SONY

CXP86609/86613/86617

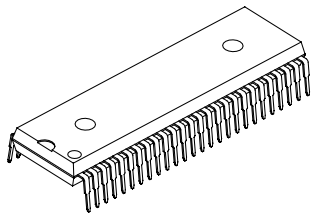
CMOS 8-bit Single Chip Microcomputer

Description

The CXP86609/86613/86617 are the CMOS 8-bit single chip microcomputer integrating on a single chip an A/D converter, serial interface, timer/counter, time-base timer, I²C bus interface, PWM output, remote control reception circuit, watchdog timer, 32kHz timer/counter besides the basic configurations of 8-bit CPU, ROM, RAM, I/O ports.

The CXP86609/86613/86617 also provide a sleep function that enables to lower the power consumption.

52 pin SDIP (Plastic)



Structure

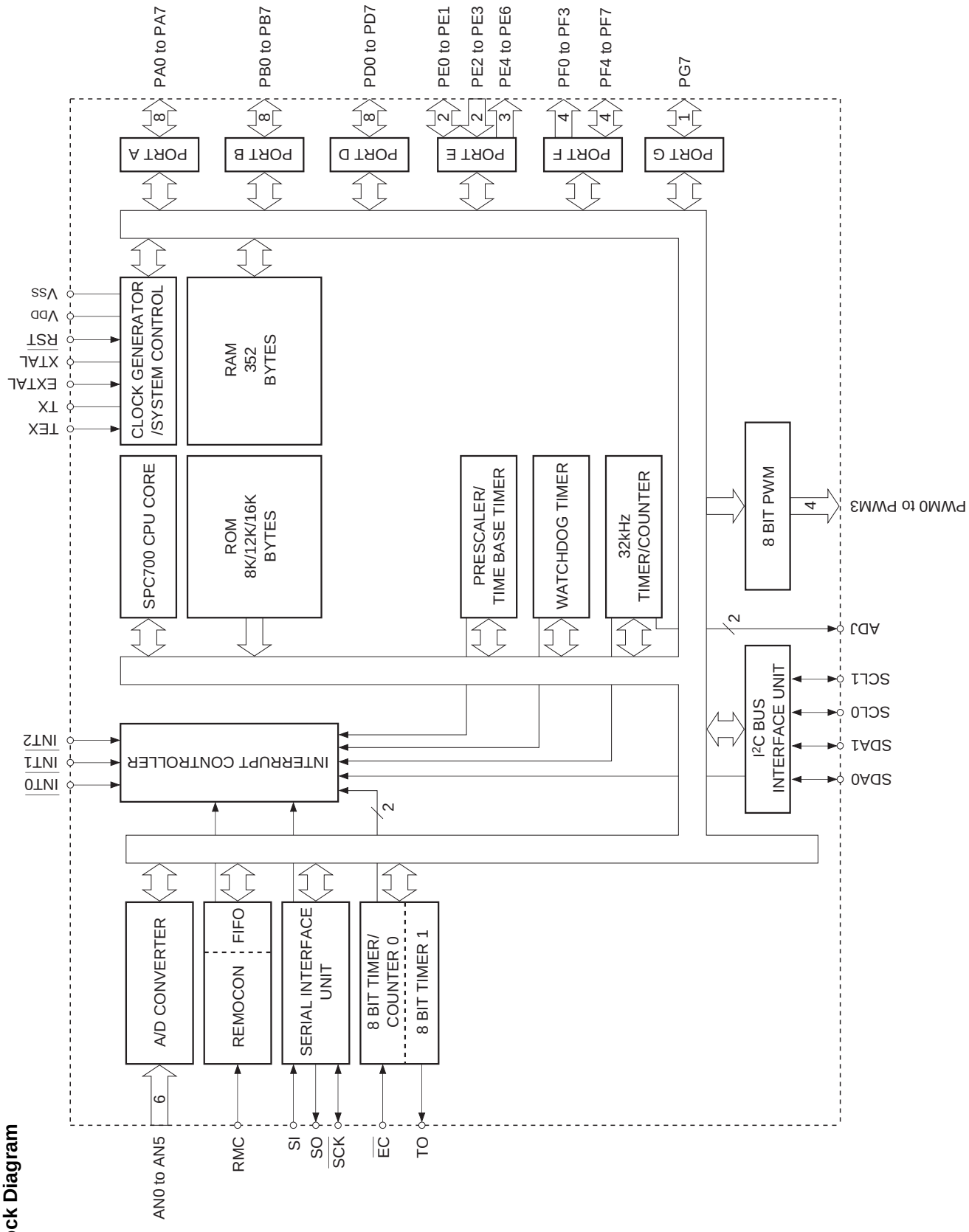
Silicon gate CMOS IC

Features

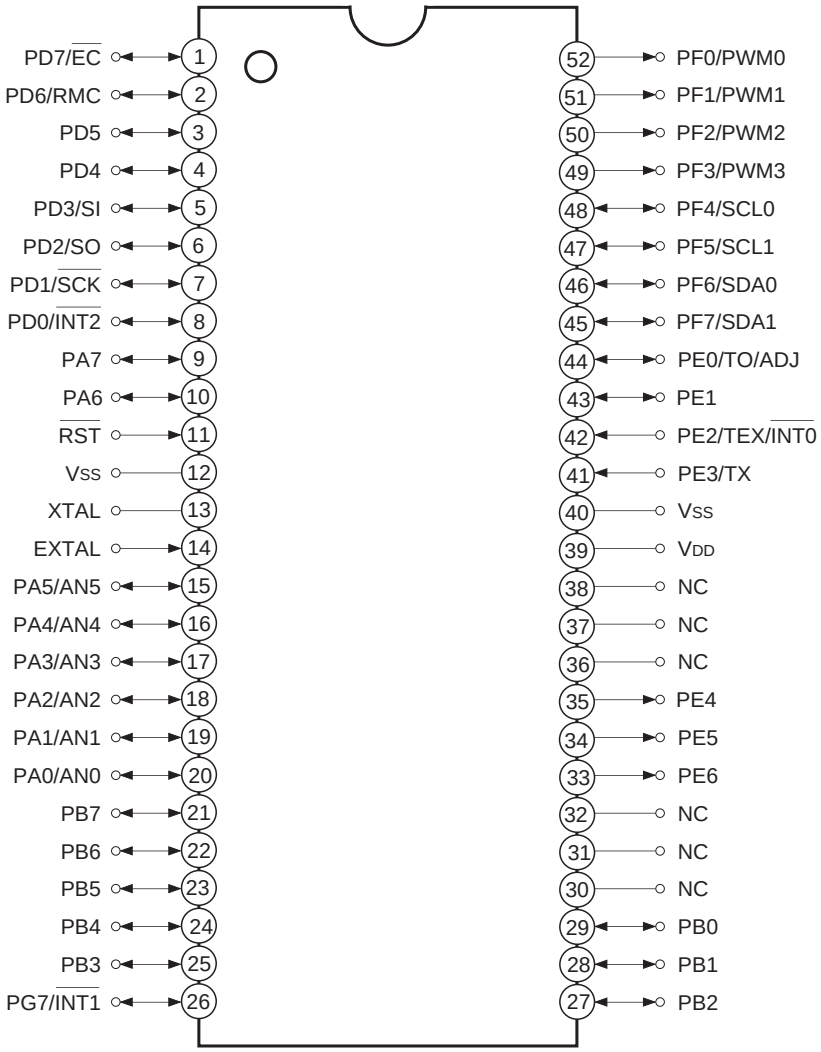
- A wide instruction set (213 instructions) which covers various types of data
  - — 16-bit operation/multiplication and division/Boolean bit operation instructions
- Minimum instruction cycle 250ns at 16MHz operation
  122µs at 32kHz operation
- Incorporated ROM 8K bytes (CXP86609)
  12K bytes (CXP86613)
  16K bytes (CXP86617)
- Incorporated RAM 352 bytes
- Peripheral functions
  - — A/D converter 8 bits, 6 channels, successive approximation method
    (Conversion time of 3.25µs at 16MHz)
  - — Serial interface 8-bit clock sync type, 1 channel
  - — Timer 8-bit timer
    8-bit timer/counter
    19-bit time-base timer
    32kHz timer/counter
  - — I²C bus interface
  - — PWM output 8 bits, 4 channels
  - — Remote control reception circuit 8-bit pulse measurement counter, 6-stage FIFO
  - — Watchdog timer
- Interruption 11 factors, 11 vectors, multi-interruption possible
- Standby mode Sleep
- Package 52-pin plastic SDIP
- Piggyback/evaluator CXP86490 64-pin ceramic PSDIP

E97751-PS

Block Diagram



Pin Assignment (Top View)



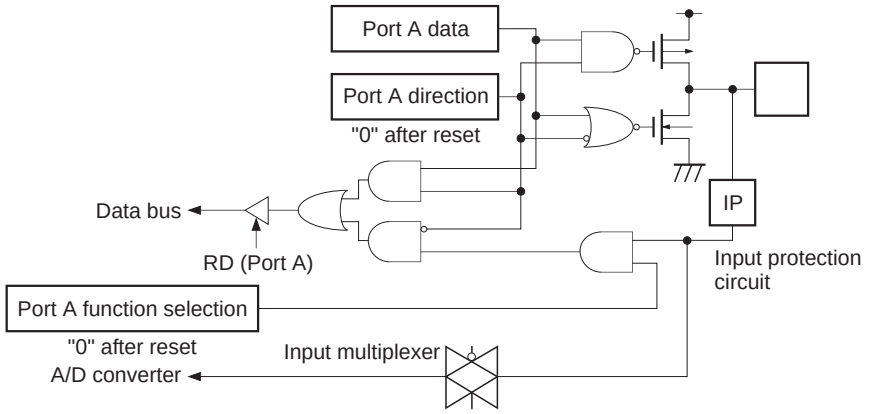
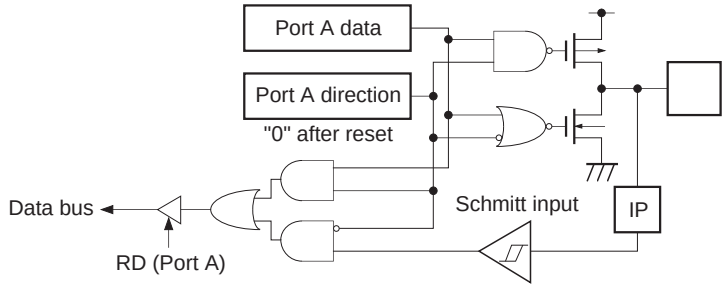
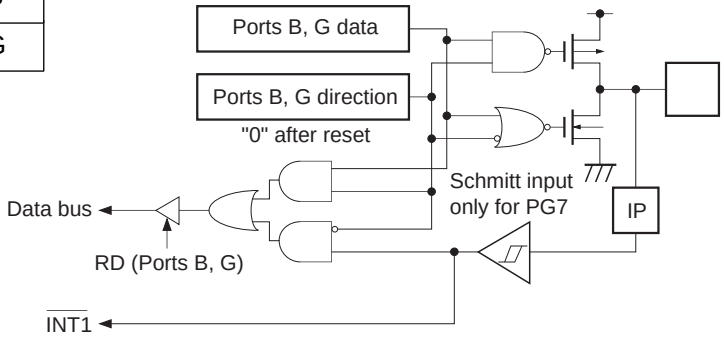
Note) 1. NC (Pins 30, 31, 32, 36 and 38) are left open.
2. Vss (Pins 12 and 40) are both connected to GND.
3. Pin 37 is the NC pin. However, connect it to V_{DD} because it is the EXLC pin (input) for the piggyback/evaluator and OTP devices.

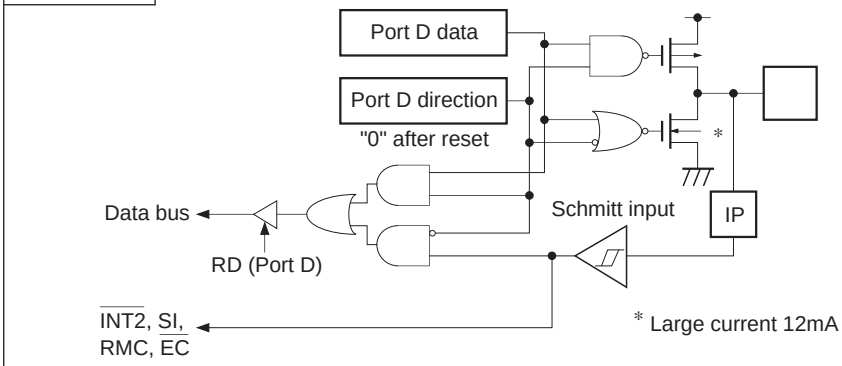
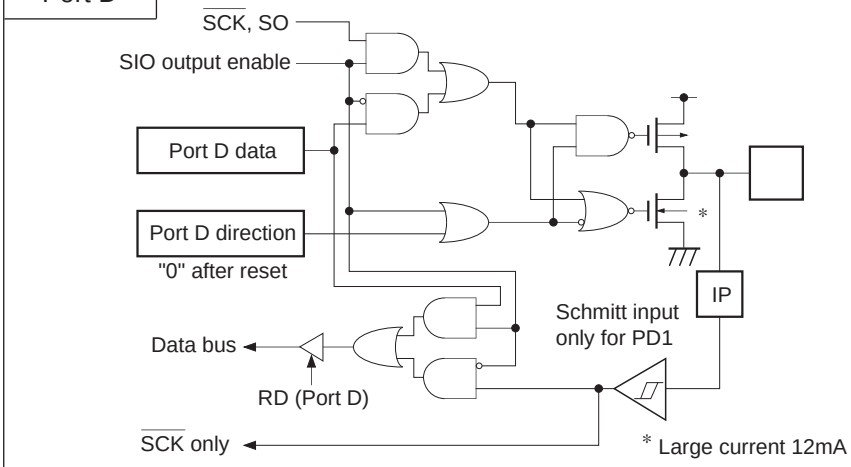
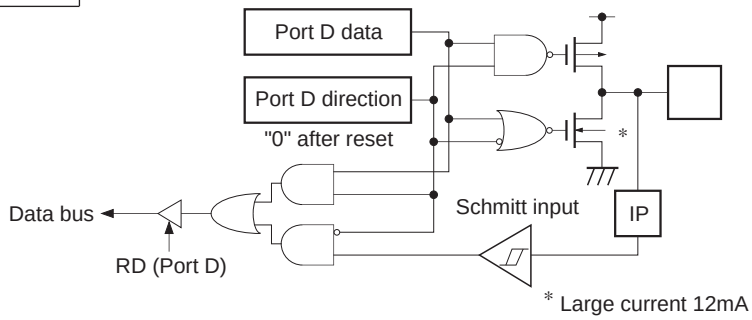
Pin Description

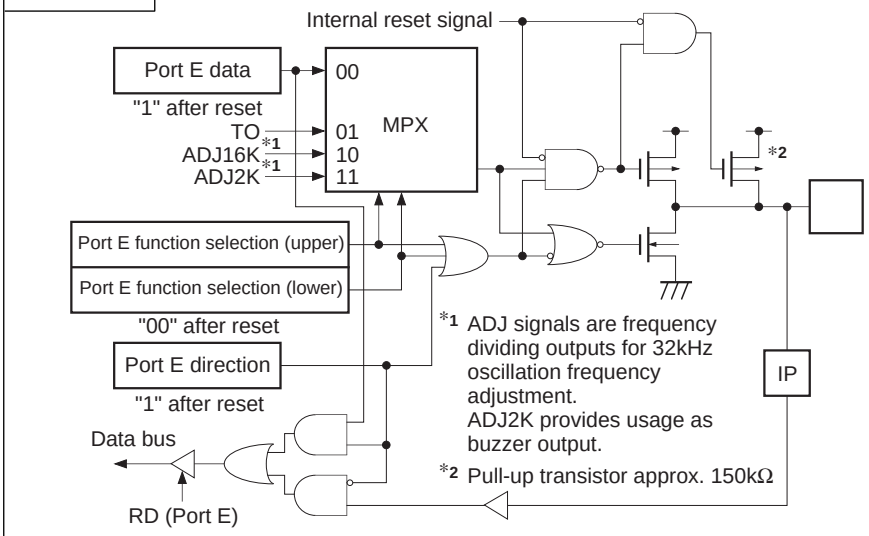
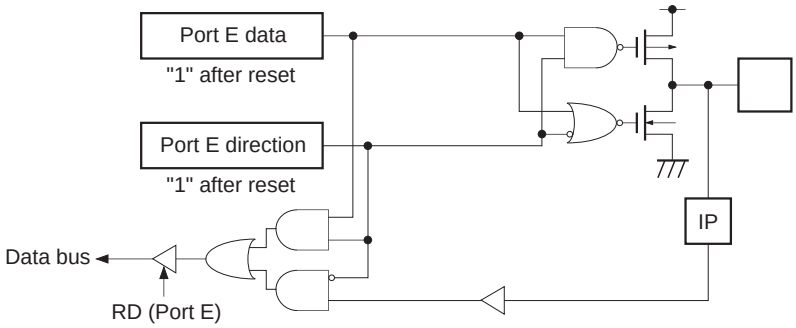
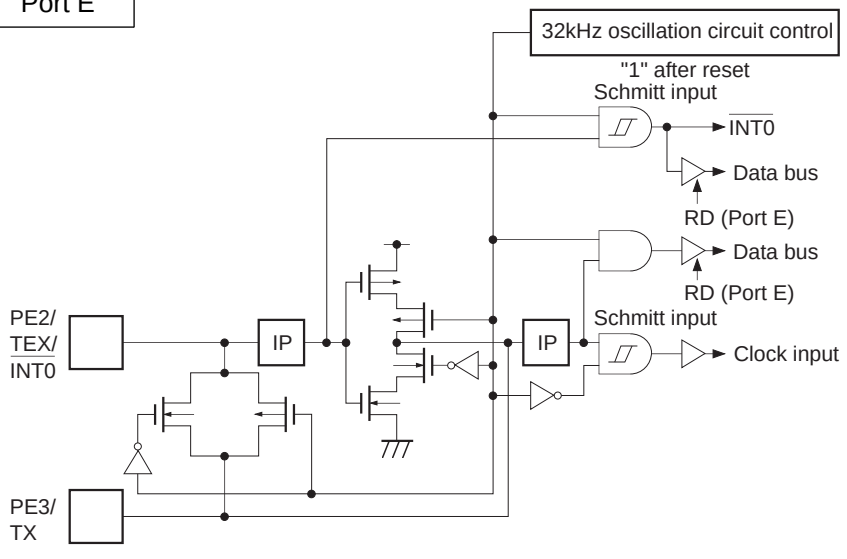
<table>
<tr><th>Symbol</th><th>I/O</th><th colspan="3">Description</th></tr>
<tr><td>PA0/AN0
to
PA5/AN5</td><td>I/O/
Analog input</td><td rowspan="2">(Port A)
8-bit I/O port.
I/O can be set in a unit of single bits.
(8 pins)</td><td colspan="2">Analog inputs to A/D converter.
(6 pins)</td></tr>
<tr><td>PA6 to PA7</td><td>I/O</td></tr>
<tr><td>PB0 to PB7</td><td>I/O</td><td colspan="3">(Port B)
8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a unit of single bits.
(8 pins)</td></tr>
<tr><td>PD0/$\overline{\text{INT2}}$</td><td>I/O/Input</td><td rowspan="8">(Port D)
8-bit I/O port.
I/O can be set in a unit of single bits.
Can drive 12mA sink current.
(8 pins)</td><td colspan="2">External interruption request input.
Active at the falling edge.</td></tr>
<tr><td>PD1/$\overline{\text{SCK}}$</td><td>I/O/I/O</td><td colspan="2">Serial clock I/O.</td></tr>
<tr><td>PD2/SO</td><td>I/O/Output</td><td colspan="2">Serial data output.</td></tr>
<tr><td>PD3/SI</td><td>I/O/Input</td><td colspan="2">Serial data input.</td></tr>
<tr><td>PD4 to PD5</td><td>I/O</td><td colspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>PD6/RMC</td><td>I/O/Input</td><td colspan="2">Remote control reception circuit input.</td></tr>
<tr><td>PD7/$\overline{\text{EC}}$</td><td>I/O/Input</td><td colspan="2">External event input for timer/counter.</td></tr>
<tr><td>PE0/TO/ADJ</td><td>I/O/Output/
Output</td><td rowspan="5">(Port E)
Bits 0 and 1 are I/O port; I/O can be set in a unit of single. Bits 2 and 3 are input port.
Bits 4, 5 and 6 are output port.
(7 pins)</td><td>Rectangular wave output for 8-bit timer/counter.</td><td>32kHz oscillation frequency dividing output.</td></tr>
<tr><td>PE1</td><td>I/O</td><td colspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>PE2/TEX/$\overline{\text{INT0}}$</td><td>Input/Input/
Input</td><td rowspan="2">Connects a crystal for 32kHz timer/counter clock oscillation.
When used as an event counter, input to TEX pin and leave TX pin open.</td><td>External interruption request input. Active at the falling edge.</td></tr>
<tr><td>PE3/TX</td><td>Input/Output</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>PE4 to PE6</td><td>Output</td><td colspan="2"></td></tr>
</table>

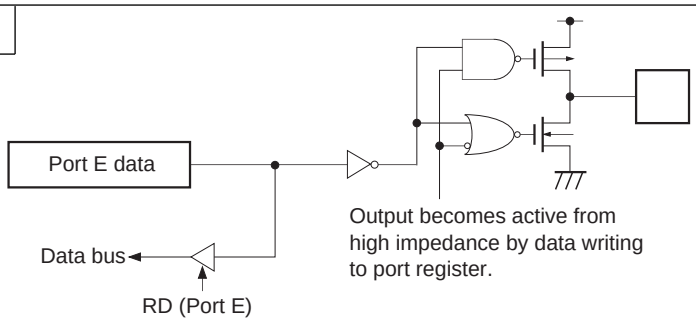
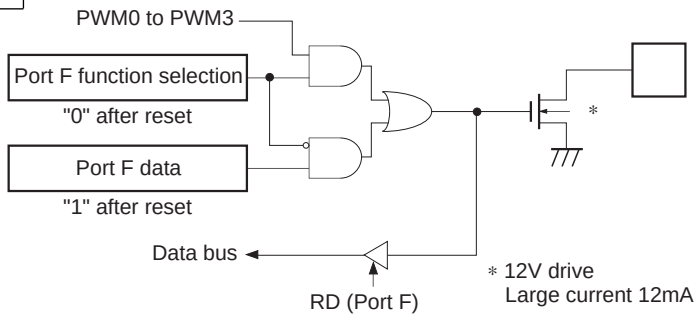
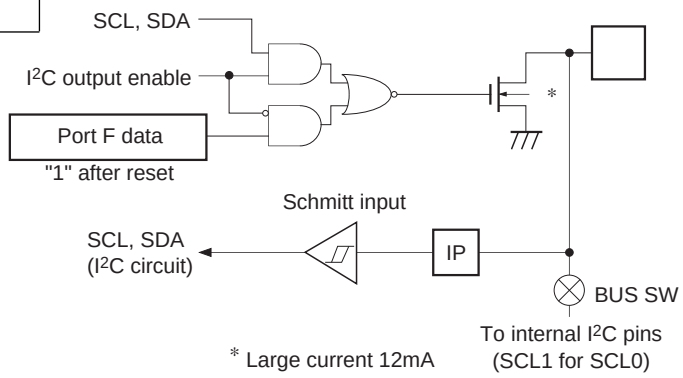
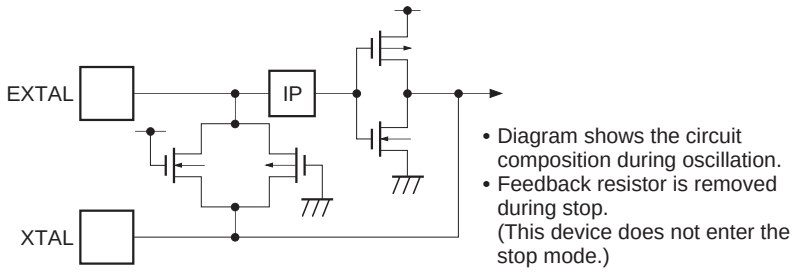
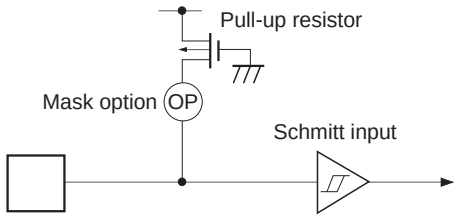
Symbol	I/O	Description	
PF0/PWM0 to PF3/PWM3	Output/Output	(Port F) 8-bit output port and large current (12mA) N-channel open drain output. Lower 4 bits are medium voltage drive (12V); upper 4 bits are 5V drive. (8 pins)	8-bit PWM output. (4 pins)
PF4/SCL0 to PF5/SCL1	Output/I/O		I^2C bus interface transfer clock I/O. (2 pins)
PF6/SDA0 to PF7/SDA1	Output/I/O		I^2C bus interface transfer data I/O. (2 pins)
PG7/$\overline{INT1}$	I/O/Input	(Port G) 1-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a unit of single bits. (1 pin)	External interruption request input. Active at the falling edge.
EXTAL	Input	Connects a crystal for system clock oscillation. When a clock is supplied externally, input to EXTAL pin and input a reversed phase clock to XTAL pin.	
XTAL	Output		
$\overline{RST}$	Input	System reset; active at Low level.	
NC		No connected. Connect this pin to V_{DD} under normal operation.	
V_{DD}		Positive power supply.	
Vss		GND. Connect two Vss pins to GND.	

Input/Output Circuit Formats for Pins

Pin	Circuit format	After reset
PA0/AN0 to PA5/AN5 6 pins	Port A 	Hi-Z
PA6 PA7 2 pins	Port A 	Hi-Z
PB0 to PB7 PG7/$\overline{\text{INT1}}$ 9 pins	Port B Port G 	Hi-Z

Pin	Circuit format	After reset
PD0/$\overline{\text{INT2}}$ PD3/SI PD6/$\overline{\text{RMC}}$ PD7/$\overline{\text{EC}}$ 4 pins	Port D 	Hi-Z
PD1/$\overline{\text{SCK}}$ PD2/SO 2 pins	Port D 	Hi-Z
PD4 PD5 2 pins	Port D 	Hi-Z

Pin	Circuit format	After reset
PE0/TO/ADJ 1 pin	Port E 	High level (with the resistor of pull-up transistor ON when reset)
PE1 1 pin	Port E 	High level
PE2/TEX/$\overline{\text{INT0}}$ PE3/TX 2 pins	Port E 	Oscillation stop Port input

Pin	Circuit format	After reset
PE4 PE5 PE6 3 pins	Port E 	Hi-Z
PF0/PWM0 to PF3/PWM3 4 pins	Port F 	Hi-Z
PF4/SCL0 PF5/SCL1 PF6/SDA0 PF7/SDA1 4 pins	Port F 	Hi-Z
EXTAL XTAL 2 pins		Oscillation
$\overline{\text{RST}}$ 1 pin		Low level (when reset)

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Remarks
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	–0.3 to +7.0	V	
Input voltage	V_{IN}	–0.3 to +7.0*1	V	
Output voltage	V_{OUT}	–0.3 to +7.0*1	V	
Medium drive output voltage	V_{OUTP}	–0.3 to +15.0	V	
High level output current	I_{OH}	–5	mA	
High level total output current	$\sum I_{OH}$	–50	mA	Total of all output pins
Low level output current	I_{OL}	15	mA	Ports excluding large current output (value per pin)
	I_{OLC}	20	mA	Large current output ports (value per pin*2)
Low level total output current	$\sum I_{OL}$	130	mA	Total of all output pins
Operating temperature	Topr	–20 to +75	°C	
Storage temperature	Tstg	–55 to +150	°C	
Allowable power dissipation	P_D	375	mW	SDIP-52P-01

*1 V_{IN} and V_{OUT} should not exceed V_{DD} + 0.3V.

*2 The large current output port is Port D (PD) and Port F (PF).

Note) Usage exceeding absolute maximum ratings may permanently impair the LSI. Normal operation should be conducted under the recommended operating conditions. Exceeding those conditions may adversely affect the reliability of the LSI.

Recommended Operating Conditions (Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	4.5	5.5	V	Guaranteed operation range for 1/2 and 1/4 frequency dividing clocks
		3.5	5.5	V	Guaranteed operation range for 1/16 frequency dividing clock or sleep mode
		2.7	5.5	V	Guaranteed operation range for TEX
		—	—	V	Guaranteed data hold range for stop*1
High level input voltage	V_{IH}	$0.7V_{DD}$	V_{DD}	V	*2
	V_{IHS}	$0.8V_{DD}$	V_{DD}	V	*3
	V_{IHEX}	V_{DD} – 0.4	V_{DD} + 0.3	V	EXTAL pin*4, TEX pin*5
Low level input voltage	V_{IL}	0	$0.3V_{DD}$	V	*2
	V_{ILS}	0	$0.2V_{DD}$	V	*3
	V_{ILEX}	–0.3	0.4	V	EXTAL pin*4, TEX pin*5
Operating temperature	Topr	–20	+75	°C	

*1 This device does not enter the stop mode.

*2 PA0 to PA5, PB0 to PB7, PD2, PE0, PE1, PE3, SCL0, SCL1, SDA0, SDA1 pins

*3 PA6, PA7, $\overline{INT2}$, $\overline{SCK}$, SI, PD4, PD5, RMC, $\overline{EC}$, $\overline{INT0}$, $\overline{INT1}$, $\overline{RST}$ pins

*4 Specifies only during external clock input.

*5 Specifies only during external event count input.

Electrical Characteristics

DC characteristics

(Ta = –20 to +75°C, Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
High level output voltage	V_{OH}	PA, PB, PD, PE0 to PE1, PE4 to PE6, PG7	V_{DD} = 4.5V, I_{OH} = –0.5mA	4.0			V
			V_{DD} = 4.5V, I_{OH} = –1.2mA	3.5			V
Low level output voltage	V_{OL}	PA, PB, PD, PE0 to PE1, PE4 to PE6, PF0 to PF3, PG7	V_{DD} = 4.5V, I_{OL} = 1.8mA			0.4	V
			V_{DD} = 4.5V, I_{OL} = 3.6mA			0.6	V
		PD, PF	V_{DD} = 4.5V, I_{OL} = 12.0mA			1.5	V
		PF4 to PF7 (SCL0, SCL1, SDA0, SDA1)	V_{DD} = 4.5V, I_{OL} = 3.0mA			0.4	V
			V_{DD} = 4.5V, I_{OL} = 4.0mA			0.6	V
Input current	I_{IHE}	EXTAL	V_{DD} = 5.5V, V_{IH} = 5.5V	0.5		40	µA
	I_{ILE}		V_{DD} = 5.5V, V_{IL} = 0.4V	–0.5		–40	µA
	I_{IHT}	TEX	V_{DD} = 5.5V, V_{IH} = 5.5V	0.1		10	µA
	I_{ILT}		V_{DD} = 5.5V, V_{IL} = 0.4V	–0.1		–10	µA
	I_{ILR}	$\overline{RST}$*1		–1.5		–400	µA
I/O leakage current	I_{IZ}	PA, PB, PD, PE, PG7, $\overline{RST}$*1	V_{DD} = 5.5V, V_I = 0, 5.5V			±10	µA
Open drain I/O leakage current (in N-ch Tr off state)	I_{LOH}	PF0 to PF3	V_{DD} = 5.5V, V_{OH} = 12.0V			50	µA
		PF4 to PF7	V_{DD} = 5.5V, V_{OH} = 5.5V			10	µA
I^2C bus switch connection impedance (in output Tr off state)	R_{BS}	SCL0: SCL1 SDA0: SDA1	V_{DD} = 4.5V V_{SCL0} = V_{SCL1} = 2.25V V_{SDA0} = V_{SDA1} = 2.25V			120	Ω
Supply current*2	I_{DD1}	V_{DD}	1/2 frequency dividing clock operation V_{DD} = 5.5V, 16MHz crystal oscillation (C_1 = C_2 = 15pF)		18	28	mA
	I_{DD2}		V_{DD} = 3.3V, 32MHz crystal oscillation (C_1 = C_2 = 47pF)		30	80	µA
	I_{DDS1}		Sleep mode V_{DD} = 5.5V, 16MHz crystal oscillation (C_1 = C_2 = 15pF)		1.2	2.1	mA
	I_{DDS2}		V_{DD} = 3.3V, 32MHz crystal oscillation (C_1 = C_2 = 47pF)		12	35	µA
	I_{DDS3}		Stop mode*3 V_{DD} = 5.5V, termination of 16MHz and 32MHz oscillation	—	—	—	µA

Item	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input capacitance	C_{IN}	PA, PB, PD, PE0 to PE3, PF4 to PF7, PG7, EXTAL, TEX, $\overline{RST}$	Clock 1MHz 0V for no measured pins		10	20	pF

*1 For $\overline{RST}$ pin, specifies the input current when pull-up resistor is selected, and specifies the leakage current when non-resistor is selected.

*2 When all output pins are left open.

*3 This device does not enter the stop mode.

AC Characteristics

(1) Clock timing

(Ta = –20 to +75°C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5V, Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
System clock frequency	f_C	XTAL EXTAL	Fig. 1, Fig. 2	8		16	MHz
System clock input pulse width	t_{XL}, t_{XH}	EXTAL	Fig. 1, Fig. 2 External clock drive	28			ns
System clock input rise and fall times	t_{CR}, t_{CF}	EXTAL	Fig. 1, Fig. 2 External clock drive			200	ns
Event count input clock pulse width	t_{EH}, t_{EL}	$\overline{EC}$	Fig. 3	4tsys*1			ns
Event count input clock rise and fall times	t_{ER}, t_{EF}	$\overline{EC}$	Fig. 3			20	ms
System clock frequency	f_C	TEX TX	V_{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5V Fig. 2 (32kHz clock applied conditions)		32.768		kHz
Event count input clock input pulse width	t_{TL}, t_{TH}	TEX	Fig. 3	10			µs
Event count input clock rise and fall times	t_{TR}, t_{TF}	TEX	Fig. 3			20	ms

*1 Indicates three values according to the contents of the clock control register (CLC: 00 FEh) upper 2 bits (CPU clock selection).
tsys [ns] = 2000/fc (Upper 2 bits = "00"), 4000/fc (Upper 2 bits = "01"), 16000/fc (Upper 2 bits = "11")

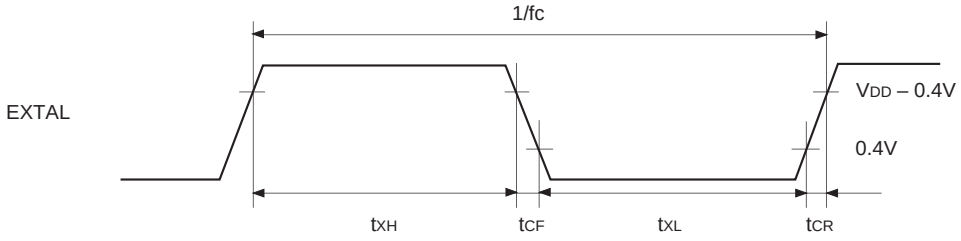


Fig. 1. Clock timing

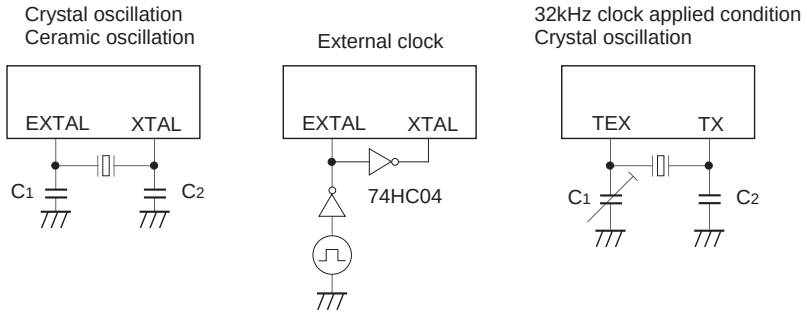


Fig.2. Clock applied conditions

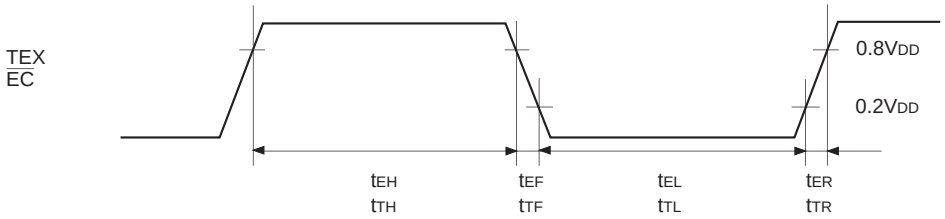


Fig. 3. Event count clock timing

(2) Serial transfer (Ta = –20 to +75°C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5V, Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
$\overline{SCK}$ cycle time	t_{KCY}	$\overline{SCK}$	Input mode	1000		ns
			Output mode	8000/fc		ns
$\overline{SCK}$ High and Low level width	t_{KH} t_{KL}	$\overline{SCK}$	$\overline{SCK}$ input mode	400		ns
			$\overline{SCK}$ output mode	4000/fc – 50		ns
SI input setup time (for $\overline{SCK}$ ↑)	t_{SIK}	SI	$\overline{SCK}$ input mode	100		ns
			$\overline{SCK}$ output mode	200		ns
SI hold time (for $\overline{SCK}$ ↑)	t_{KSI}	SI	$\overline{SCK}$ input mode	200		ns
			$\overline{SCK}$ output mode	100		ns
$\overline{SCK}$ ↓ → SO delay time	t_{KSO}	SO	$\overline{SCK}$ input mode		200	ns
			$\overline{SCK}$ output mode		100	ns

Note) The load of $\overline{SCK}$ output mode and SO output delay time is 50 pF + 1TTL.

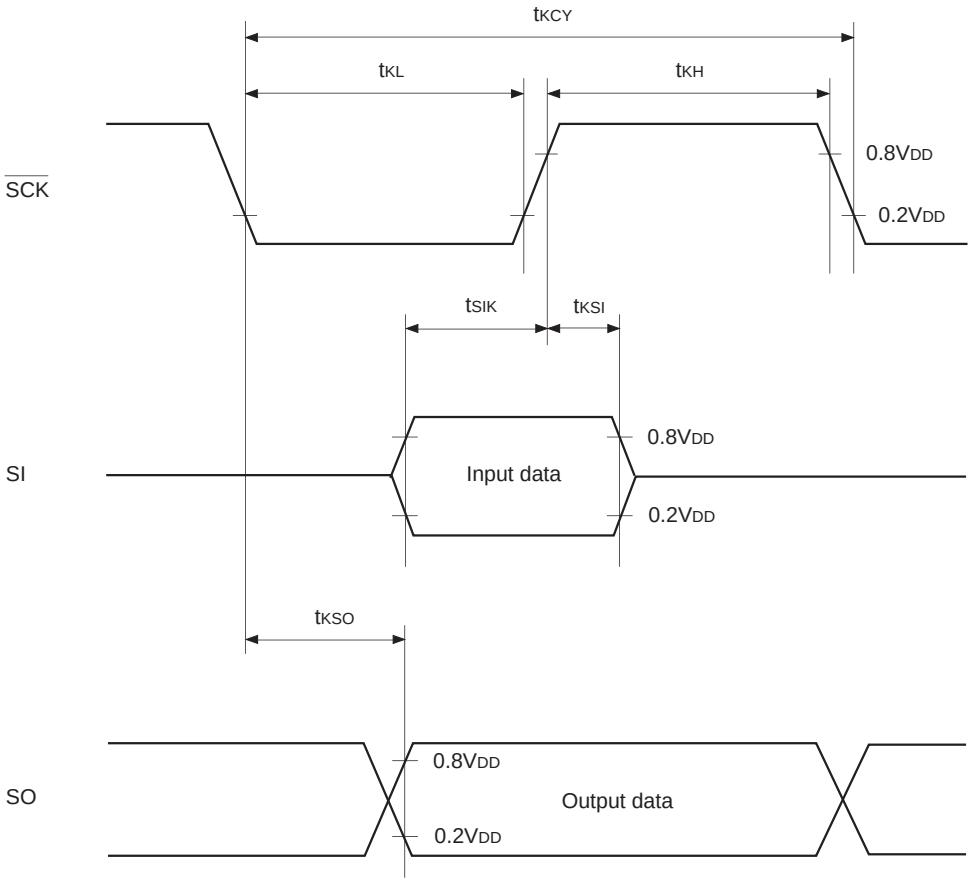
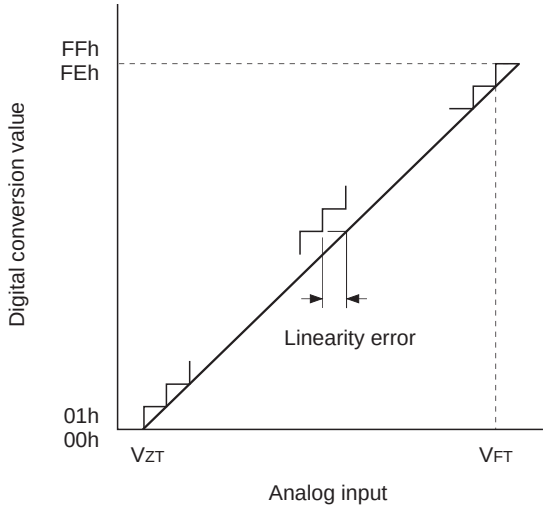


Fig. 4. Serial transfer timing

(3) A/D converter characteristics (Ta = –20 to +75°C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5V, Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Resolution						8	Bits
Linearity error			Ta = 25°C V_{DD} = 5.0V Vss = 0V			±3	LSB
Zero transition voltage	V_{ZT}*1			–10	10	70	mV
Full-scale transition voltage	V_{FT}*2			4910	4970	5030	mV
Conversion time	t_{CONV}			26/f_{ADC}*3			µs
Sampling time	t_{SAMP}			6/f_{ADC}*3			µs
Analog input voltage	V_{IAN}	AN0 to AN5		0		V_{DD}	V



*1 V_{ZT}: Value at which the digital conversion value changes from 00h to 01h and vice versa.

*2 V_{FT}: Value at which the digital conversion value changes from FEh to FFh and vice versa.

*3 f_{ADC} indicates the below values due to the contents of bit 6 (CKS) of the A/D control register (ADC: 00F6h):

f_{ADC} = fc (CKS = "0"), fc/2 (CKS = "1")

Fig. 5. Definitions of A/D converter terms

(4) Interruption, reset input (Ta = –20 to +75°C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5V, Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
External interruption High, Low level width	t_{IH} t_{IL}	$\overline{INT0}$ $\overline{INT1}$ $\overline{INT2}$		1		µs
Reset input Low level width	t_{RSL}	$\overline{RST}$		32/fc		µs

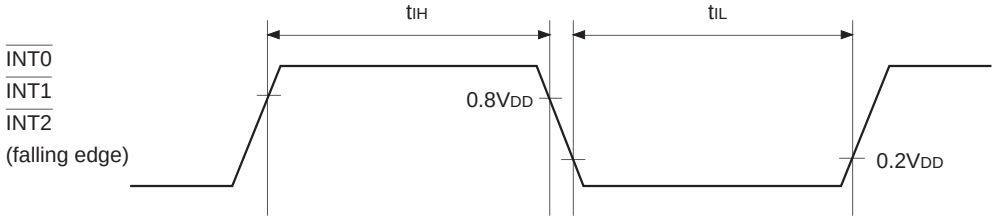


Fig. 6. Interruption input timing

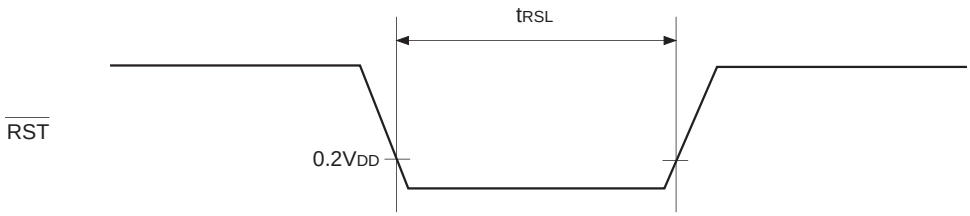


Fig. 7. $\overline{RST}$ input timing

(5) I²C bus timing (Ta = –20 to +75°C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5V, Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
SCL clock frequency	f_{SLC}	SCL		0	100	kHz
Bus-free time before starting transfer	t_{BUF}	SDA, SCL		4.7		µs
Hold time for starting transfer	$t_{HD;\,STA}$	SDA, SCL		4.0		µs
Clock Low level width	t_{LOW}	SCL		4.7		µs
Clock High level width	t_{HIGH}	SCL		4.0		µs
Setup time for repeated transfers	$t_{SU;\,STA}$	SDA, SCL		4.7		µs
Data hold time	$t_{HD;\,DAT}$	SDA, SCL		0*1		µs
Data setup time	$t_{SU;\,DAT}$	SDA, SCL		250		ns
SDA, SCL rise time	t_R	SDA, SCL			1	µs
SDA, SCL fall time	t_F	SDA, SCL			300	ns
Setup time for transfer completion	$t_{SU;\,STO}$	SDA, SCL		4.7		µs

*1 The data hold time should be 300ns or more because the SCL rise time (300ns Max.) is not included in it.

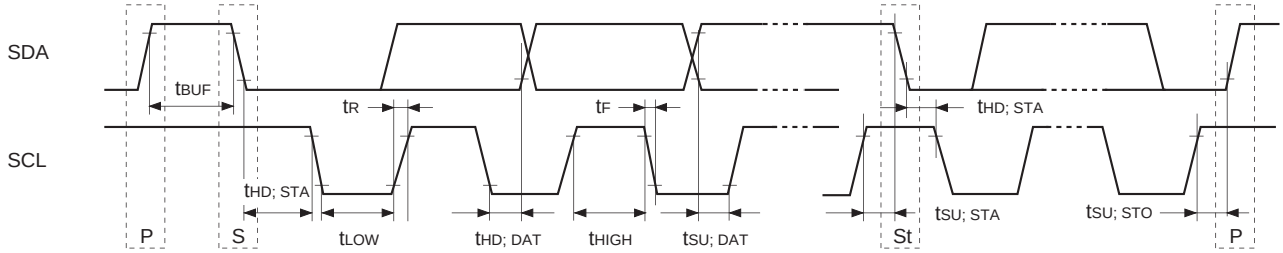


Fig. 8. I²C bus transfer timing

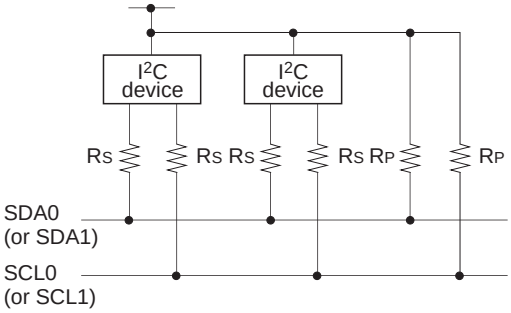


Fig. 9. I²C device recommended circuit

- A pull-up resistor (Rp) must be connected to SDA0 (or SDA1) and SCL0 (or SCL1).
- The SDA0 (or SDA1) and SCL0 (or SCL1) series resistance (Rs = 300Ω or less) can be used to reduce the spike noise caused by CRT flashover.

Appendix

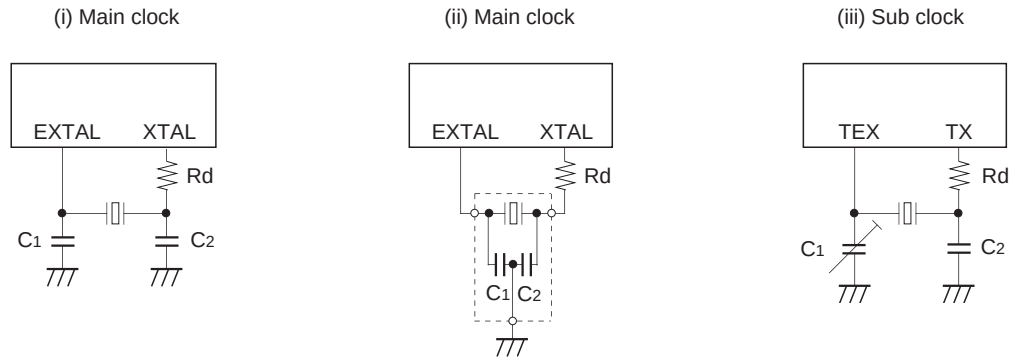


Fig. 10. Recommended oscillation circuit

Manufacture	Model	fc (MHz)	C_1 (pF)	C_2 (pF)	Rd (Ω)	Circuit example
MURATA MFG CO., LTD.	CSA10.0MTZ	10.0	30	30	0 *1	(i)
	CSA12.0MTZ	12.0				
	CSA16.00MXZ040	16.0	5	5		
	CST10.0MTW*	10.0	30	30		(ii)
	CST12.0MTW*	12.0				
	CST16.00MXW0C1*	16.0	5	5		
RIVER ELETEC CORPORATION	HC-49/U03	8.0	18	18	330 *1	(i)
		12.0	12	12		
		16.0	10	10		
KINSEKI LTD.	HC-49/U (-S)	8.0	10	10	0 *1	
		12.0	5	5		
		16.0	Open	Open		
	P3	32.768kHz	30	33	120k	(iii)

*Models with an asterisk have the built-in ground capacitance (C_1, C_2).

*1 The series resistor for XTAL can reduce the effect of the noise caused by the electrostatic discharge.

Mask Option Table

Item	Content	
Reset pin pull-up resistor	Non-existent	Existent

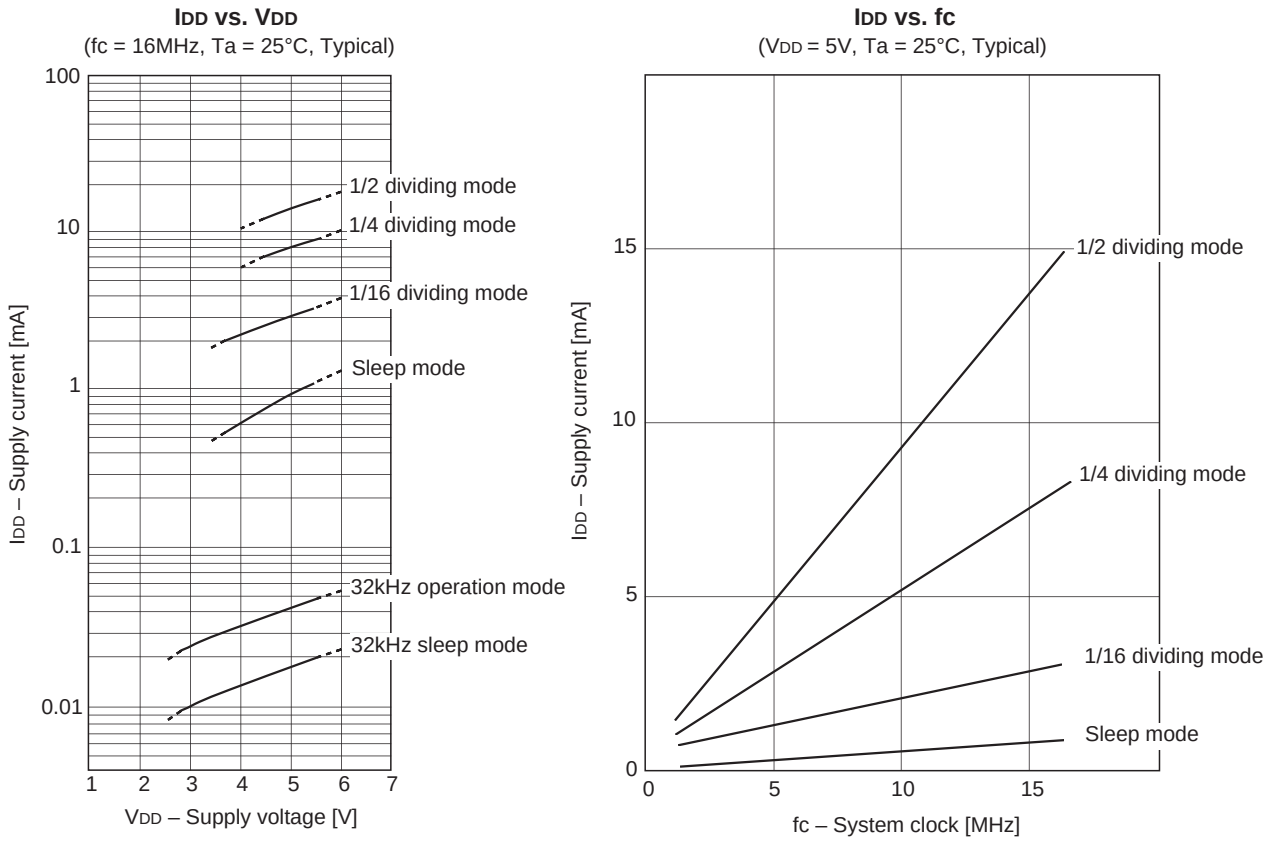
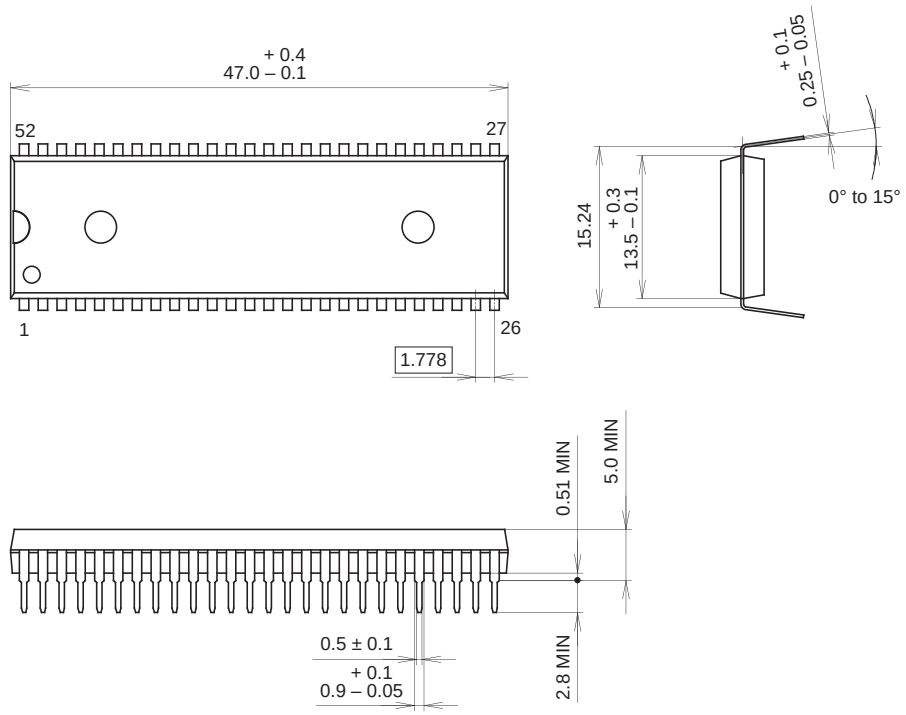


Fig. 11. Characteristic curves

Package Outline Unit: mm

52PIN SDIP (PLASTIC)



SONY CODE	SDIP-52P-01
EIAJ CODE	SDIP052-P-0600
JEDEC CODE	————

PACKAGE STRUCTURE

PACKAGE MATERIAL	EPOXY RESIN
LEAD TREATMENT	SOLDER/PALLADIUM PLATING
LEAD MATERIAL	COPPER ALLOY
PACKAGE MASS	5.6g