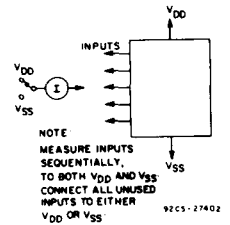


Fig. 8 - Input-leakage-current test circuit.