



Silicon N-Channel Power MOSFET



CS4N65FA9R

General Description:

CS4N65FA9R, the silicon N-channel Enhanced VDMOSFETs, is obtained by the self-aligned planar Technology which reduce the conduction loss, improve switching performance and enhance the avalanche energy. The transistor can be used in various power switching circuit for system miniaturization and higher efficiency. The package form is TO-220F, which accords with the RoHS standard.

Features:

- | Fast Switching
- | ESD Improved Capability
- | Low Gate Charge (Typical Data: 14.5nC)
- | Low Reverse transfer capacitances(Typical:3.5pF)
- | 100% Single Pulse avalanche energy Test

Applications:

Power switch circuit of adaptor and charger.

Absolute (T_c= 25°C unless otherwise specified):

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V _{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	650	V
I _D	Continuous Drain Current	4	A
	Continuous Drain Current T _c = 100 °C	2.5	A
I _{DM} ^{a1}	Pulsed Drain Current	16	A
V _{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±30	V
E _{AS} ^{a2}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	200	mJ
dv/dt ^{a3}	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt	5.0	V/ns
P _D	Power Dissipation	30	W
	Derating Factor above 25°C	0.24	W/°C
T _J , T _{stg}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	150, -55 to 150	°C
T _L	Maximum Temperature for Soldering	300	°C

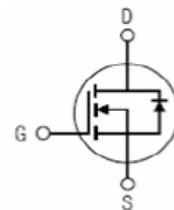
V _{DSS}	650	V
I _D	4	A
P _D (T _c =25°C)	30	W
R _{DS(ON)Typ}	2.4	Ω

TO-220F



1. Gate 2. Drain 3. Source

Inner Equivalent Principium Chart



**Electrical Characteristics** ($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified):

OFF Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{DSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	650	--	--	V
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Bvdss Temperature Coefficient	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, \text{Reference } 25^\circ\text{C}$	--	0.67	--	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Drain to Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS} = 650\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	1	μA
		$V_{DS} = 520\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, T_a = 125^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	100	μA
$I_{GSS(F)}$	Gate to Source Forward Leakage	$V_{GS} = +30\text{V}$	--	--	100	nA
$I_{GSS(R)}$	Gate to Source Reverse Leakage	$V_{GS} = -30\text{V}$	--	--	-100	nA

ON Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=2\text{A}$	--	2.4	2.8	Ω
$V_{GS(\text{TH})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	2.0	--	4.0	V
Pulse width $t_p \leq 300\mu\text{s}, \delta \leq 2\%$						

Dynamic Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D = 2\text{A}$	--	3.5	--	S
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance		--	610	--	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V} V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$ $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$	--	53	--	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		--	3.5	--	

Resistive Switching Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$t_{d(ON)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	$I_D = 4\text{A} V_{DD} = 325\text{V}$ $R_G = 10\Omega$	--	14	--	ns
t_r	Rise Time		--	16	--	
$t_{d(OFF)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		--	32	--	
t_f	Fall Time		--	11	--	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$I_D = 4\text{A} V_{DD} = 520\text{V}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$	--	14.5	--	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Charge		--	3	--	
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain ("Miller")Charge		--	6.5	--	

**Source-Drain Diode Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)		--	--	4	A
I _{SM}	Maximum Pulsed Current (Body Diode)		--	--	16	A
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	I _S =4.0A, V _{GS} =0V	--	--	1.5	V
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	I _S =4.0A, T _j = 25°C dI _F /dt=100A/us, V _{GS} =0V	--	256	--	ns
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		--	1200	--	nC
I _{RRM}	Reverse Recovery Current		--	9.4	--	A

Pulse width t_p≤300μs, δ ≤2%

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Units
R _{θJC}	Junction-to-Case	4.17	°C/W
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-Ambient	62.5	°C/W

^{a1}: Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature^{a2}: L=10mH, I_D=6.3A, Start T_j=25°C^{a3}: I_{SD}=4A,di/dt ≤100A/us,V_{DD}≤BV_{DS}, Start T_j=25°C

Characteristics Curve

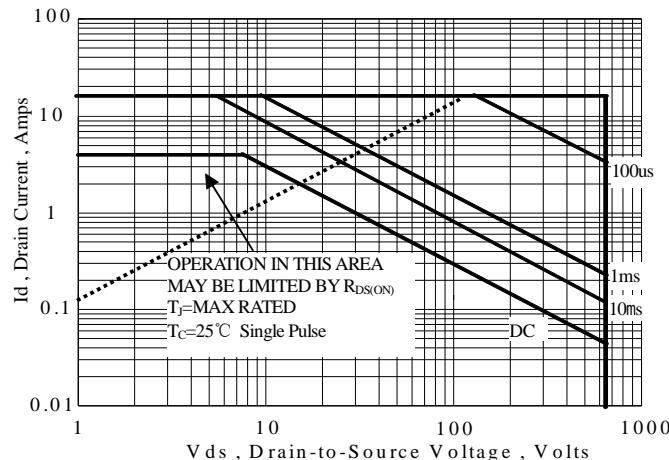


Figure 1 Maximum Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

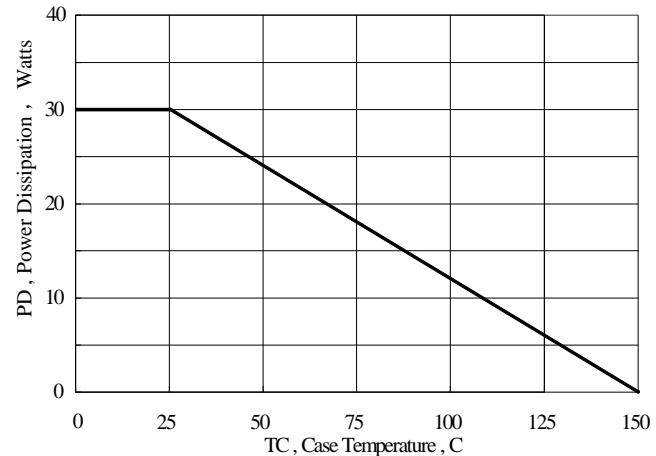


Figure 2 Maximum Power Dissipation vs Case Temperature

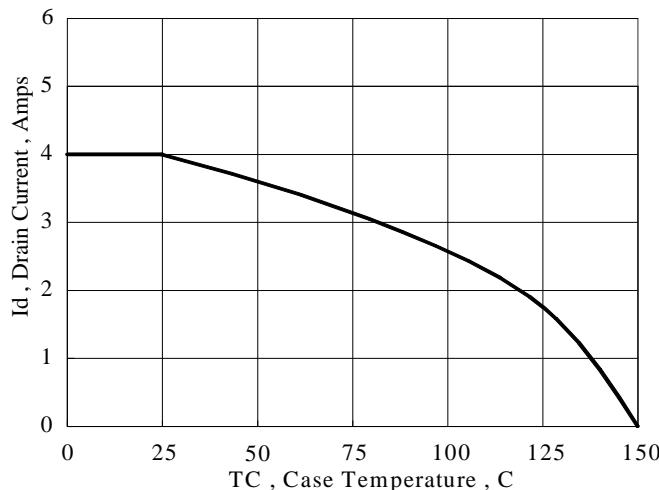


Figure 3 Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

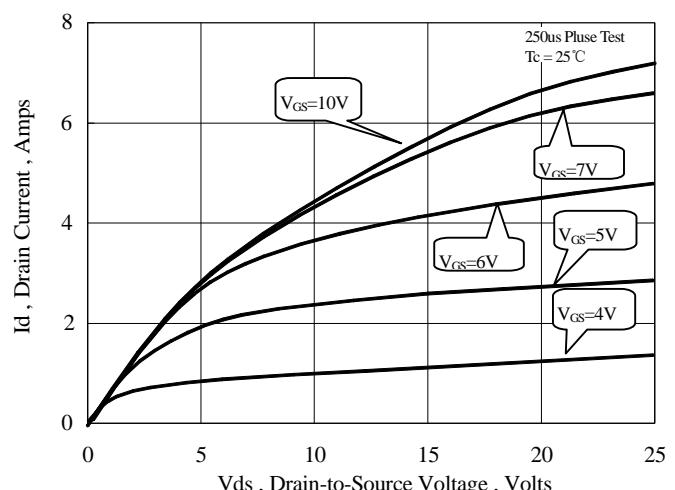


Figure 4 Typical Output Characteristics

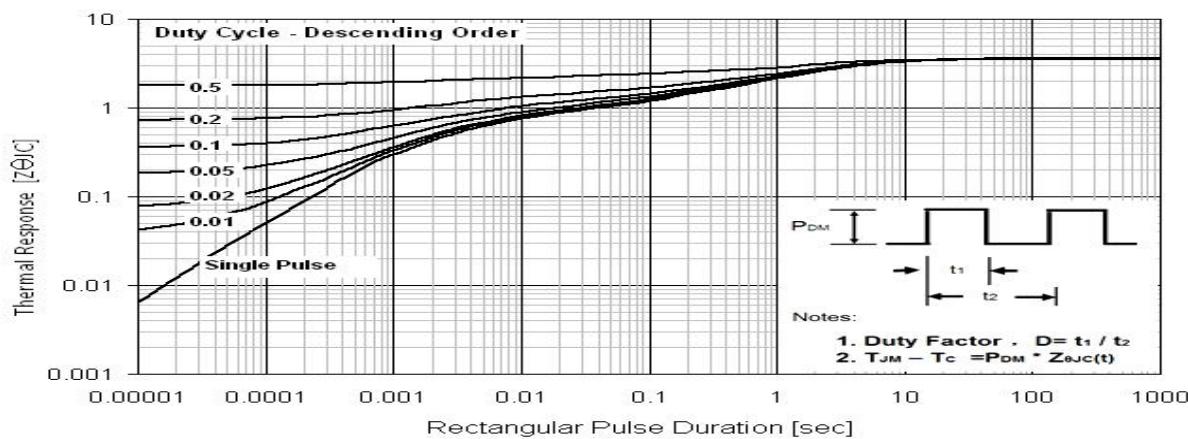


Figure 5 Maximum Effective Thermal Impedance, Junction to Case

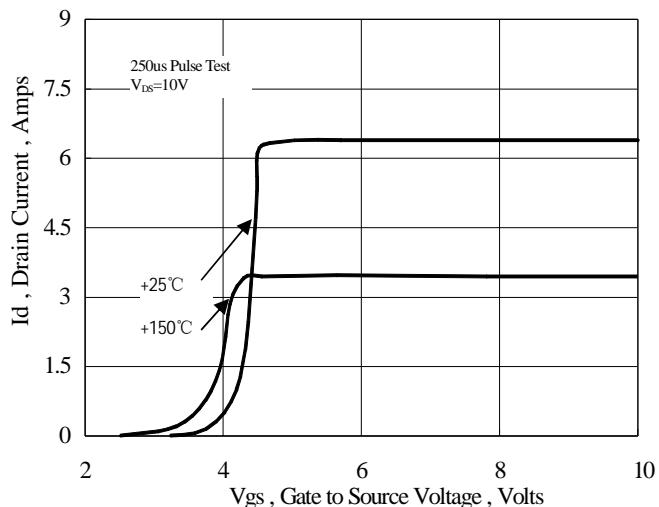


Figure 6 Typical Transfer Characteristics

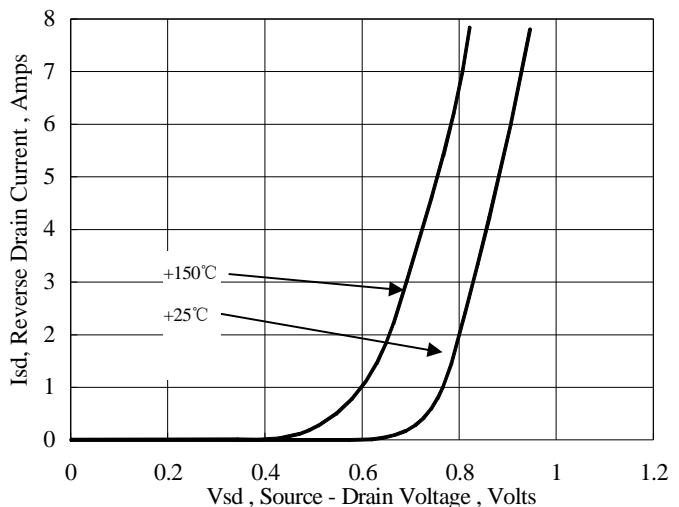


Figure 7 Typical Body Diode Transfer Characteristics

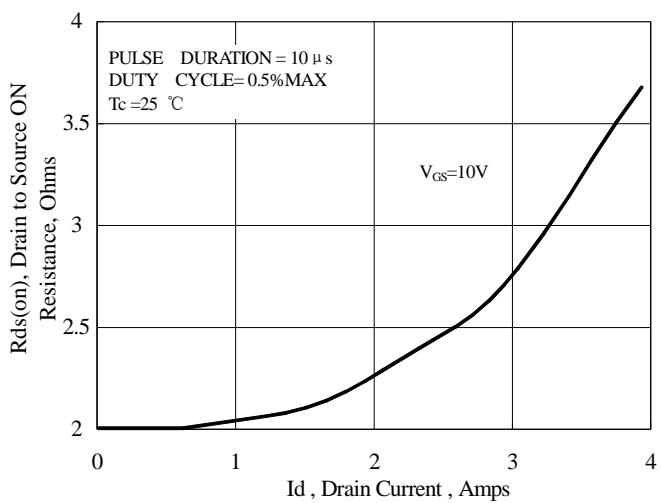


Figure 8 Typical Drain to Source ON Resistance vs Drain Current

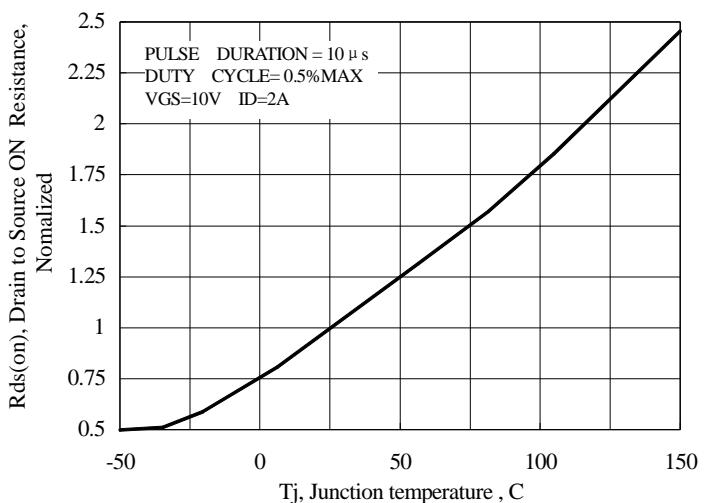


Figure 9 Typical Drian to Source on Resistance vs Junction Temperature

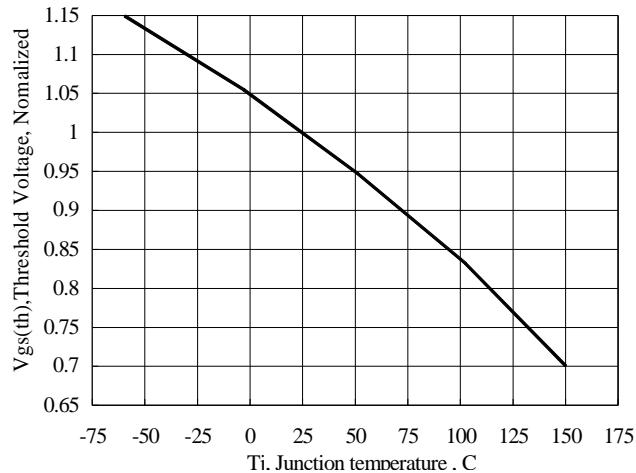


Figure 10 Typical Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature

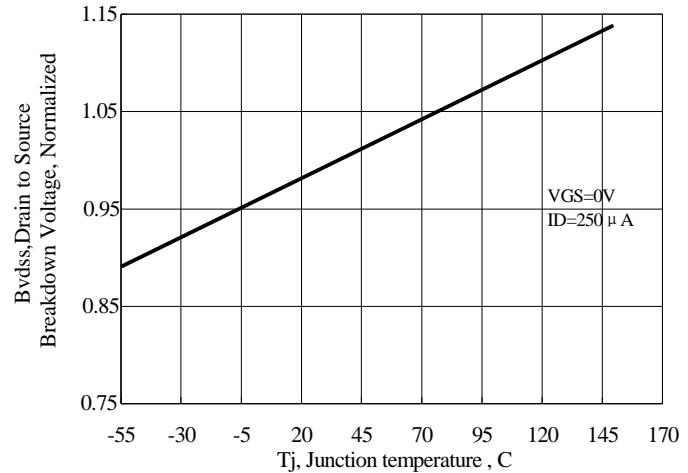


Figure 11 Typical Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature

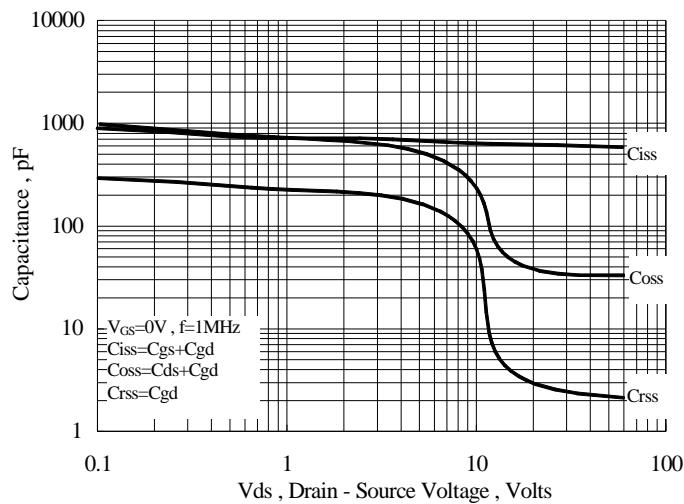


Figure 12 Typical Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

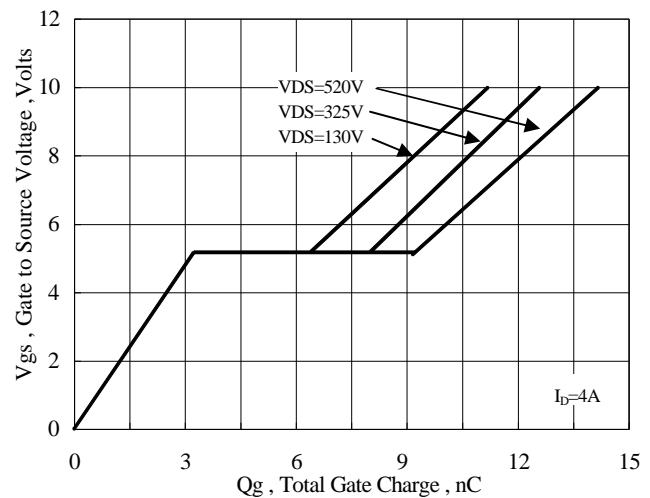


Figure 13 Typical Gate Charge vs Gate to Source Voltage

Test Circuit and Waveform

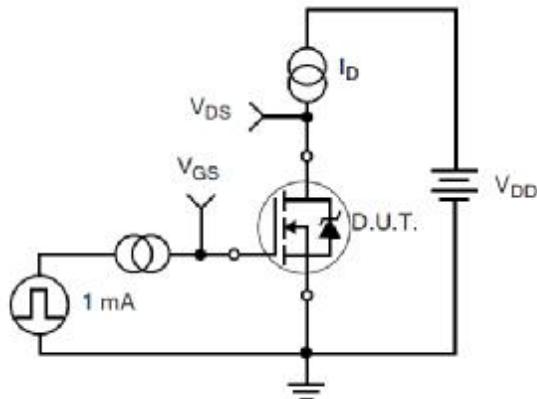


Figure 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit

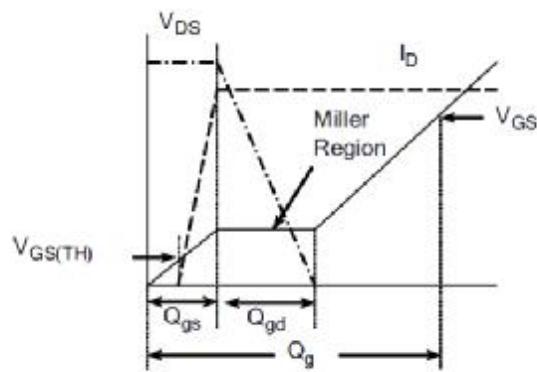


Figure 18. Gate Charge Waveform



Figure 19. Resistive Switching Test Circuit

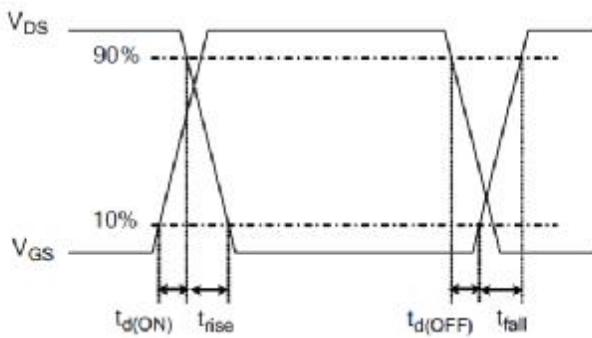


Figure 20. Resistive Switching Waveforms



Figure 21. Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit

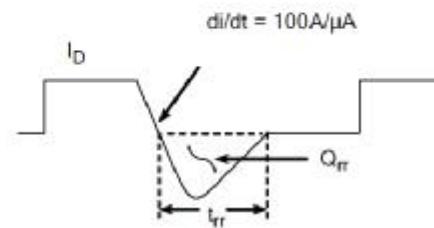


Figure 22. Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform

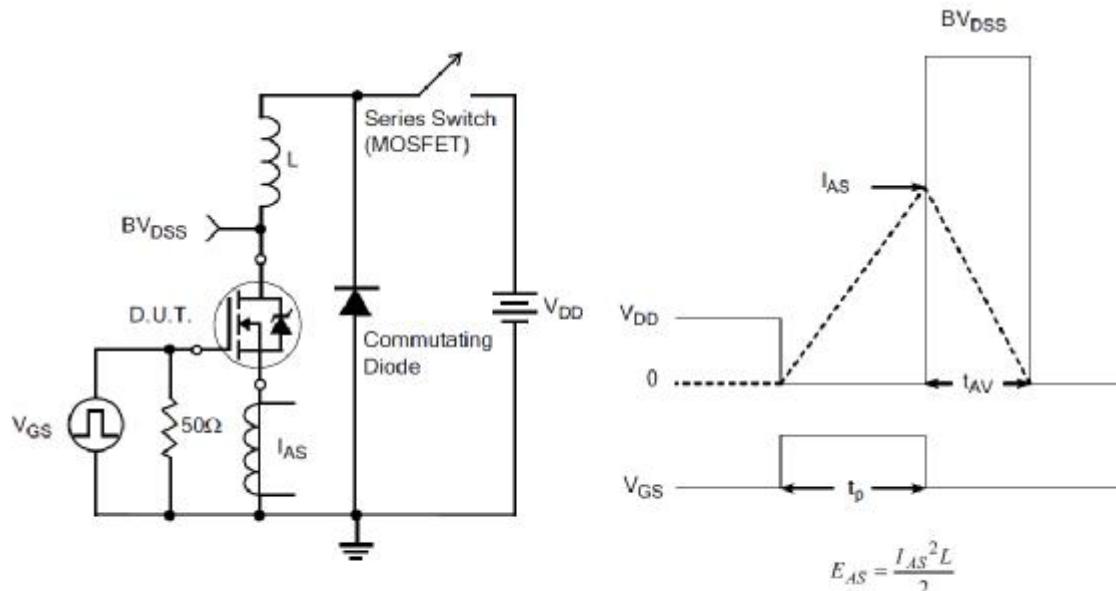


Figure 23. Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit

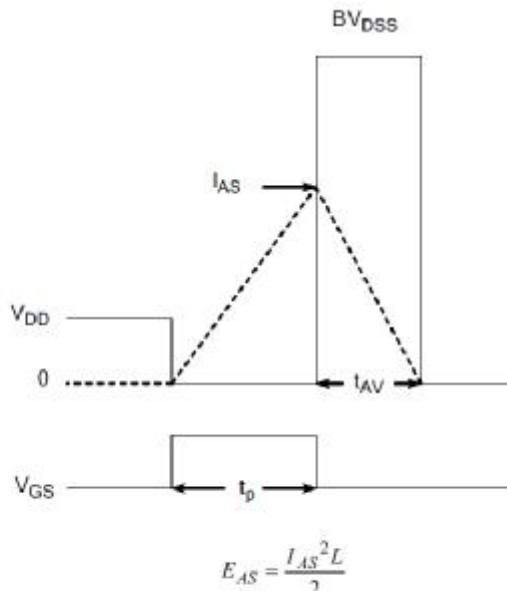
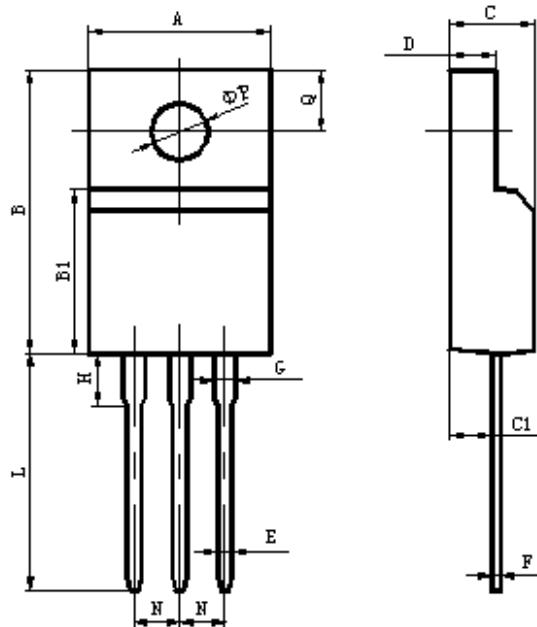


Figure 24. Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveforms



Package Information



Items	Values(mm)	
	MIN	MAX
A	9.60	10.4
B	15.4	16.2
B1	8.90	9.50
C	4.30	4.90
C1	2.10	3.00
D	2.40	3.00
E	0.60	1.00
F	0.30	0.60
G	1.12	1.42
H	3.40	3.80
	2.40	2.90
L	12.0	14.0
	6.30	7.70
N	2.34	2.74
Q	3.15	3.55
Φ P	2.90	3.30

TO-220F Package



The name and content of poisonous and harmful material in products

Warnings

1. Exceeding the maximum ratings of the device in performance may cause damage to the device, even the permanent failure, which may affect the dependability of the machine. It is suggested to be used under 80 percent of the maximum ratings of the device.
 2. When installing the heatsink, please pay attention to the torsional moment and the smoothness of the heatsink.
 3. VDMOSFETs is the device which is sensitive to the static electricity, it is necessary to protect the device from being damaged by the static electricity when using it.
 4. This publication is made by Huajing Microelectronics and subject to regular change without notice.

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