

Chunghwa Picture Tubes, Ltd. Technical Specification

To : Date :

TFT LCD CLAA141XD05

ACCEPTED BY :

Tentative

APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY

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Doc.No:	CLAA141XD05-V2-2004/05/21	Issue Date:	

REVISION STATUS

Revision	Description	Rev. Date
Notice		
1	Tentative 1	2004/02/16
2	Tentative 2	2004/05/12
	Lamp Life Time changed to 15,000hr(P5)	
	CN1 Pin5 assigned BIST Function(P6)	
	Mechanical Drawing Lamp Length 70mm(P13)	

1. OVERVIEW

CLAA141XD05(with LVDS interface) is 14.1" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel , driver ICs , control circuit , and backlight.

By applying 6 bits digital data, 1024×768, 262K color images are displayed on the 14.1" diagonal screen. Input power voltage is single 3.3V for LCD driving.

Inverter for backlight is not included in this module. General specifications are summarized in the following table:

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Display Area(mm)	285.696(H) x 214.272(V) (14.1-inch diagonal)
Number of Pixels	1024 x 3(H) x 768(V)
Pixel Pitch(mm)	0.279(H) x 0.279(V)
Color Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Display Mode	normally white TN
Number of Colors	262,144 colors
Optimum Viewing Angle	6 o'clock
Brightness(cd/m ²)	(200)@6mA
Power consumption(W)	(5.5 W) (Typ.)
Module Size(mm) *)	299.0(W) x 228.0(H) x 5.2(D)Typ.
Module Weight(g)	420g (typ)
Backlight Unit	CCFL, 1 tube
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare(Haze value: 12%) ; Hardness: 3H

[Note] :

The LCD Products listed on this document are not suitable for use of aerospace equipment, submarine cables, nuclear reactor control system and life support systems. If customers intend to use these LCD products for above application or not listed in "Standard" as follows, please contact our sales people in advance.

Standard: Computer, Office equipment, Communication equipment, Test and Measurement equipment,

Machine tool, Industrial robot, Audio and Visual equipment, Other consumer products.

2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	-0.3	4.0	V
LVDS input Voltage	VIN	-0.3	VCC+0.3	V
Static Electricity *1)	VESDt	-250	250	V
Static Electricity 1)	VESDc	-15	15	KV
ICC Rush Current *2)	I _{RUSH}		3.75	Α
Operation Temperature *3)	Тор	0	50	°C
Storage Temperature *3)	Tstg	-20	60	°C
Starting Lamp Voltage	V _{SL}	0	2000	V

[Note] : *1) Test Condition: IEC 1000-4-2,

VESDt : Contact discharge to input connector

VESDc : Contact discharge to module

*2) 50 μ sec , If Vcc rise time increase then I_{RUSH} decrease.

*3) Humidity $\leq 85\%$ RH. without condensation.

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (1)TFT-LCD

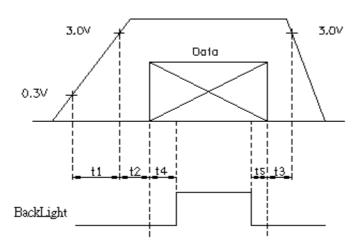
1)TFT-l	LCD					- -	Га = 25°С
	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Remark
Power S	upply Voltage for LCD	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	[Note 1]
Power S	upply Current for LCD	ICC	-	440	800	mA	[Note 2]
. .	Input Voltage	VIN	0	-	VCC	V	
Logic	Common Mode Voltage	VCM	1.125	-	1.375	V	
input Valtara	Differential Input Voltage	VID	250	345	450	mV	
Voltage	Threshold Voltage(High)	VTH	-	-	100	mV	When
[1000 5]	Threshold Voltage(Low)	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	VCM = +1.2V
Toleran	ce of VID	Δ VID	-	-	35	mV	
Toleran	ce of VCM	Δ VCM	-	-	35	mV	

[Note 1]

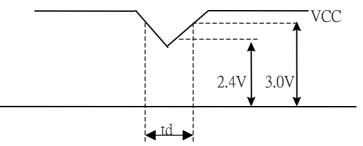
VCC=3.3V

- VCC turn on conditions :
 - $\begin{array}{ll} 0 < t1 \leq 10 \text{ ms} & 200 \text{ms} \leq t4 \\ 0 < t2 \leq 50 \text{ms} & 0 < t5 \leq 10 \text{ ms} \\ 0 < t3 \leq 50 \text{ms} \end{array}$



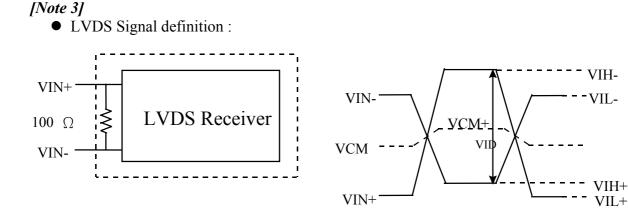


- VCC dip conditions :
 - 1) When $2.4V \leq VCC \leq 3.0V$, $td \leq 10 \text{ ms}$
 - 2) When VCC<2.4V, it works abnormal that must reset power. VCC dip conditions should follow VCC turn on conditions.



[Note 2]

- Typical value is measured when displaying horizontal gray scale line pattern 64 gray level 768 line mode
 - VCC = +3.3V



VIN₊ = Positive differential DATA & CLK Input VIN- = Negative differential DATA & CLK Input

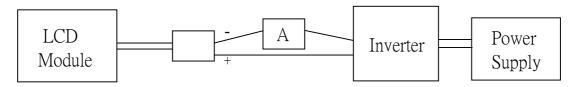
					$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
Lamp Voltage	VL	-	680	-	V
Lamp Current	IL	(3.0)	6.0	6.5	mA
Inverter Frequency	FI	-	52	-	KHz
Lamp life time *1)	Life L	15,000	-	-	hr
Starting $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$	Vs	-	-	900	V
Lamp Voltage*2) $Tb = 0^{\circ}C$	v S	_	-	1200	v

[Note 1]

*1) The time that module luminance reduced to 50% of initial value.

Base on Vs =(900) V, Ta = 25° C, IL=6.0 mA continuous.

Lamp Current measurement method (The current meter is inserted in cold line)

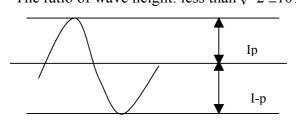


*2) The lamp shall be stably lighted. Slide up method shall be used for input voltage application. The voltage is applied voltage to both ends of the lamp as the established starting voltage.

[Note 2]

Lamp frequency of inverter may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause horizontal beat on the display. Therefore, please adjust lamp frequency, and keep inverter as far from module as possible or use electronic shielding between inverter and module to avoid the interference.

The degrees of unbalance: less than 10% The ratio of wave height: less than $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$



The degrees of umbalance = |Ip-I-p|/Irms*100(%)The ratio of wave height = Ip(or I-p)/IrmsIp: lamp current high side peak, I-p: lamp current low side peak

[Note 3]

Definition of the lamp life time Luminance: L under 50% of specification Starting Lamp Voltage: VS < 900V, Ta=25°C VS < 1200V, Tb=0°C

4. INTERFACE CONNECTION

- (1) CN1 (INTERFACE SIGNAL)
 - Connector type : FI-XB30SL-HF10 (JAE made)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	VSS	Ground
2	VCC	+3.3V power supply
3	VCC	+3.3V power supply
4	V_EEDIO	DDC 3.3V
5	NC	BIST Function High Enable
6	CLK_EEDIO	DDC Clock
7	DATA_EEDIO	DDC Data
8	Link 0-	R0,R1,R2,R3,R4,R5,G0(Note)
9	Link 0+	R0,R1,R2,R3,R4,R5,G0(Note)
10	GND	Ground
11	Link 1-	G1,G2,G3,G4,G5,B0,B1(Note)
12	Link 1+	G1,G2,G3,G4,G5,B0,B1(Note)
13	GND	Ground
14	Link 2-	B2,B3,B4,B5,DENA,HD,VD(Note)
15	Link 2+	B2,B3,B4,B5,DENA,HD,VD(Note)
16	GND	Ground
17	CLKIN-	Clock-
18	CLKIN+	Clock+
19	GND	Ground
20	NC	
21	NC	
22	NC	
23	NC	
24	NC	
25	NC	
26	NC	
27	NC	
28	NC	
29	NC	
30	NC	

[Note] DDC : Display Data Requirements [Note] Refer to page 7, 8, 9, 10, 11(Data Mapping)

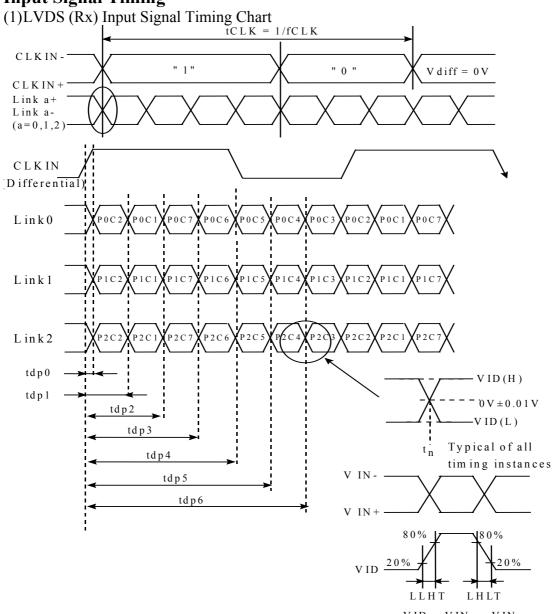
(2) CN2 (BACK LIGHT)

- Backlight-side connector : BHSR-02VS-1(JST made)
 Inverter-side connector : SM02B-BHSS-1(JST made)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	СТН	VBLH (High voltage)
2	CTL	VBLL (Low voltage)

[Note] VBLH-VBLL = VL

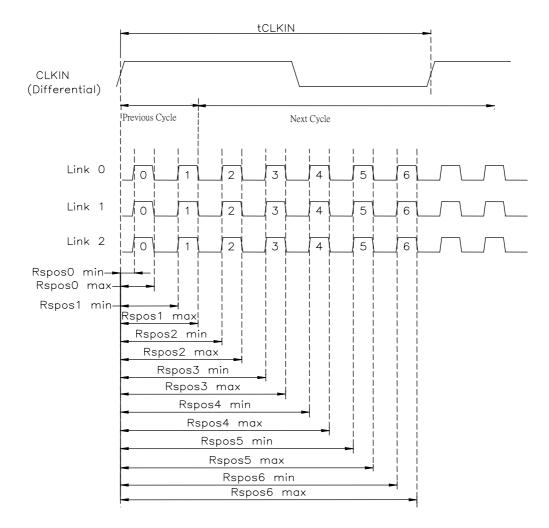
5. Input Signal Timing



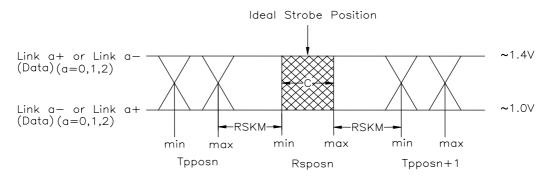
VID	= 1	VIN	+ -	VIN-

Cell	Input Pin name *	DATA	Cell	Input Pin name *	DATA
POC1	TxIN 0	R0	P1C5	TxIN 14	G5
POC2	TxIN 1	R1	P1C6	TxIN 15	B0
POC3	TxIN 2	R2	P1C7	TxIN 18	B1
POC4	TxIN 3	R3	P2C1	TxIN 19	B2
POC5	TxIN 4	R4	P2C2	TxIN 20	B3
POC6	TxIN 6	R5	P2C3	TxIN 21	B4
POC7	TxIN 7	GO	P2C4	TxIN 22	B5
P1C1	TxIN 8	G1	P2C5	TxIN 24	HD
P1C2	TxIN 9	G2	P2C6	TxIN 25	VD
P1C3	TxIN 12	G3	P2C7	TxIN 26	DENA
P1C4	TxIN 13	G4	Ref-CLK	TxCLK IN	DCLK

Parallel TTL Data Mapped to LVDS Receiver Inputs-DS90CF384A *DS90C383(N.S.) LVDS Transmiter Pin Diagram



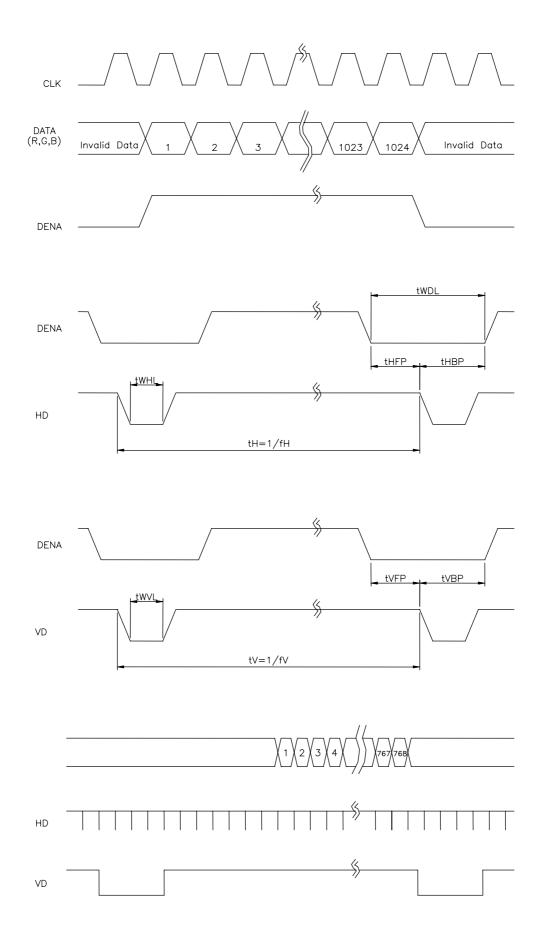
Receiver LVDS Input Strobe Position



Receiver LVDS Input Skew Margin

(2) LCD (Tx) Input Signal Timing Chart : (Rx output)

CPT



						VCC-	=3.3V,Ta	-230
		ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	CLK frequ	ency		fCLKin	-	65	66.6	MHz
	CLK perio	d		tCLKin	15.0	15.4	-	ns
	LVDS Hig	h to Low transi	tion time	LLHT	-	0.75	1.5	ns
	LVDS Low	v to High transi	tion time	LHLT	-	0.75	1.5	ns
	Strobe post	ition of Bit 0		Rspos0	0.7	1.1	1.4	ns
LVDS	Strobe post	ition of Bit 1		Rspos1	2.9	3.3	3.6	ns
Input Timing	Strobe post	ition of Bit 2		Rspos2	5.1	5.5	5.8	ns
Tinning	Strobe posi	ition of Bit 3	f = 65 MHz	Rspos3	7.3	7.7	8.0	ns
	Strobe post	ition of Bit 4	1 – 03MHZ	Rspos4	9.5	9.9	10.2	ns
	Strobe post	ition of Bit 5		Rspos5	11.7	12.1	12.4	ns
	Strobe posi	ition of Bit 6		Rspos6	13.9	14.3	14.6	ns
	RxIN Skev	v Margin		RSKM	400	-	-	ps
	Low width			tWDL	100	320	-	tCLK
		Horizontal Fro	ont Porch	tHFP	0	24	-	tCLK
LOD	DENA	Horizontal Ba	ck Porch	tHBP	4	296	-	tCLK
LCD input		Vertical Front Porch		tVFP	2	3	-	tH
signal		Vertical Back	Porch	tVBP	1	35	-	tH
(LVDS		Frequency		fH	-	48.5	55.9	kHz
Tx Input,	HD	Period		tH	1100	1344	-	tCLK
Rx output)		Low width		tWHL	1	136	-	tCLK
isi ouiput)		Frequency		fV	-	60	62	Hz
	VD	Period		tV	772	806	_	tH
	Low width				1	6	-	tH

(3)Timing Specifications

VCC=3.3V,Ta=25°C

[Note]

1) Polarities of HD and VD are negative in this specification.

- 2) DENA (Data Enable) should always be positive polarity as shown in the timing specification.
- 3) CLKIN should appear during all invalid period, and HD should appear during invalid period of frame cycle.
- 4) LVDS Receiver is DS90C384A(NS made) or function identical to DS90C384A.

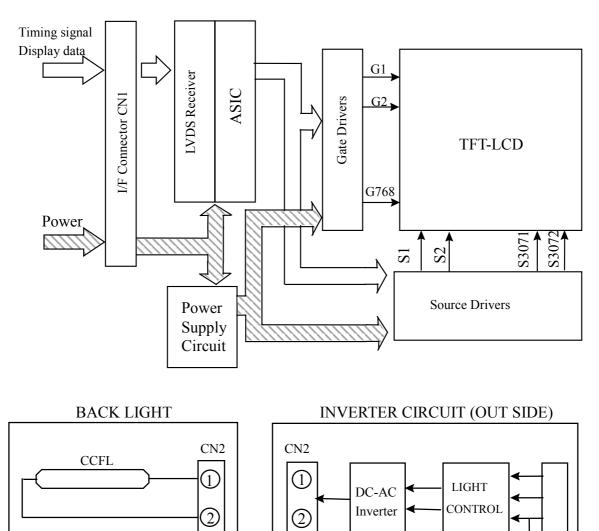
()				R DATA					G DATA						B DATA					
Color	Input Data	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	RO	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	GO	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO	
		MSB					LSB	MSB	: 	:	:		LSB	MSB			:		LSB	
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Basic	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	RED(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		0		·	0	0		0	0	·	0	
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RED				1																
								L												
	RED(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(1)	0	0	0	U	0	0	U	0	0		0	1	0	-	U	0	0	0	
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Green									I I	I I	I I						I I			
			 	I I			 		 	 	 	 	I I				 			
	Green(62)	0	0				0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0		0	
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	1	
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Blue			-	-						! !	! !		-				! !			
			!	! !			! !		! !	! !	! !	! !	! !				! !			
	Blue(62)		0				0				0		0	1	1	1	1	1	0	
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	

(4) Color data definition

[Note]

(1) Definition of gray scale: Color(n) : n means level of gray scale . Bigger n means brighter level. (2) Data : 1= High , 0 = Low

6. BLOCK DIAGRAM

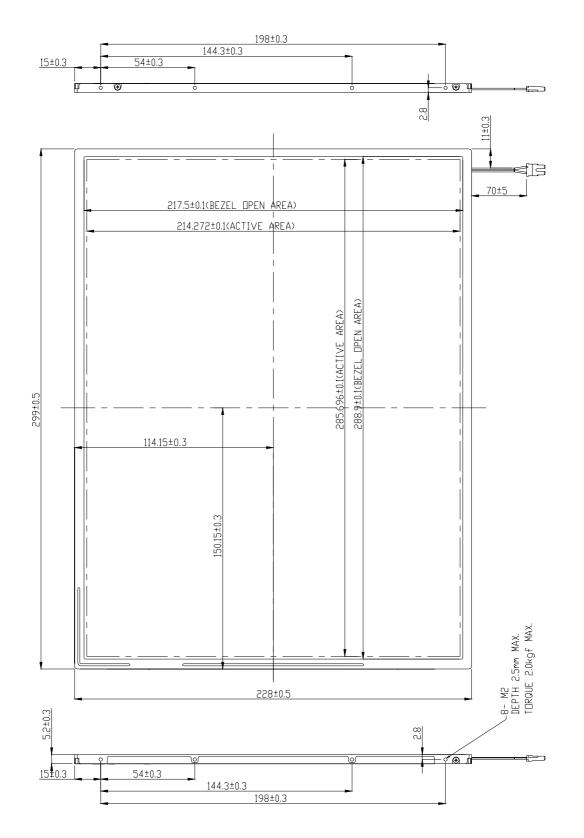


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7. MECHANICAL DIMENSION

(1) Front side

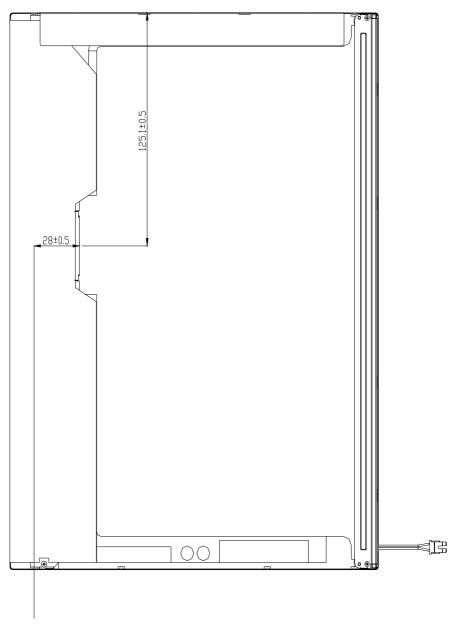
Unit : mm



[Note] Undefined tolerances to be ± 0.5 mm

(2) Rear side

Unit : mm



[Note] Undefined tolerances to be ± 0.5 mm

						1 a =	= 25°C , Vo	c=3.3V	
ITEM			SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Contrast Ratio			CR	$\varphi = \theta = 0^{\circ}$	(350)	(400)	-	-	
Contrast Ratio	Un	iformity	$\triangle CR$	$\varphi = \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	-	(70)	%	
T	Ce	nter point	т	$\varphi = \theta = 0^{\circ}$	(160)	(200)	-	cd/m ²	
Luminance	5 p	oint	L	$I_L = 6.0 \text{mA}$	(150)	(185)	(185)		
Luminance Un	nifo	rmity	∆L	$\varphi = \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	-	(25)	%	
Posponso Tim	0		tr	$\varphi = \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	(8)	(15)	ms	
Response 1 mil	Response Time		tf	$\varphi = \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	(17)	(25)	ms	
Viewing Angle Horizontal Vertical		Horizontal	φ	$CR \ge 10$	-	$(-45 \sim 45)$	-	0	
		θ	CK≟10	-	(-60 ~ 20) -		0		
Image Sticking		tis	2 hrs	-	-	(2)	sec		
Crosstalk modulation Ratio		CMR	$\varphi = \theta = 0^{\circ}$	(0)	-	(0.5)	%		
Color Coordinate		Red	X y		TBD	TBD	TBD		
		Green	x y	$\alpha = 0 = 0^{\circ}$	TBD	TBD	TBD		
		Blue	x y	$\varphi = \theta = 0^{\circ}$	TBD	TBD	TBD	-	
		White	x y		TBD	(0.313) (0.329)	TBD		

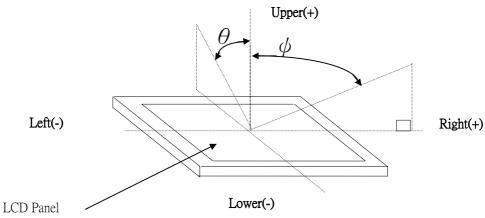
8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, Vcc=3.3V

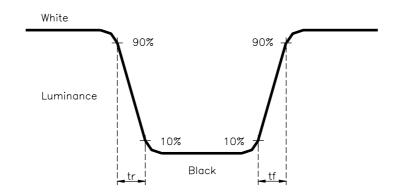
[Note]

CPT

- These items are measured by BM-5A(TOPCON) or LCD-7000 (Otsuak Electronic) in the dark room .(no ambient light).
- Definition of these measurement items are as follows:
 (a) Definition of Viewing Angle(θ, φ)



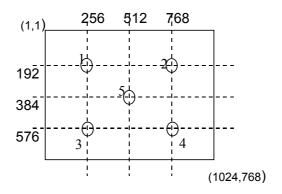
(b) Definition of Response Time



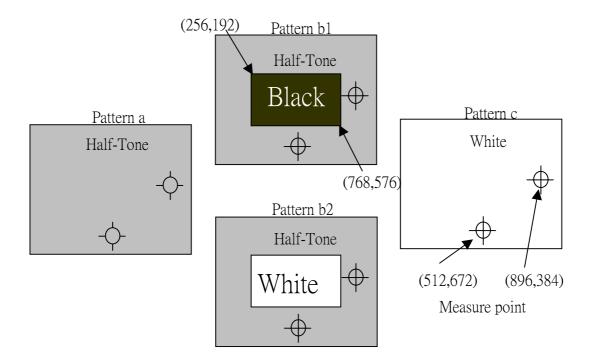
• Definition of luminance and CR measured positions :

- (a) Measure White Luminance on the below 5 points and take the average value.
- (b) CR : measures the same 5 points and take the average value. The Definition of Contrast Ratio is as follows:

CR= (White)Luminance of ON / (Black)Luminance OFF



- Definition of Contrast Ratio Uniformity $\triangle CR = [CR(MAX) / CR(MIN) - 1] \times 100$
- Definition of Luminance Uniformity $\triangle L = [L(MAX) / L(MIN)-1] \times 100$
- Definition of Cross talk Modulation Ratio CMR = MAX ((|(Lb1-La)/Lc|)×100, (|(Lb2-La)/Lc|)×100) Back ground : 32 gray level



9. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS

(1)Temperature and Humidity							
TEST ITEMS	CONDITIONS						
HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION	50°C ,240h						
HIGH TEMPERATURE STORAGE	60°C ,240h or 65°C ,48h						
LOW TEMPERATURE OPERATION	0°C,240h						
LOW TEMPERATURE STORAGE	-20°C,240h						
HIGH TEMPERATURE	50°C,90%RH,240h						
HIGH HUMIDITY OPERATION							
HIGH TEMPERATURE	60°C,90%RH(Max),48h						
HIGH HUMIDITY STORAGE							
THERMAL SHOCK(No operation)	BETWEEN -20°C (1h)AND 60°C (1h),100 CYCLES						

(2)Shock & Vibration

CPT

ITEM	S	CONDITIONS						
SHOCK (NON-OPER/		 Shock level: 1960 m/s² (200G) Waveform: half sinusoidal wave, 2ms Number of shocks: one shock input in each direction of three mutually perpendicular axes for a total of six shock inputs. 						
VIBRATI (NON-OPERA	 Vibration level:14.7 m/s² (1.5G), sinusoidal wave, perpendicular axis(each x,y,z axis: 1hr, total 3 hrs) Frequency range: 5 to 500 Hz Sweep speed : 0.5 octave / min 							
(3)Electrostati	3)Electrostatic Discharge							

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	TEST ITEM	CONDITIONS
	ESD	150PF,330ohm,±15kV(Besides LCD MDL above)
	ESD	200PF,0ohm,250V

(4)Judgment standard

The judgment of the above test should be made as follow:

- Pass: Normal display image with no obvious non-uniformity and no line defect. Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.
- Fail: No display image, obvious non-uniformity, or line defects.

10. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR TFT-LCD MODULE

Please pay attention to the followings in handling- TFT-LCD products;

(A) ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- (1) Please use the mounting hole on the module side in installing and do not beading or wrenching LCD in assembling. And please do not drop, bend or twist LCD module in handling.
- (2) Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.
 - (2.1) Housing case must be destined carefully so as not to put stresses on LCD all sides and not to wrench module. The stresses may cause non-uniformity even if there is no non-uniformity statically.
 - (2.2) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0 mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
 - (2.3) When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
 - (2.4) Design the inverter location and connector position carefully so as not to give stress to lamp cable, or not to interface the LCD module by the lamp cable.
 - (2.5) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interface the LCD module. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
- (3) Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with any-thing hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- (4) Please do not press any parts on the rear side such as source TCP, gate TCP, control circuit board and FPCs during handling LCD module. If pressing rear part is unavoidable, handle the LCD module with care not to damage them.
- (5) Please wipe out LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- (6) Please wipe out drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- (7) Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- (8) Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.
- (9) Please pay attention to handling lead wire of backlight so that it is not tugged in connecting wit inverter.

(B) OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- (2) Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- (3) Please consider that LCD backlight takes longer time to become stable of radiation characteristics in low temperature than in room temperature.
- (4) A condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden charge of ambient temperature.
- (5) Please pay attention to displaying the same pattern for very long time. Image might stick on LCD. If then, time going on can make LCD work well.

(6) Please obey the same caution descriptions as ones that need to pay attention to ordinary electronic parts.

(C) PRECAUTFONSWITHELECTROSTATICS

- (1) This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- (2) Please remove protection film very slowly on the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

(D) STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1) When you store LCDs for a long time, it is recommended to keep the temperature between 0°C-40°C without the exposure of sunlight and to keep the humidity less than 90%RH.
- (2) Please do not leave the LCDs in the environment of high humidity and high temperature such as 60°C 90%RH.
- (3) Please do not leave the LCDs in the environment of low temperature; below -20°C.

(E) SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) When you waste LCDS, it is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- (2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged-glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off throughly with soap and water.

(F) OTHERS

- (1) A strong incident light into LCD panel might cause display characteristics' changing inferior because of polarizer film, color filter, and other materials becoming inferior. Please do not expose LCD module direct sunlight Land strong UV rays.
- (2) Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- (3) For the. packaging box, please pay attention to the followings:
 - (3.1) Packaging box and inner case for LCD are designed to protect the LCDs from the damage or scratching during transportation. Please do not open except picking LCDs up from the box.
 - (3.2) Please do not pile them up more than 5 boxes. (They are not designed so.) And please do not turn over.
 - (3.3) Please handle packaging box with care not to give them sudden shock and vibrations. And also please do not throw them up.
 - (3.4) Packing box and inner case for LCDs are made of cardboard. So please pay attention not to get them wet. (Such like keeping them in high humidity or wet place can occur getting them wet.)