

## 27 - 960 MHz OOK/(G)FSK Transmitter SoC

### MCU Features

- High-performance 8051
  - Single instruction cycle (1T-8051)
  - Up to 24 MIPS
  - 8 kB RAM / 8 kB OTP
  - Built-in 512 bits EEPROM
  - 12 kB ROM (API function library)
  - Single-wire online simulation debugging interface
- Digital peripherals
  - Built-in AES-128 acceleration engine
  - True random number generator
  - 1x UART
  - 1x SPI
  - 1x WDT
  - 1x RTC (internal 32 kHz and external 32.768KHz)
  - 2x 16-bit multifunction timer (supports PWM/CCP)
  - 16x GPIO, all supporting interrupt-on-change and wake-up
- Analog peripherals
  - Sub-1G transmitter module
  - 3D low-frequency wake-up module
  - 12-bit SAR-ADC, 100ksps, 12-ch
  - Built-in high speed 3 /12/ 24 MHz RC oscillator
  - Built-in low-power 32 kHz RC oscillator
  - Support for external 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator
- Code security
  - Built-in multi-level program protection achieving high security
  - Serial port (S3S interface) for programming with lock function

### Low-power Features

- Operating temperature: - 40 °C ~ + 85 °C
- Operating voltage: 2.0 - 3.6 V
- Shutdown current: 300 nA
- RTC mode current: 800 nA
- Low-power wake-up: 4.6 uA @ 125 kHz

### Sub-1G Transmitter Features

- Operating frequency range: 27 - 960 MHz
- Modulation mode: OOK, G/FSK
- Data rate
  - 0.5 – 40 kbps (OOK)
  - 0.5 – 200 kbps (G/FSK)
- Output power: +13 dBm (Max.)
- Operating current: 18mA @+13 dBm, 433.92 MHz FSK
- Dual transmission PAs
  - Single-ended and high-efficient Class E transmission PA
  - Differential transmission PA
- PA ramping slope varying according to rate

### 3D Low-frequency Wake-up Features

- Operating frequency: 20 - 200 kHz
- Data rate: 1 – 8 kbps
- Supporting 1/2/3 channels
- Supporting programmable 8/16/24/32-bit matching sync word
- Supporting programmable 8/16-bit matching ID
- Wake-up sensitivity of 70 uVrms
- Supporting low-power listening mode (DutyCycle)
- Supporting digital RSSI with a dynamic range of 80 dB

### Packaging

- TSSOP28

### Application

- Garage door remote control
- Remote access control system
- Consumer wireless remote control
- Smart home
- Home security
- Active RFID tags
- Wireless sensor network
- WM-Bus T1 mode

## Description

Embedded with a 1T-8051 core, the CMT2163A is a low-power SoC RF transmitter enriched with below features.

1. The chip series supports wireless transmission @ 27 - 960 MHz with OOK or (G)FSK modulation.
2. High-efficient single-ended PA with an adjustable output power range of 0~+13dBm, consuming only a current of 18 mA for +13dBm transmission.
3. 8 kB OTP program bank and 12 kB ROM (for API library storage).
4. With 1-wire online simulation function, users can download the target debugging code directly to the on-chip PRAM through the dedicated 1-wire debugger, achieving more convenient debugging comparing with the troublesome debugging of traditional OTP chip with no online simulation supporting and a specific simulator required.
5. Supporting built-in AES-128 accelerator, true random number generator (TRNG), and 32-bit serial number (ID), fit for remote or active RFID applications requiring encrypted transmission.
6. Supporting dual-clock operating architecture, namely, the system operating with the internal high-speed clock meanwhile the internal low-power RC oscillation or external 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator operating for periodical wake-up from low-power mode.
7. Built-in 12-bit high-precision and high-speed SAR-ADC, fit for wireless sensor acquisition scenarios.



TSSOP28 9.70 x 6.40 x 1.2 mm

## Ordering Information

| Model        | Package     | MOQ      |
|--------------|-------------|----------|
| CMT2163A-ETR | TSSOP28 T&R | 2500 pcs |

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# 1 Electrical Specifications

If nothing else stated, all measurement results are obtained using the evaluation board CMT216xA-EM Rev001 under the conditions of VDD= 3.3 V, T<sub>OP</sub>= 25°C, F<sub>RF</sub> = 433.92 MHz, matching to 50 Ω impedance and +10 dBm output power.

## 1.1 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 1. Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter                | Symbol          | Condition                          | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit  |
|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Operating supply voltage | VDD             | Temperature range is -40°C ~ +85°C | 2.0  |      | 3.6  | V     |
| Operating temperature    | T <sub>OP</sub> |                                    | - 40 |      | + 85 | °C    |
| Supply voltage slope     |                 |                                    | 1    |      |      | mV/us |

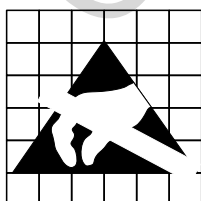
## 1.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>[1]</sup>

| Parameter                 | Symbol | Condition                     | Min. | Typ.      | Max. |
|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|------|-----------|------|
| Supply voltage            | VDD    |                               | -0.3 | 3.6       | V    |
| Interface voltage         | VIN    |                               | -0.3 | VDD + 0.3 | V    |
| Junction temperature      | TJ     |                               | -40  | 125       | °C   |
| Storage temperature       | TSTG   |                               | -50  | 150       | °C   |
| Soldering temperature     | TSDR   | Lasts for at least 30 seconds |      | 255       | °C   |
| ESD rating <sup>[2]</sup> |        | Human body model (HBM)        | -2   | 2         | kV   |
| Latch-up current          |        | @ 85°C                        | -100 | 100       | mA   |

Notes:

- [1]. Exceeding *the Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the equipment. This value is a pressure rating and does not imply that the function of the equipment is affected under this pressure condition, but if it is exposed to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time, it may affect equipment reliability.
- [2]. The CMT216xA is a high performance RF integrated circuit. The operation and assembly of this chip should only be performed with good ESD protection.



Caution! ESD sensitive device. Precaution should be used when handling the device in order to prevent performance degradation or loss of functionality.

## 1.3 Transmitter Specifications

Table 3. Transmitter Specifications

| Parameter                                | Symbol               | Condition  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--|----------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Frequency range                          | F <sub>RF</sub>      | HXOSC connecting 26 MHz crystal oscillator         | 27   |      | 480  | MHz  |
|  |                      |  | 630  |      | 960  | MHz  |
| Data rate                                | DR                   | OOK  | 0.5  |      | 40   | kbps |
|  |                      | (G)FSK   | 0.5  |      | 200  | kbps |
| Output power range                       | P <sub>OUT</sub>     | Single-ended PA mode                               | 0    |      | +13  | dBm  |
| FSK frequency deviation range            | F <sub>DEV</sub>     | 630 ~ 960 MHz                                      | 1    |      | 300  | kHz  |
|  |                      | 315 ~ 480 MHz                                      | 0.5  |      | 150  | kHz  |
|  |                      | 210 ~ 320 MHz                                      | 0.33 |      | 100  | kHz  |
|  |                      | 160 ~ 240 MHz                                      | 0.25 |      | 75   | kHz  |
|  |                      | 105 ~ 160 MHz                                      | 0.17 |      | 50   | kHz  |
| Output power step                        | P <sub>STEP</sub>    |  |      | 1    |      | dB   |
| Transmission startup time <sup>[1]</sup> | T <sub>PLL</sub>     | API tx_sym_prepare_for_transmission execution time |      | 900  |      | uS   |
| FSK transmission current <sup>[2]</sup>  | I <sub>DD-315F</sub> | 0dBm   |      | 7.9  |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +5dBm  |      | 10.0 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +7dBm  |      | 11.4 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +10dBm   |      | 14.0 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +13dBm   |      | 17.0 |      | mA   |
|  | I <sub>DD-434F</sub> | 0dBm   |      | 8.0  |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +5dBm  |      | 10.3 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +7dBm  |      | 11.8 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +10dBm   |      | 14.3 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +13dBm   |      | 20.6 |      | mA   |
|  | I <sub>DD-868F</sub> | 0dBm   |      | 9.2  |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +5dBm  |      | 12.2 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +7dBm  |      | 13.8 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +10dBm   |      | 17.7 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +13dBm   |      | 23.5 |      | mA   |
|  | I <sub>DD-915F</sub> | 0dBm   |      | 9.1  |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +5dBm  |      | 12.3 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +7dBm  |      | 13.7 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +10dBm   |      | 18.3 |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +13dBm   |      | 25.0 |      | mA   |
| OOK transmission current <sup>[3]</sup>  | I <sub>DD-434O</sub> | 0dBm   |      | 6.5  |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +5dBm  |      | 7.2  |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +7dBm  |      | 7.8  |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +10dBm   |      | 8.5  |      | mA   |
|  |                      | +13dBm   |      | 12.0 |      | mA   |

| Parameter   | Symbol               | Condition   | Min. | Typ.  | Max. | Unit   |
|---|----------------------|---|------|-------|------|--------|
|   | I <sub>DD-868O</sub> | 0dBm  |      | 6.8   |      | mA     |
|   |                      | +5dBm   |      | 8.0   |      | mA     |
|   |                      | +7dBm   |      | 8.9   |      | mA     |
|   |                      | +10dBm  |      | 10.5  |      | mA     |
|   |                      | +13dBm  |      | 13.7  |      | mA     |
| Phase noise   | PN <sub>434</sub>    | 100kHz frequency deviation                        |      | 80    |      | dBc/Hz |
|   |                      | 200kHz frequency deviation                        |      | 83    |      | dBc/Hz |
|   |                      | 400kHz frequency deviation                        |      | 91    |      | dBc/Hz |
|   |                      | 600kHz frequency deviation                        |      | 96    |      | dBc/Hz |
|   |                      | 1.2MHz frequency deviation                        |      | 105   |      | dBc/Hz |
|   | PN <sub>868</sub>    | 100kHz frequency deviation                        |      | -77   |      | dBc/Hz |
|   |                      | 200kHz frequency deviation                        |      | -79   |      | dBc/Hz |
|   |                      | 400kHz frequency deviation                        |      | -87   |      | dBc/Hz |
|   |                      | 600kHz frequency deviation                        |      | -91   |      | dBc/Hz |
|   |                      | 1.2MHz frequency deviation                        |      | -100  |      | dBc/Hz |
| Harmonic output   | H2 <sub>315</sub>    | 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic @630MHz, +13dBm          |      | < -45 |      | dBm    |
|   | H3 <sub>315</sub>    | 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic @945MHz, +13dBm          |      | < -45 |      | dBm    |
|   | H2 <sub>434</sub>    | 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic @867.84MHz, +13dBm       |      | < -45 |      | dBm    |
|   | H3 <sub>434</sub>    | 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic @1301.76MHz, +13dBm      |      | < -45 |      | dBm    |
|   | H2 <sub>868</sub>    | 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic @1736MHz, +13dBm         |      | < -36 |      | dBm    |
|   | H3 <sub>868</sub>    | 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic @2604MHz, +13dBm         |      | < -36 |      | dBm    |
|   | H2 <sub>915</sub>    | 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic @1830MHz, +13dBm         |      | < -36 |      | dBm    |
|   | H3 <sub>915</sub>    | 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic @2745MHz, +13dBm         |      | < -36 |      | dBm    |
| OOK adjusted extinction ratio   |                      |   | 60   |       | dB   |        |
| Occupied bandwidth  | OBW <sub>315</sub>   | A bandwidth of -20 dBc, RBW = 1kHz, SR = 1.2 kbps |      | 6     |      | kHz    |
|   | OBW <sub>434</sub>   | A bandwidth of -20 dBc, RBW = 1kHz, SR = 1.2 kbps |      | 7     |      | kHz    |
| Notes   |                      |   |      |       |      |        |
| [1]. This item already includes the crystal startup time.   |                      |   |      |       |      |        |
| [2]. It includes the 8051 core current. HFOSC uses the internal 24 MHz high-speed RC as the clock source. |                      |   |      |       |      |        |

## 1.4 Oscillator Specifications

Table 4. Oscillator Specification

| Parameter  | Symbol                             | Condition     | Min. | Typ. | Max.   | Unit | Parameter |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------|------|------|--------|------|-----------|
| High-speed oscillating frequency   | Crystal frequency <sup>[1]</sup>   | $F_{HXOSC}$   |      |      | 26     |      | MHz       |
|  | Frequency precision <sup>[2]</sup> |               |      |      | ±20    |      | ppm       |
|  | Load capacitor                     | $C_{HX-LOAD}$ |      |      | 15     |      | pF        |
|  | Equivalent resistance              | $R_{HX-ESR}$  |      |      |        | 60   | Ω         |
|  | Startup time <sup>[3]</sup>        | $t_{HXOSC}$   |      |      | 400    |      | us        |
| 32.768 KHz crystal oscillator  | Crystal frequency <sup>[1]</sup>   | $F_{LXOSC}$   |      |      | 32.768 |      | KHz       |
|  | Frequency precision <sup>[2]</sup> |               |      |      |        |      | ppm       |
|  | Load capacitor                     | $C_{LX-LOAD}$ |      |      | 9      | 12.5 | pF        |
|  | Equivalent resistance              | $R_{LX-ESR}$  |      |      | 50     | 90   | KΩ        |
|  | Startup time <sup>[3]</sup>        | $t_{LXOSC}$   |      |      | 1      |      | s         |
| Internal high speed RC oscillator  | RC oscillating frequency           | $F_{HF-RC}$   |      | 3    | 24     | 24   | MHz       |
|  | Frequency precision <sup>[4]</sup> |               |      |      | 1      |      | %         |
| Internal 32 kHz RC oscillator  | Oscillator frequency               | $F_{LP-RC}$   |      |      | 32     |      | kHz       |
|  | Frequency precision <sup>[4]</sup> |               |      |      | 1      |      | %         |
| Notes:   |                                    |               |      |      |        |      |           |
| [1]. An external reference clock can be used to drive the XTAL pin directly through a coupling capacitor. It's required the peak-to-peak level of the external reference clock is between 0.3 and 0.7 V.   |                                    |               |      |      |        |      |           |
| [2]. It involves:(1) initial tolerance, (2) crystal loading, (3) aging, and (4) temperature changing. The acceptable crystal frequency tolerance is subject to the bandwidth of the receiver and the RF error between the receiver and its paired transmitter. |                                    |               |      |      |        |      |           |
| [3]. This parameter is crystal dependent to a large degree.  |                                    |               |      |      |        |      |           |
| [4]. Frequency precision is the value after calibration, which is related to environmental factors. Users can initiate calibration through calling the calibration API.  |                                    |               |      |      |        |      |           |

## 1.5 EEPROM Specifications

Table 5. EEPROM Specifications

| Parameter   | Symbol      | Condition                                  | Min.   | Typ.      | Max. | Unit    |
|---|-------------|--|--------|-----------|------|---------|
| Re- writing time  | $t_{EE-WR}$ | Call eeprom_write_words for <sup>[1]</sup> |        | 14        |      | ms/unit |
|   |             | Call eeprom_set_dec_count <sup>[2]</sup>   |        | 42        |      | ms      |
| Number of programming times   |             | Call eeprom_write_words <sup>[1]</sup>     | 10,000 | 100,000   |      | cycles  |
|   |             | Call eeprom_set_dec_count <sup>[2]</sup>   |        | 1,000,000 |      | cycles  |
| Notes:  |             |  |        |           |      |         |
| [1]. The internal EEPROM is re-written by calling API eeprom_write_words for direct re-writing, and the operation address points to a 2-byte storage unit, namely, each unit is 2 bytes.  |             |  |        |           |      |         |
| [2]. The internal EEPROM is re-written by calling API eeprom_set_dec_count for enhanced re-writing. By applying Balanced Gray Code algorithm, it can endure more than 1,000,000 writing operations. It should be noted that the function is fixed to operating 3 units, namely, this field occupies 6 bytes with only the lower 22 bits data valid in the written value and the read value. |             |  |        |           |      |         |

## 1.6 3D Low-frequency Wake-up Performance

Table 6. 3D-LF RX Specification

| Parameter           | Symbol                     | Condition   | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------|----------------------------|---|------|------|------|------|
| Low-frequency range | $LF_{Range}$               | Operating frequency range   | 15   | 125  | 200  | kHz  |
| Operating current   | $I_{single\_carrier\_RC}$  | Power consumption when single channel in operating (using internal RC clock for carrier detection)                    |      | 4.6  |      | uA   |
|                     | $I_{scan\_carrier\_RC}$    | Power consumption when multiple channels in operating   |      | 4.6  |      | uA   |
|                     | $I_{single\_snr\_RC}$      | Power consumption when single channel in operating (SNR detection)  |      | 5.7  |      | uA   |
|                     | $I_{scan\_snr\_RC}$        | Power consumption when multiple channels in operating   |      | 5.7  |      | uA   |
|                     | $I_{single\_carrier\_EXT}$ | Power consumption when single channel in operating (using an external 32.768 kHz crystal clock for carrier detection) |      | 4.8  |      | uA   |
|                     | $I_{scan\_carrier\_EXT}$   | Power consumption when multiple channels in operating   |      | 4.8  |      | uA   |
|                     | $I_{single\_snr\_EXT}$     | Power consumption when single channel in operating  |      | 5.9  |      | uA   |
|                     | $I_{scan\_snr\_EXT}$       | Power consumption when multiple channels in operating   |      | 5.9  |      | uA   |



| Parameter  | Symbol                       | Condition  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit          |               |
|--|------------------------------|--|------|------|------|---------------|---------------|
|  | $I_{RC\_DECODE}$             | Power consumption when decoding (data output is not connected to load) |      | 5.7  |      | $\mu A$       |               |
|  | $I_{150/300\_Fix\_DC\_RC}$   | Fixed duty cycle mode, RX_time = 150 ms, Sleep_time = 300 ms           |      | 2.8  |      | $\mu A$       |               |
|  | $I_{150/600\_Fix\_DC\_RC}$   | Fixed duty cycle mode, RX_time = 150 ms, Sleep_time = 600 ms           |      | 2.4  |      | $\mu A$       |               |
|  | $I_{5/10\_Extend\_RC}$       | Auto-extended duty cycle mode, Rx_time = 5 ms, Sleep_time = 10 ms      |      | 2.9  |      | $\mu A$       |               |
|  | $I_{5/20\_Extend\_RC}$       | Auto-extended duty cycle mode, Rx_time = 5 ms, Sleep_time = 20ms       |      | 2.5  |      | $\mu A$       |               |
|  | $I_{5/40\_Extend\_RC}$       | Auto-extended duty cycle mode, Rx_time = 5 ms, Sleep_time = 40 ms      |      | 2.2  |      | $\mu A$       |               |
|  | $I_{5/80\_Extend\_RC}$       | Auto-extended duty cycle mode, Rx_time = 5 ms, Sleep_time = 80 ms      |      | 2.0  |      | $\mu A$       |               |
| Sensitivity  | $S_{Carrier\_Detect}$        | Data rate of 1 kbps  |      | 65   |      | $\mu V_{rms}$ |               |
|  |                              | Data rate of 2 kbps  |      | 65   |      | $\mu V_{rms}$ |               |
|  |                              | Data rate of 4 kbps  |      | 70   |      | $\mu V_{rms}$ |               |
|  |                              | Data rate of 8 kbps  |      | 80   |      | $\mu V_{rms}$ |               |
|  | $S_{SNR\_Detect}$<br>SNR=8dB | Data rate of 1 kbps  |      |      | 70   |               | $\mu V_{rms}$ |
|  |                              | Data rate of 2 kbps  |      |      | 70   |               | $\mu V_{rms}$ |
|  |                              | Data rate of 4 kbps  |      |      | 70   |               | $\mu V_{rms}$ |
|  |                              | Data rate of 8 kbps  |      |      | 70   |               | $\mu V_{rms}$ |
| Startup time <sup>[2]</sup>  | $T_{LF\_STR}$                | 3D-LF RX startup settling time   |      | 1    |      | ms            |               |
| Notes:   |                              |  |      |      |      |               |               |
| [1]. The startup time means the stabilization time dedicated for starting the 3D-LF module after the software initialization is completed. |                              |  |      |      |      |               |               |

## 1.7 High-precision ADC Performance

Table 7. High-precision ADC Specification

| Parameter                    | Symbol     | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max.      | Unit        |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------|------|------|-----------|-------------|
| Resolution                   | $R_{ADC}$  |           |      | 12   |           | bit         |
| Effective number of bits     | NOEB       |           |      | 10   |           | bit         |
| Conversion input range       | $V_{AIN}$  |           | 0    |      | $V_{REF}$ | V           |
| ADC clock frequency          | $f_{ADC}$  |           | 0.5  | 1.0  | 2.0       | MHz         |
| ADC total conversion time    | $t_{CONV}$ |           | 16   | 16   | 25        |             |
| Sampling time <sup>[1]</sup> | $t_{SAMP}$ |           | 2    | 2    | 8         | $1/F_{ADC}$ |

| Parameter  | Symbol        | Condition                 | Min. | Typ.             | Max.      | Unit    |
|--|---------------|---------------------------|------|------------------|-----------|---------|
| Successive approximation conversion time <sup>[2]</sup>  | $t_{SAR}$     |                           | 13   | 13               | 16        |         |
| Data update time   | $t_{UPDATE}$  |                           | 1    | 1                | 1         |         |
| ADC data refresh rate  | $f_S$         | $F_{ADC} = 1 \text{ MHz}$ |      | 62.5             |           | kHz     |
| Stabilization time <sup>[3]</sup>  | $t_{STAB}$    |                           |      |                  | 10        | uS      |
| Offset error   | $E_{OS}$      | $F_{ADC} = 1 \text{ MHz}$ |      | $\pm 4$          |           | LSB     |
| Gain error   | $E_G$         | $F_{ADC} = 1 \text{ MHz}$ |      | $\pm 4$          |           | LSB     |
| Integral nonlinearity error  | INL           | $F_{ADC} = 1 \text{ MHz}$ |      | $\pm 5$          |           | LSB     |
| Differential nonlinearity error  | DNL           | $F_{ADC} = 1 \text{ MHz}$ |      | $\pm 4$          |           | LSB     |
| ADC reference voltage<br>Regulator output<br>Bandgap reference<br>External input reference <sup>[4]</sup>  | $V_{REF}$     | Input from B6 pin         | 1.0  | $V_{DDA}$<br>1.2 | $V_{DDA}$ | V       |
| Supply voltage range   | $V_{BAT}$     |                           | 2.0  |                  | 3.6       | V       |
| Operating voltage range  | $V_{DDA}$     |                           | 2.0  | 2.2              | 3.6       | V       |
| Operating current  | $I_{ADC}$     | $V_{DDA} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ |      | 220              |           | uA      |
| Power efficiency   | $P_E$         |                           |      | 7.6              |           | pJ/Conv |
| Leakage current  | $I_{LEAKAGE}$ |                           |      | 2.2              |           | nA      |
| Notes:   |               |                           |      |                  |           |         |
| [1]. The sampling time can be configured by software. See <i>AN281 CMT216xA ADC and AFE User Guide</i> or <i>CMT216xA User Guide</i> for details.                            |               |                           |      |                  |           |         |
| [2]. The successive approximation conversion time can be configured by software. See <i>AN281 CMT216xA ADC and AFE User Guide</i> or <i>CMT216xA User Guide</i> for details. |               |                           |      |                  |           |         |
| [3]. The stabilization time refers to the analog circuit stabilization time after power-on, which depends on the system design.  |               |                           |      |                  |           |         |
| [4]. The external input reference voltage must be at least 1.0 V, otherwise the circuit may not work properly.   |               |                           |      |                  |           |         |

## 1.8 Temperature Sensor Specifications

Table 8. Temperature Sensor Specifications

| Parameter  | Symbol     | Condition                              | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--|------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Temperature measurement error <sup>[1]</sup>             | $T_{ERR}$  | VDD: 2.2 ~ 3.6 V<br>TOP: -20 ~ +70 °C  |      | TBD  |      | °C   |
|  |            | VDD: 2.2 ~ 3.6 V<br>TOP: -40 ~ +125 °C |      | TBD  |      |      |
| Temperature sensor circuit establishing time             | $t_{STAB}$ |  |      |      | 5    | us   |
| Notes:<br>[1]. Based on the average of two measurements. |            |  |      |      |      |      |

## 1.9 Supply Voltage Detection Specifications

Table 9. Supply Voltage Detection Specifications

| Parameter  | Symbol     | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--|------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|
| Battery measuring error <sup>[1]</sup>                   | $V_{ERR}$  |           | -50  |      | +50  | mV   |
| Battery sensor circuit establishing time                 | $t_{STAB}$ |           |      |      | 5    | us   |
| Notes:<br>[1]. Based on the average of two measurements. |            |           |      |      |      |      |

## 1.10 Constant Current Source Drive Specifications

Table 10. Constant Current Source Drive Specifications

| Parameter   | Symbol          | Condition         | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|------|------|------|------|
| D2 port constant current driver current <sup>[1]</sup>  | $I_{D2\_DRV}$   |                   | 0    |      | +250 | mA   |
| D2 port current output error range  | $I_{D2\_ERR}$   | Full output range |      | +10  |      | %    |
| Constant current source driver establishing time  | $t_{DRV\_STAB}$ |                   |      | 5    |      | us   |
| Notes:<br>[1]. The constant current source output current of D2 is adjustable. See AN281 CMT216xA ADC and AFE User Guide for details. |                 |                   |      |      |      |      |

## 1.11 DC Specifications

Table 11. DC Specifications

| Parameter  | Symbol             | Condition  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--|--------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Active mode operating current <sup>[1]</sup><br>(HFOSC selects internal 24 MHz high-speed RC oscillator) | I <sub>AM_24</sub> | CLK_SYS_DIV=1, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =24 MHz   |      | 2.15 |      | mA   |
|  |                    | CLK_SYS_DIV=2, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =12 MHz   |      | 1.56 |      | mA   |
|  |                    | CLK_SYS_DIV=4, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =6 MHz  |      | 1.25 |      | mA   |
|  |                    | CLK_SYS_DIV=8, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =3 MHz  |      | 1.09 |      | mA   |
|  |                    | CLK_SYS_DIV=16, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =1.5 MHz   |      | 1.00 |      | mA   |
| Active mode operating current<br>(HFOSC selects internal 12 MHz high-speed RC oscillator)                | I <sub>AM_12</sub> | CLK_SYS_DIV=1, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =12 MHz   |      | 1.22 |      | mA   |
|  |                    | CLK_SYS_DIV=2, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =6 MHz  |      | 0.91 |      | mA   |
|  |                    | CLK_SYS_DIV=4, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =3 MHz  |      | 0.75 |      | mA   |
|  |                    | CLK_SYS_DIV=8, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =1.5 MHz  |      | 0.67 |      | mA   |
| Active mode operating current<br>(HFOSC selects internal 3 MHz high-speed RC oscillator)                 | I <sub>AM_3</sub>  | CLK_SYS_DIV=1, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =3 MHz  |      | 0.49 |      | mA   |
|  |                    | CLK_SYS_DIV=2, F <sub>SYSCLK</sub> =1.5 MHz  |      | 0.41 |      | mA   |
| Sleep mode (deep sleep)  | I <sub>SDN</sub>   | Call sys_shutdown function, then LFOSC module is disabled  |      | 300  |      | nA   |
| Sleep mode (RTC)   | I <sub>RTC</sub>   | Call sys_shutdown function, then the internal LFOSC module is enabled and the internal LPOSC (32 kHz) is selected. |      | 800  |      | nA   |
| OTP code loading <sup>[2]</sup>  | I <sub>LOAD</sub>  |  |      | 4.6  |      | mA   |

Notes: [1]. The program runs the While(1) loop, and the GPIO has no load.

## 1.12 AC Specifications

Table 12. AC Specifications

| Parameter            | Symbol           | Condition                          | Min.    | Typ.    | Max. | Unit |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|------|------|
| High level output    | V <sub>OH</sub>  | Load is 1 k $\Omega$ , VDD = 3.3 V | VDD-0.4 |         |      | V    |
| Low level output     | V <sub>OL</sub>  | Load is 1k $\Omega$ , VDD = 3.3 V  |         |         | 0.4  | V    |
| High level input     | V <sub>IH</sub>  | VDD = 3.3 V                        |         | 0.7*VDD |      | V    |
|                      |                  | VDD = 2.0 V                        |         | 0.7*VDD |      | V    |
| Low level input      | V <sub>IL</sub>  | VDD = 3.3 V                        |         | 0.2*VDD |      | V    |
|                      |                  | VDD = 2.0 V                        |         | 0.2*VDD |      | V    |
| Port leakage current | I <sub>LKG</sub> | VDD = 2.0 V – 3.6 V                |         | TBD     |      | nA   |

### 1.13 Typical Performance of High-frequency Transmission

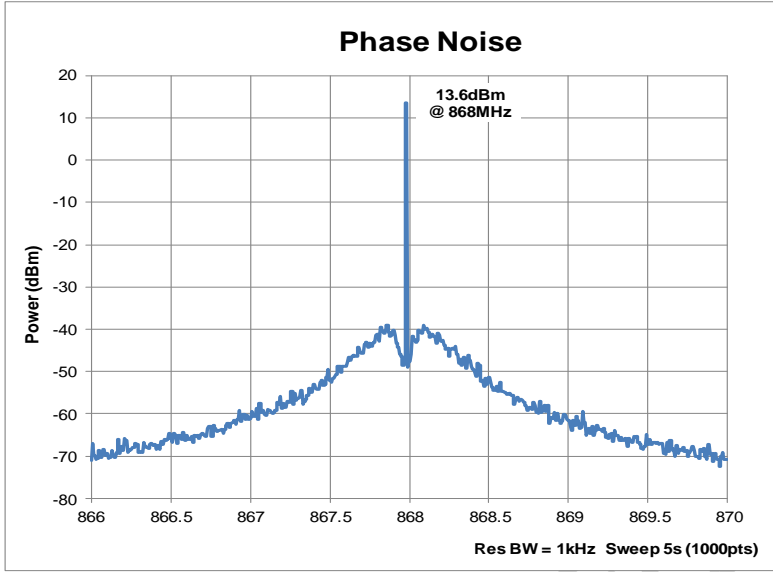


Figure 1. Phase Noise @  $F_{RF} = 868 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $P_{OUT} = +13 \text{ dBm}$ , un-modulated

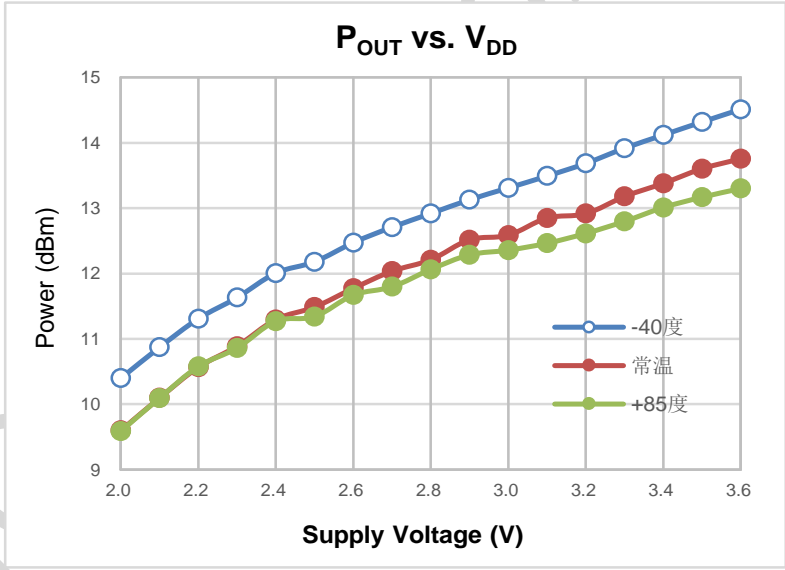


Figure 2. Output Power Vs. Supply Voltage

$F_{RF} = 433.92 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $P_{OUT} = +13 \text{ dBm}$

## 2 Pin Description

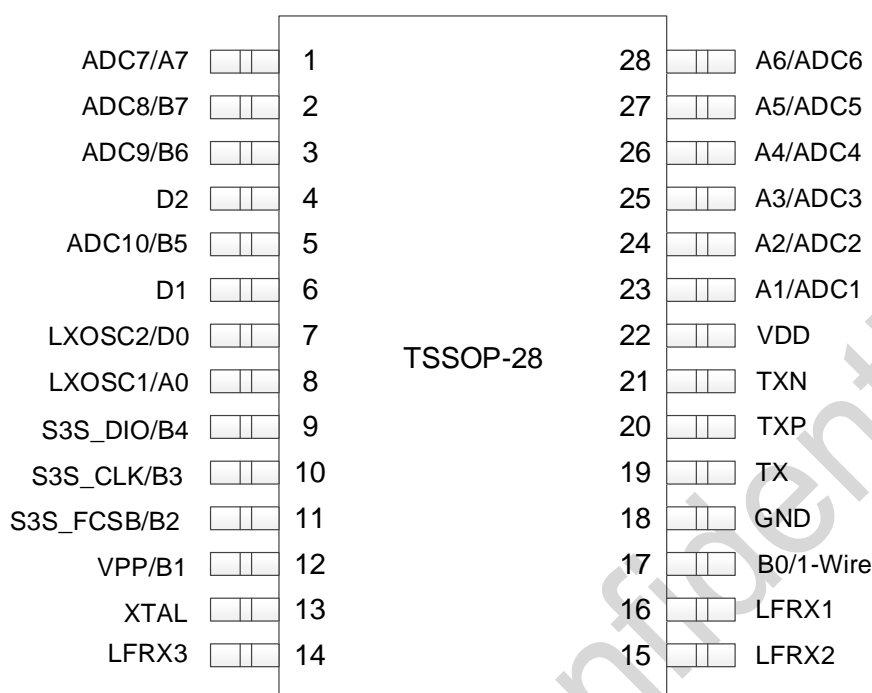


Figure 3. CMT2163A TSSOP28 Pin Arrangement

Table 13. CMT2163A Pin Description

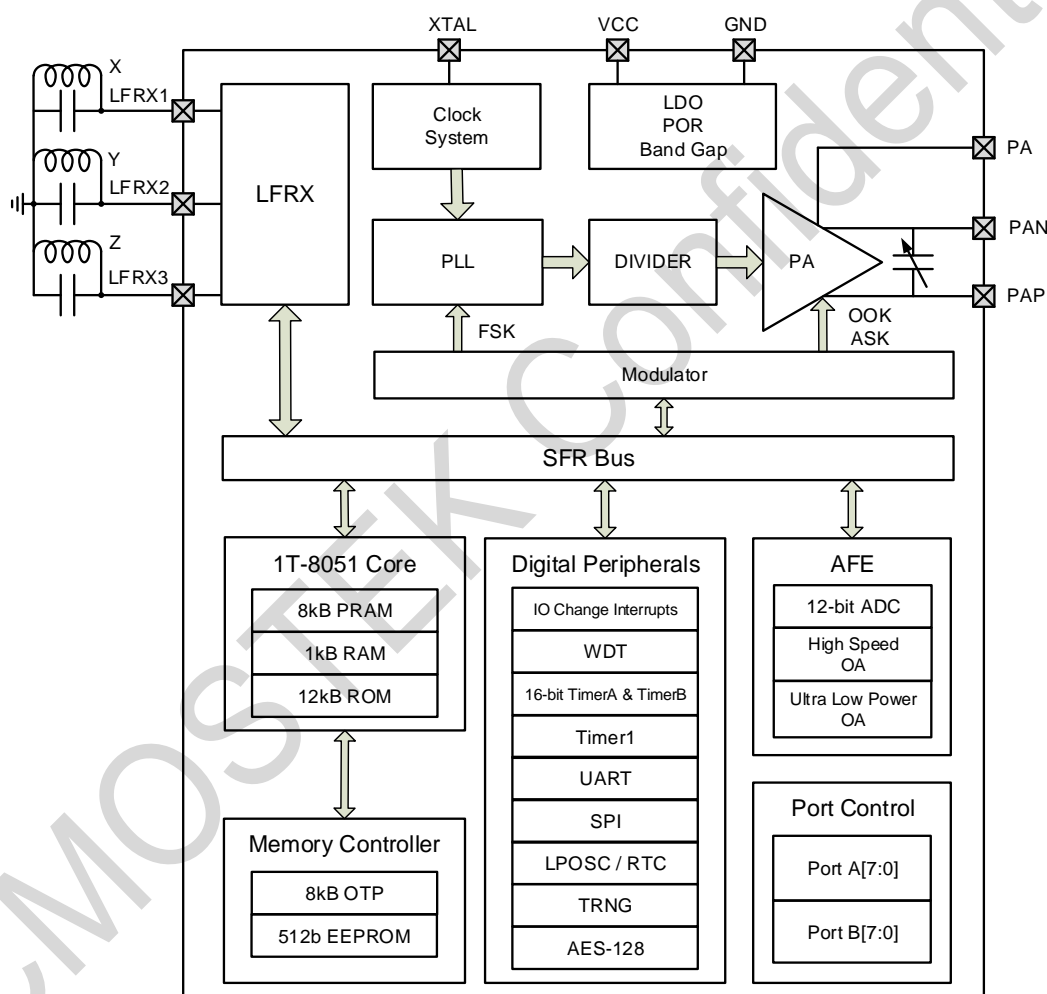
| Pin# | Name        | Type | Description                                |   |
|------|-------------|------|--|---|
| 1    | A7/ADC7     | IO   | A7   | GPIO7, one of the general purpose GPIOs                 |
|      |             | A    | ADC7                                       | ADC7, ADC sampling channel 7                            |
| 2    | B7/ADC8     | IO   | B7   | GPIO15, one of the general purpose GPIOs                |
|      |             | A    | ADC8                                       | ADC8, ADC sampling channel 8                            |
| 3    | B6/ADC9     | IO   | B6   | GPIO14, one of the general purpose GPIOs                |
|      |             | A    | ADC9                                       | ADC9, ADC sampling channel 9                            |
| 4    | D2          | IO   | Constant current source output driver port |   |
| 5    | B5/ADC10    | IO   | B5   | GPIO13, one of the general purpose GPIOs                |
|      |             | A    | ADC10                                      | ADC10, ADC sampling channel 10                          |
| 6    | D1          | IO   | GPIO16, one of the general purpose GPIOs   |   |
| 7    | LXOSC2/D0   | --   | D0   | No function   |
|      |             | A    | LXOSC2                                     | External 32.768 kHz crystal                             |
| 8    | LXOSC1/A0   | IO   | A0   | GPIO0, one of the general purpose GPIOs                 |
|      |             | A    | LXOSC1                                     | External 32.768 kHz crystal                             |
| 9    | S3S_DIO/B4  | IO   | B4   | GPIO12, one of the general purpose GPIOs                |
|      |             | IO   | S3S_DIO                                    | Chip programming bus S3S, namely data programming line  |
| 10   | S3S_CLK/B3  | IO   | B3   | GPIO11, one of the general purpose GPIOs                |
|      |             | IO   | S3S_CLK                                    | Chip programming bus S3S, namely clock programming line |
| 11   | S3S_FCSB/B2 | IO   | B2   | GPIO10, one of the general purpose GPIOs                |

| Pin# | Name      | Type |          | Description   |
|------|-----------|------|----------|---|
|      |           | IO   | S3S_FCSB | Chip programming bus S3S, namely programming chip selection line  |
| 12   | VPP/B1    | IO   | B1       | GPIO9, one of the general purpose GPIOs   |
|      |           | A    | VPP      | Chip OTP programming VPP, namely 6.5 V voltage input pin  |
| 13   | XTAL      | A    |          | Crystal input pin, connecting to 26 MHz crystal to GND. See <i>Section 1.4 Oscillator</i> specifications for details. |
| 14   | LFRX3     | A    |          | Low-frequency wake-up Z-axis antenna input pin  |
| 15   | LFRX2     | A    |          | Low-frequency wake up Y-axis antenna input pin  |
| 16   | LFRX1     | A    |          | Low-frequency wake up X-axis antenna input pin  |
| 17   | 1-Wire/B0 | IO   | B0       | GPIO8, one of the general purpose GPIOs   |
|      |           | IO   | 1-Wire   | 1-wire debugging line   |
| 18   | GND       | A    |          | Power supply- input pin   |
| 19   | TX        | A    |          | High-frequency transmission single-ended PA output pin  |
| 20   | TXP       | A    |          | High-frequency transmission differential PA+ output pin   |
| 21   | TXN       | A    |          | High-frequency transmission differential PA- output pin   |
| 22   | VDD       | A    |          | Power+ input pin  |
| 23   | A1/ADC1   | IO   | A1       | GPIO1, one of the general purpose GPIOs   |
|      |           | A    | ADC1     | ADC1, ADC sampling channel 1  |
| 24   | A2/ADC2   | IO   | A2       | GPIO2, one of the general purpose GPIOs   |
|      |           | A    | ADC2     | ADC2, ADC sampling channel 2  |
| 25   | A3/ADC3   | IO   | A3       | GPIO3, one of the general purpose GPIOs   |
|      |           | A    | ADC3     | ADC3, ADC sampling channel 3  |
| 26   | A4/ADC4   | IO   | A4       | GPIO4, one of the general purpose GPIOs   |
|      |           | A    | ADC4     | ADC4, ADC sampling channel 4  |
| 27   | A5/ADC5   | IO   | A5       | GPIO5, one of the general purpose GPIOs   |
|      |           | A    | ADC5     | ADC5, ADC sampling channel 5  |
| 28   | A6/ADC6   | IO   | A6       | GPIO6, one of the general purpose GPIOs   |
|      |           | A    | ADC6     | ADC6, ADC sampling channel 6  |

### 3 Functional Description

Embedded with a Sub-1 GHz OOK / (G)FSK transmitter, the CMT2163A is a high-performance 8051 SoC, suitable for low-power wireless transmission applications in the 27 - 960 MHz band. The series chips integrate the below major modules <sup>[1]</sup>.

- High-performance 8051 core with rich peripheral resources.
- Sub-1G OOK / (G) FSK transmission module.
- 3D low-frequency receiving/wake-up module (LFRX).
- Multi-channel 12-bit high-precision successive approximation ADC.



**Figure 4. System Block Diagram**

Notes:

1. This is the general block diagram for CMT216xA series. Different product models consist of different module combinations, namely not all models provide the full function modules.



### 3.1 High-performance 8051

Built-in with enhanced 1T-8051 and 24 MHz high-speed RC oscillator, the CMT2163A supports dual-clock operating mode, achieving 24 MIPS high-speed operating. Meanwhile, the low-speed clock is provided by the internal low-speed 32 kHz RC oscillator or external 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator, serving as the clock source of the low-power RTC.

For memory architecture, the on-chip 8 kB OTP ROM is for code storage, 8 kB PRAM for code running, 1 kB XRAM for data storage and 512 bits EEPROM for key data storage in case of power loss. Meanwhile, it integrates 12 kB MASK ROM for the storage of API library function of various chip modules.

For digital peripherals, it supports on-chip AES-128 operation acceleration engine, true random number generator, one UART, one SPI, watchdog, two 16-bit multi-function timers, one RTC, and 16 ports with multiplexing functions.

For development and debugging, the CMT216xA series chips adopt 1-wire debugging interface, which requires only one single wire connecting to the debugger to download code to PRAM, achieving simple and convenient online debugging.

### 3.2 Sub-1G Transmission Module

The CMT2163A integrates a high-performance Sub-1G transmitter which is embedded with dual transmission PA, that is,

- High-efficiency single-ended Class E PA, reaching a transmission power of +13 dBm while consuming only a current of 18 mA.
- Simple peripheral differential PA with built-in antenna auto-tuning function.

The transmitter supports 3 modulation modes, OOK, GFSK and FSK. Applying the fractional phase-locked loop technology, it requires only one 26 MHz crystal oscillator to achieve most of the 27~960 MHz band coverage.

### 3.3 3D Low-frequency Receiving/waking-up Module

Integrating a 3D low-frequency receiving/waking-up module, the CMT2163A supports operating in listening mode with a low power consumption of 4.6  $\mu$ A, reaching a wake-up sensitivity of 70  $\mu$ Vrms. It supports digital RSSI with a dynamic range of 80 dB. This product model is a suitable for various active RFID based near-field identification application scenarios.

### 3.4 12-bit High-precision ADC

Embedded with a multi-channel 12-bit high-precision successive approximation ADC along with a buffer based operational amplifier, it can fulfill high-resistance signal conditioning, fit for a variety of sensor acquisition applications.

## 4 Ordering Information

Table 14. CMT2163A Ordering Information

| Model                       | Description                  | Packaging | Package Option | Operating Condition            | Minimum Ordering Quantity |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| CMT2163A-ETR <sup>[1]</sup> | 27 - 960 MHz transmitter SoC | TSSOP28   | T&R            | 2.0 to 3.6 V,<br>- 40 to 85 °C | 2500                      |

Notes:

[1]. E refers to extended Industrial product rating, which supports a temperature range from -40 to +85 °C.  
T refers to the packaging type TSSOP28.  
R refers to Tape & Reel package type, and the minimum ordering quantity (MOQ) is 2500 pieces.

Please visit [www.cmostek.com](http://www.cmostek.com) for more product/product line information.

Please contact [sales@cmoste.com](mailto:sales@cmoste.com) or your local sales representative for sales or pricing requirements.

## 5 Packaging Information

The packaging information of the CMT2163A is shown in the below figure.

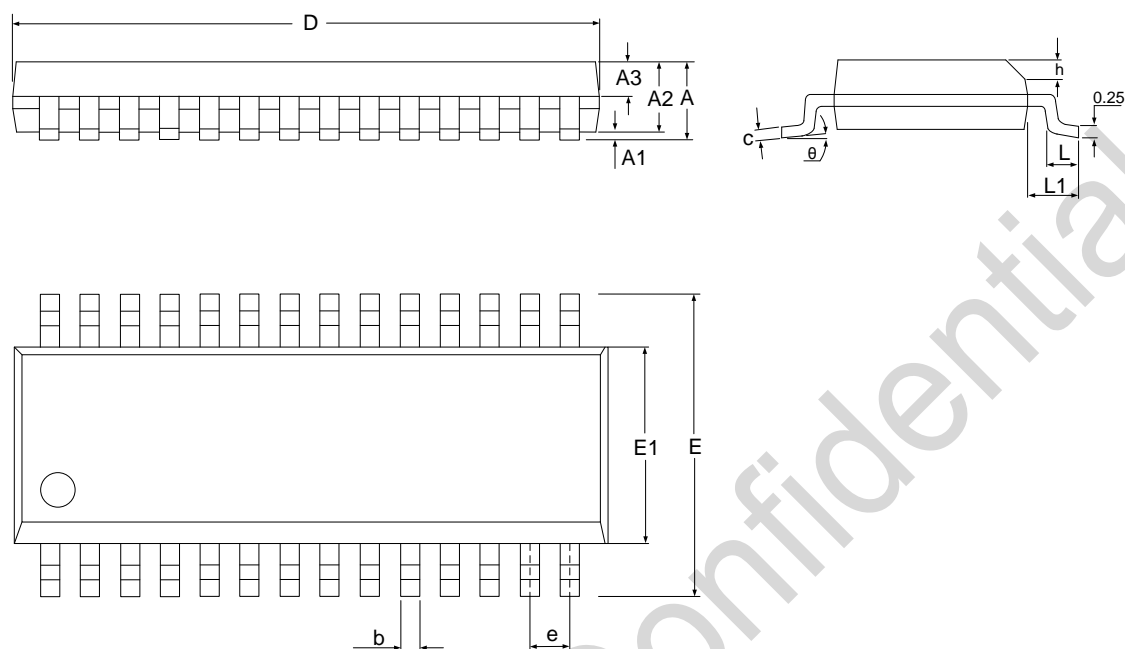


Figure 5. TSSOP28 Packaging

Table 15. TSSOP28 Packaging Scale

| Symbol   | Scale (mm) |      |      |
|----------|------------|------|------|
|          | Min.       | Typ. | Min. |
| A        | --         | --   | 1.20 |
| A1       | 0.05       | --   | 0.15 |
| A2       | 0.80       | --   | 1.00 |
| A3       | 0.39       | 0.44 | 0.49 |
| b        | 0.20       | --   | 0.29 |
| c        | 0.14       | --   | 0.18 |
| D        | 9.60       | 9.70 | 9.80 |
| E        | 6.20       | 6.40 | 6.60 |
| E1       | 4.30       | 4.40 | 4.50 |
| e        | 0.65 BSC   |      |      |
| L        | 0.45       | 0.60 | 0.75 |
| L1       | 1.00 BSC   |      |      |
| $\theta$ | 0          | -    | 8°   |

## 6 Top Marking

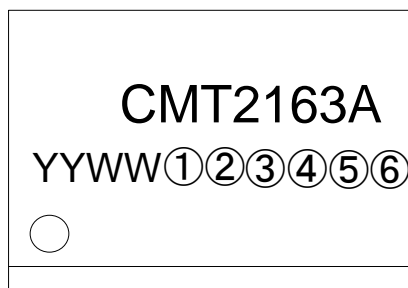


Figure 6. CMT2163A Top Marking

Table 16. CMT2163A Top Marking Information

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Marking Method | Laser   |
| Pin 1 Mark     | Diameter of the circle = 1 mm   |
| Font Size      | 0.6 mm, align right   |
| Font Width     | 0.4 mm  |
| Line 1 Marking | CMT2163A refers to model CMT2163A.  |
| Line 2 Marking | YYWW is the date code assigned by the package factory. YY is the last 2 digit of the year. WW is the working week. ①②③④⑤⑥ is the internal tracing code. |

## 7 Related Documents

Table 17. CMT2163A Related Documents

| Doc No. | Document Name  | Description   |
|---------|--|---|
| AN290   | CMT216x User Guide   | CMT216xA series chips user guide.   |
| AN280   | CMT216xA Low-frequency Receiving Function User Guide         | CMT216xA 3D low-frequency receiving function user guide.                        |
| AN281   | CMT216xA ADC and AFE User Guide                              | CMT216xA series chip ADC and analog front end user guide.                       |
| AN282   | CMT216xA API Function Library User Guide                     | CMT216xA series chip API function library user guide.                           |
| AN284   | CMT216xA Development Environment Establishment and Debugging | CMT216xA development environment establishment and debugging quick start guide. |
| AN286   | CMT216xA Register Guide                                      | CMT216xA series chip SFR register detail description.                           |

## 8 Revise History

Table 18. Revise History Records

| Version No. | Chapter | Description     | Date       |
|-------------|---------|-----------------|------------|
| 0.6         | All     | Initial version | 2019-07-01 |
| 0.7         | All     |                 | 2019-11-01 |

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