

The Leader in High Temperature Semiconductor Solutions

CHT-LDOP Datasheet

Version: 2.4 25-Mar-15 (Last Modification Date)

High-Temperature, 1A, Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator

2.5V, 3.3V, 5V, 5.5V, 5.6V, 7.5V, 9V, 10V, 12V, 13V or 15V

General Description

The CHT-LDOP is a 1A, low-dropout linear voltage regulator compatible with high-temperature environments. Typical operation temperature range extends from -50°C to 225°C.

The circuit is stable throughout the whole temperature range and under a large choice of capacitive loads.

The minimum dropout voltage $(V_{in}-V_{out})$ is 2V with a 1A load current at 225°C and 1V for load currents lower than 400mA. The dropout voltage can span from 1 Volts to 20 Volts⁽¹⁾.

The circuit is a one-die solution.

CHT-LDOP is available in TO-254 package and in bare die.

Related documents:

- AN-06016: "Selecting correct CIS-SOID regulator depending on your application"
- AN-06002: "Voltage regulator shortcircuit protection and associated potential startup problem".
- AN-090477: "Power Dissipation Considerations During Short Circuit Conditions"

Applications

Power supplies for high-temperature electronic systems used in Well logging, Automotive, Aeronautics or Aerospace applications.

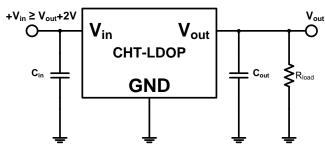
Features

- 1V to 20V dropout Voltage @400mA⁽¹⁾
- 2V to 20V dropout Voltage @1A⁽¹⁾
- Max 1A output current @ 225°C
- 60dB input ripple rejection (0-100Hz)
- C_{load} from 100nF to 1000 μ F, large ESR range
- Output voltage programmable by bonding option (bare die version)
- Available in TO-254 package and bare die form (contact CISSOID) (for other package options, please contact CIS-SOID)
- The start-up is operative over the whole temperature range
- Latch-up free
- Validated at 225°C for 43800 hours (and still on-going)

Available voltages:

| • | CHT-LDOP-025: | 2.5V |
|---|---------------|-------|
| • | CHT-LDOP-033: | 3.3V |
| • | CHT-LDOP-050: | 5.0V |
| • | CHT-LDOP-055: | 5.5V |
| • | CHT-LDOP-056: | 5.6V |
| • | CHT-LDOP075: | 7.5V |
| • | CHT-LDOP-090: | 9.0V |
| • | CHT-LDOP-100: | 10.0V |
| • | CHT-LDOP-120: | 12.0V |
| • | CHT-LDOP-130: | 13.0V |
| • | CHT-LDOP-150: | 15.0V |

Typical application



CHT-LDOP Datasheet

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage V_{in} to GND Junction Temperature ⁽²⁾ T_{j} Power dissipation ⁽³⁾

-0.3V to 40V 300°C **Operating Conditions**

Supply Voltage V_{in} to GND Junction temperature Power dissipation ⁽³⁾

 V_{out} +(1V to 20V)⁽¹⁾ -55°C to +225°C

ESD Rating (expected)

Human Body Model

<1kV

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Frequent or extended exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions or above may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics

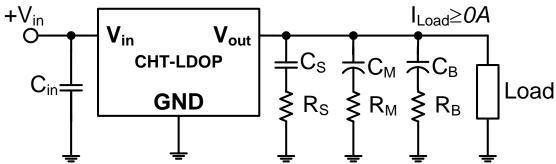
Unless otherwise stated: V_{in} =17V, V_{out} =15V (CHT-LDOP-150). **Bold underlined** values indicate values over the whole temperature range (-55°C < T j < +225°C). For other nominal voltages, see notes under this table.

| Parameter | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|---|---|------------|------------|------------|-------|
| Input voltage V _{in} ⁽¹⁾ | -55°C <t<sub>j <225°C</t<sub> | | | <u>30</u> | V |
| Dropout voltage | I _L <400mA -55°C <t<sub>j <225°C</t<sub> | 1 | | | V |
| (V _{in} -V _{out}) | I _L =1A -55°C <t<sub>j <225°C</t<sub> | <u>2</u> | | | |
| Output voltage accuracy | I _L =10mA -55°C <t<sub>j <225°C</t<sub> | <u>-2</u> | | <u>+2</u> | % |
| Output voltage temperature drift (4) | I _L =10mA +25°C <t<sub>j <225°C</t<sub> | 0 | 40 | 80 | ppm |
| Output voltage line regulation (PSRR _{DC}) (5) | $(V_{in}-V_{out}) = 2V \text{ to } 15V$ $I_L=10\text{mA}$ $-55^{\circ}\text{C} < T_i < 225^{\circ}\text{C}$ | <u>-3</u> | | <u>+3</u> | mV/V |
| Output voltage load regulation (R _{out}) ⁽⁶⁾ | I_L =10mA to 1A (V_{in} - V_{out}) = 2V -55°C < T_i <225°C | | <u>40</u> | <u>100</u> | mV/A |
| Quiescent ground pin | $I_L < 1A$ $T_j = -55$ °C | | 4.1 | | mA |
| current (7) | I_L <1A $T_j = +225$ °C | | 3.8 | | |
| Foldback current | $(V_{in}-V_{out}) = 2V \text{ to } 15V$ -55°C < T_j <225°C | <u>1.5</u> | <u>2</u> | <u>2.5</u> | Α |
| Short circuit current I _{SC} | $(V_{in}-V_{out}) = 2V \text{ to } 15V$ -55°C <t<sub>j <225°C</t<sub> | | 80 | | mA |
| Power supply rejection ratio PSRR ⁽⁸⁾ | f = 0 to 100Hz I _L =100mA -55°C <t<sub>i <225°C</t<sub> | | <u>60</u> | | dB |
| Output noise e _{on} | 10Hz to 10kHz I _L =100mA -55°C <t<sub>i <225°C</t<sub> | | <u>tbd</u> | | Vrms |
| Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (free air) R _{thja} | TO-254 package | | 50 | | °C/W |
| Junction-to-case thermal resistance R_{thjc} | TO-254 packages | | 5 | | °C/W |

Notes

- (1) The maximum input voltage V_{in} is V_{out}+20V or 30V, whichever is less.
- (2) Above 225°C (T_i), a minimum load current of few mA could be required.
- (3) Max Power dissipation depends on packaging.
- (4) ppm are defined as 1e-6x[d(Vout)/d(T)]/Vout. For a nominal output of 15V, 40ppm corresponds to 600μV/°C.
- (5) Defining "x" as the nominal voltage, the line regulation is better than x/5 mV/V.
- (6) This includes the packaging parasitic resistance for TO-254 packages.
- (7) Defining "x" as the nominal voltage, the typical quiescent current at 2V dropout can be approximated as 2.95+x/13 in mA @ -55°C and 2.65+x/13 in mA at 225°C.
- (8) Preliminary data.

Input Capacitor and Output Load Recommended Specifications



Resistances in series with capacitors represent the internal ESR of these capacitors.

Output capacitor recommendations:

Equivalent $C_{out} \ge 220nF$ with low ESR

Large capacitors:

 $C_B = 0-1000 \mu F$

 $R_B = 0.2 \text{-} \infty \Omega$

Medium capacitors:

 $C_M = 0-6\mu F$

 $R_{M} = 0.1 - 1\Omega$

Small capacitors:

C_S= 220-1000nF

 $R_S=10-50m\Omega$

Input capacitor recommendations:

Equivalent $C_{in} \ge 220nF$ with low ESR

Operating Conditions

Start-up conditions

The start-up is operative over the whole temperature range as long as all loads are connected to ground. The start-up is not guaranteed if the positive regulator output has a current path directly connected to a negative voltage. Indeed, such load condition can lead to wrong activation of the short-circuit protection, i.e. a bad start-up or a bad recovering after short-circuit. In this case, it is recommended to use our CHT-LDOS regulator family instead of CHT-LDOP regulator family.

Please refer to our application notes for more details:

- AN-06016: "Selecting correct CIS-SOID regulator depending on your application"
- AN-06002: "Voltage regulator shortcircuit protection and associated potential startup problem".

Power dissipation considerations

When determining the maximum power dissipated by the regulator, not only the dissipation during normal operation must be considered, but also the power dissipated during any eventual short circuit or overload.

During short circuit or overload, worst case conditions are normally found for maximum Vin and a shorting resistance in the order of few Ohms.

Entering into short-circuit or overload conditions with high input voltages Vin may lead to extreme overheating, placing the part above Absolute Maximum Rating conditions.

Please refer to our application note for more detail:

AN-090477: "Power Dissipation Considerations During Short Circuit Conditions"

Shorting the regulator input

If the input terminal is shorted to ground once the output capacitance has been charged, a large current corresponding to the discharge of the output capacitor will flow from the output to the input through the drain-body diode of the internal pass transistor. This large current may cause the permanent damage of the part.

Sinking current or raising the output voltage above the input voltage can cause permanent damage to the part.

Regulator floating ground

When the ground becomes disconnected, the output voltage gets unregulated, causing possible damage to other circuits connected to Vout. If the ground terminal is reconnected while Vin is applied, permanent damage may also occur to the regulator. If a regulator needs to be reconnected with the power supply on, then connect the ground terminal first.



Typical Performance Characteristics (CHT-LDOP-150)

Note: Temperatures hereafter are ambient temperatures.

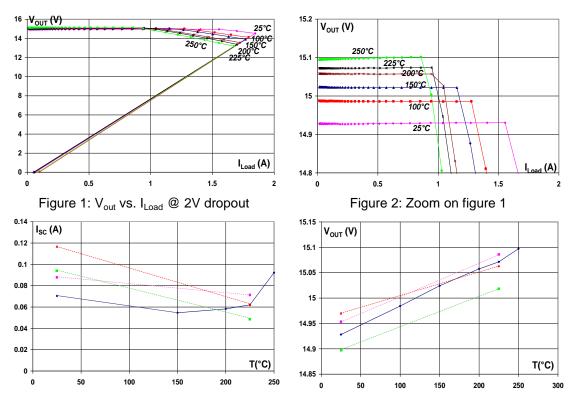
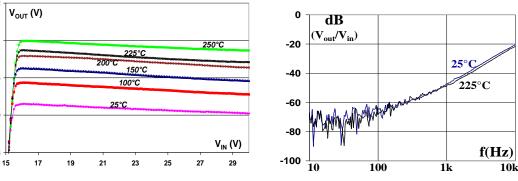


Figure 3: Typical short-circuit current vs. T° (4 samples, 2V dropout)

15.1

15

14.9



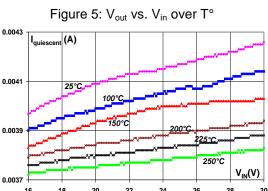


Figure 7: $I_{Quiescent}$ vs. V_{in} over T°

Figure 6: Input ripple rejection (Cout = 1μ F)

Figure 4: V_{out} vs. T° (2V dropout, 4 samples)

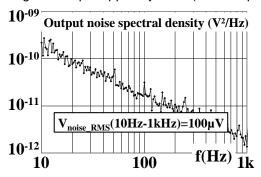


Figure 8: S_{Vout}(V²/Hz) @25°C, I_{Load}=100mA



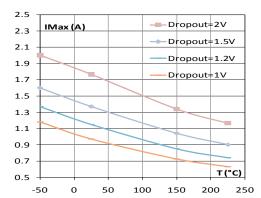
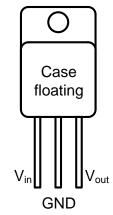


Figure 9: Typical max load current over T° vs dropout voltage

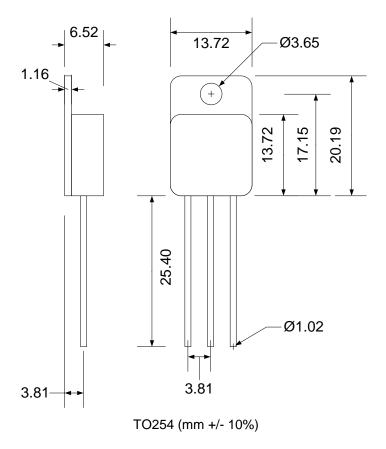
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Packaging and Pinout



TO-254 (Front view)

Package Dimensions



Ordering Information

| Ordering Reference | Package | Output Voltage | Temperature Range | Marking |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| CHT-LDOP-025-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 2.5V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-025 |
| CHT-LDOP-033-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 3.3V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-033 |
| CHT-LDOP-050-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 5V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-050 |
| CHT-LDOP-055-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 5.5V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-055 |
| CHT-LDOP-056-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 5.6V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-056 |
| CHT-LDOP-075-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 7.5V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-075 |
| CHT-LDOP-090-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 9V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-090 |
| CHT-LDOP-100-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 10V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-100 |
| CHT-LDOP-120-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 12V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-120 |
| CHT-LDOP-130-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 13V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-130 |
| CHT-LDOP-150-TO254-T | Metal TO254 | 15V | -55°C to +225°C | CHT-LDOP-150 |

Contact & Ordering

CISSOID S.A.

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